

Country Data and Graphs for Fiji

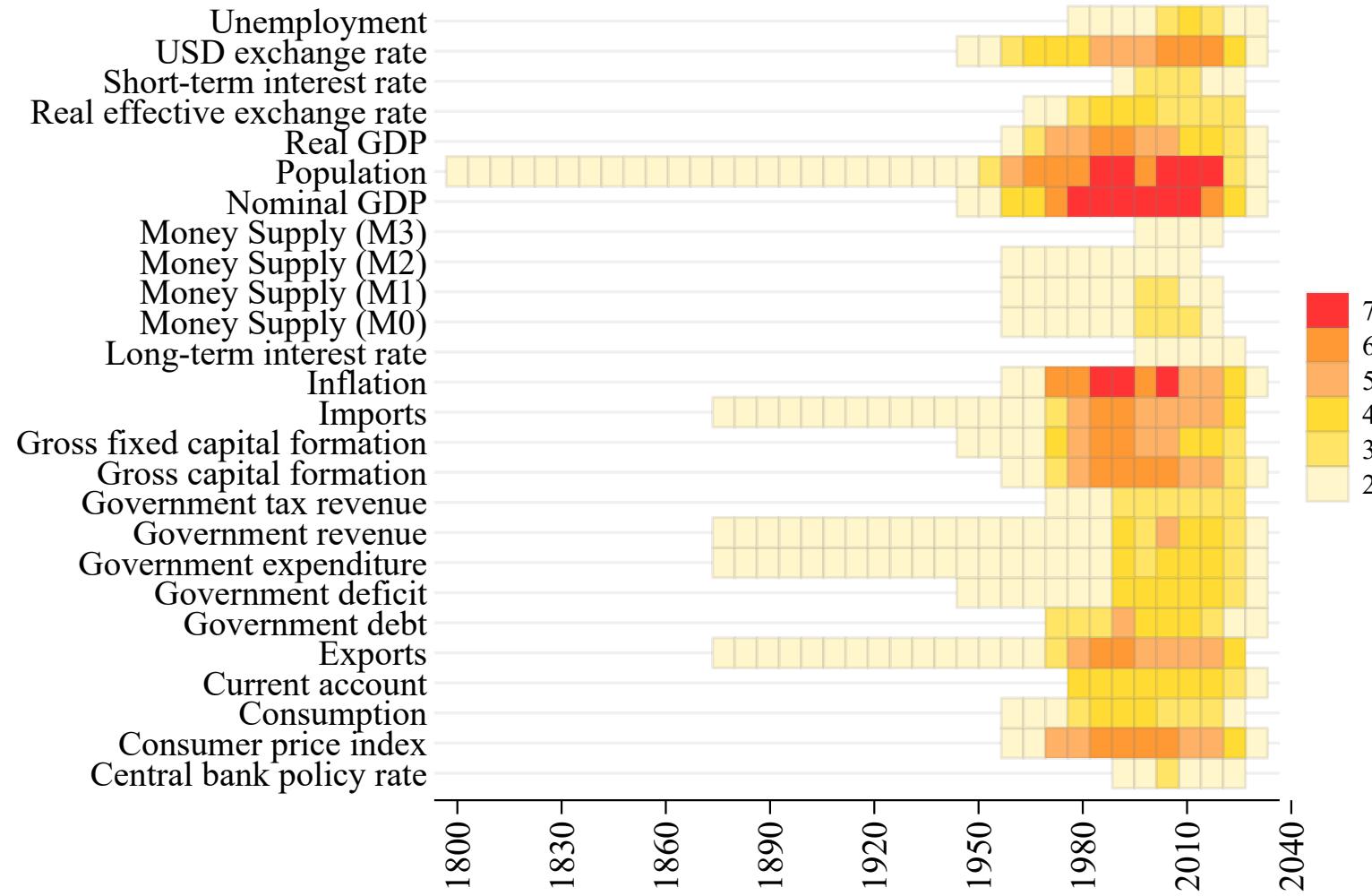
June 30, 2025

Contents

Data availability heatmap	3
Current account balance	4
Consumer price index	5
Money supply (M0)	6
Money supply (M1)	7
Money supply (M2)	8
Money supply (M3)	9
Real effective exchange rate	10
USD exchange rate	11
Central bank policy rate	12
Total consumption	13
Total consumption to GDP ratio	14
Exports	15
Exports to GDP ratio	16
Fixed investment	17
Fixed investment to GDP ratio	18
Government debt	19
Government deficit	20
Government expenditure	21

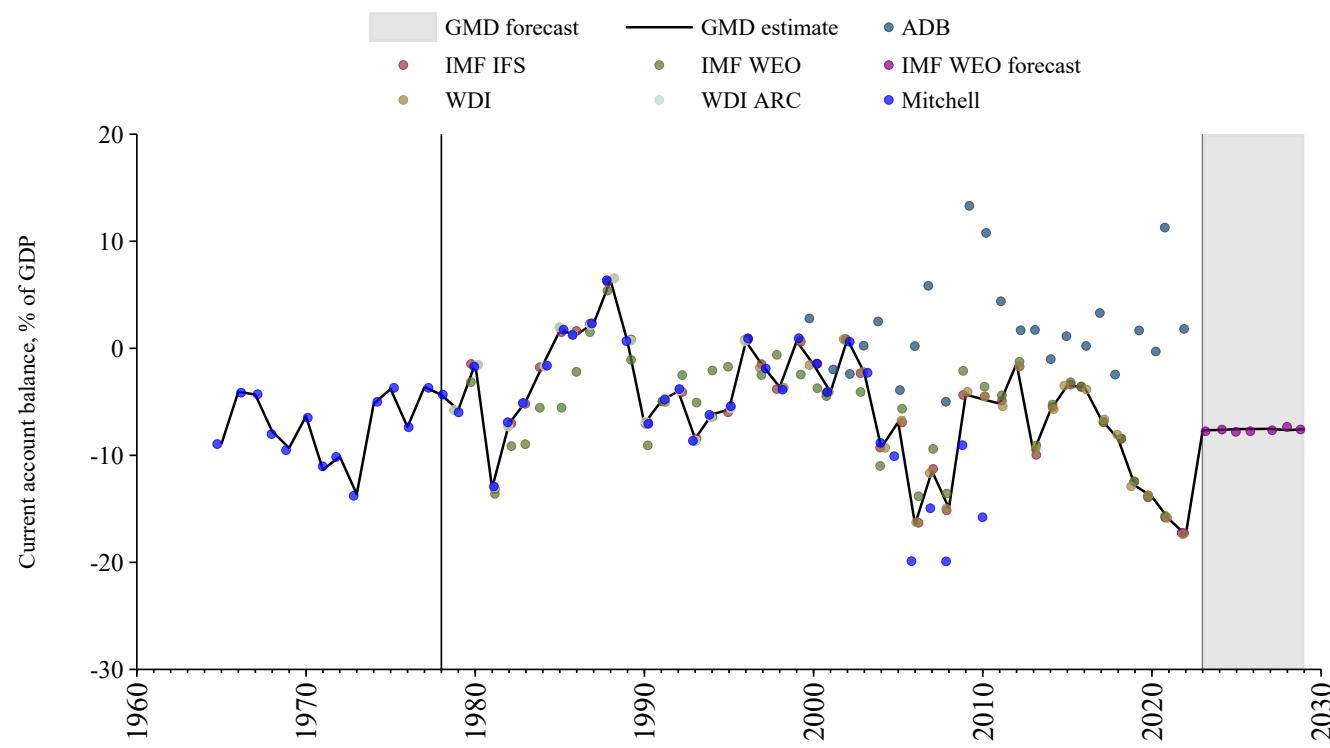
Government expenditure to GDP ratio	22
Government revenue	23
Government revenue to GDP ratio	24
Government tax revenue	25
Government tax revenue to GDP ratio	26
Imports	27
Imports to GDP ratio	28
Inflation	29
Investment	30
Investment to GDP ratio	31
Long term interest rate	32
Nominal GDP	33
Population	34
Real GDP	35
Real total consumption	36
Short term interest rate	37
Unemployment	38
References	39

Data availability heatmap



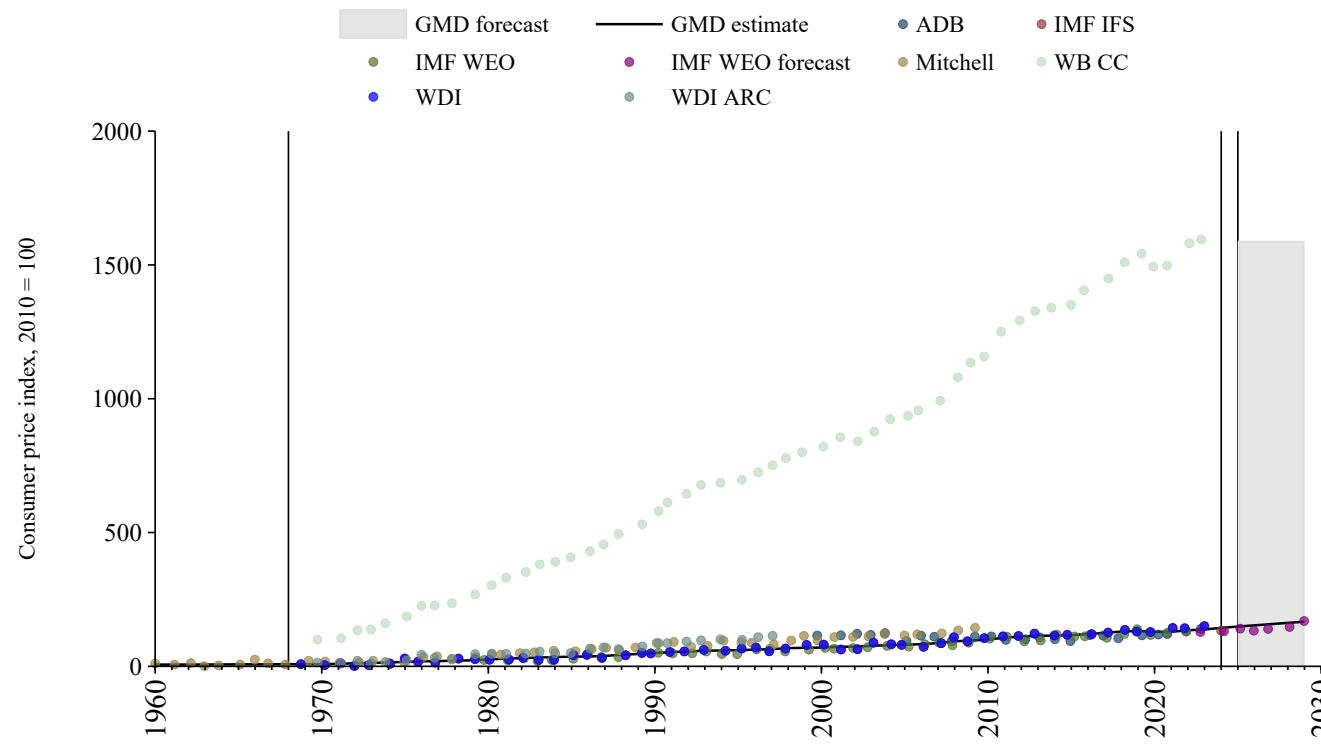
Current account balance

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1965 - 1978	Spliced using overlapping data in 1979.
World Bank (2024)	1979 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
WEO (2024a)	2023 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



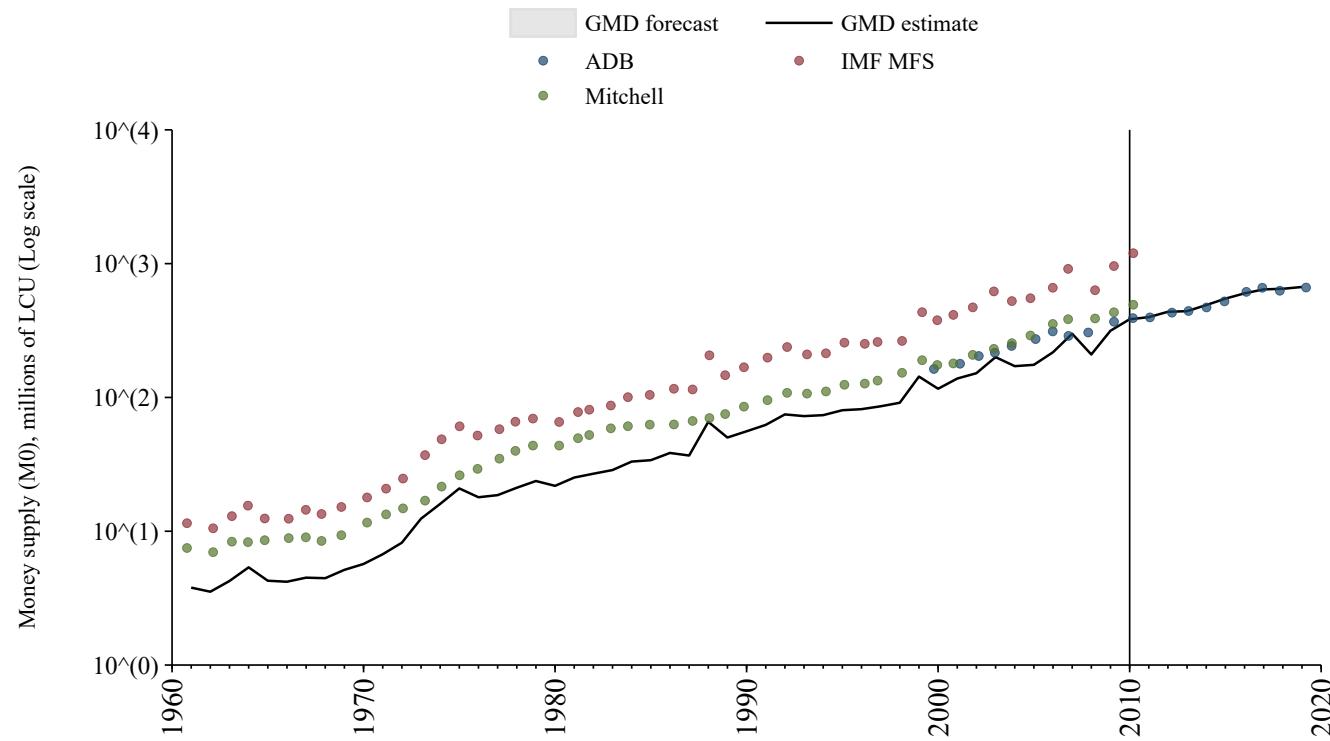
Consumer price index

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1960 - 1968	Spliced using overlapping data in 1969: (ratio = 63.3%).
World Bank (2024)	1969 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	2024 - 2024	Spliced using overlapping data in 2025.
WEO (2024a)	2025 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030: (ratio = 106.6%).



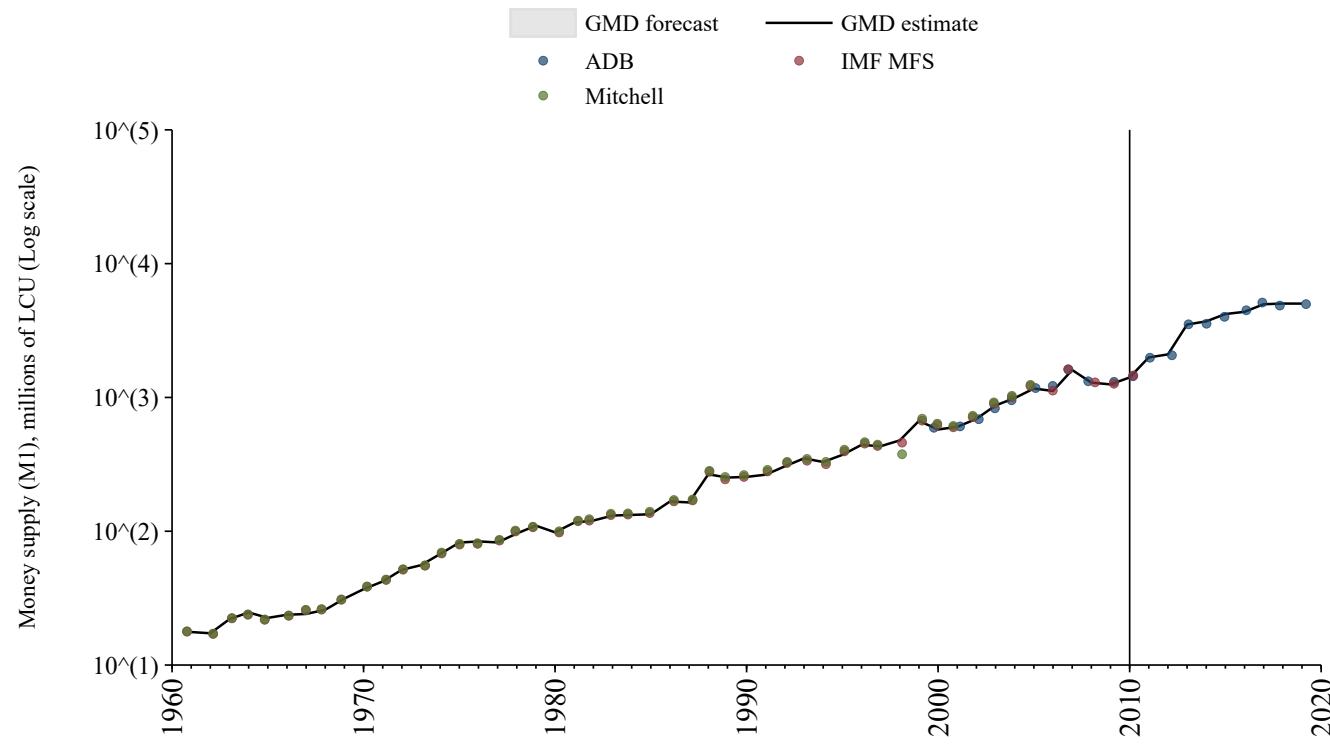
Money supply (M0)

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1961 - 2010	Spliced using overlapping data in 2011.
Asian Development Bank (2024)	2011 - 2019	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



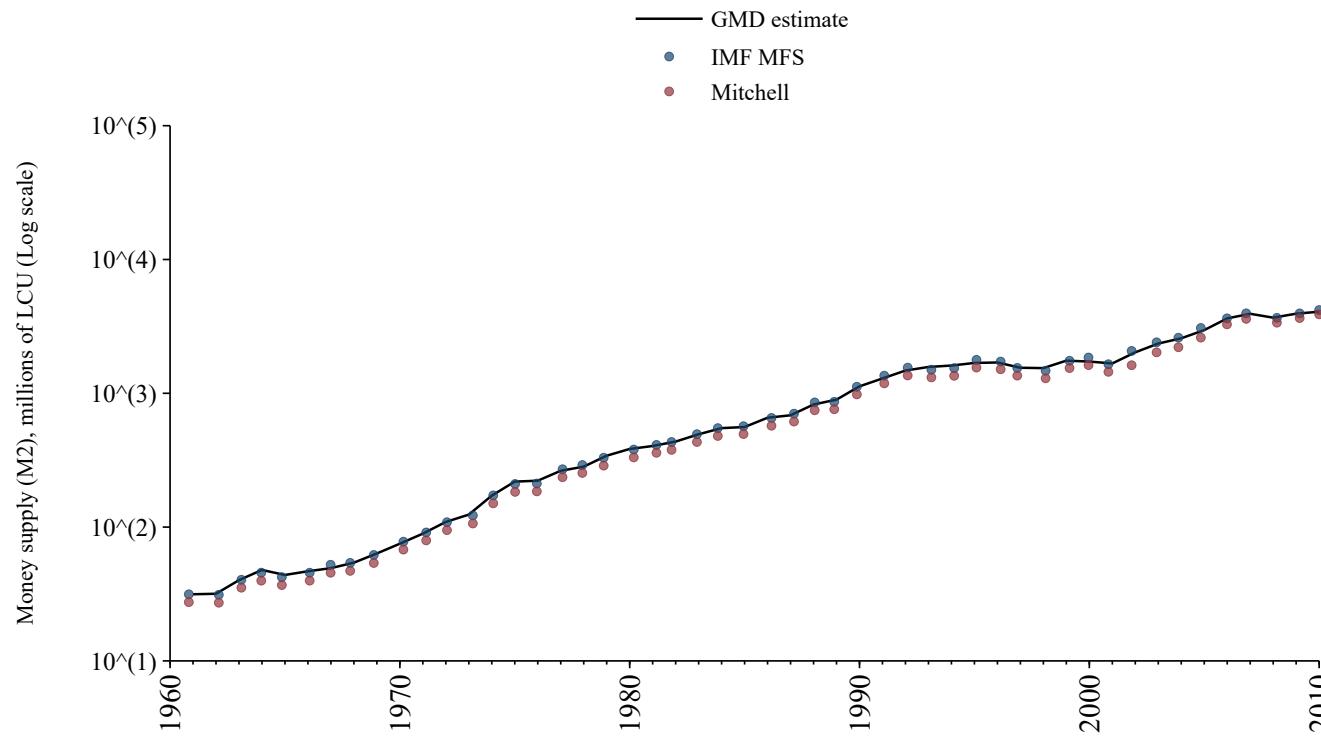
Money supply (M1)

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1961 - 2010	Spliced using overlapping data in 2011.
Asian Development Bank (2024)	2011 - 2019	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



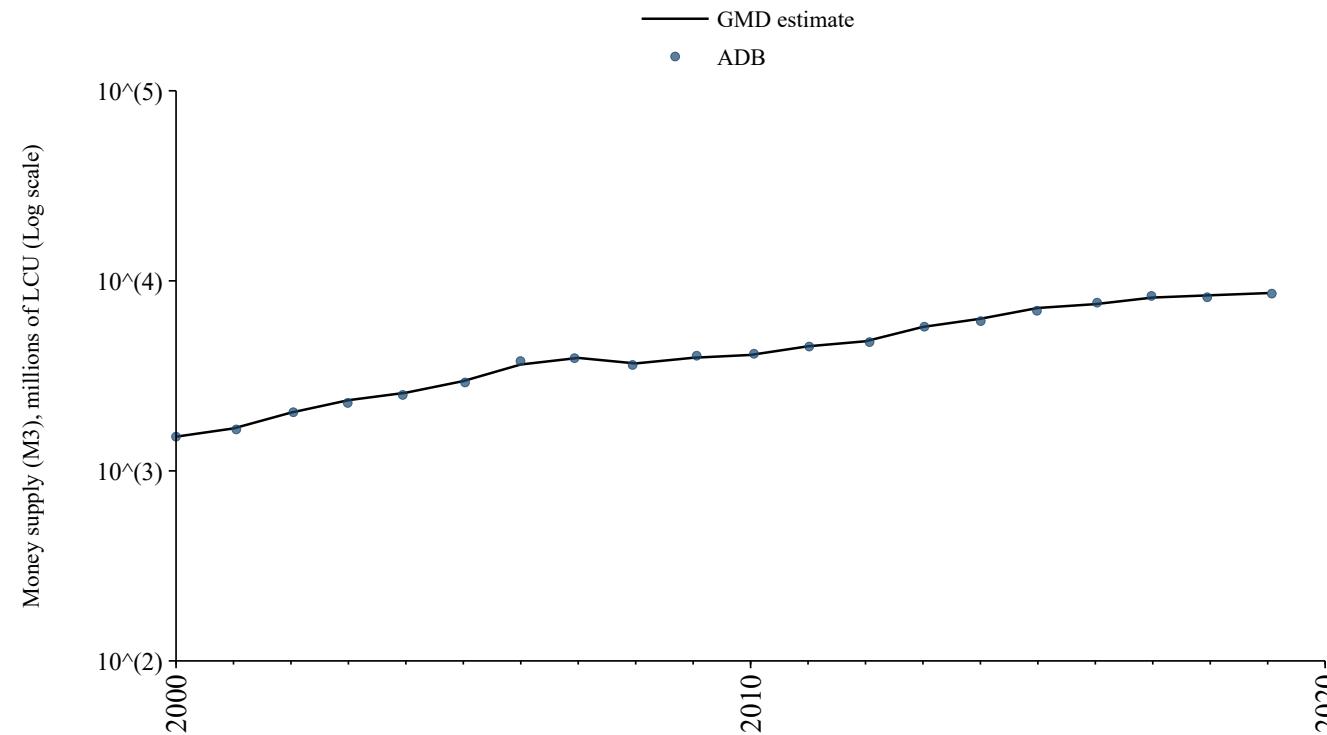
Money supply (M2)

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1961 - 2010	Spliced using overlapping data in 2011.



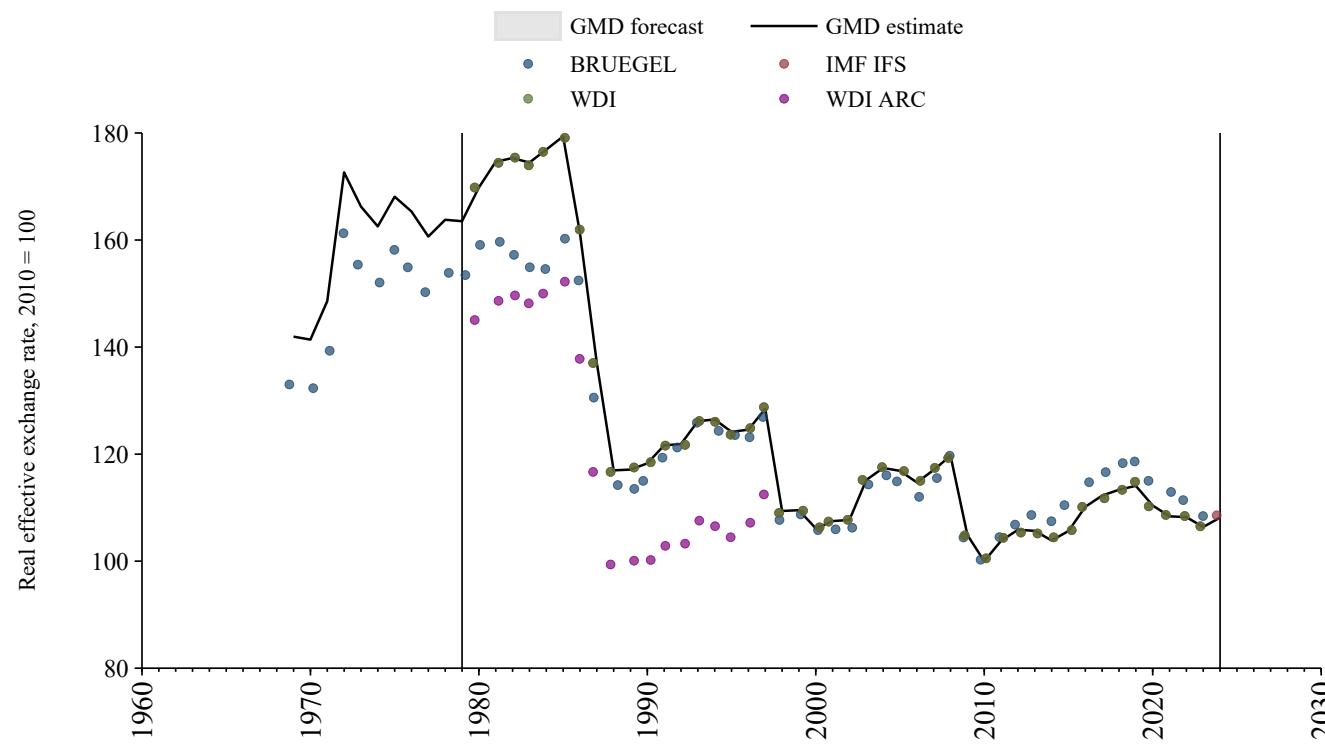
Money supply (M3)

Source	Time span	Notes
Asian Development Bank (2024)	2000 - 2019	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



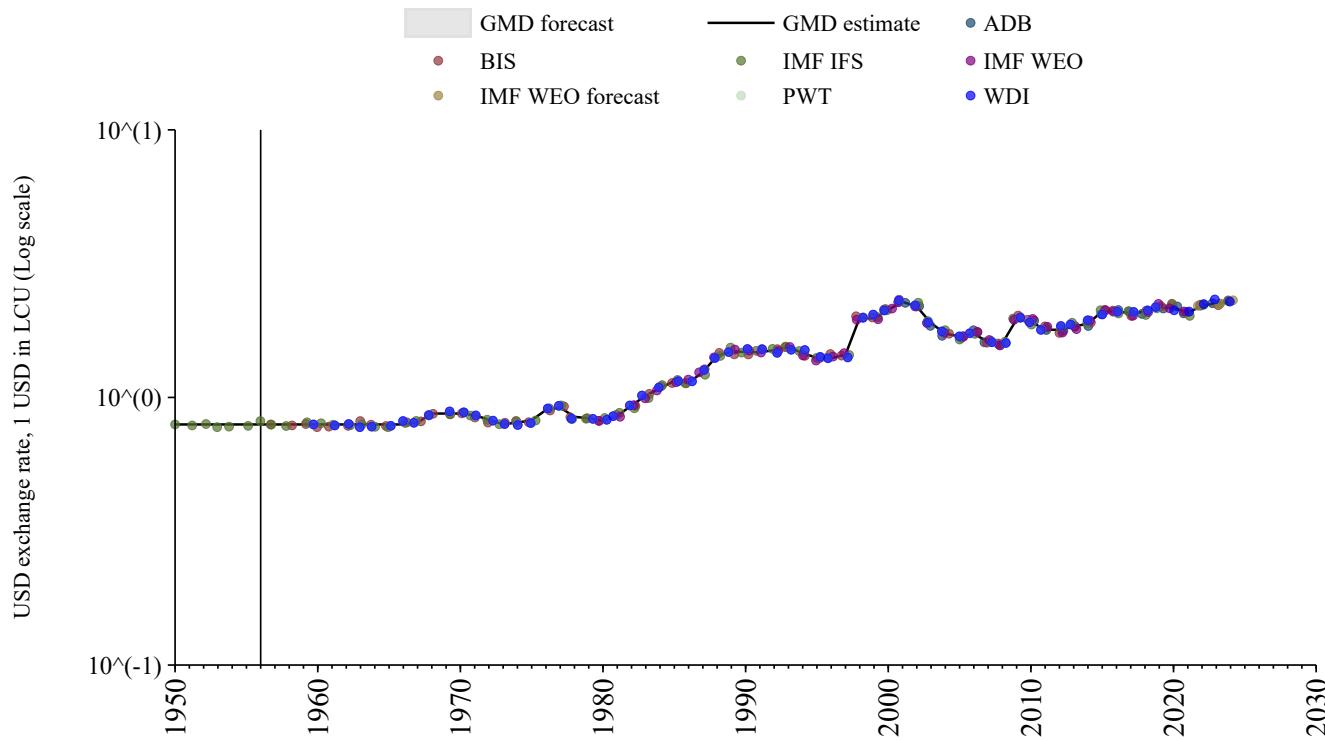
Real effective exchange rate

Source	Time span	Notes
Darvas (2021)	1969 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 106.7%).
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	2024 - 2024	Spliced using overlapping data in 2025.



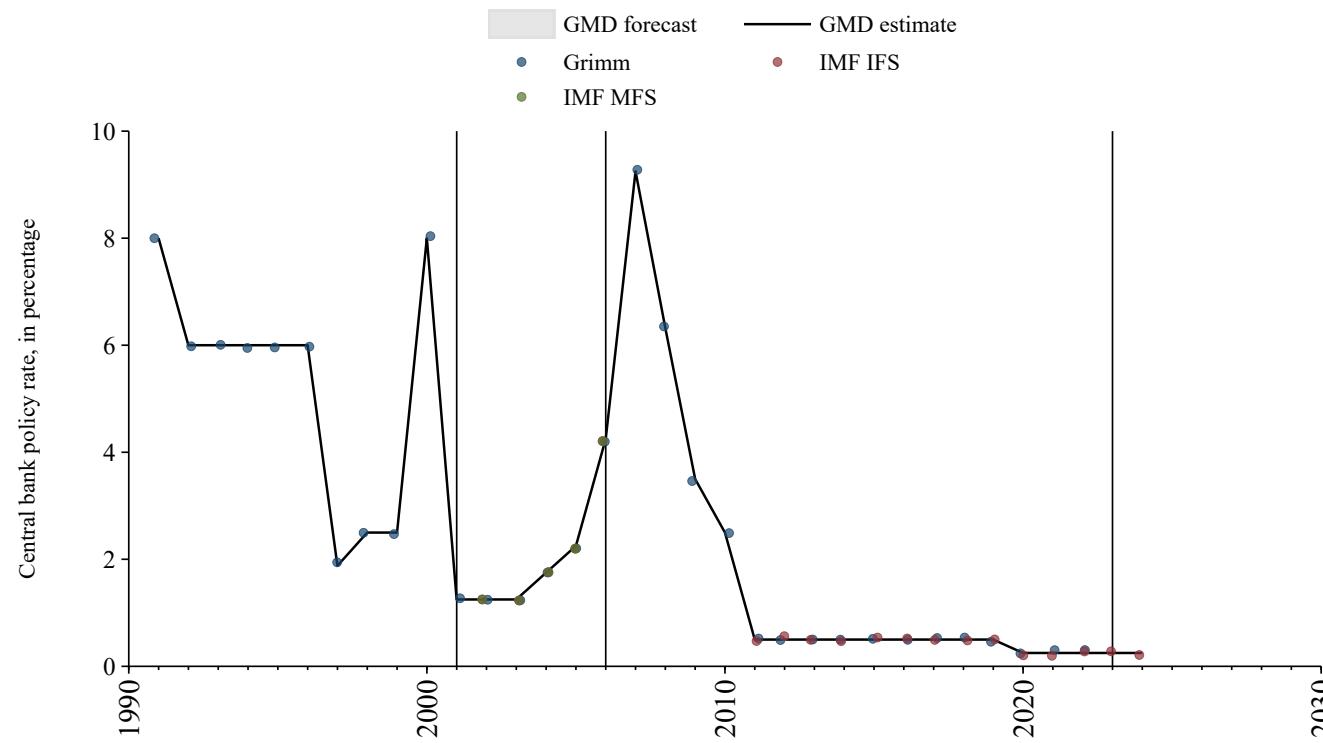
USD exchange rate

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1956	Spliced using overlapping data in 1957.
Bank for International Settlements (2024)	1957 - 2024	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



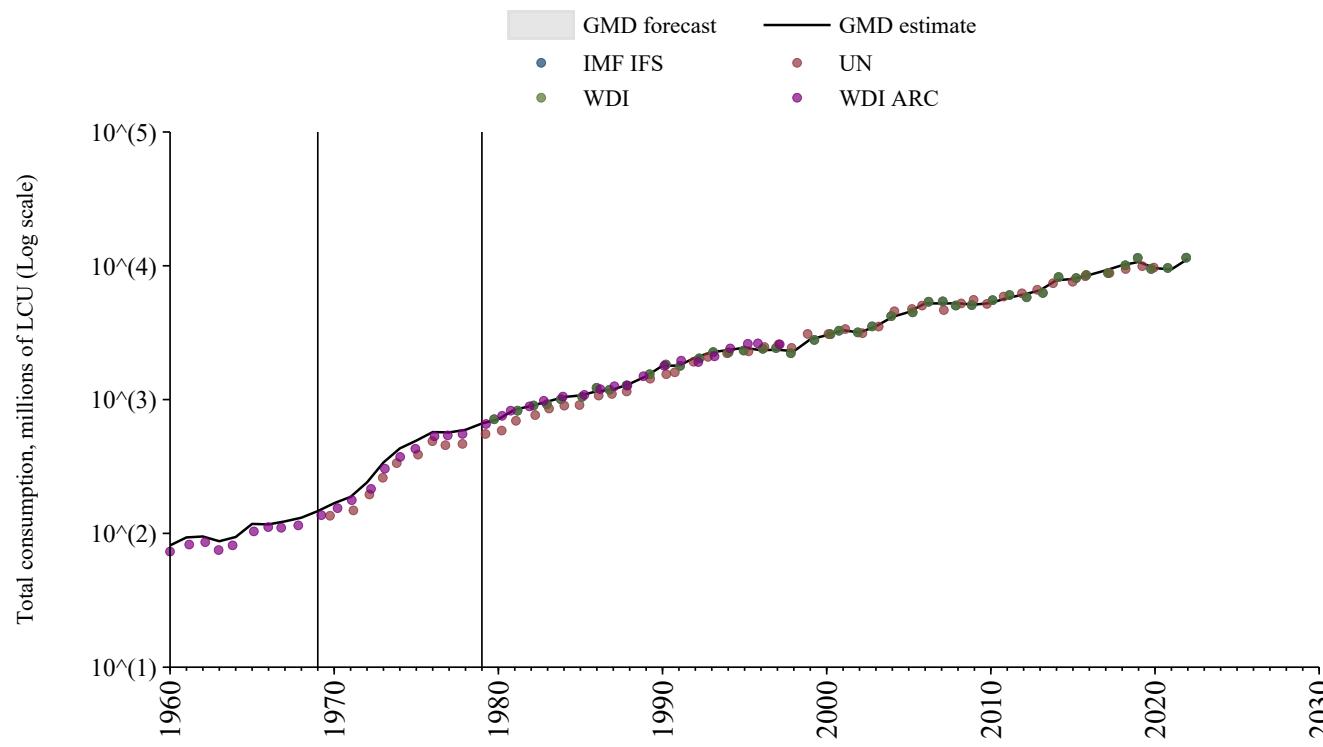
Central bank policy rate

Source	Time span	Notes
Grimm (2024)	1991 - 2001	Spliced using overlapping data in 2002.
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	2002 - 2006	Spliced using overlapping data in 2007.
Grimm (2024)	2007 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	2023 - 2024	Spliced using overlapping data in 2025.



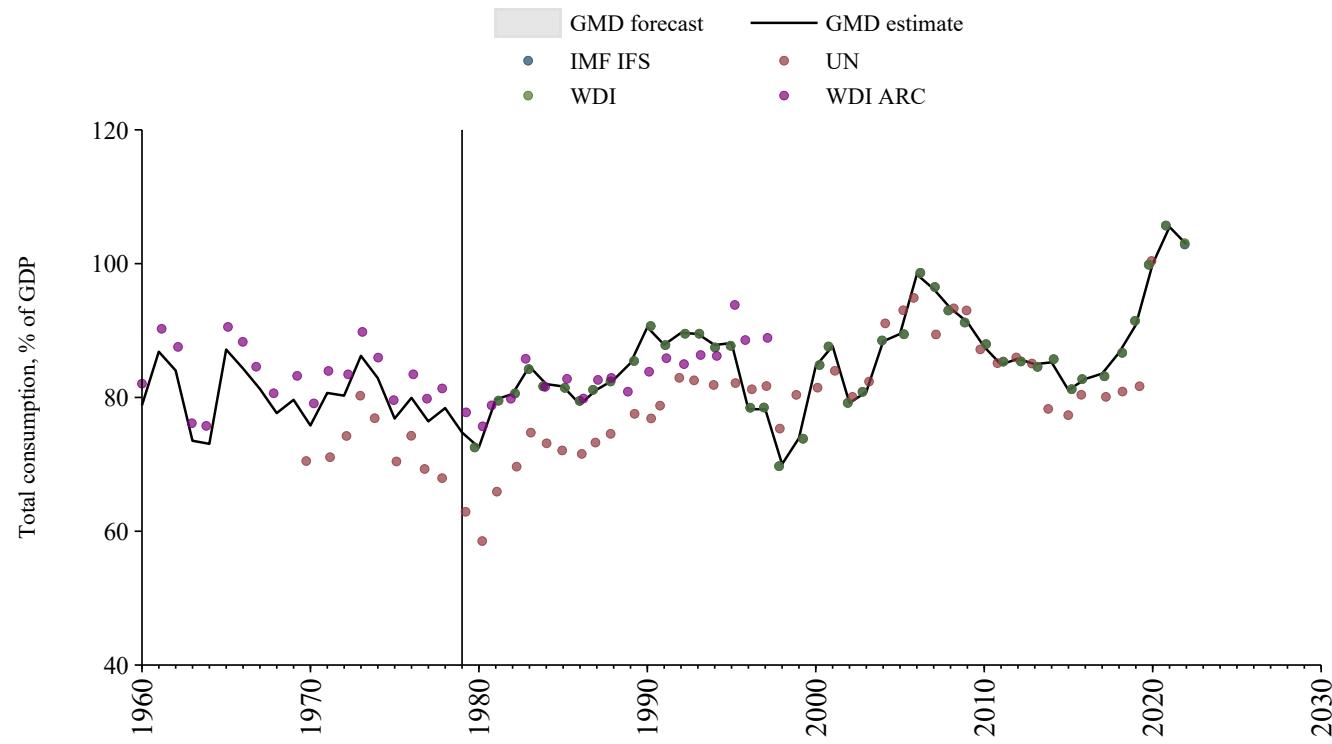
Total consumption

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1960 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970: (ratio = 111.1%).
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 124.1%).
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



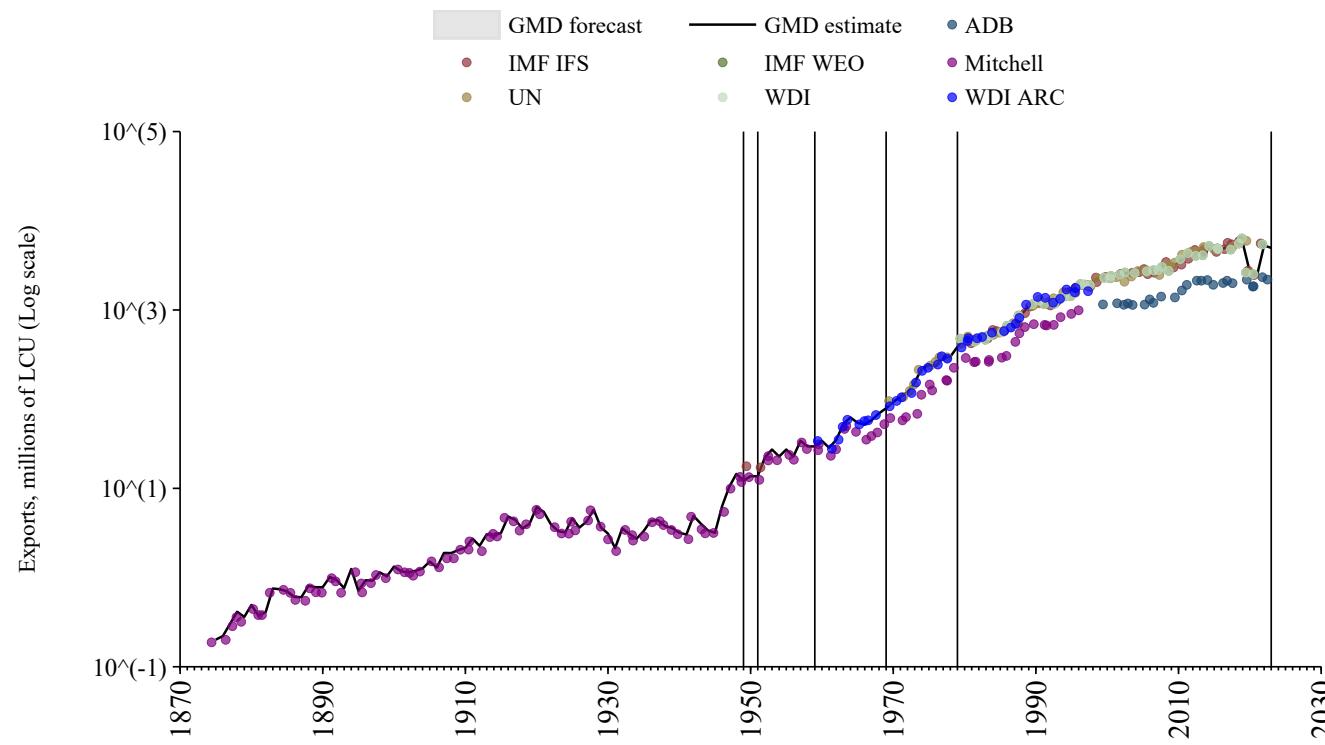
Total consumption to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1960 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980.
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



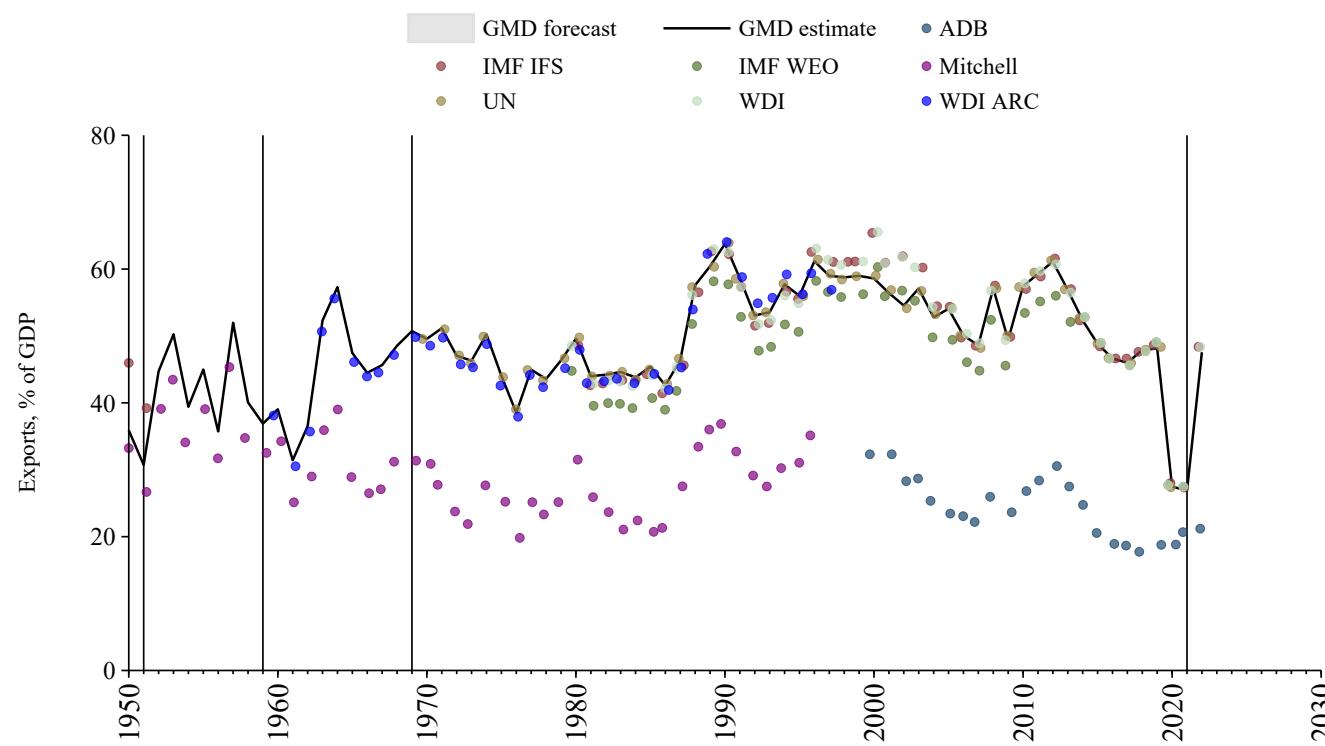
Exports

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1875 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950: (ratio = 107.2%).
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1951	Spliced using overlapping data in 1952: (ratio = 77.5%).
Mitchell (2013)	1952 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 113.7%).
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1960 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970: (ratio = 100.3%).
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 97.7%).
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
Asian Development Bank (2024)	2023 - 2023	Spliced using overlapping data in 2024: (ratio = 226.9%).



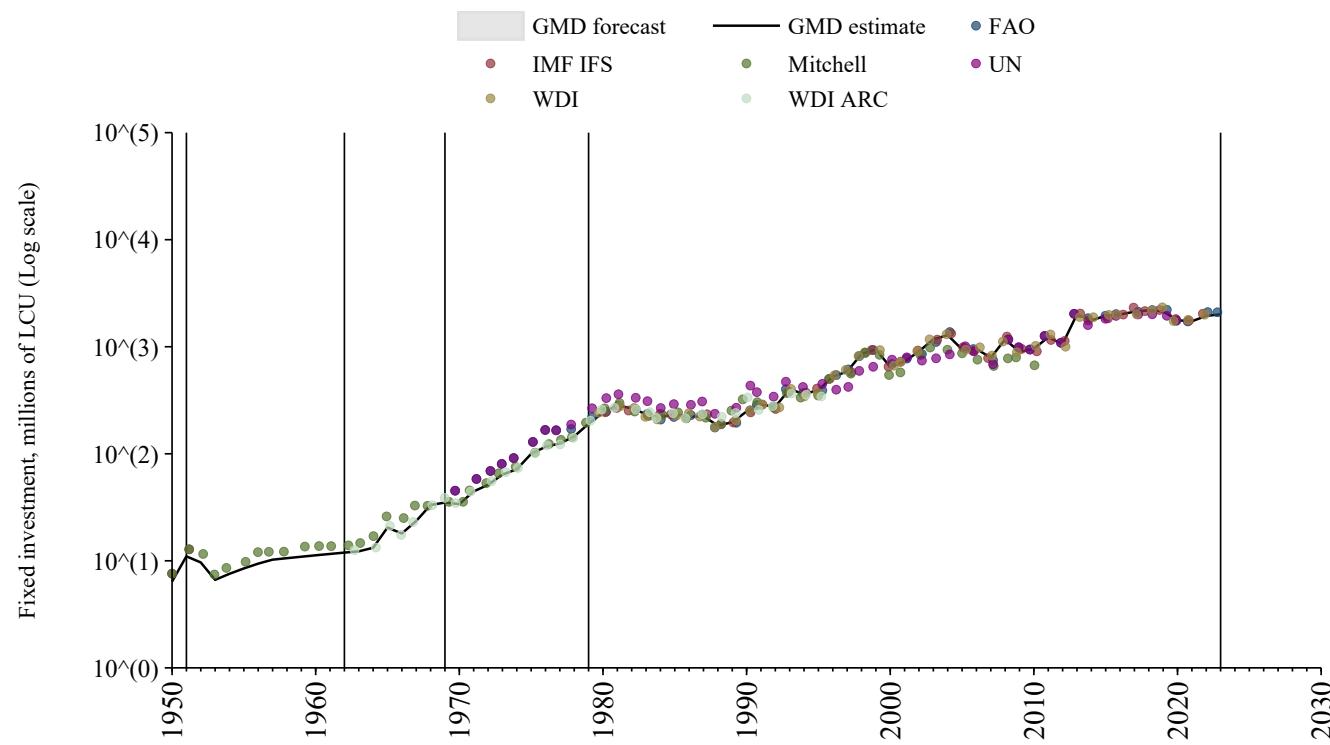
Exports to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1951	Spliced using overlapping data in 1952: (ratio = 78.1%).
Mitchell (2013)	1952 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 114.5%).
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1960 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970: (ratio = 102.4%).
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 2020	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
World Bank (2024)	2021 - 2022	Spliced using overlapping data in 2023: (ratio = 98.8%).



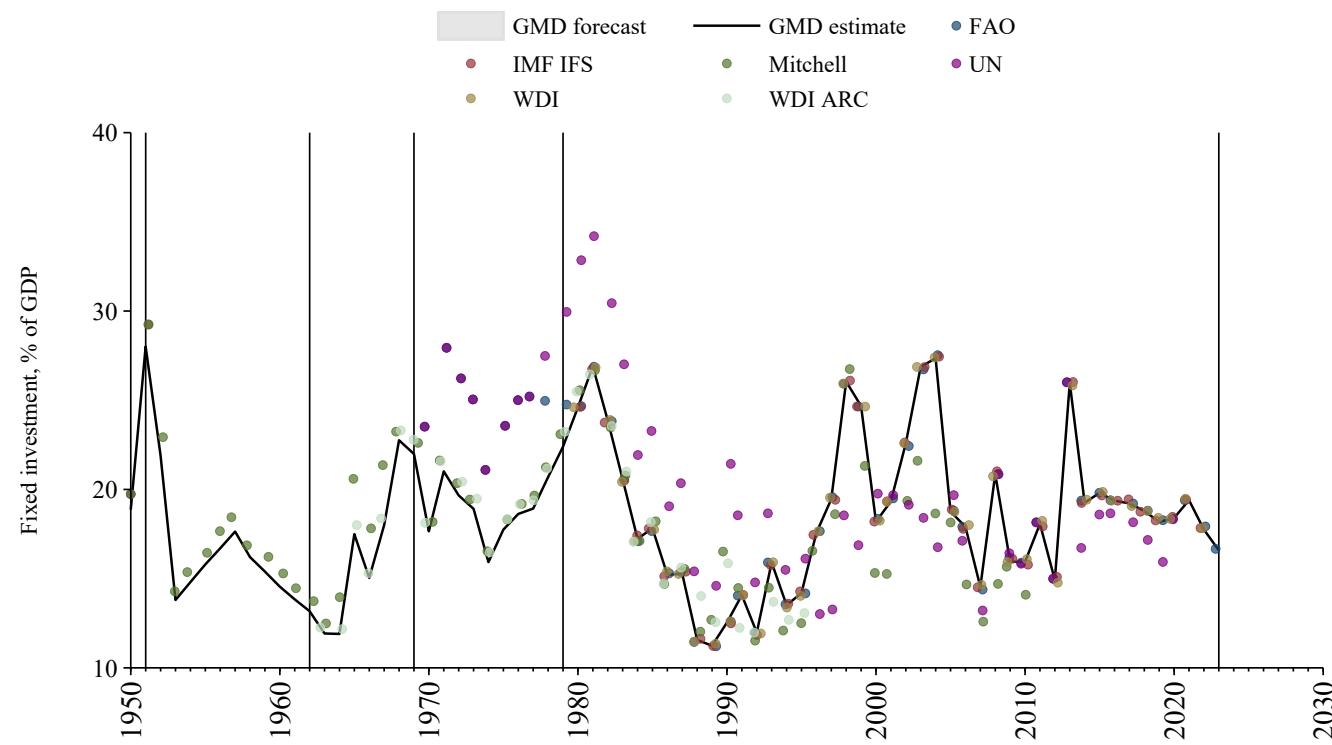
Fixed investment

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1951	Spliced using overlapping data in 1952: (ratio = 84%).
Mitchell (2013)	1952 - 1962	Spliced using overlapping data in 1963: (ratio = 84%).
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1963 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970: (ratio = 97.4%).
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 74.9%).
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
FAO (2024)	2023 - 2023	Spliced using overlapping data in 2024.



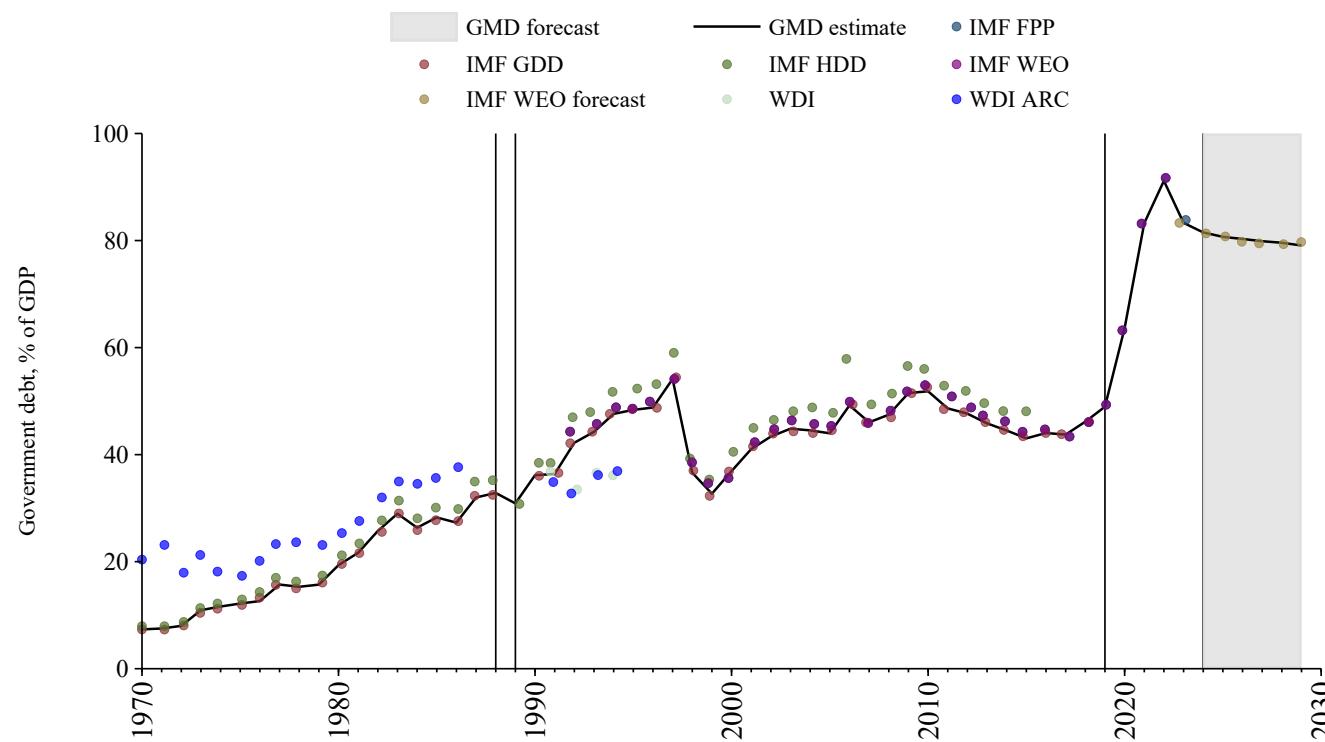
Fixed investment to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1951	Spliced using overlapping data in 1952: (ratio = 95.6%).
Mitchell (2013)	1952 - 1962	Spliced using overlapping data in 1963: (ratio = 95.6%).
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1963 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970: (ratio = 97.3%).
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 75.1%).
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
FAO (2024)	2023 - 2023	Spliced using overlapping data in 2024: (ratio = 100.2%).



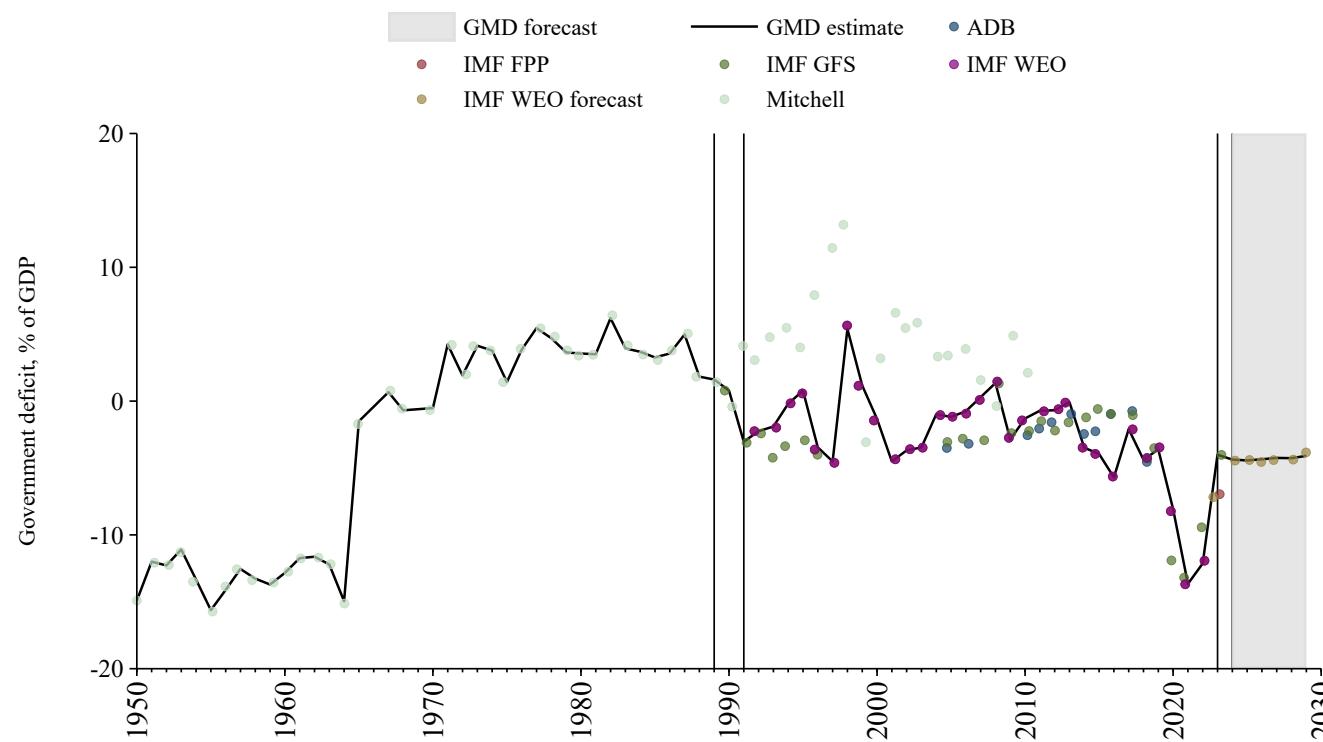
Government debt

Source	Time span	Notes
Mbaye et al. (2018)	1970 - 1988	Spliced using overlapping data in 1989. Data refers to central government.
International Monetary Fund (2010)	1989 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990. Data refers to general government.
Mbaye et al. (2018)	1990 - 2018	Spliced using overlapping data in 2019. Data refers to central government.
Mauro et al. (2015)	2019 - 2023	Spliced using overlapping data in 2024. Data refers to general government.
WEO (2024a)	2024 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



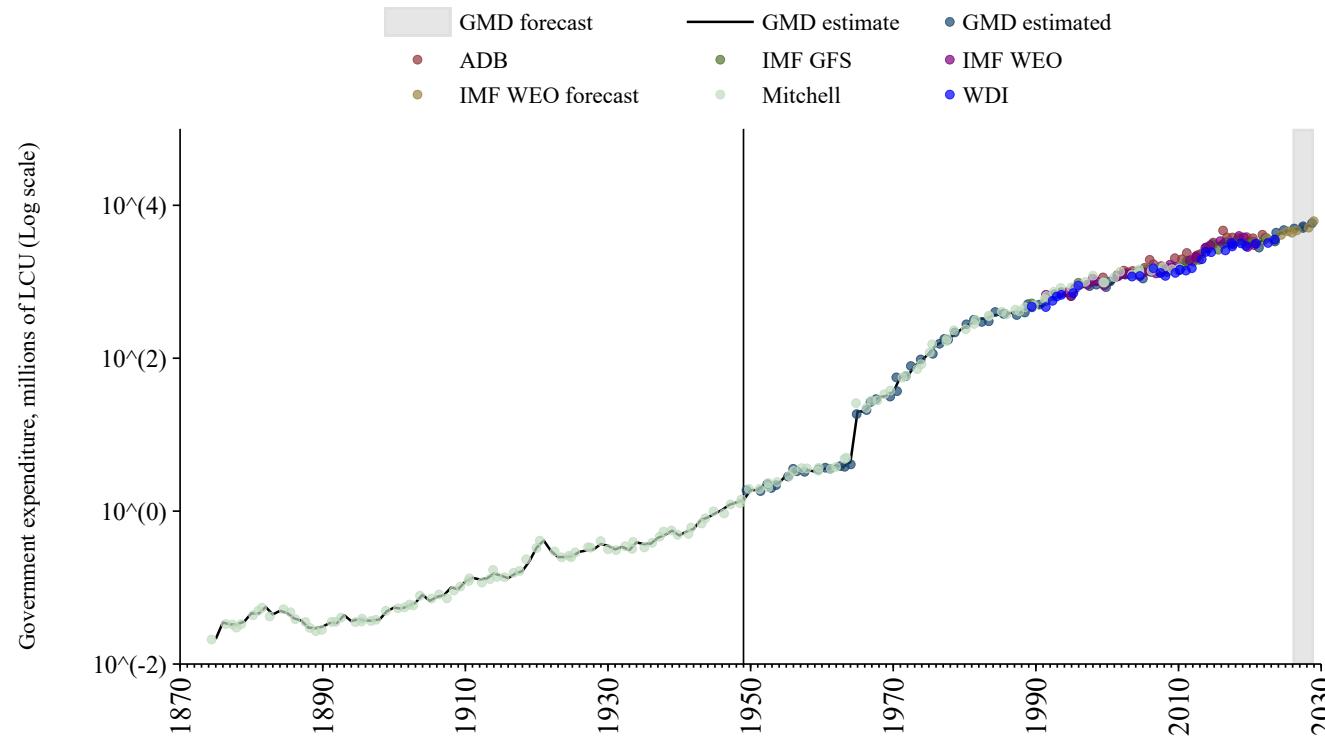
Government deficit

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990.
International Monetary Fund (2024a)	1990 - 1991	Spliced using overlapping data in 1992.
WEO (2024b)	1992 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
International Monetary Fund (2024a)	2023 - 2023	Spliced using overlapping data in 2024.
WEO (2024a)	2024 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



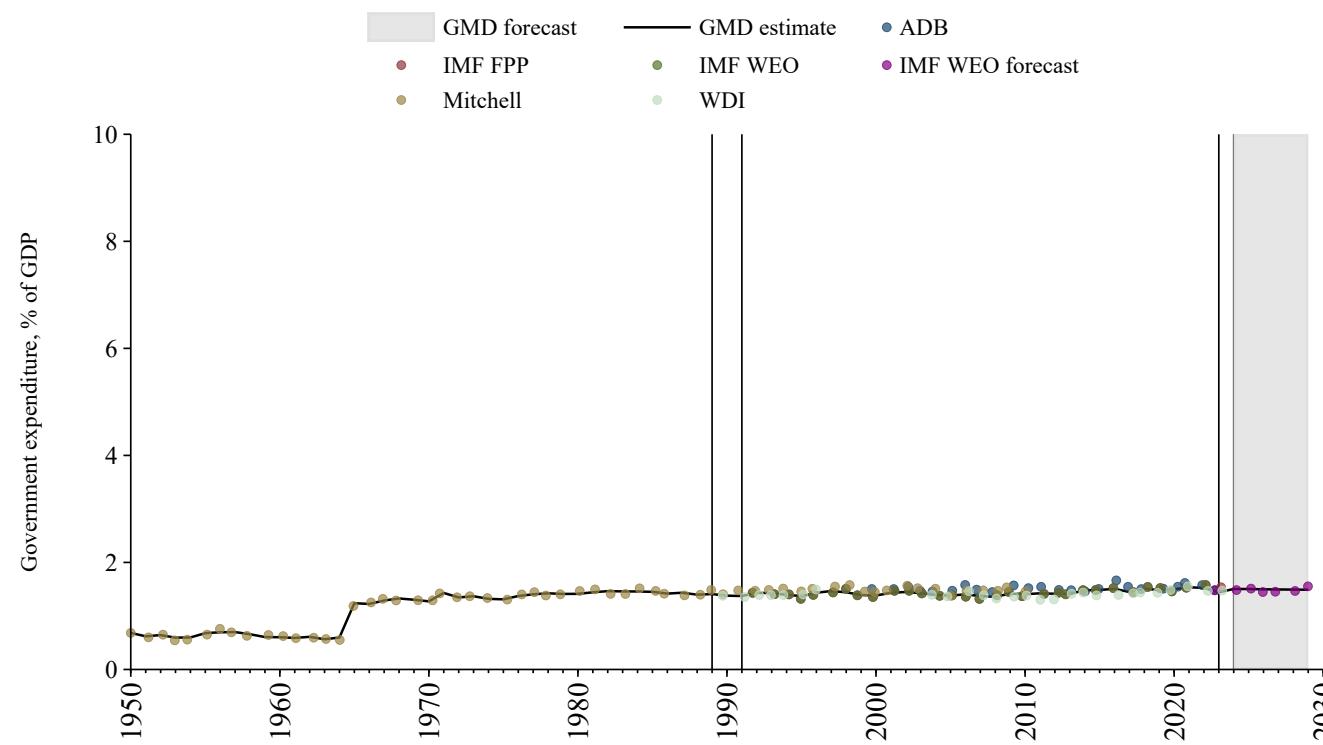
Government expenditure

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1875 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950.
Müller et al. (2025)	1950 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



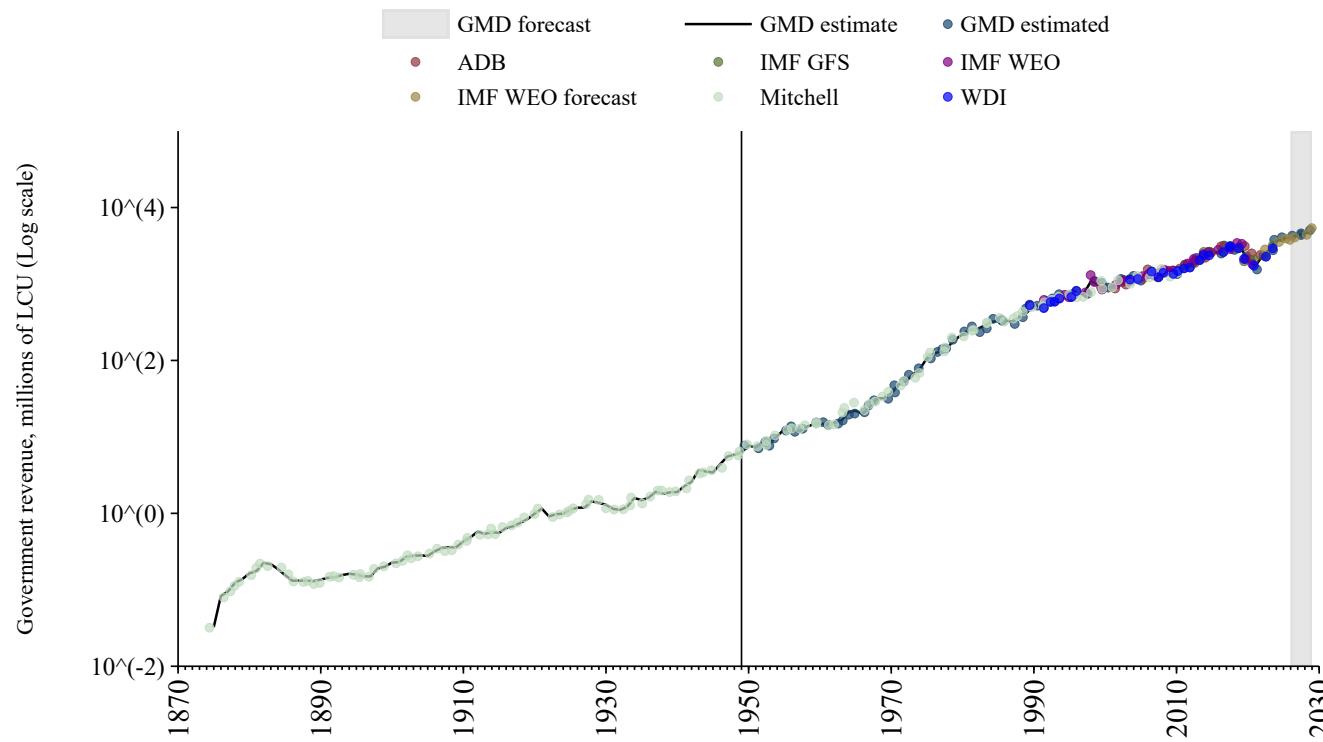
Government expenditure to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990. Data refers to central government.
World Bank (2024)	1990 - 1991	Spliced using overlapping data in 1992. Data refers to general government.
WEO (2024b)	1992 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018. Data refers to general government.
World Bank (2024)	2023 - 2023	Spliced using overlapping data in 2024. Data refers to general government.
WEO (2024a)	2024 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



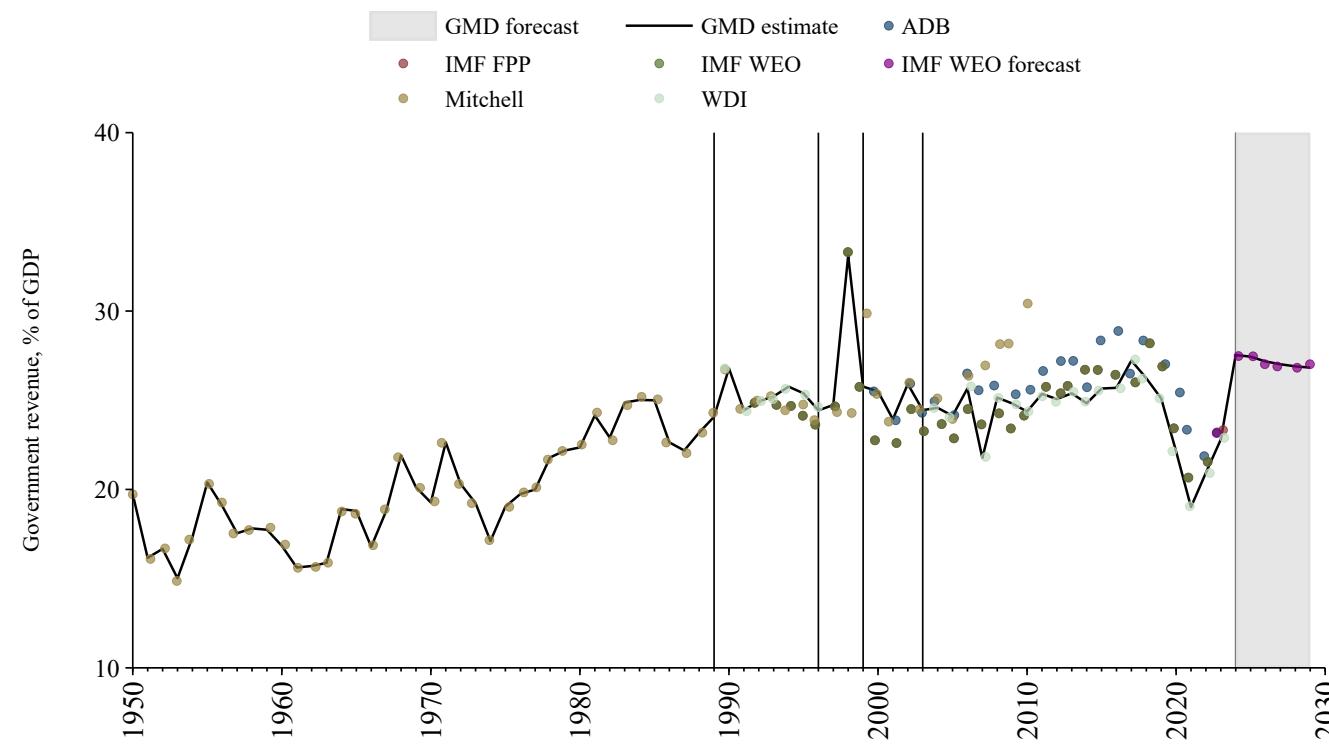
Government revenue

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1875 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950.
Müller et al. (2025)	1950 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



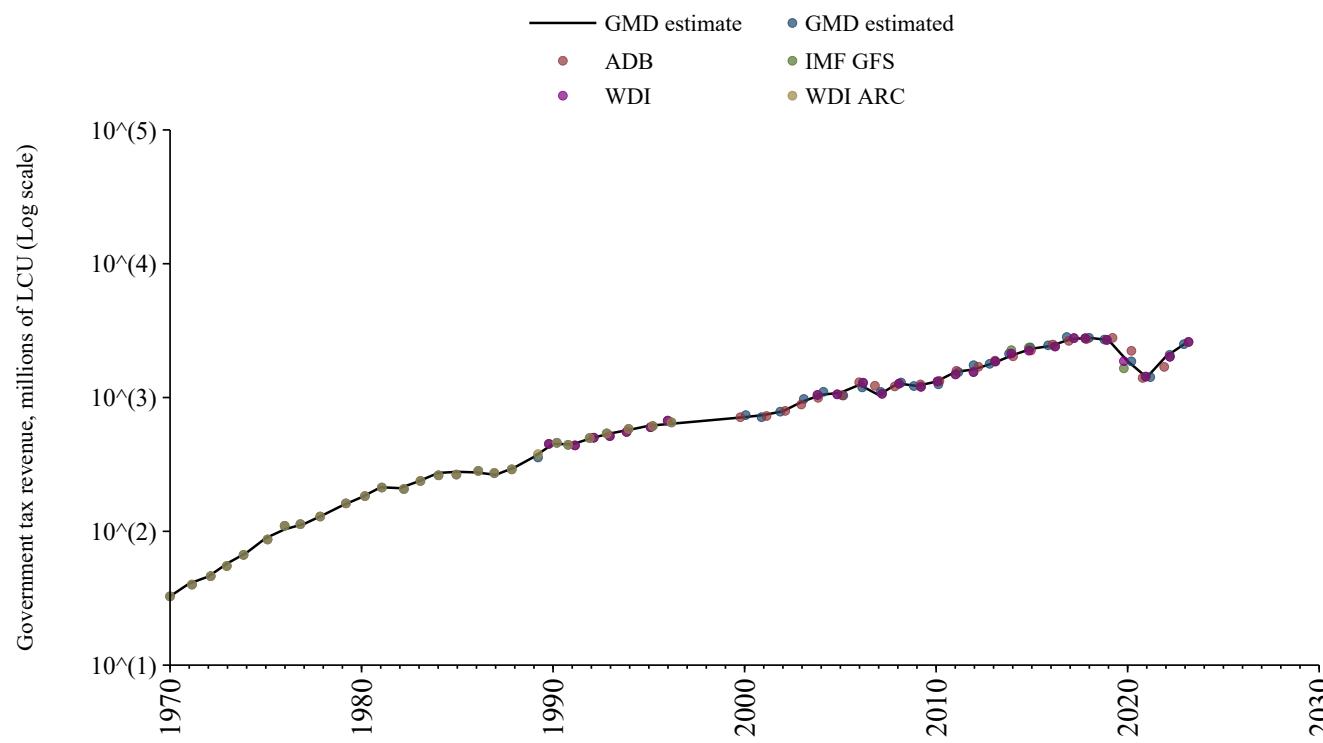
Government revenue to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990. Data refers to central government.
World Bank (2024)	1990 - 1996	Spliced using overlapping data in 1997. Data refers to general government.
WEO (2024b)	1997 - 1999	Spliced using overlapping data in 2000. Data refers to general government.
Asian Development Bank (2024)	2000 - 2003	Spliced using overlapping data in 2004. Data refers to general government.
World Bank (2024)	2004 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018. Data refers to general government.
WEO (2024a)	2024 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



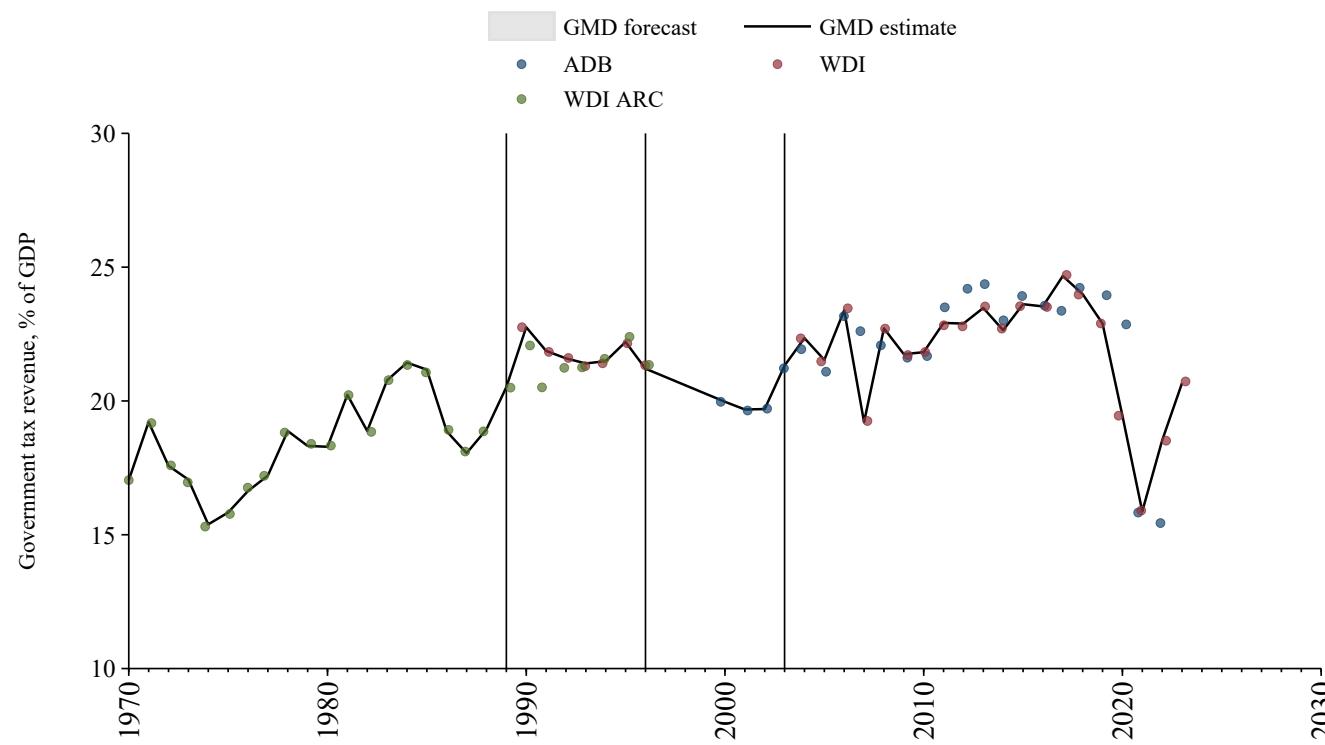
Government tax revenue

Source	Time span	Notes
Müller et al. (2025)	1970 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



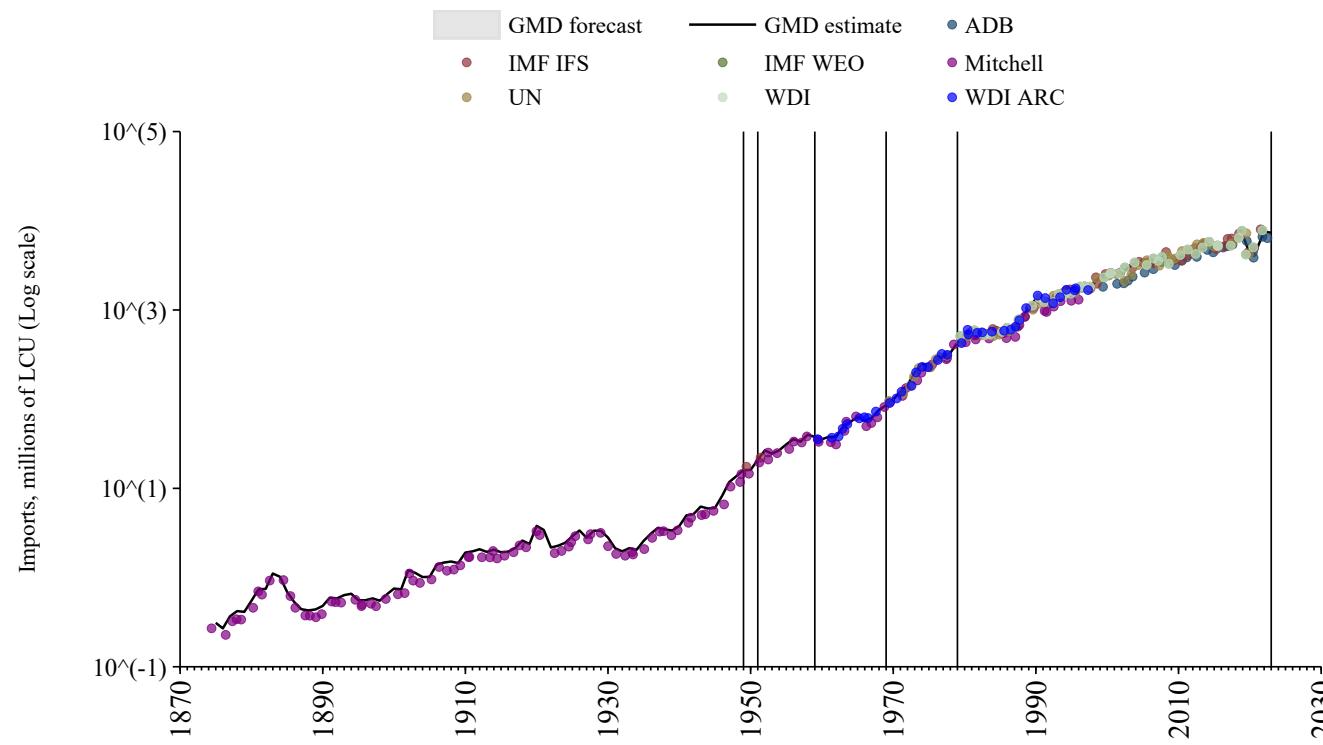
Government tax revenue to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1970 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990. Data refers to central government.
World Bank (2024)	1990 - 1996	Spliced using overlapping data in 1997. Data refers to central government.
Asian Development Bank (2024)	1997 - 2003	Spliced using overlapping data in 2004. Data refers to general government.
World Bank (2024)	2004 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018. Data refers to central government.



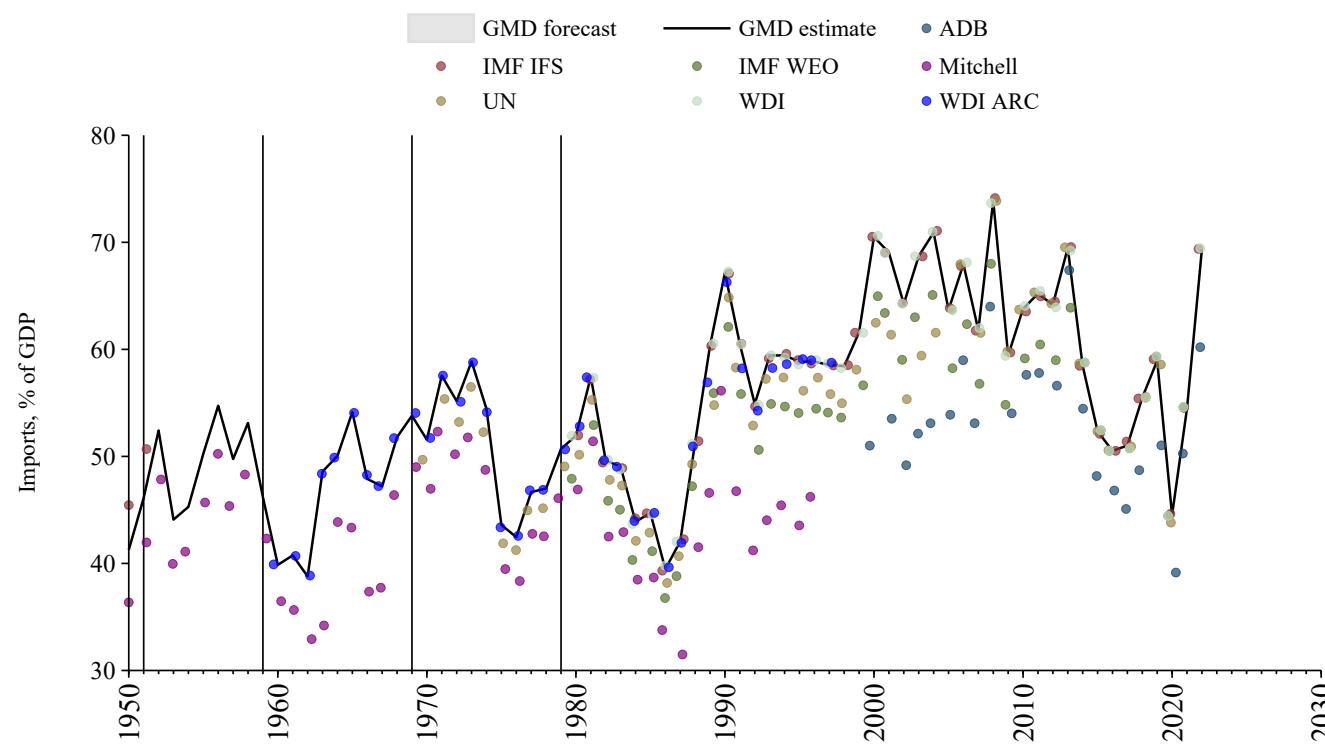
Imports

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1875 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950: (ratio = 115.1%).
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1951	Spliced using overlapping data in 1952: (ratio = 92.1%).
Mitchell (2013)	1952 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 111.2%).
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1960 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970.
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 103.6%).
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
Asian Development Bank (2024)	2023 - 2023	Spliced using overlapping data in 2024: (ratio = 114.9%).



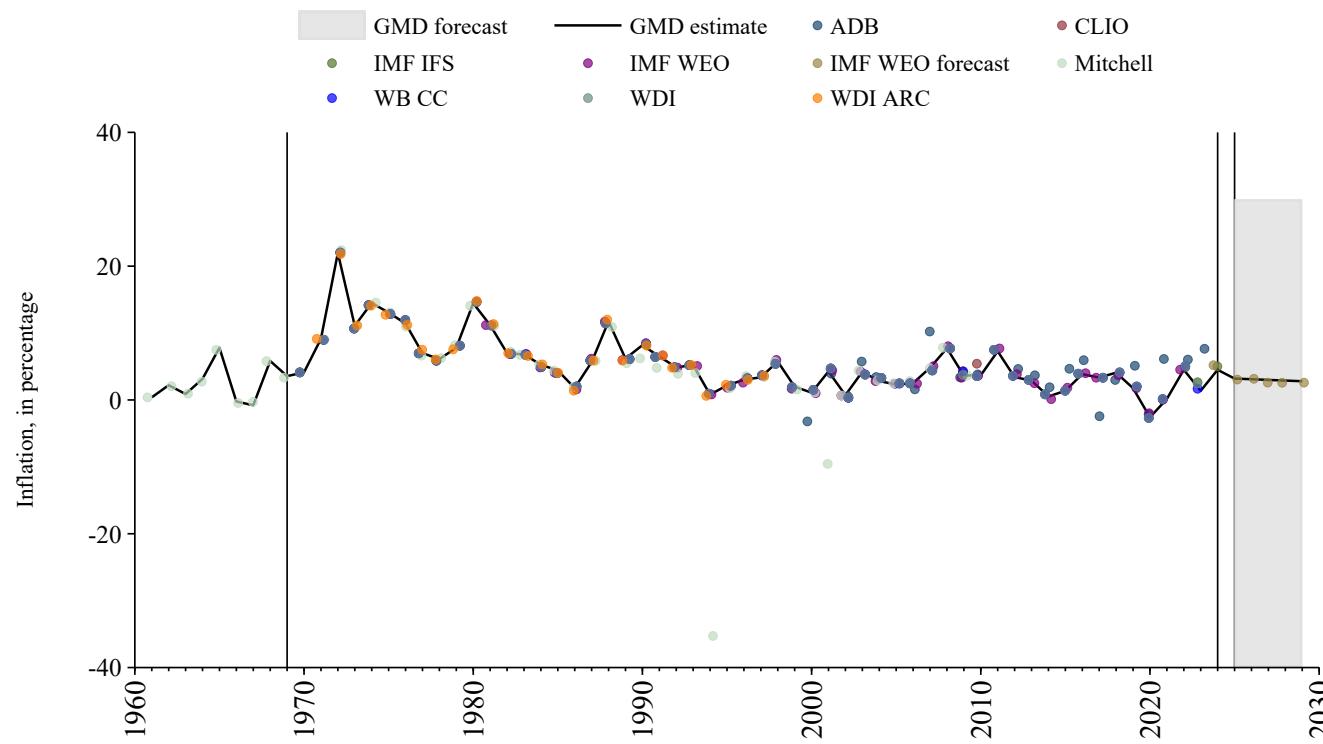
Imports to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1951	Spliced using overlapping data in 1952: (ratio = 90.8%).
Mitchell (2013)	1952 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 109.6%).
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1960 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970: (ratio = 99.9%).
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 103.8%).
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



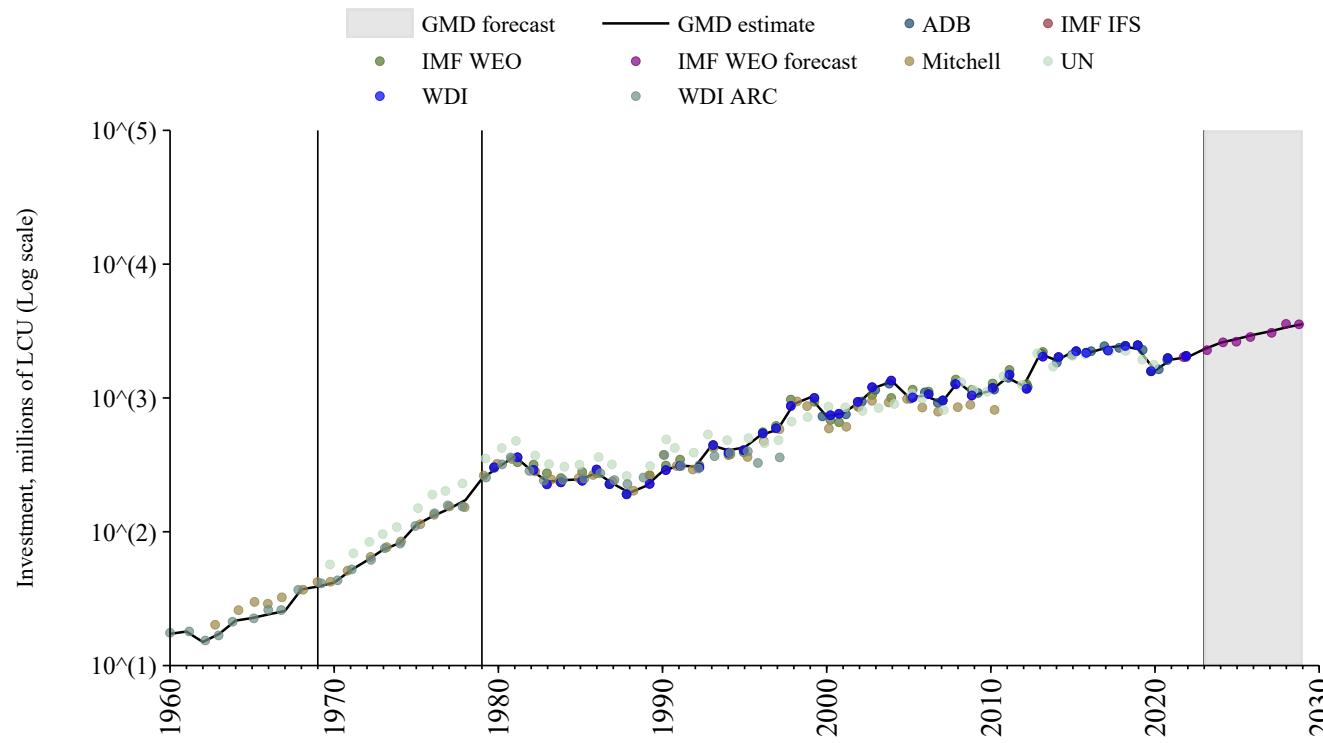
Inflation

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1961 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970.
Ha et al. (2023)	1970 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	2024 - 2024	Spliced using overlapping data in 2025.
WEO (2024a)	2025 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



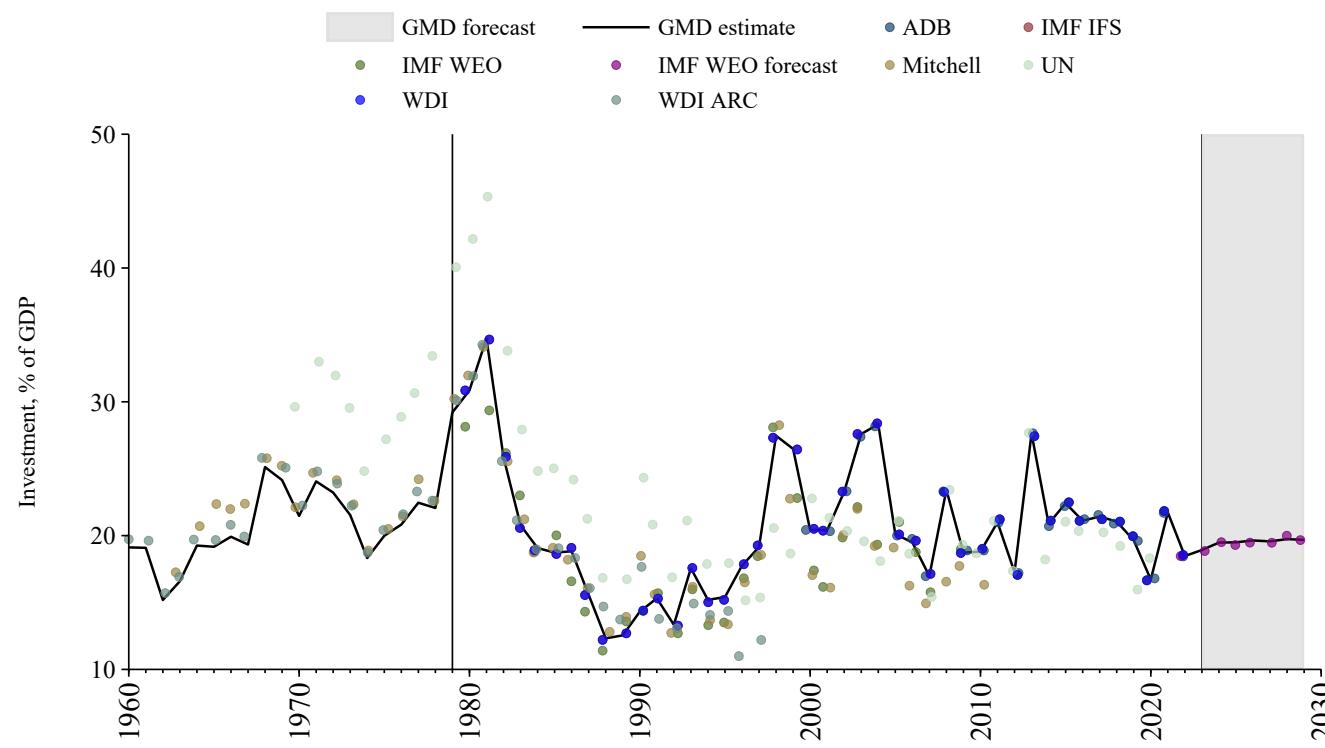
Investment

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1960 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970: (ratio = 98.1%).
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 73.2%).
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
WEO (2024a)	2023 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



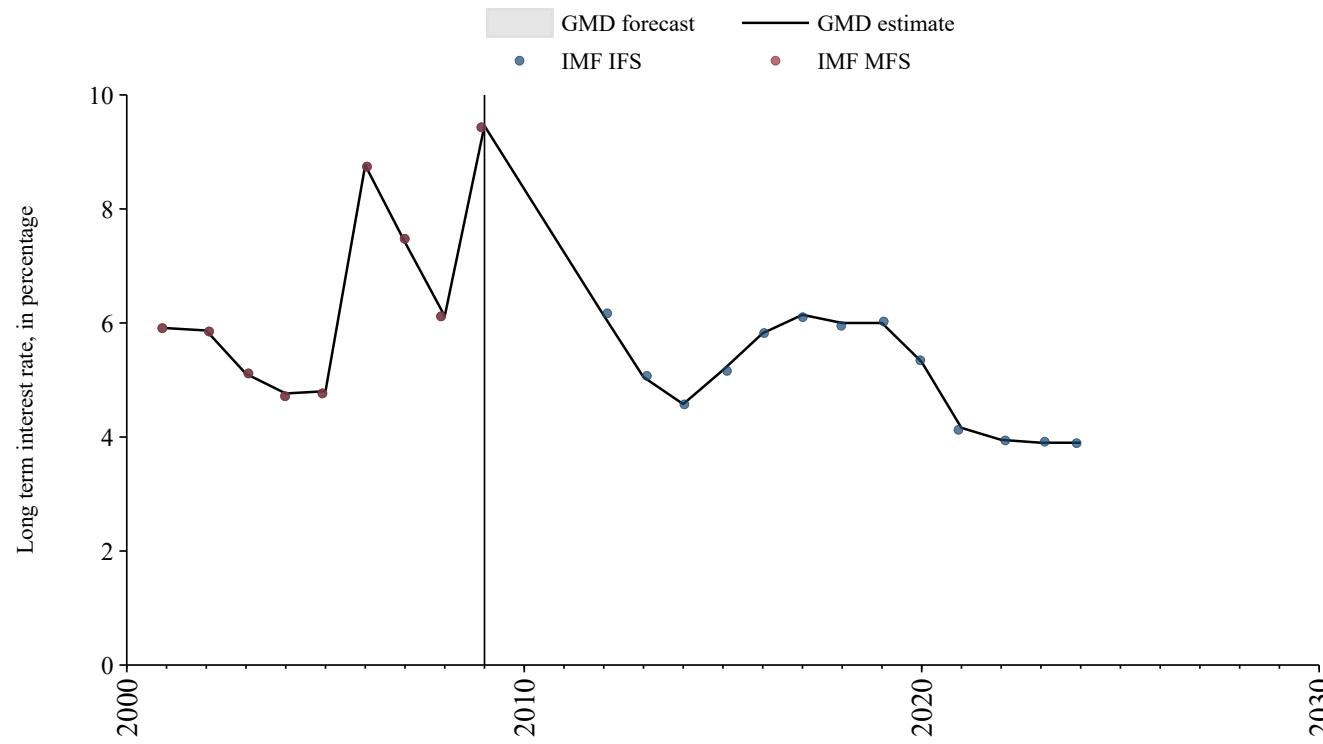
Investment to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1960 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 96.9%).
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
WEO (2024a)	2023 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



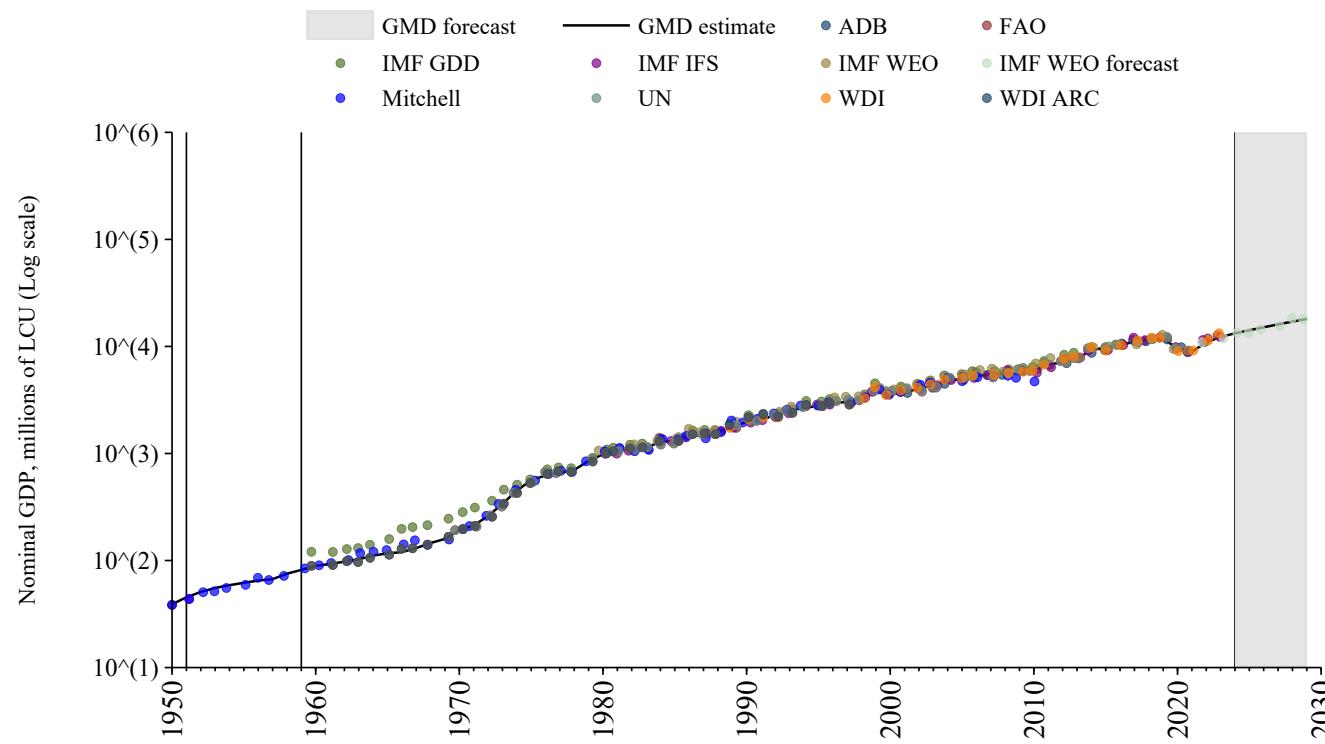
Long term interest rate

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	2001 - 2009	Spliced using overlapping data in 2010.
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	2010 - 2024	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



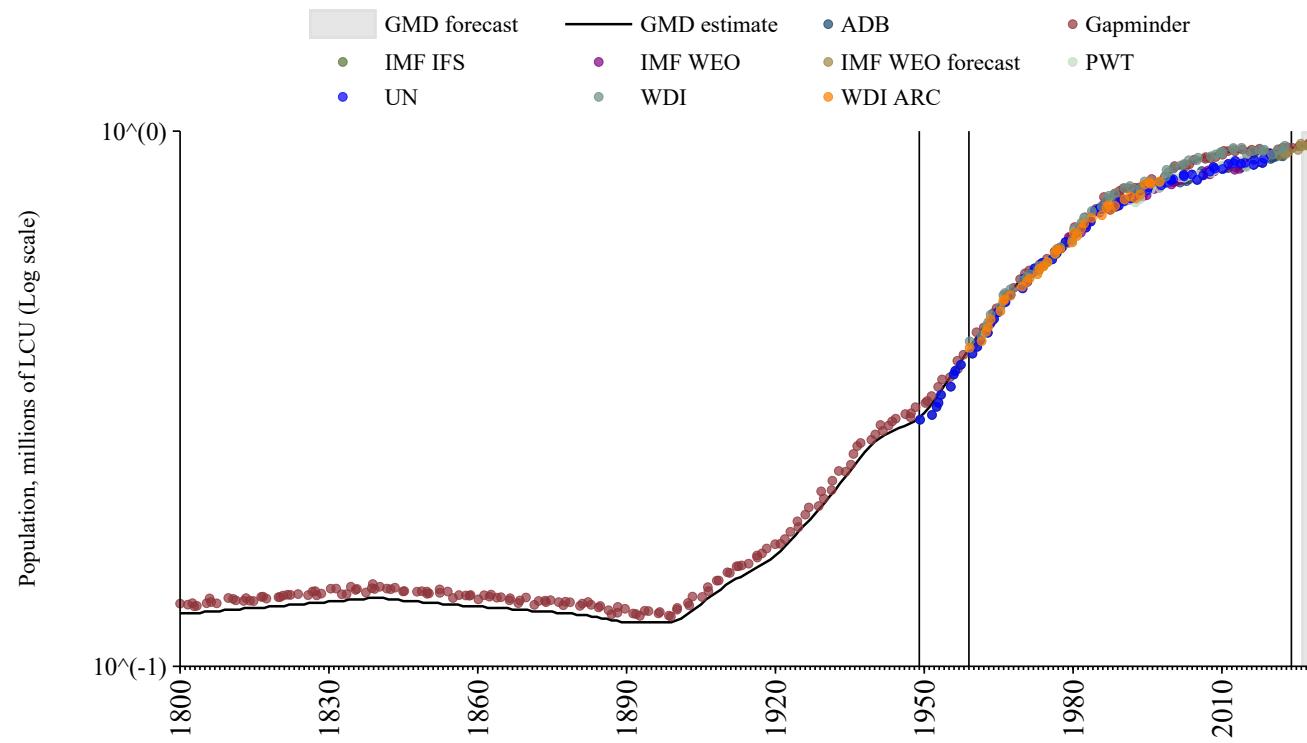
Nominal GDP

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1951	Spliced using overlapping data in 1952: (ratio = 101.4%).
Mitchell (2013)	1952 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 101.4%).
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
WEO (2024a)	2024 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



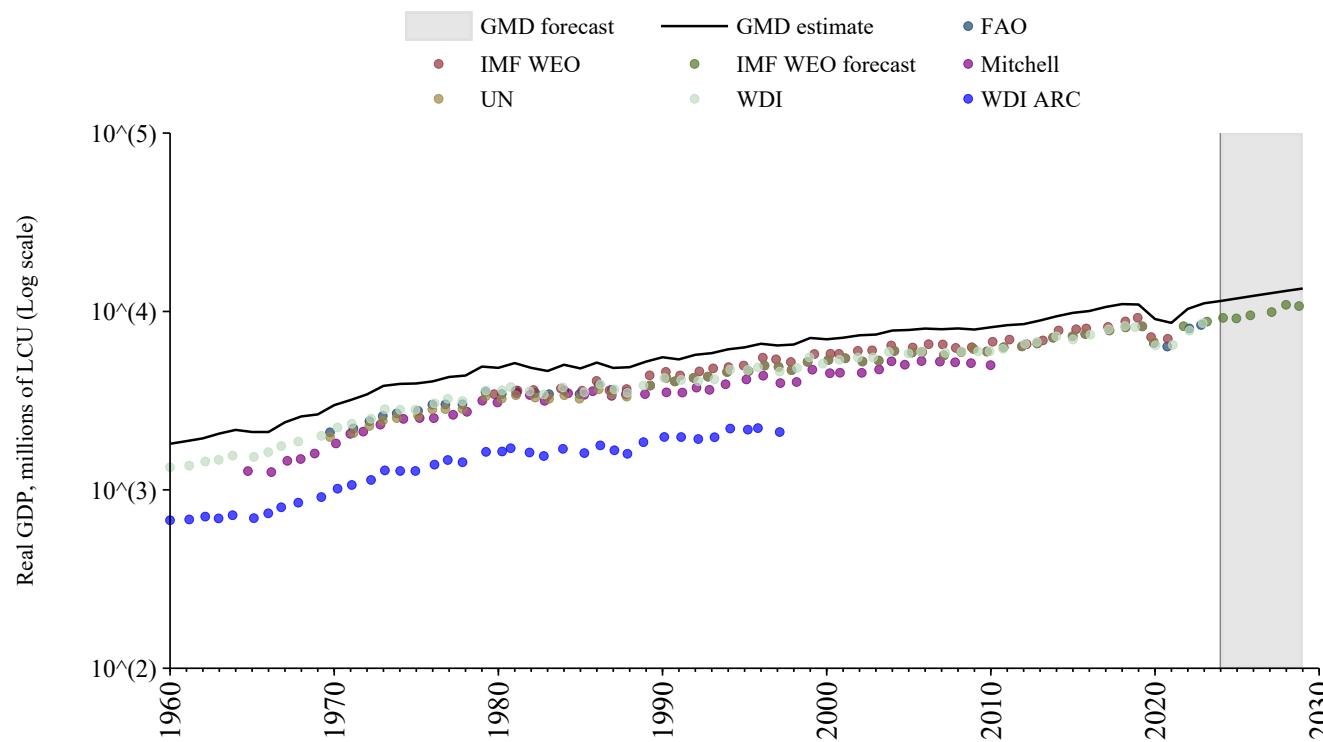
Population

Source	Time span	Notes
Gapminder (2024)	1800 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950: (ratio = 95.9%).
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 102.9%).
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
Gapminder (2024)	2024 - 2030	Spliced using overlapping data in 2031.



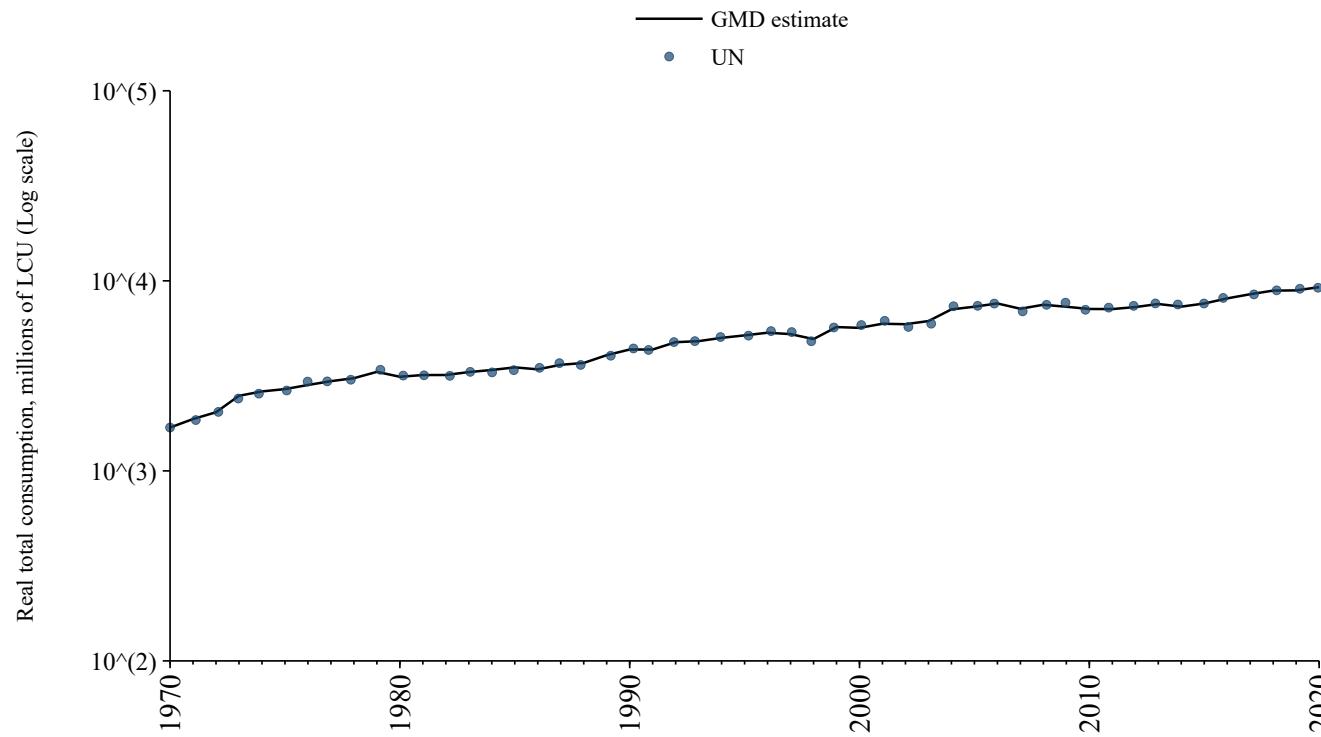
Real GDP

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
WEO (2024a)	2024 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



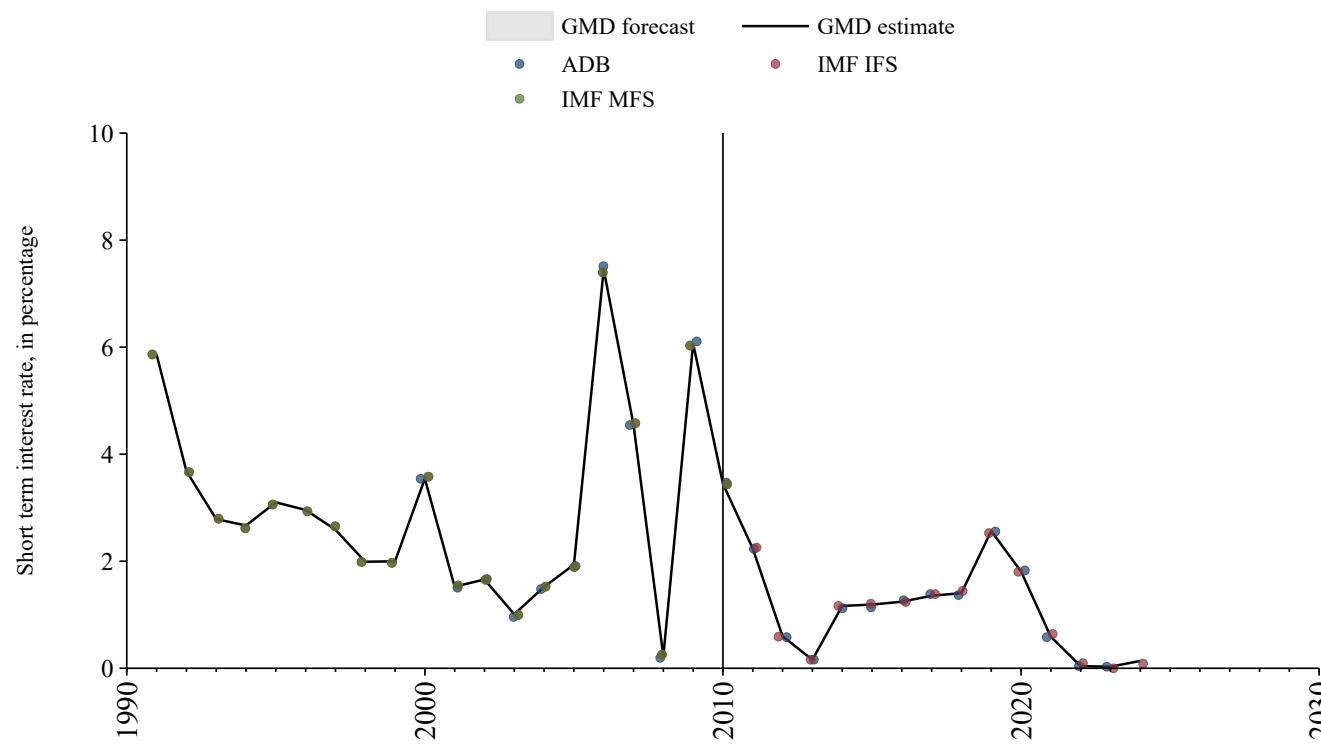
Real total consumption

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 2020	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



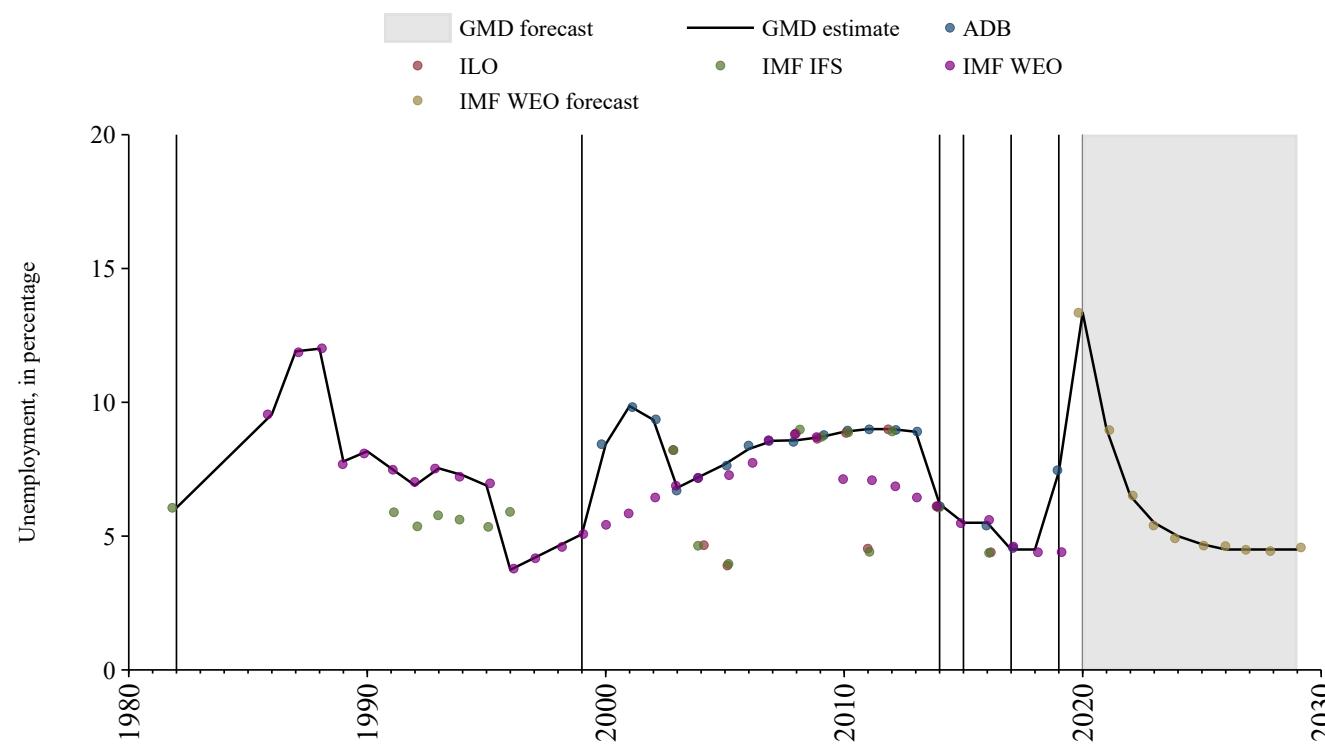
Short term interest rate

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1991 - 2010	Spliced using overlapping data in 2011.
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	2011 - 2024	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



Unemployment

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1982 - 1982	Spliced using overlapping data in 1983.
WEO (2024b)	1983 - 1999	Spliced using overlapping data in 2000.
Asian Development Bank (2024)	2000 - 2014	Spliced using overlapping data in 2015.
WEO (2024b)	2015 - 2015	Spliced using overlapping data in 2016.
Asian Development Bank (2024)	2016 - 2017	Spliced using overlapping data in 2018.
WEO (2024b)	2018 - 2018	Spliced using overlapping data in 2019.
Asian Development Bank (2024)	2019 - 2019	Spliced using overlapping data in 2020.
WEO (2024a)	2020 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



References

References

- Asian Development Bank. “Key Indicators Database (KIDB).” (2024).
- Bank for International Settlements (2024).
- Darvas, Zsolt. “Timely Measurement of Real Effective Exchange Rates.” Working Paper 2021/15, Bruegel (2021).
- FAO. “FAOSTAT: GDP data.” <https://www.fao.org/faostat/> (2024). Accessed on 29 December 2024.
- Gapminder. “Gapminder: Total Population.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-08-14.
- Grimm, Maximilian. “The Effect of Monetary Policy on Systemic Bank Funding Stability.” (2024).
- Ha, Jongrim, M. Ayhan Kose, and Franziska Ohnsorge. “One-Stop Source: A Global Database of Inflation.” *Journal of International Money and Finance*, 137(2023), 102896.
- International Monetary Fund. “A Historical Public Debt Database.” IMF Working Papers 2010/245, International Monetary Fund (2010).
- _____. “Government Finance Statistics.” (2024a).
- _____. “International Financial Statistics.” (2024b).
- _____. “Monetary and Financial Statistics.” (2024c).
- Mauro, Paolo, Rafael Romeu, Ariel Binder, and Asad Zaman. “A modern history of fiscal prudence and profligacy.” *Journal of Monetary Economics*, 76(2015), 55–70.
- Mbaye, S., M. Moreno-Badia, and K. Chae. “Global Debt Database: Methodology and Sources.” IMF Working Papers 2018/111, International Monetary Fund (2018).
- Mitchell, Brian. *International Historical Statistics*. International Historical Statistics. Palgrave Macmillan London, 1 edition (2013).
- Müller, Karsten, Chenzi Xu, Mohamed Lehbib, and Ziliang Chen. “The Global Macro Database: A New International Macroeconomic Dataset.” Working Paper 33714, National Bureau of Economic Research (2025).
- United Nations. “World Population Prospects 2024, Online Edition.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-02-02.
- WEO. “World Economic Outlook Database.” (2024a). Accessed: 2024-08-05.
- _____. “World Economic Outlook Database.” (2024b). Accessed: 2024-08-05.
- World Bank. “World Development Indicators.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-04-21.
- World Bank (Archives). “World Development Indicators.” (1999). Accessed: 2024-07-21.