60-60-86-6-beta-10.83-twist-1

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For reference with integration method the following surface tensions were computed

```
z_1: \ \alpha_{o-o}/T^3(\beta=10.85)=1.2316804724774406 z_2: \ \alpha_{o-o}/T^3(\beta=10.85)=1.5433288477348852
```

1 Load data

2 SU(4), V = [60, 60, 60, 60, 6], $\beta = 10.85$, twist coeff = 1

2.1 Perform post processing

```
[3]: f_n_list = []
errors_list = []
for smearing_level, profile in fourier_profiles.items():
    if indices is not None:
        sample_size = len(profile)
        indices_set = indices[smearing_level]
        profile = np.delete(profile, list(indices_set), axis=0)
        print(f"Dropped {sample_size-len(profile)} samples")
        f_n, errors = utility.compute_with_aa_jackknife_fourier(profile, 10,u)
        thermalization=1000)
        f_n_list.append(f_n)
        errors_list.append(errors)
```

2.2 Plot Fourier modes for different smearing steps

```
[4]: %matplotlib widget
     smearing_levels = list(fourier_profiles.keys())
     show plot = True
     data = {
         "smearing": smearing levels,
         "linear": [
             fourier surface.compute fourier profile(
                 modes, f_n, volume, errors=error, beta=10.85, fit_range=3,_
      ⇒smearing=smear, show_plot=show_plot
             ) for f_n, error, smear in zip( f_n_list, errors_list, smearing_levels)
         ]
         # "exponential": [
               fourier_surface.compute_fourier_profile_exponential_fit(
                   n_2, f_n, volume, errors=error, beta=10.85, smearing=smear,
      \rightarrow show_plot=show_plot
               ) for n_2, f_n, error, smear in zip(n_2 list, f_n list, errors_list, u)
      ⇔smearing_levels)
         # 7
     }
     df = pd.DataFrame(data)
     utility.print_df_as_markdown_fourier_modes(df)
     fourier_surface.global_fig = None
```

smearing	Linear fit (σ/T^3)
10	1.257 ± 0.09651
20	1.093 ± 0.008155
30	1.106 ± 0.01625



