

44-44-44-64-6-beta-10.85-twist-1

October 28, 2024

```
[1]: %load_ext autoreload
      %autoreload 2
      from modules import read_and_write
      from modules import polyakov
      from modules import utility
      from modules import fourier_surface
      from modules import surface_amplitudes as sf
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import os
      import glob
```

1 Load data

```
[2]: from modules.globals import folder_names

      smooth_surfaces= {}
      choose_folder = 11
      folder = folder_names[choose_folder-1]
      files = glob.glob(os.path.join(folder, "surface_smooth_*"))
      for file in files:
          file_name = file.split("/")[-1]
          smearing_level = file_name.split("_")[-1]
          volume, surface = read_and_write.read_surface_data(folder, file_name)
          smooth_surfaces[smearing_level] = surface

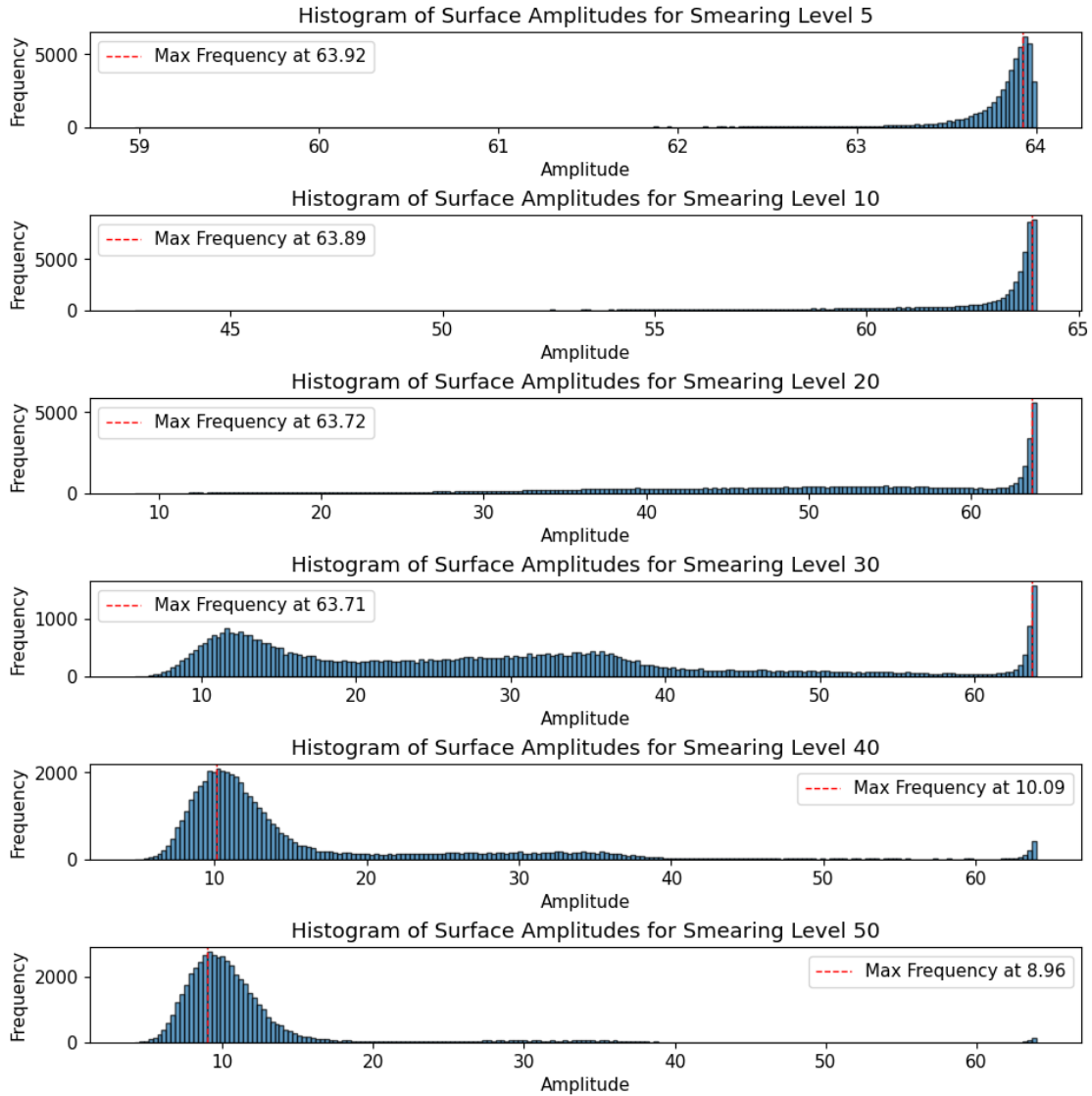
[3]: smooth_surfaces = dict(sorted(smooth_surfaces.items(), key=lambda item:
      ↪int(item[0])))

[4]: utility.display_markdown_title(folder)
```

2 $SU(4)$, $V = ['44', '44', '64', '6']$, $\beta = 10.85$, twist coeff = 1

```
[5]: indices = sf.surface_amplitudes(smooth_surfaces=smooth_surfaces,
    ↪return_threshold=40,thermalization=10)
```

Smearing Level: 5
 Smearing Level: 10
 Smearing Level: 20
 Smearing Level: 30
 Smearing Level: 40
 Smearing Level: 50



{'5': (63.804632933266625, 58.9724, 63.999700000000004), '10': (62.838599789485,

```
42.74555, 63.9997), '20': (50.57788185343056, 8.523900000000001,
63.998799999999996), '30': (28.020172625317525, 5.69459, 63.99820000000001),
'40': (15.58633947269628, 4.75522, 63.9928), '50': (11.15011424433698,
4.1777000000000015, 63.994099999999996)}
```

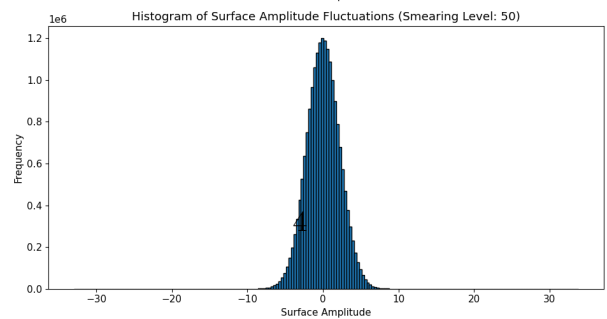
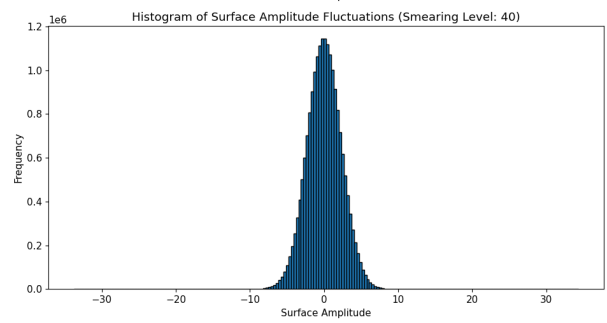
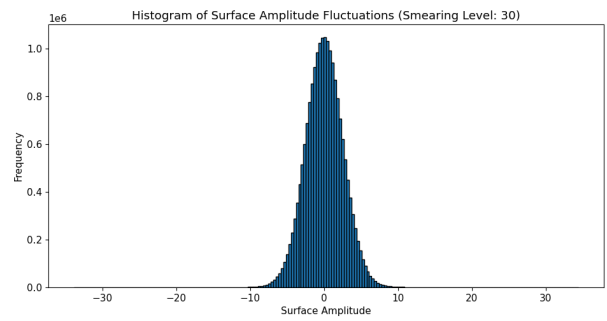
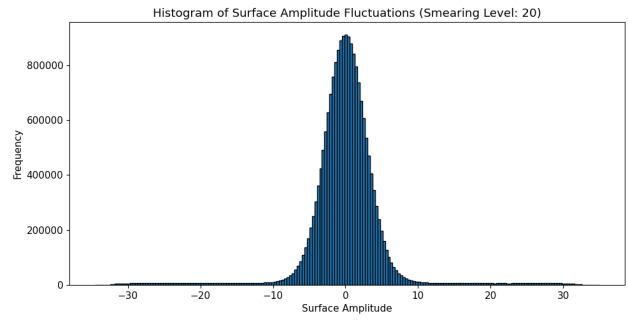
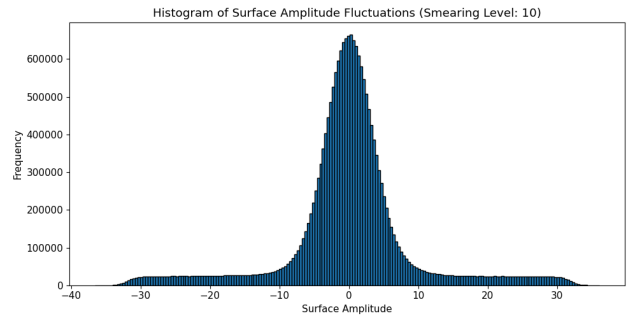
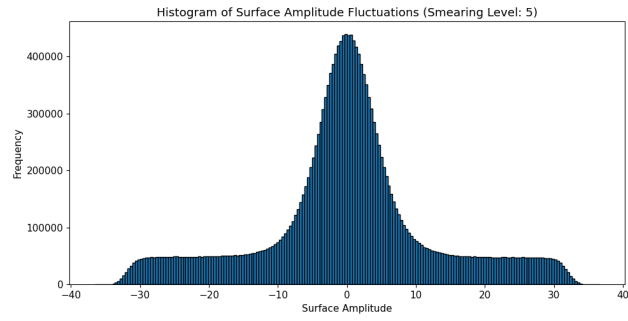
```
[37]: # Create a dictionary to store fluctuations for each smearing level
fluctuations_dict = {}
thermalization = 1000

for smearing_level, surface_data in smooth_surfaces.items():
    post_thermalization_data = surface_data[thermalization:thermalization+10000]
    mean_z_values = np.mean(post_thermalization_data[:, :, 2], axis=1)
    fluctuations = post_thermalization_data[:, :, 2] - mean_z_values[:, np.
↪newaxis]
    fluctuations_dict[smearing_level] = fluctuations.flatten()

# Plotting all histograms in subplots
num_plots = len(fluctuations_dict)
fig, axes = plt.subplots(num_plots, 1, figsize=(10, 5 * num_plots))

for ax, (smearing_level, fluctuations) in zip(axes, fluctuations_dict.items()):
    ax.hist(fluctuations, edgecolor='black', bins=200)
    ax.set_xlabel('Surface Amplitude')
    ax.set_ylabel('Frequency')
    ax.set_title(f'Histogram of Surface Amplitude Fluctuations (Smearing Level: ↪
↪{smearing_level})')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



[]: