

CPRE 488 Homework 4 Spring 2024

PID Control

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GitHub Page

Problem 1

Sensor Basics. Review the follow resources: Accelerometer Intro: <https://web.archive.org/web/20230329223955/https://info.hobbytronics.co.uk/accelerometer-info> • Gyroscope Intro: <https://web.archive.org/web/20230220084525/http://www.hobbytronics.co.uk/gyro-info> • Trade-offs: <https://web.archive.org/web/20230220083746/http://www.hobbytronics.co.uk/accelerometer-gyro>

Problem 1a

Given a generic 3-axis accelerometer, show the math to derive the Roll and Pitch angle of the sensor. Simplifying assumption: assume the sensor will only be rotated about a single axis (X, Y, or Z), and that the sensor is static when the Roll or Pitch is calculated.

Problem 1b

Repeat a) for a generic 3-axis gyroscope. Simplifying assumption: assume the sensor begins at Roll, Pitch, and Yaw orientation of (0, 0, 0) degrees, and is then rotated about a single axis to its final orientation.

Problem 2

PID Control. Next, review the following resources: <https://sites.google.com/site/fpgaandco/pid-demo>

Problem 2a

In terms an average eighth grader could understand, explain how the P, D, and I components of a PID controller's correction output moves an object from an initial location to its goal location.

Problem 2b

Provide pseudo-code for implementing the discrete version of the PID control algorithm.

Problem 2c

Demonstrate that you can reason about the P, I, and D components of a PID controller. In the examples on the following page, a PID controller provides a corrective force to a ball that is being moved from point 'a' to point 'b' on a 45 degree slope. The first plot shows the response of the ball moving from a height of 0m to 1m under the control of a properly tuned PID controller. For each of the remaining plots, the P, I, and/or D constant of a PID controller has not been tuned properly. A statement has been made for each plot. Indicate if the statement is True or False, and defend your answer.

References

- [1] I2C Programming & Scope Detection
- [2] I2C SparkFun
- [3] Zynq-7000 Start Up Guide
- [4] USB Request Block (URB)
- [5] Stages of the Zynq Linux boot process