ENGINEERING ECONOMICS Scheme for End Semester Examination-2024

1. COURSE

Unit I: Introduction to Economics and Engineering Economics

Basic concepts of Engineering Economics: Demand Analysis, Supply Analysis, Market Equilibrium. Revenue Analysis. Demand Forecasting-Quantitative Methods, Consumer's Equilibrium.

Unit II: Production and Cost Analysis

Short Run and Long Run Production Functions, Producer's Equilibrium condition. Cobb-Douglas Production Function.

Cost Concepts: Short Run and Long Run Cost analyses. Break-Even Analysis.

Market: Concepts and Types; Perfect Competition, Monopoly

Unit III: Time Value of Money

Interest Formulae and their applications with cash flow diagram. Evaluation of Investment Proposals - Present Worth, Future worth and Annual Equivalent Method of comparison

Unit IV: Economic Appraisal Techniques

Net Present Value (NPV), Internal Rate of Return (IRR), Cost Benefit analysis. Depreciation calculation; Meaning and Definition, Methods.

Unit V: Macroeconomic policies

Functions of commercial banks and central bank, Fundamentals of Business cycle, Macroeconomic policies for stabilization.

Exclude following portions for this End Sem examination:

- Market (perfect competition and monopoly) of Unit-II
- Pay back criteria period of Unit-IV
- Functions of central and commercial bank of Unit-V

2. Lesson Plan

Course Lecture	Topics to be covered	CO Mappin
No.		g
1	Introduction An Introduction to Economics and Engineering Economics.	CO1
2-4	Basic concepts of Economics: Demand and Supply Analysis:	CO2
	DEMAND:	
	Determinants, Demand Function, Law of Demand, Demand Schedule,	
	Individual and Market Demand curve, Change in Quantity demanded	
	and Change in Demand, Shift in Demand Curves.	
5-7	SUPPLY:	
	Determinants, Supply Function, Supply schedule and supply curve,	
	Shifts in supply curves, Demand and Supply equilibrium, Demand and	
	Supply equilibrium with indirect taxes, Numerical examples	
	Indifference Curve (IC): Properties of IC, Budget Line, Equilibrium	

	of the Consumer with numerical examples	
	Classification of Goods: Normal, Inferior and Giffen (to be explained	
	through the Hicksian Approach)	
8-10		CO2
	demand.	
	Methods-Point, Total Outlay method	
	Factors affecting price elasticity of demand	
	Numerical examples	
	Demand Forecasting: Least Square Method with numericals	
	Revenue concepts: TR, AR, MR and relation with price elasticity	
	Production and cost analysis: Concept of Production and	CO2 & CO3
11-13	Production function: Laws of production-Short Run and Long Run	
	Production Functions.	
	Short run Production Function - The law of variable proportion-The 3	
	stages. Numerical examples	
14-17	Long run Production Function - Returns to Scale- Concept of	CO2 & CO3
	Isoquants, Economies and Dis-economies of scale, Cobb- Douglas	
	Production Function (Functional form), Numerical Examples,	
	Producer Equilibrium, Numerical Examples	
	Cost Concepts: Short Run Cost curves, Total Cost, Total Fixed Cost,	
18-20	Total Variable Cost, Average cost, Average fixed cost and Average	
	variable cost- Relationship between Average and marginal cost,	
	Numerical Examples.	
	Break-Even Analysis- Meaning, Graphical explanation of Breakeven	
	point in terms of (i) output (ii) sales and (iii) as a percentage of the	
	maximum capacity. Margin of Safety, P/V ratio, Examples.	
21-23	Markets: Concepts and Types: Perfectly Competitive market-	
21 23	Characteristics, Short run equilibrium, Numerical Examples	
	Monopoly Market: Characteristics. Monopoly Equilibrium,	
	Numerical Examples	
24-25	TIME VALUE OF MONEY-Interest Formulae (seven) and their	CO4 & CO5
	applications, Effective Interest rate, Numerical Examples	
	Evaluation of Investment Proposals-Present Worth method of	
26-27	comparison (Equal and Unequal lives with examples). Future worth	
	method of comparison and Annual Equivalent Method of comparison	
	with examples.	
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28-30	Economic Appraisal Techniques-Pay-Back Period criteria, Net	
20 30	Present Value (NPV), Internal Rate of Return (IRR) comparison with	
	MARR, Cost- Benefit analysis, Numerical Examples	
	DEPRECIATION CALCULATION: Meaning and Definition.	
31-33	Methods: Straight Line Method, Declining Balance method,	
	Sum-of-years digit method and Sinking Fund Method (Methods to be	
	explained with illustrations)	
34-36	MONEY BANKING:	CO6
	Functions of commercial banks and central bank	
	Central bank Functions: Bank of Issue, Agent and Advisor to	
	Government, Bankers' Bank, Lender of Last Resort	
	Commercial Bank functions: Accepting deposits, Granting loans, Credit	
	creation, Role of commercial banks in a developing economy	
	Inflation: reasons, causes and control (Monetary and Fiscal measures).	
Ī	Fundamentals of Business cycle (Phases of Business cycle).	