

AI based Electronic Component Identifier

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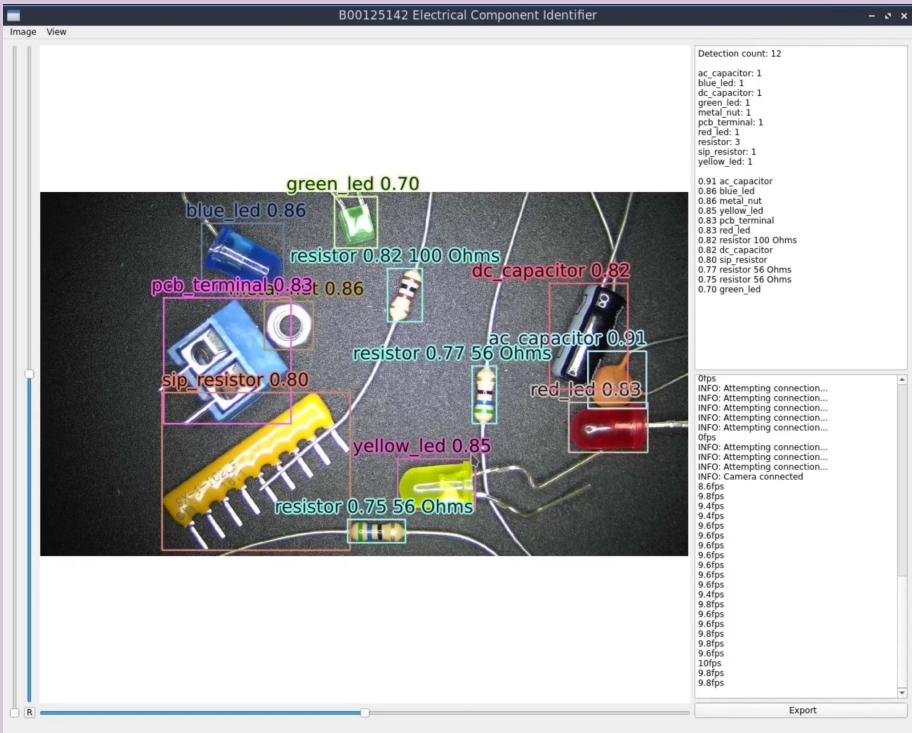
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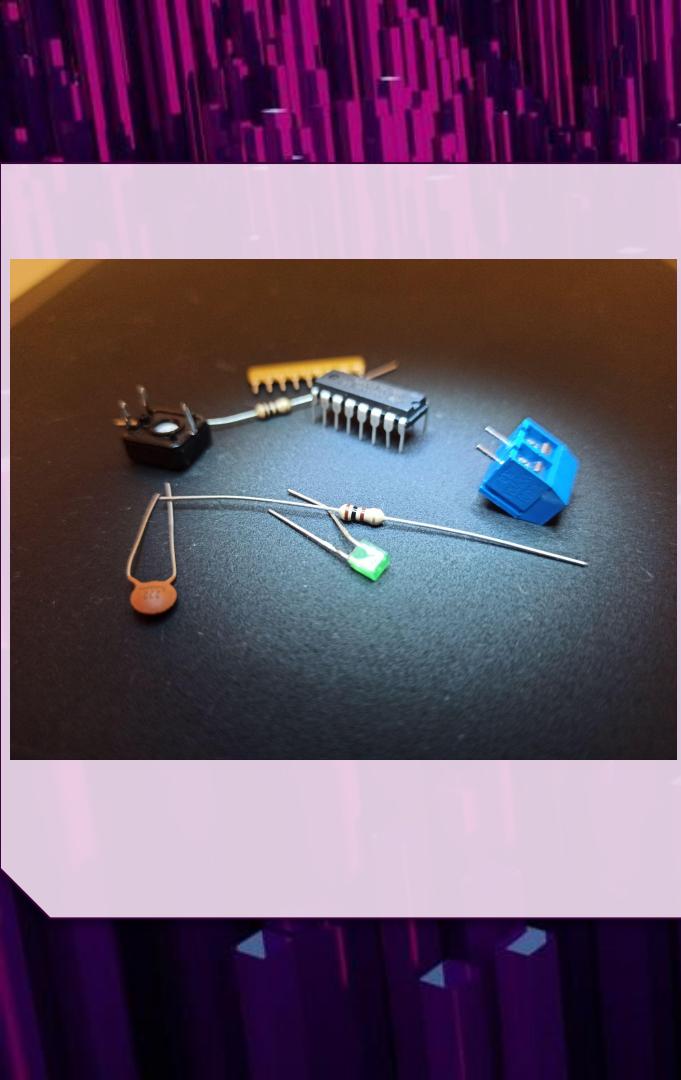
Introduction

- Uses **AI** to detect objects from **images**.
- Detects **electronic components**.
 - **Identifies** their properties.
 - Type
 - Color/number code
 - Marking code
- Designed as a **tool for engineers**.
 - Assists bulk analysis.
- **Light** to run.
 - Potential **mobile device** deployment.
- **Incredibly heavy** to set-up.
 - **Training** is done on a **powerful machine**.



Object detection

- Important in
 - Security
 - Notifying concerns
 - People
 - Animals
 - Flora
 - Production
 - Discarding defects
 - Damage
 - Analysis
 - Quality inspection
 - Scratches
 - Spots
 - Classification
 - Resistor
 - Capacitor
 - Total and class count



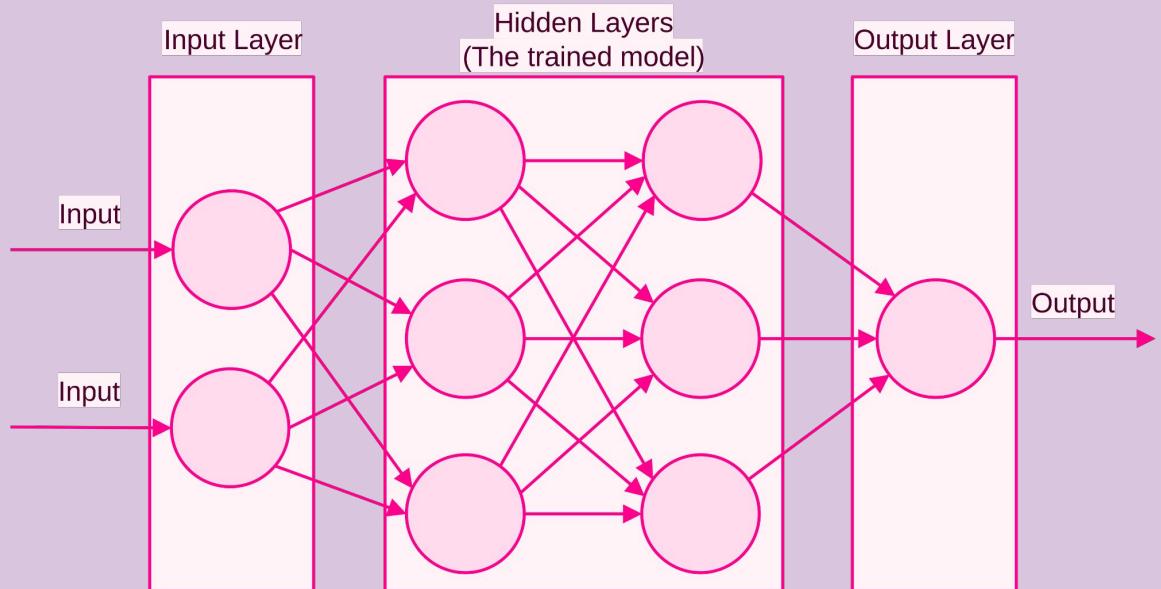
The problem

Object detection from images:

- Natural to **intelligent** creatures.
 - Designed for **object detection** through evolution.
 - Second nature.
- **Binary data to computers.**
 - Has no concept of object, image, or color.
 - Everything is perceived the same.



Simple Neural Network Diagram



Chosen architecture



The solution

Neural Networks

- Complex networks of **neurons**.
- Each **neuron**
 - Holds **weight**.
 - **biases** the output.

Inference

- Utilises a **trained model** to **detect objects**.
 - Architecture used: **YOLO**
 - **You Only Look Once**[1]

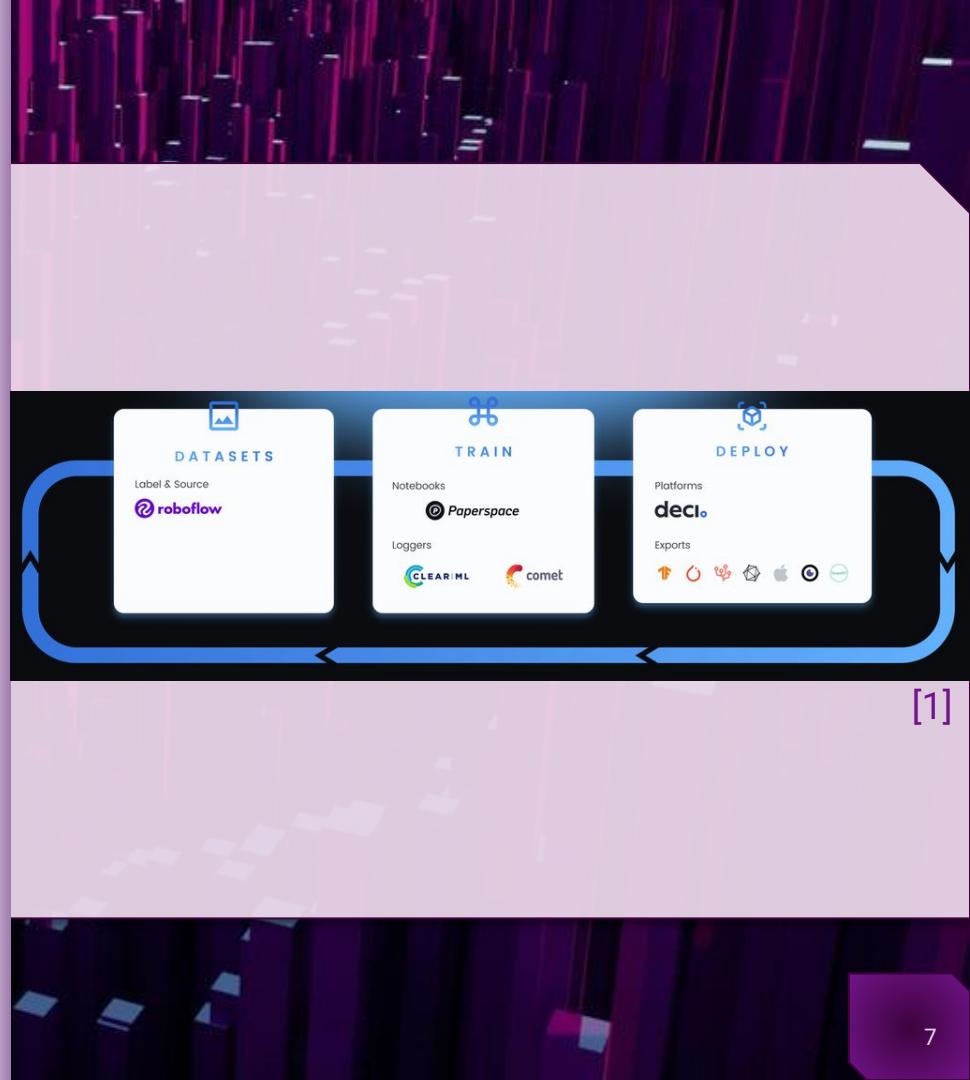
Model Training

- **Images must be labeled manually.**
 - A **label** represents **where** and **what class** is contained.
- **Each picture** should have some **variation** in conditions.
 - **Position**
 - **Rotation**
 - **Lighting**



Model Training

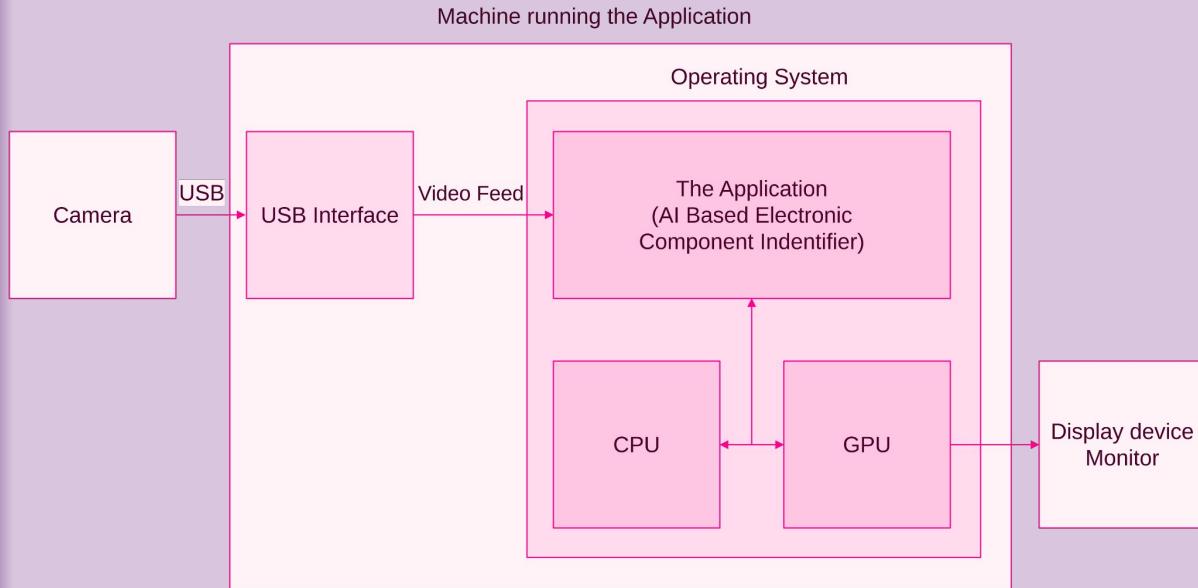
- Training requires **two labeled datasets** to train on.
 - Bigger: for **training**.
 - Smaller: for **evaluation**.
- Trained on over **3000** images.
 - Manually **labeled**.
 - **Classes:**
 - Resistor (Single, SIP)
 - Capacitor (AC, DC)
 - LED (Red, Green, Blue, Yellow, Clear)
 - Metal Nut
 - Integrated Circuits
 - Light Dependant Resistor
 - Diode



System Block Diagram

Concept Diagram

- **Camera** is External.
- Communication through **USB**.
- The application utilises both **CPU** and **GPU**.





Post-Processing

Additional processing of the **output** provided by the **inference**.

Identification of:

- resistor **color coded Ohm value**
- LED **color**

State of the project

- **Rig**
 - **Fully setup.**
 - Has an attachable **ring light**.
 - Used to **gather** all of the **training data**.
 - Taken over **300 labeled images** of **each class**.
- **Model Training**
 - Achieving confidence **up to 99%**.
 - Usually **above 80%**.
- **Inference with post-processing**
 - Running at **12fps**.



Timetable

Name	Begin date	End date	Duration	Duration (Weeks, rounded up)
Camera rig				
Delivery times (Rig, Camera)	9/20/22	10/4/22	15	3
Physical rig setup with camera	9/20/22	10/3/22	14	2
GUI	10/4/22	10/4/22	1	1
Basic GUI (Console, smart camera connectivity, display, interface)	9/1/22	10/19/22	49	7
Camera feed to GUI interfacing (Includes resolution/framerate/frame handling, QoL methods)	10/5/22	10/19/22	15	3
Research	9/1/22	10/19/22	49	7
Optimal for inference camera research	8/1/22	1/19/23	172	25
AI object detection research and picking the most optimal architecture for the project (YoloV5 was picked)	9/1/22	9/12/22	12	2
Optimal camera rig research	8/1/22	9/19/22	50	8
Devices to potentially deploy on research	9/13/22	9/19/22	7	1
Color code identification from images research	12/6/22	1/4/23	30	5
Post processing	1/6/23	1/19/23	14	2
Optical Character Recognition (OCR)	1/20/23	3/1/23	41	6
Color code reading	1/20/23	3/1/23	41	6
Object detection implementation	1/20/23	3/1/23	167	24
First, basic dataset gathering (manual for early, asynchronous Inference testing) and model training	9/1/22	2/14/23	1	1
Bare minimum YoloV5 training and Inference implementation	10/5/22	10/5/22	60	9
Further data gathering and training of the model on various components	9/1/22	10/31/22	107	16
Deployment on a more mobile device	3/3/23	4/18/23	47	7

[2]

Discussion

- The **project** runs entirely on **C++**, and is **cross-platform**.
- **Inference** is capable of extracting an **Extremely high** level of detail from an input image.
- **Post-processing** is considerably more intensive than **Inference**.
- The **training** of the **model** for **300 epochs** took over **12 hours**.

Conclusion

- The **inference** and **post-processing** results are more than **satisfactory**.
- While the **project** is mostly **software focused**, a **high quality rig setup** was essential in gathering a **high quality dataset**.
- The **project** has achieved its goals, and is **ready to be used**.

References

- [1] YoloV5 <https://github.com/ultralytics/yolov5>, accessed on 6th of November, 2022
- [2] Gantt Project <https://www.ganttproject.biz/>, accessed on 6th of February, 2023



The end

Any questions?