

Country Data and Graphs for Dominica

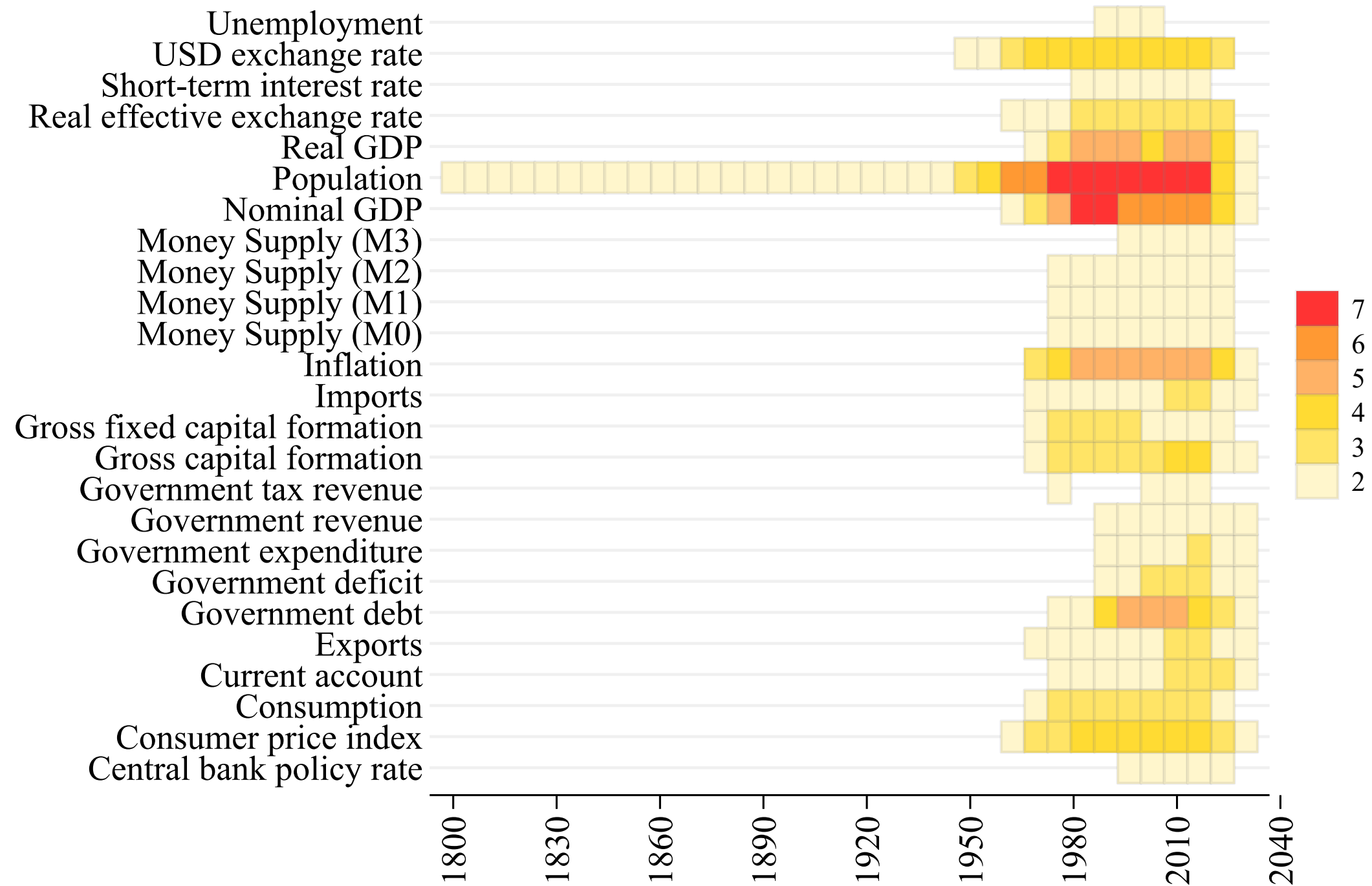
January 31, 2025

Contents

Data availability heatmap	3
Current account balance	4
Consumer price index	5
Money supply (M0)	6
Money supply (M1)	7
Money supply (M2)	8
Money supply (M3)	9
Real effective exchange rate	10
USD exchange rate	11
Central bank policy rate	12
Total consumption	13
Total consumption to GDP ratio	14
Exports	15
Exports to GDP ratio	16
Fixed investment	17
Fixed investment to GDP ratio	18
Government debt	19
Government deficit	20
Government expenditure	21
Government expenditure to GDP ratio	22
Government revenue	23
Government revenue to GDP ratio	24
Government tax revenue	25
Government tax revenue to GDP ratio	26
Imports	27
Imports to GDP ratio	28

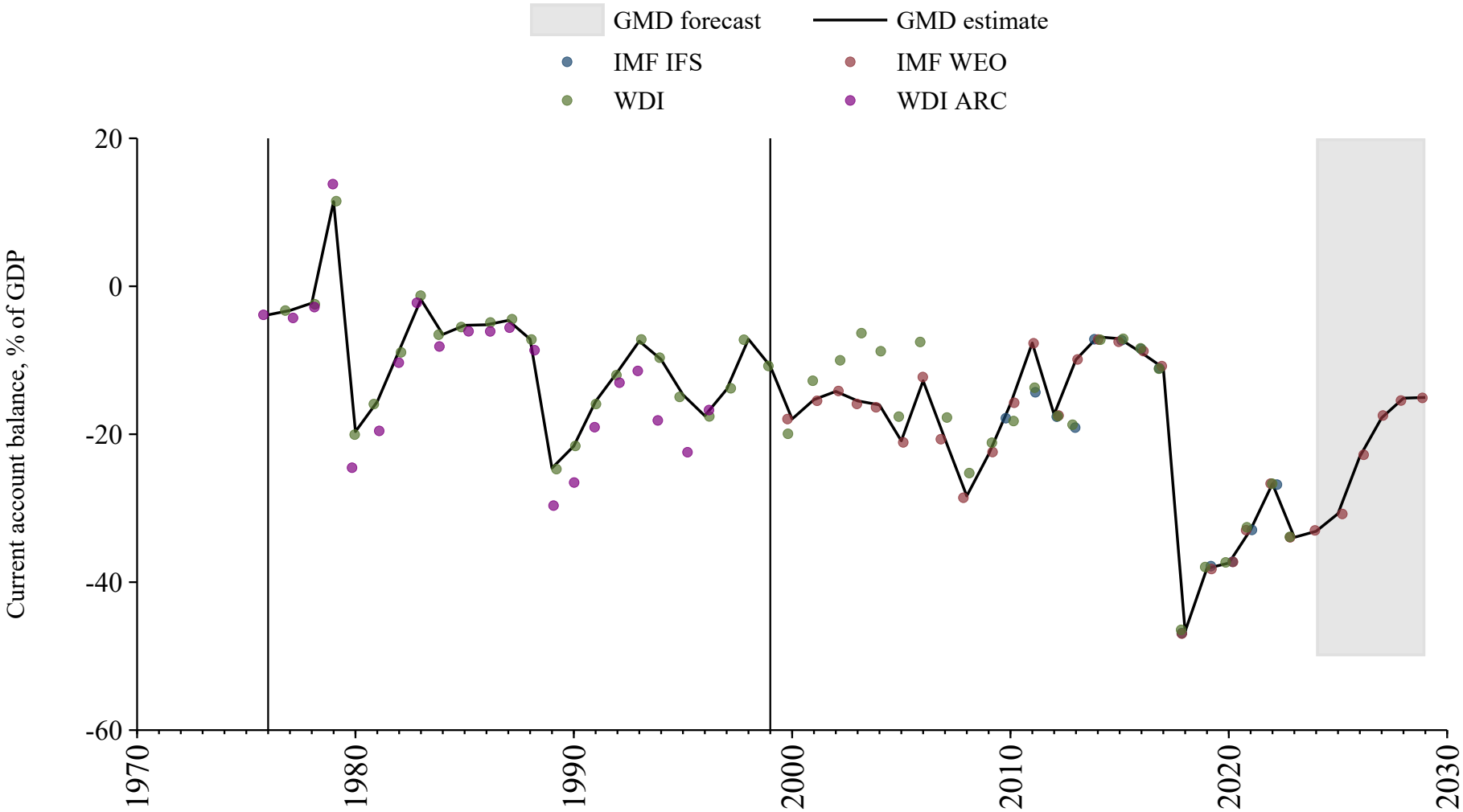
Inflation	29
Investment	30
Investment to GDP ratio	31
Nominal GDP	32
Population	33
Real GDP	34
Real total consumption	35
Short term interest rate	36
Unemployment	37
References	38

Data availability heatmap



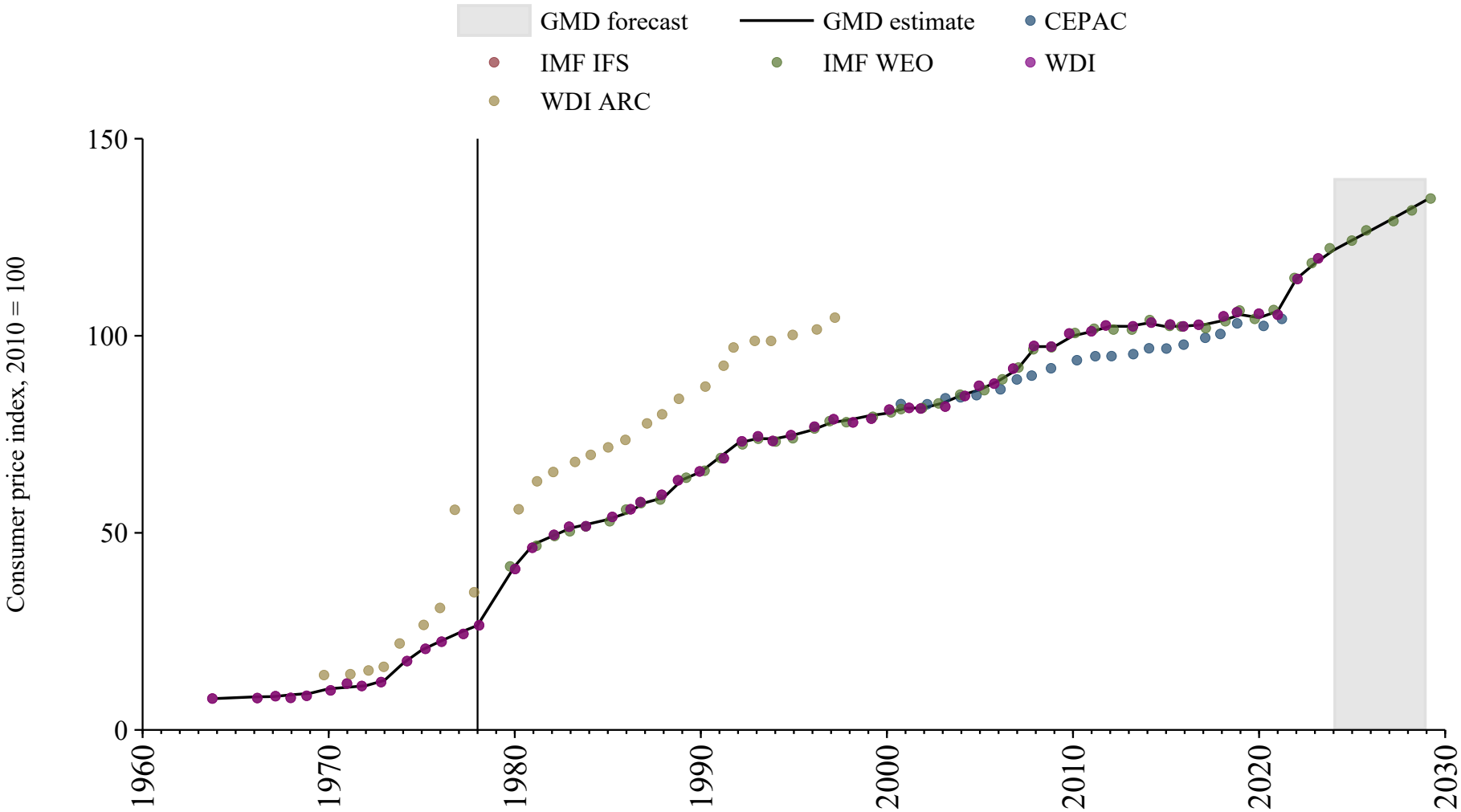
Current account balance

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1976 - 1976	Spliced using overlapping data in 1977
World Bank (2024)	1977 - 1999	Spliced using overlapping data in 2000
WEO (2024)	2000 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



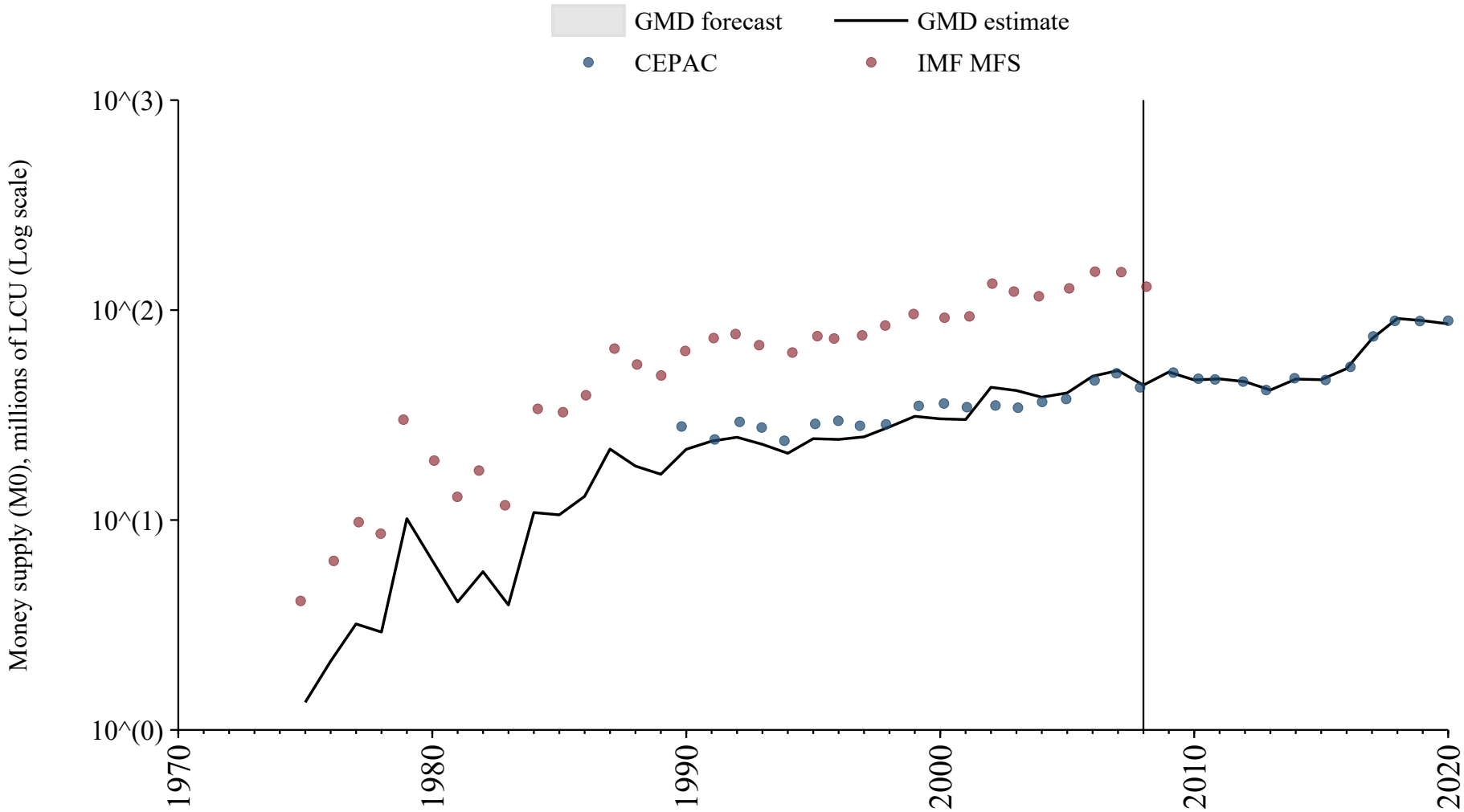
Consumer price index

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1964 - 1978	Spliced using overlapping data in 1979
WEO (2024)	1979 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



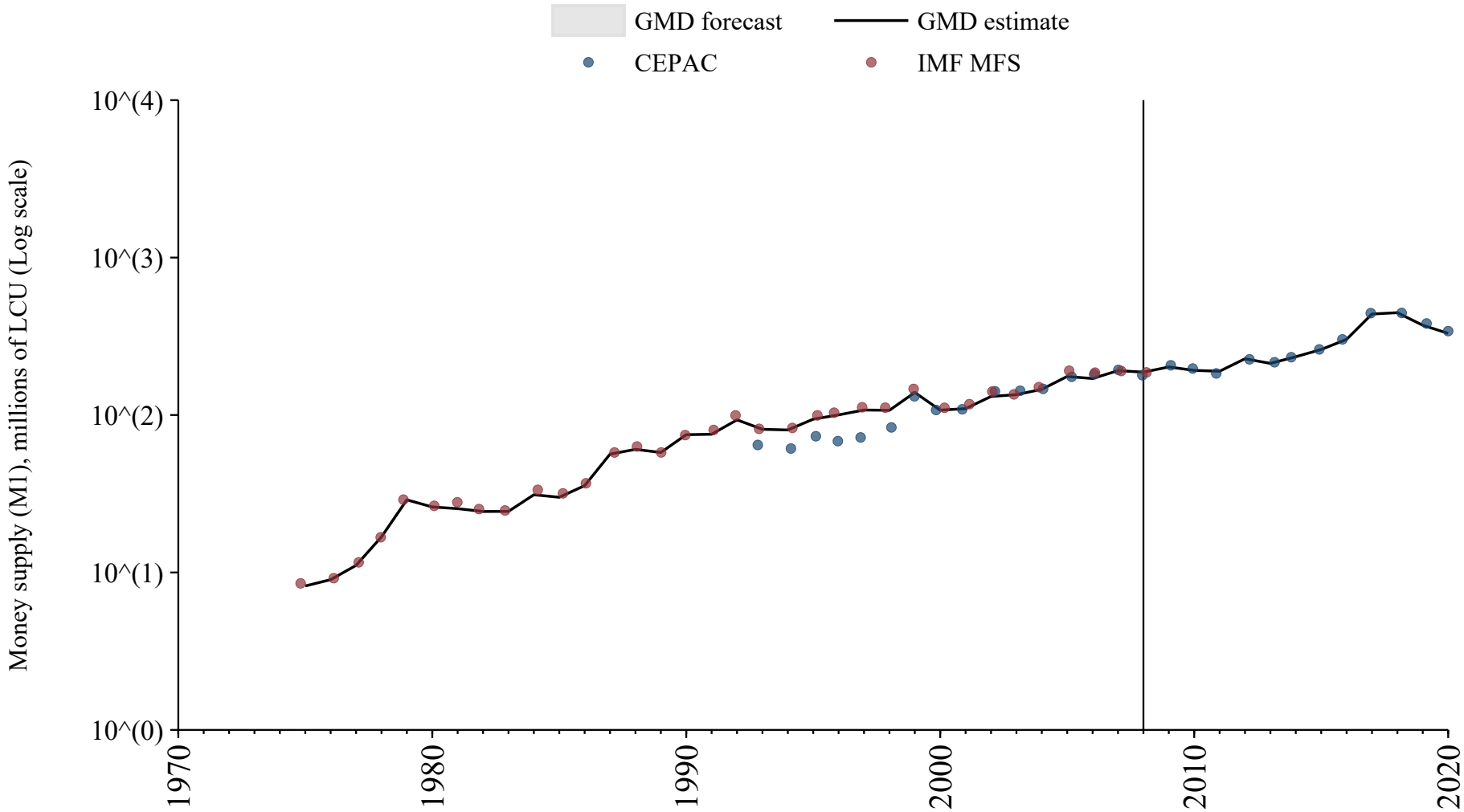
Money supply (M0)

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1975 - 2008	Spliced using overlapping data in 2009: (ratio = 32.9%).
Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (2024)	2009 - 2020	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



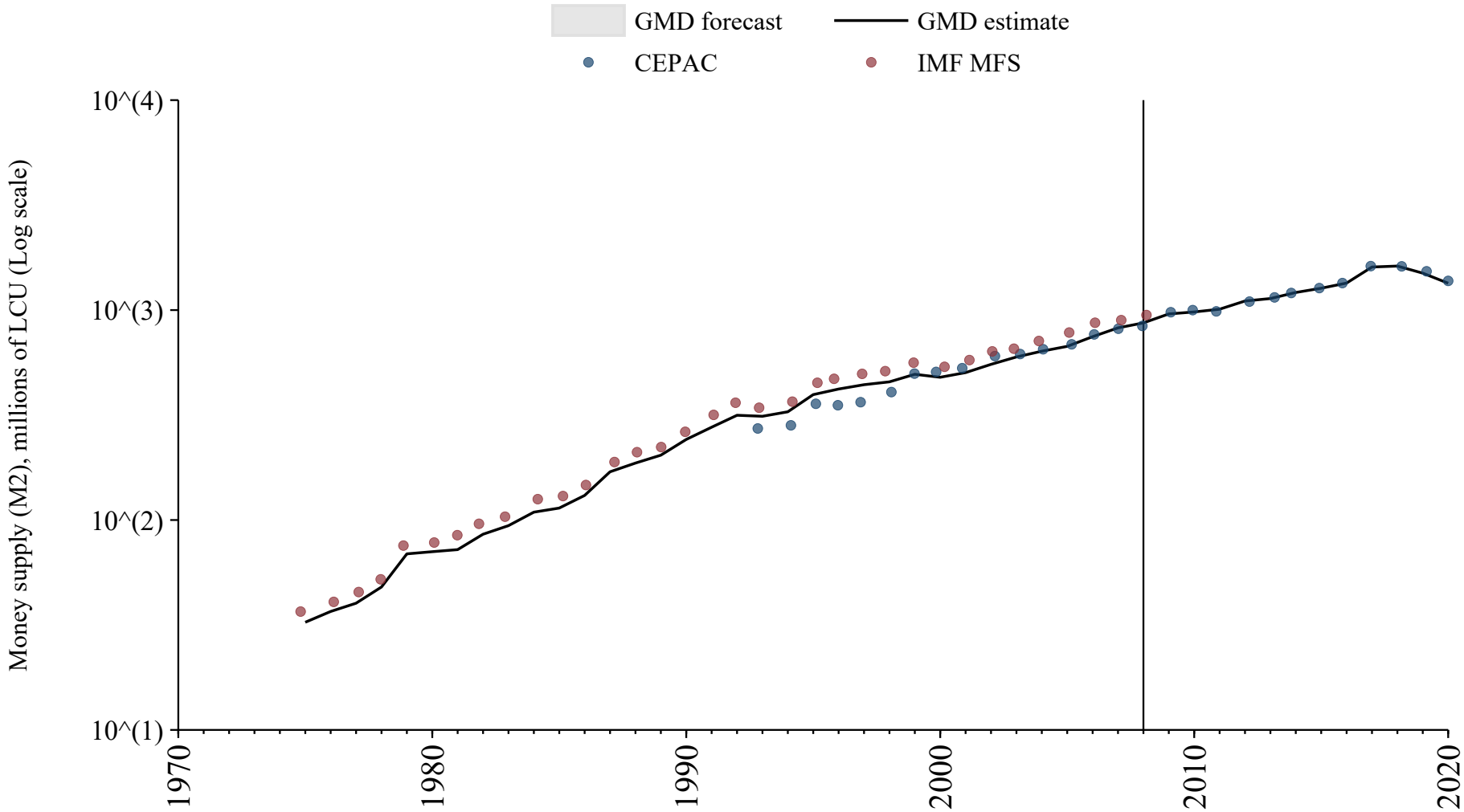
Money supply (M1)

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1975 - 2008	Spliced using overlapping data in 2009: (ratio = 96.2%).
Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (2024)	2009 - 2020	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



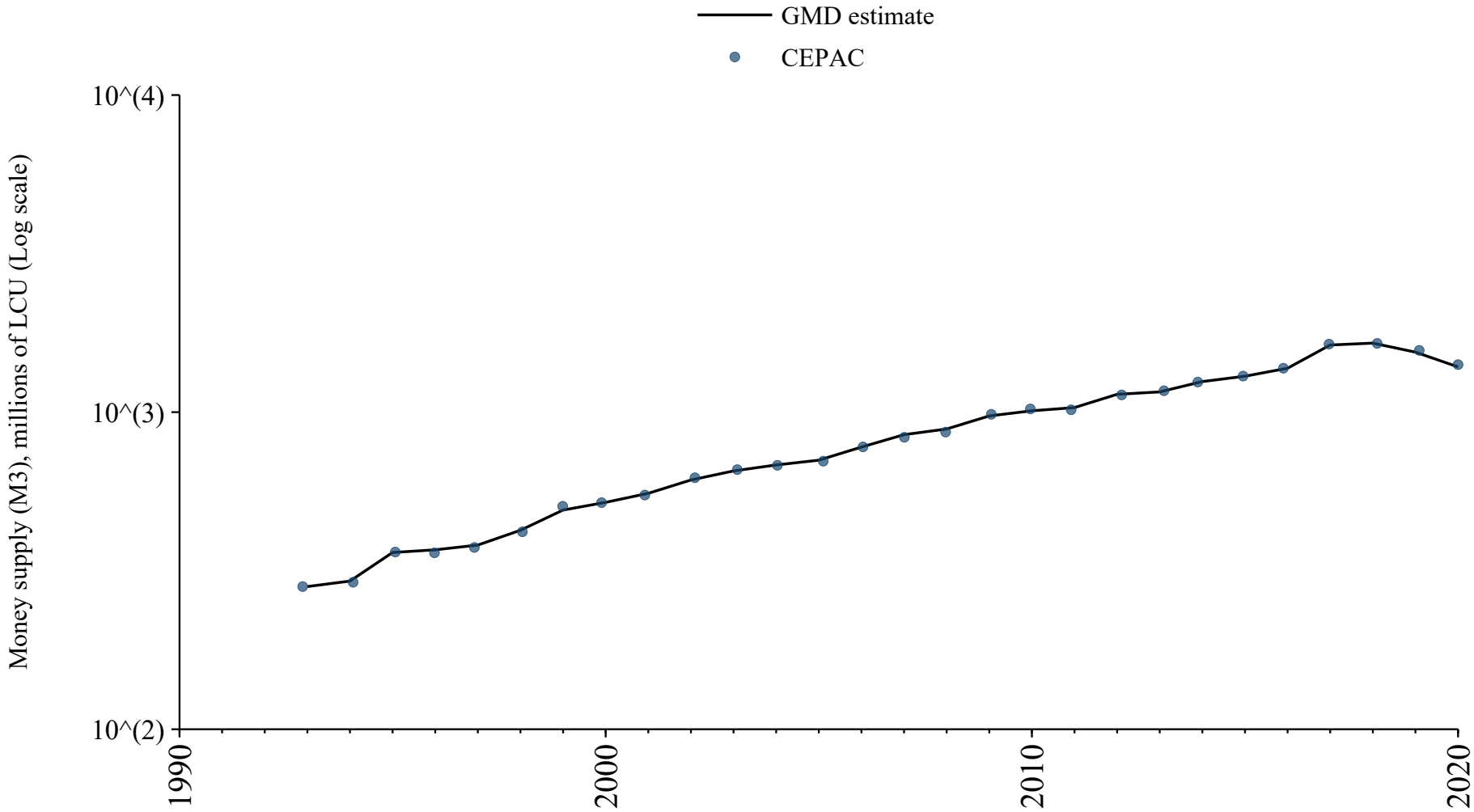
Money supply (M2)

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1975 - 2008	Spliced using overlapping data in 2009: (ratio = 88.9%).
Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (2024)	2009 - 2020	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



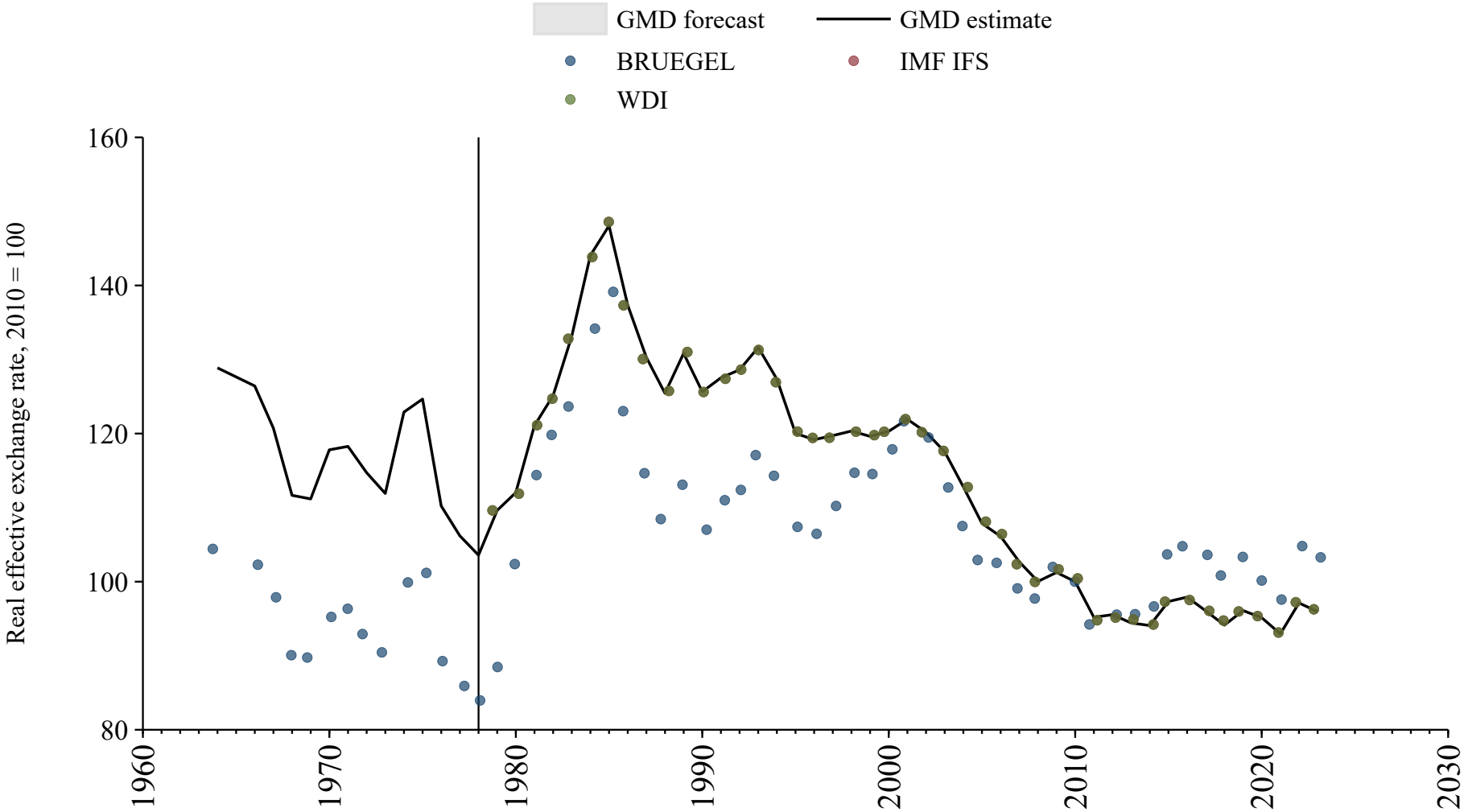
Money supply (M3)

Source	Time span	Notes
Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (2024)	1993 - 2020	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



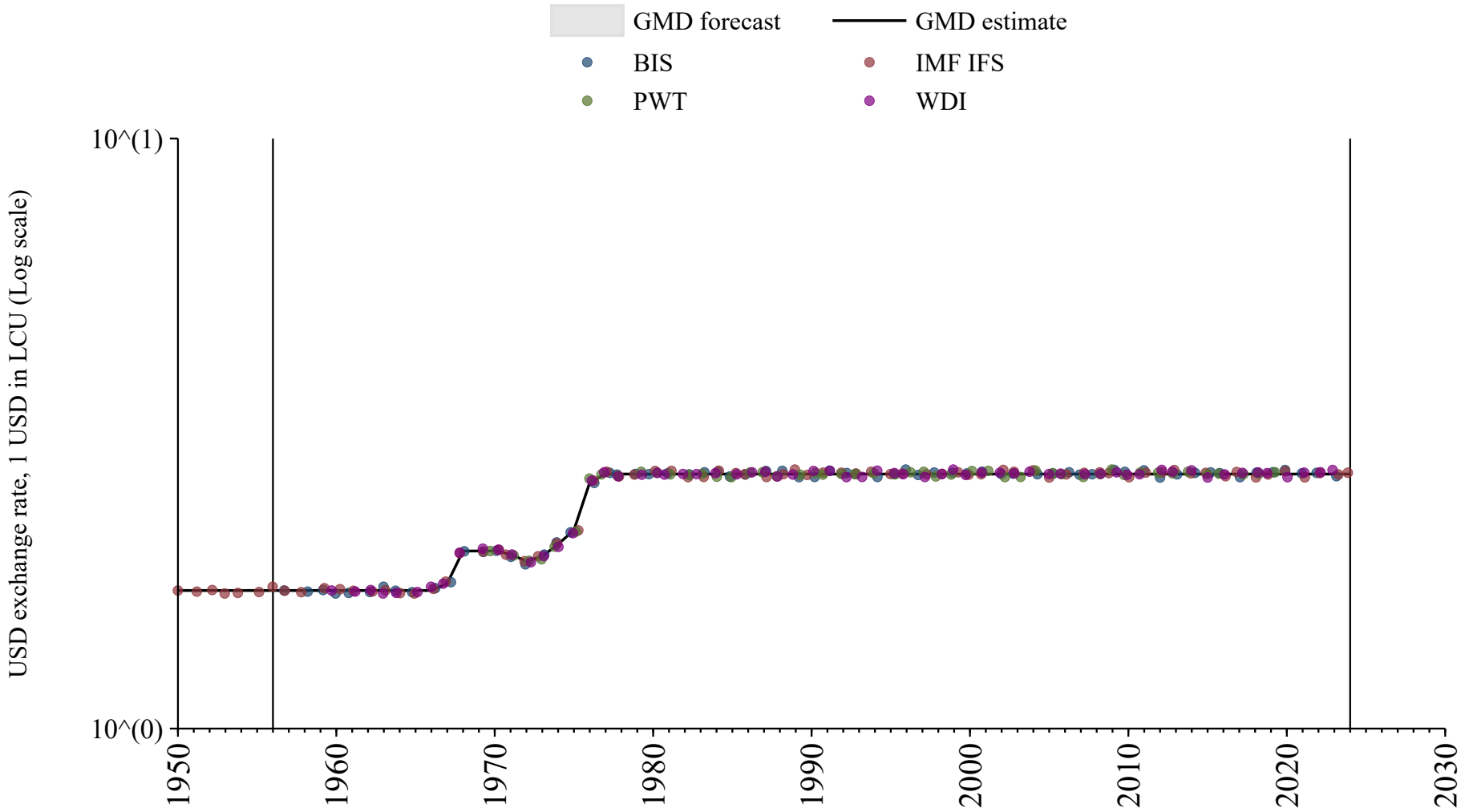
Real effective exchange rate

Source	Time span	Notes
Darvas (2021)	1964 - 1978	Spliced using overlapping data in 1979: (ratio = 123.4%).
World Bank (2024)	1979 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



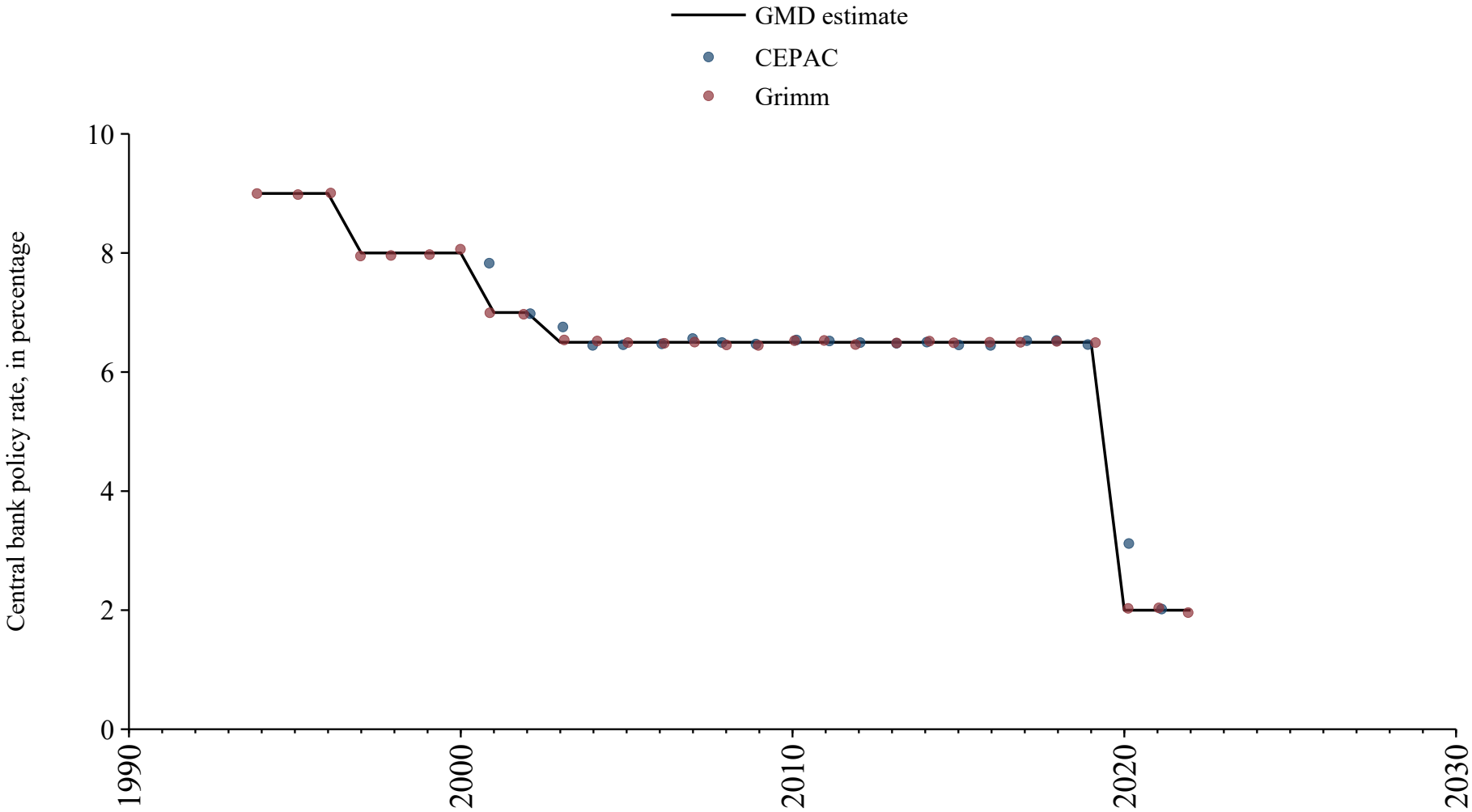
USD exchange rate

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1956	Spliced using overlapping data in 1957
Bank for International Settlements (2024)	1957 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	2024 - 2024	Spliced using overlapping data in 2025



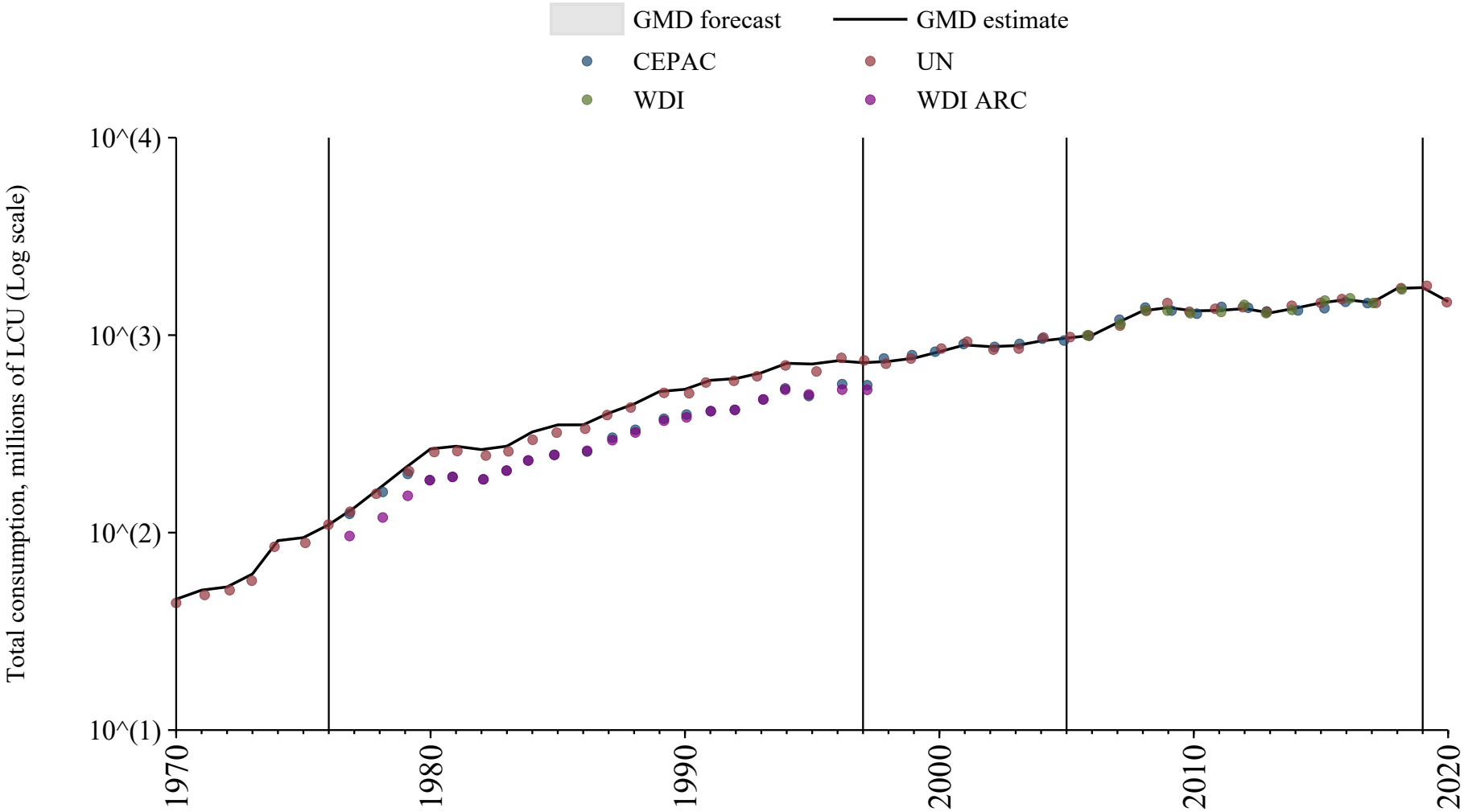
Central bank policy rate

Source	Time span	Notes
Grimm (2024)	1994 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



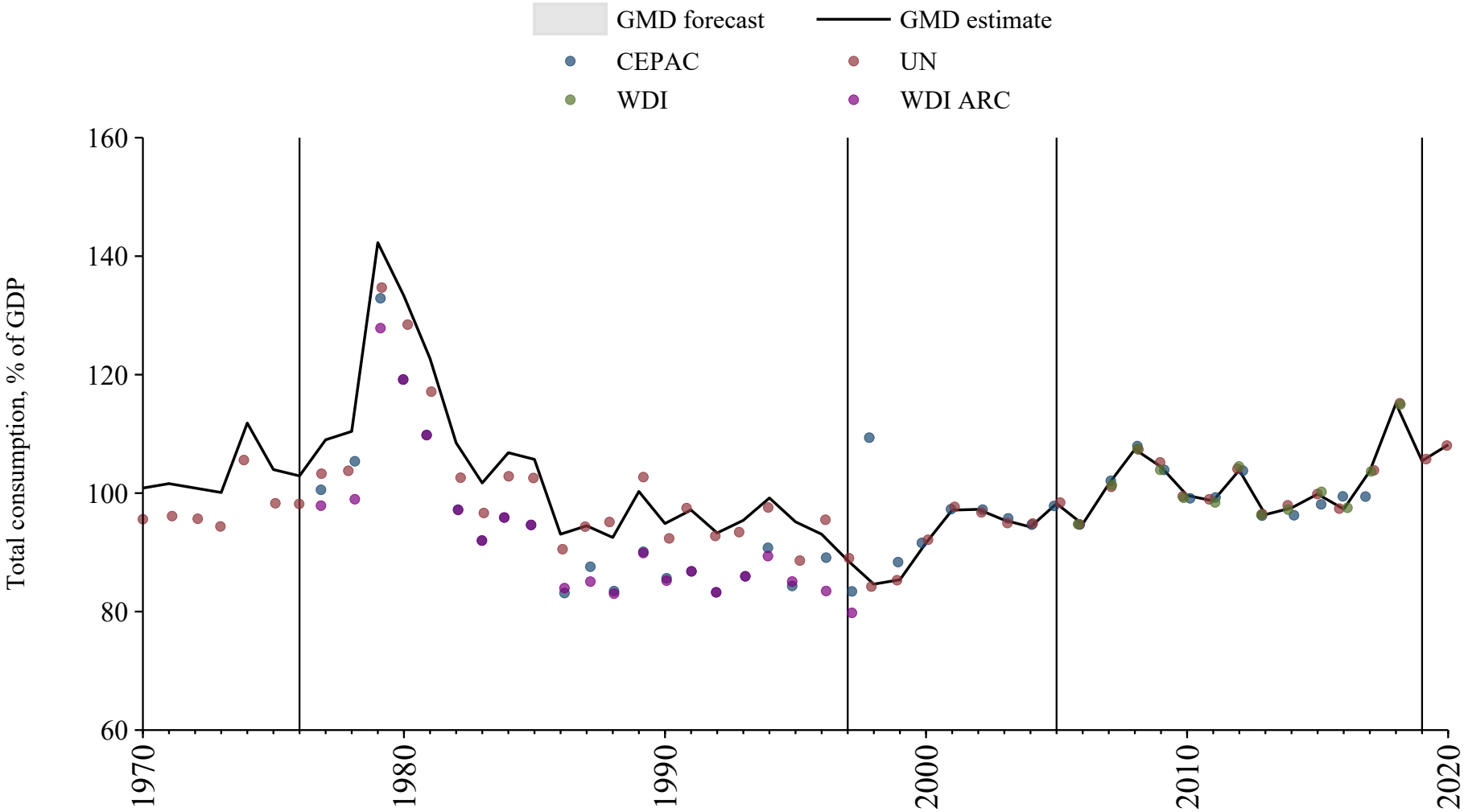
Total consumption

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1976	Spliced using overlapping data in 1977: (ratio = 104.4%).
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1977 - 1997	Spliced using overlapping data in 1998: (ratio = 139%).
United Nations (2024)	1998 - 2005	Spliced using overlapping data in 2006
World Bank (2024)	2006 - 2018	Spliced using overlapping data in 2019
United Nations (2024)	2019 - 2020	Spliced using overlapping data in 2021



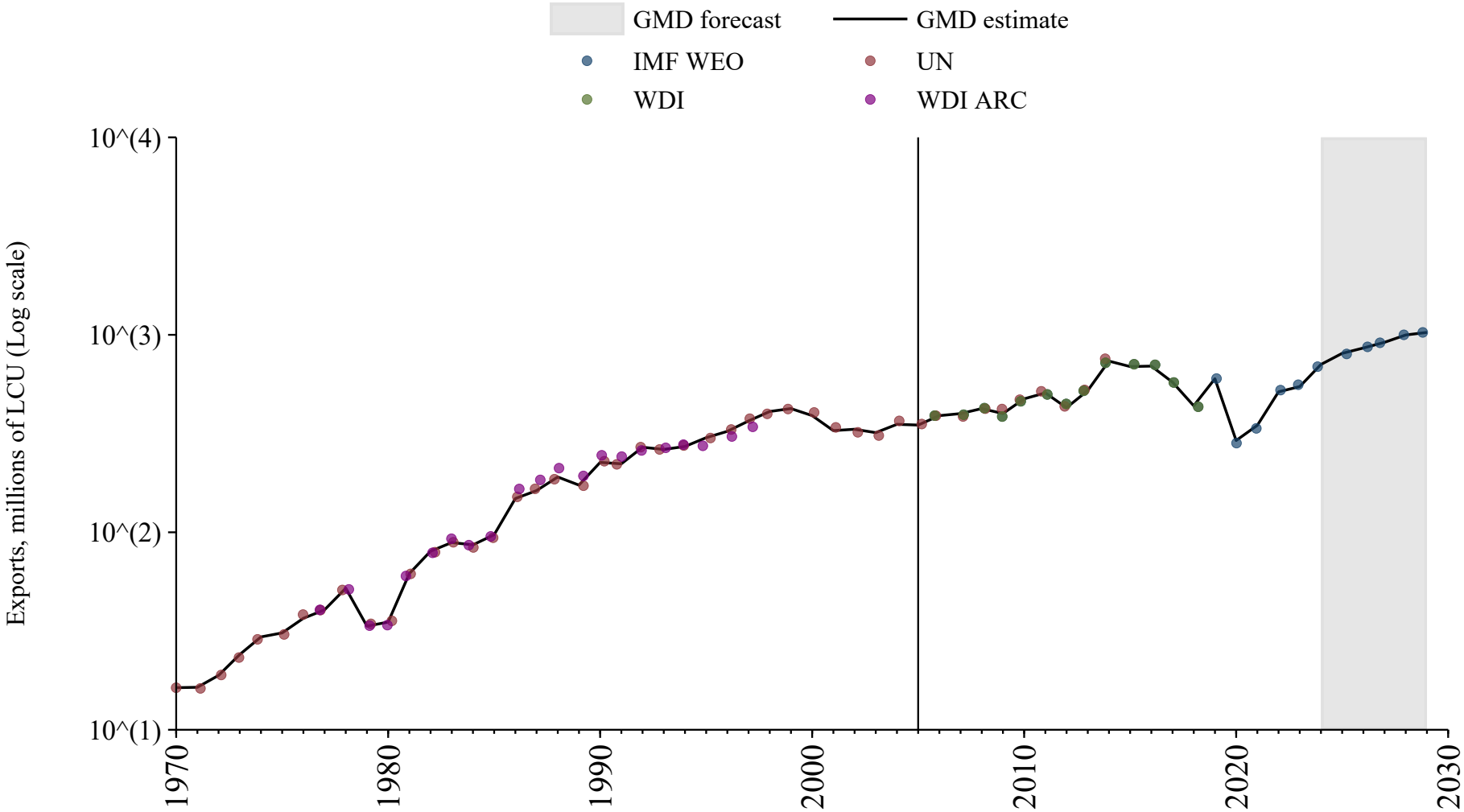
Total consumption to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1976	Spliced using overlapping data in 1977: (ratio = 105.5%).
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1977 - 1997	Spliced using overlapping data in 1998: (ratio = 111.4%).
United Nations (2024)	1998 - 2005	Spliced using overlapping data in 2006
World Bank (2024)	2006 - 2018	Spliced using overlapping data in 2019
United Nations (2024)	2019 - 2020	Spliced using overlapping data in 2021



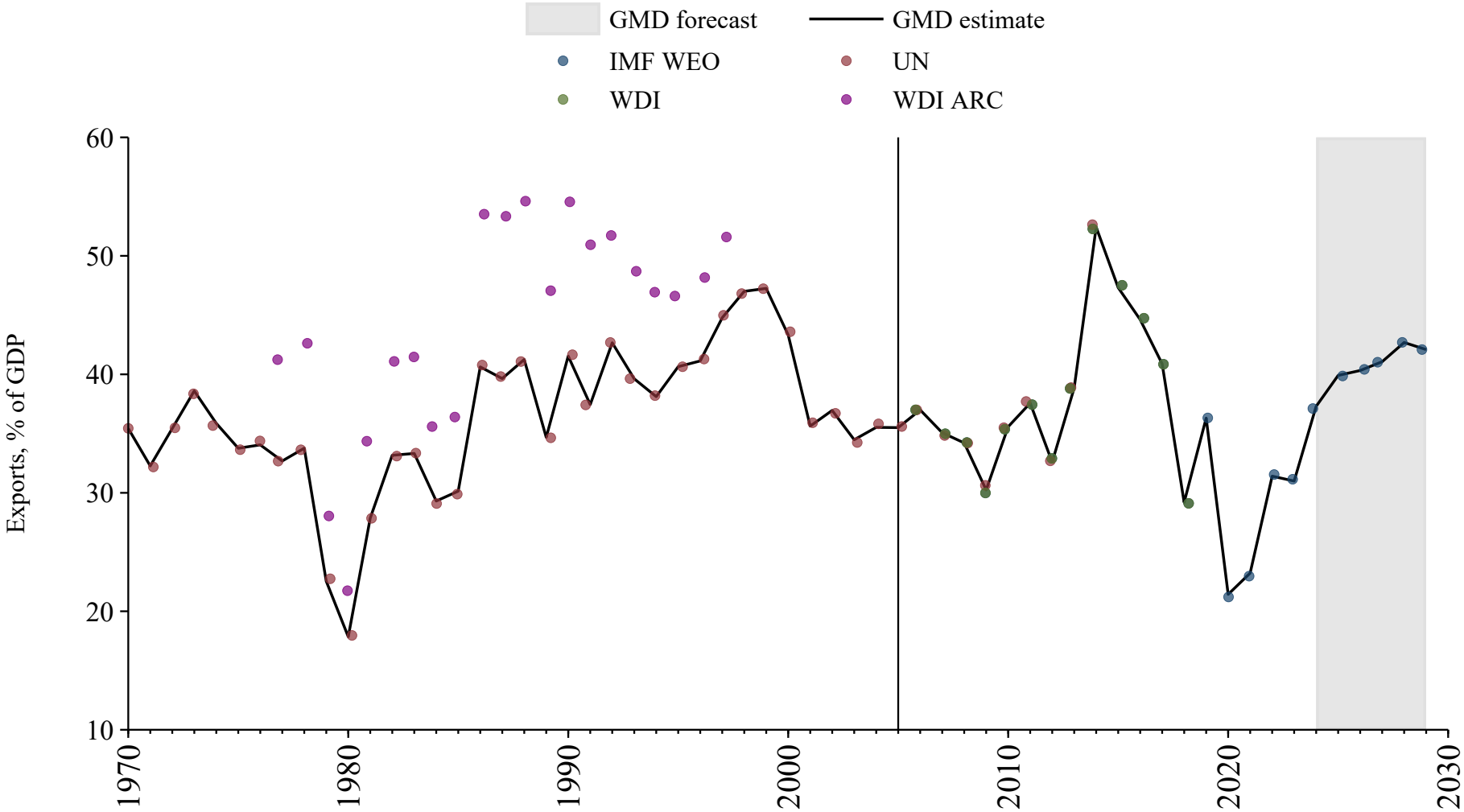
Exports

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 2005	Spliced using overlapping data in 2006
WEO (2024)	2006 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



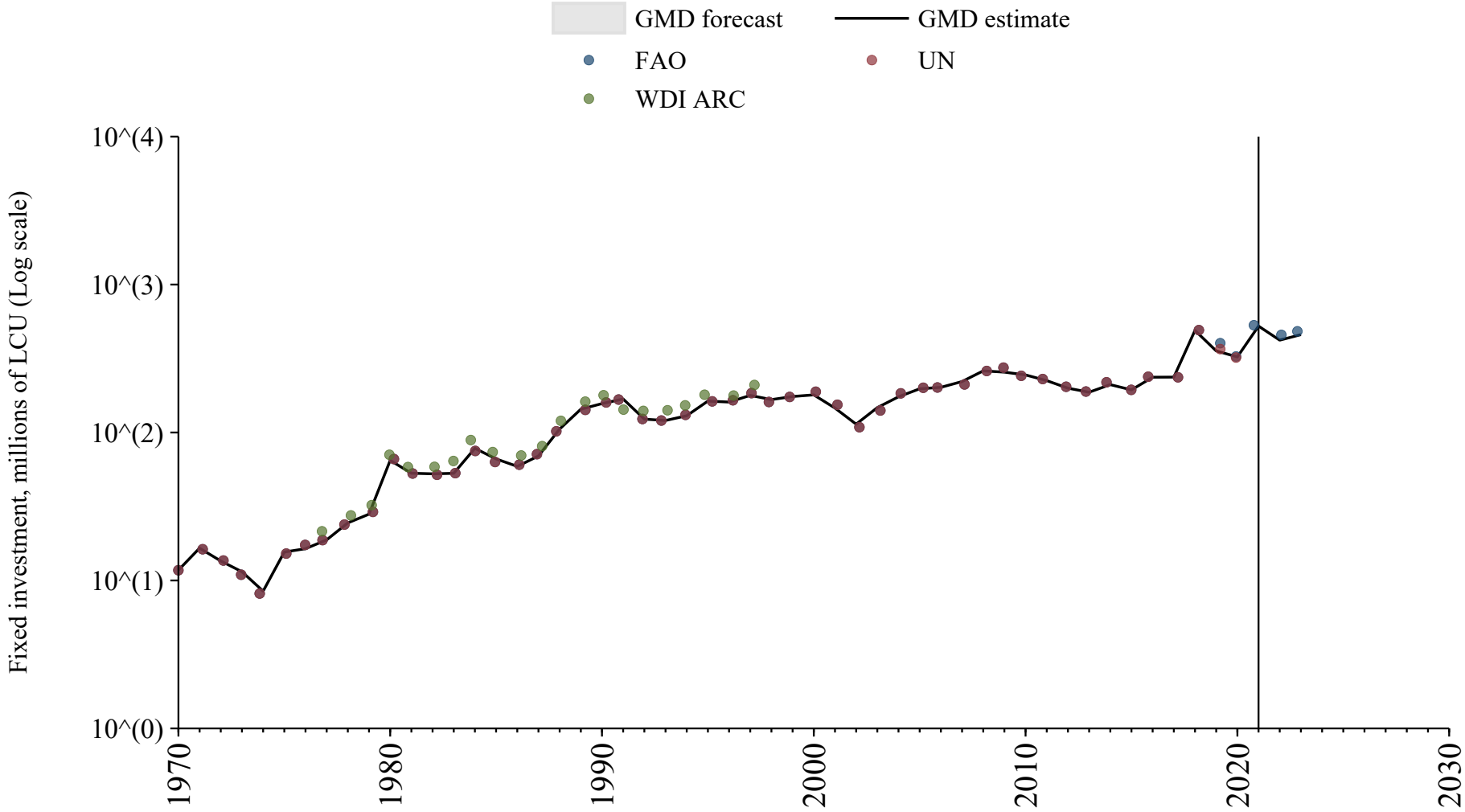
Exports to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 2005	Spliced using overlapping data in 2006
WEO (2024)	2006 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



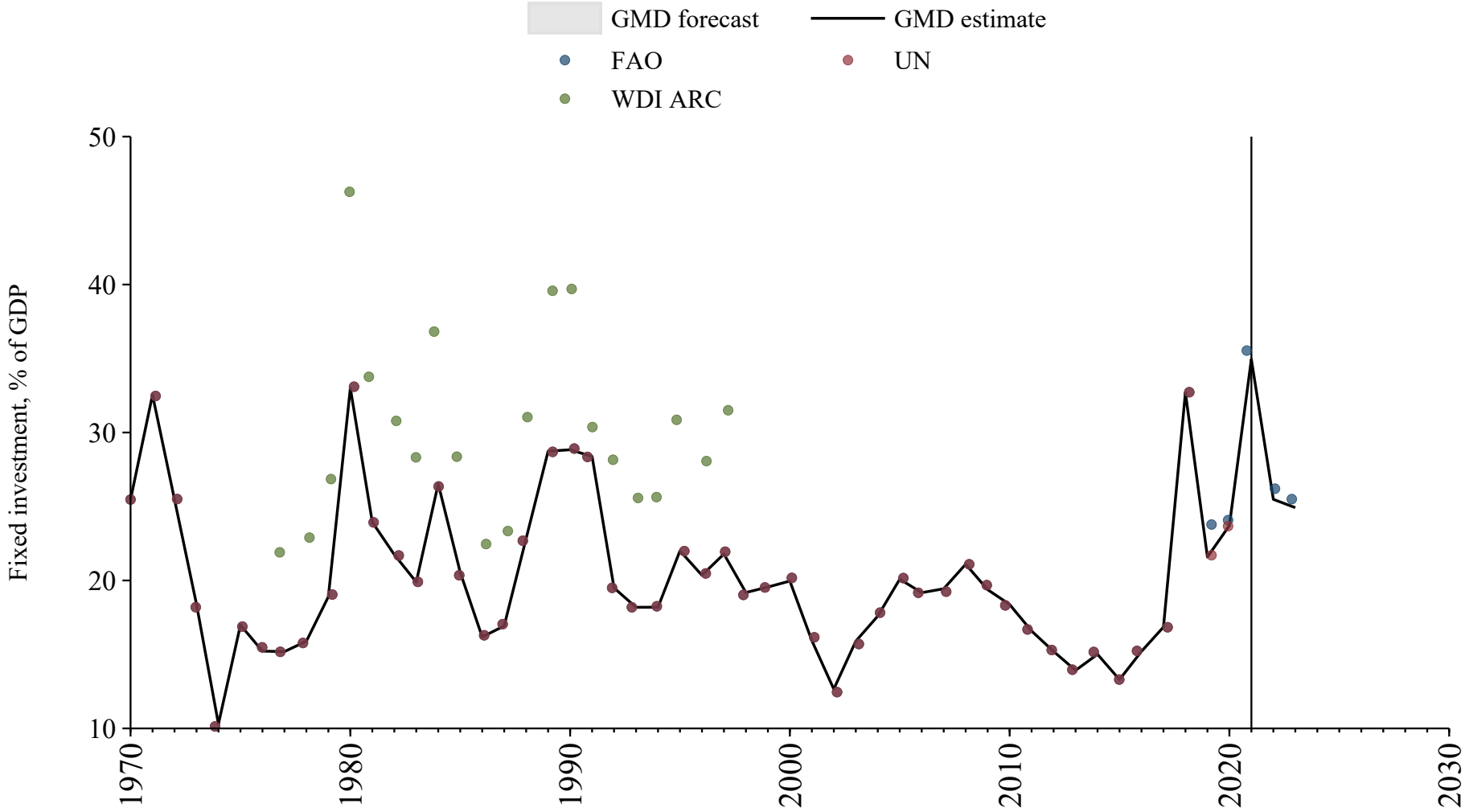
Fixed investment

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 2020	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018
FAO (2024)	2021 - 2023	Spliced using overlapping data in 2024: (ratio = 98.3%).



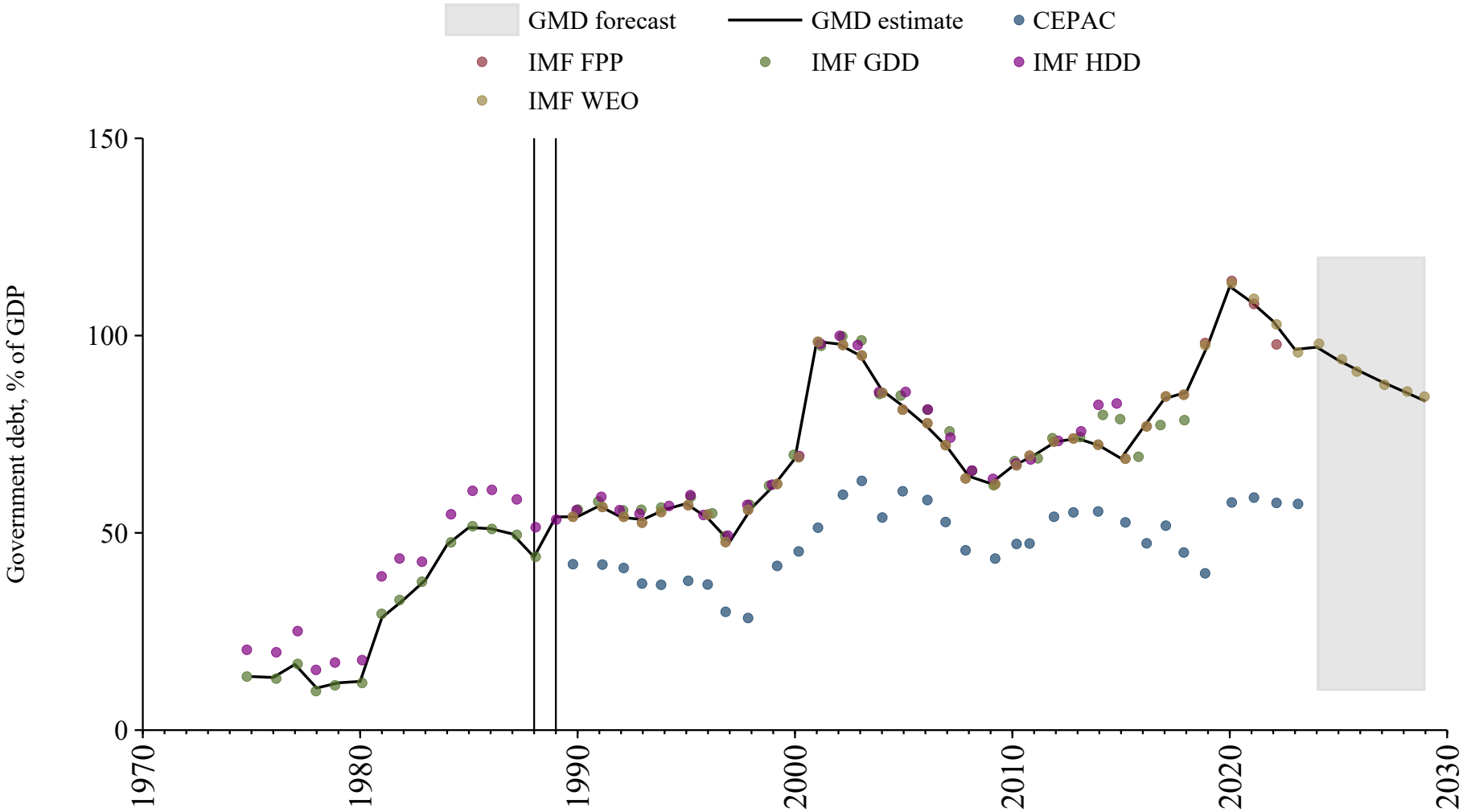
Fixed investment to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 2020	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018
FAO (2024)	2021 - 2023	Spliced using overlapping data in 2024: (ratio = 98.3%).



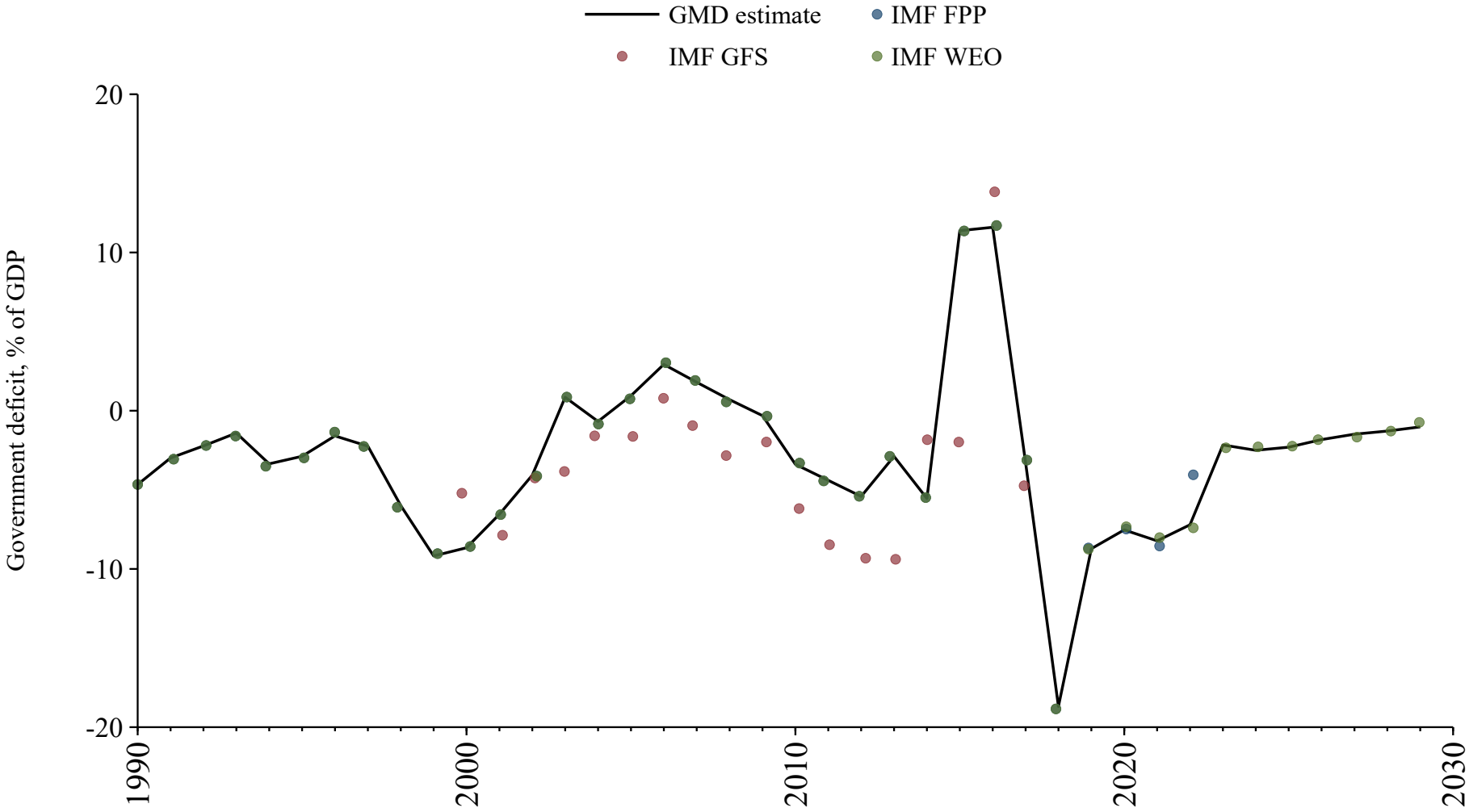
Government debt

Source	Time span	Notes
Mbaye et al. (2018)	1975 - 1988	Spliced using overlapping data in 1989
International Monetary Fund (2010)	1989 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



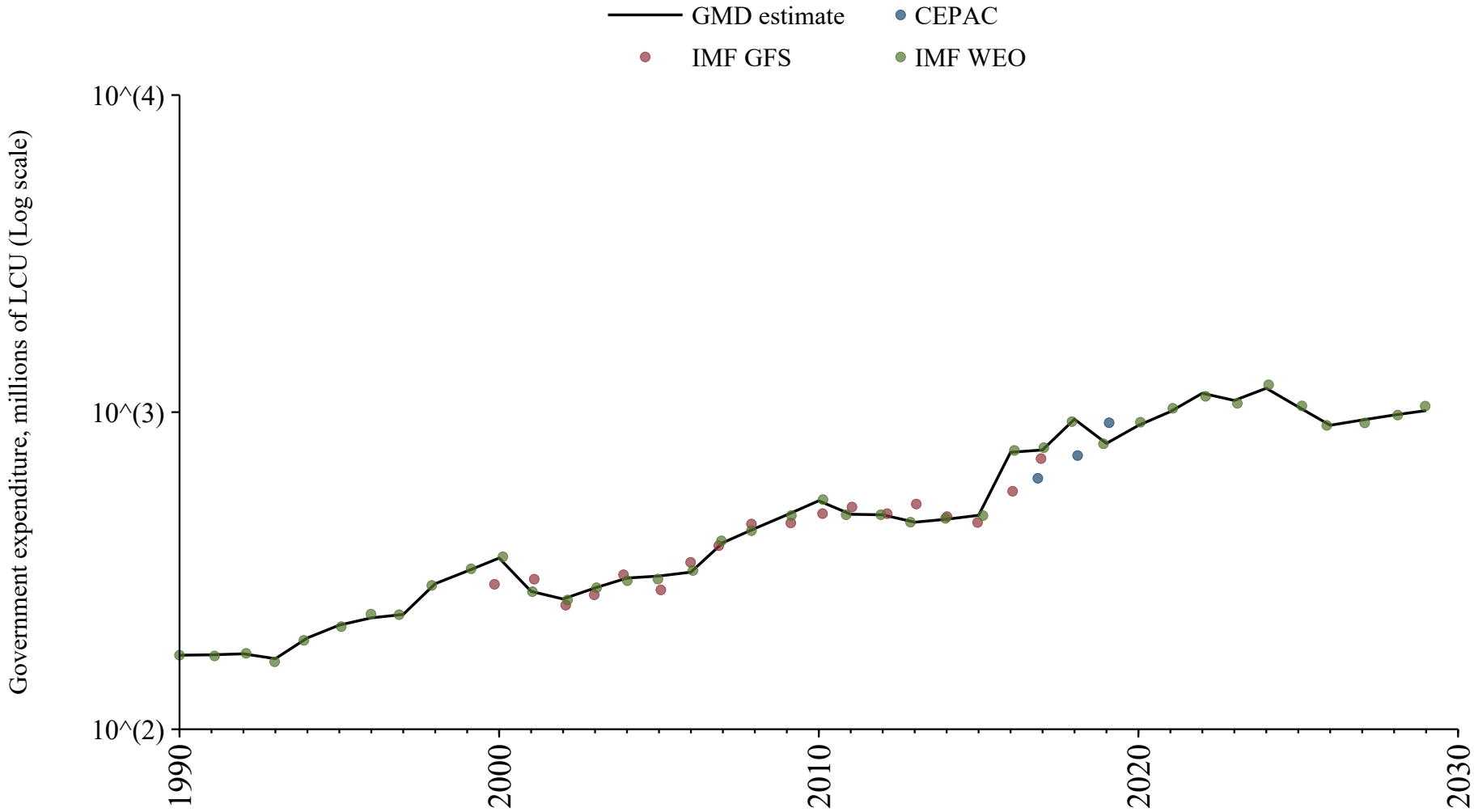
Government deficit

Source	Time span	Notes
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



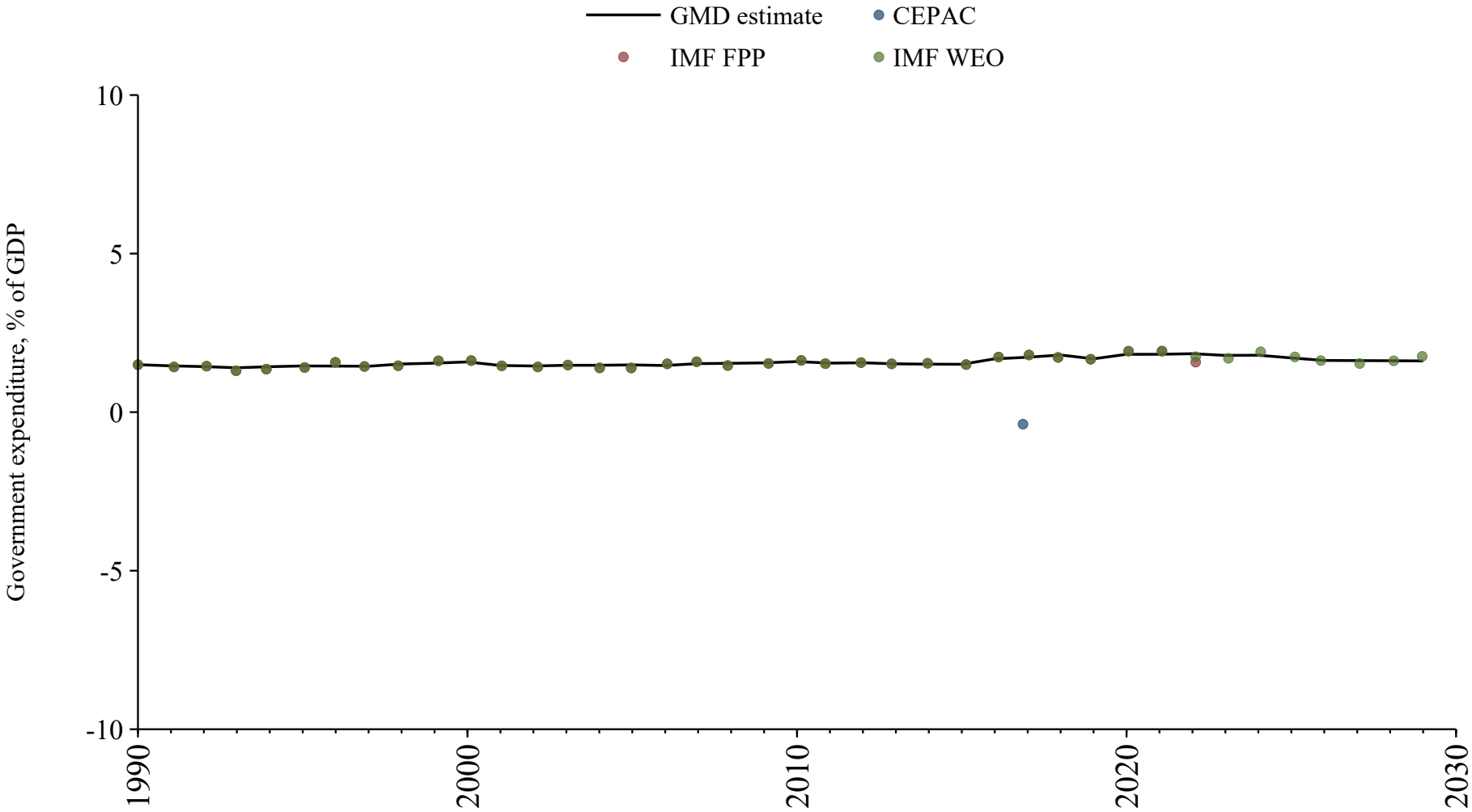
Government expenditure

Source	Time span	Notes
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018 Data refers to general government.



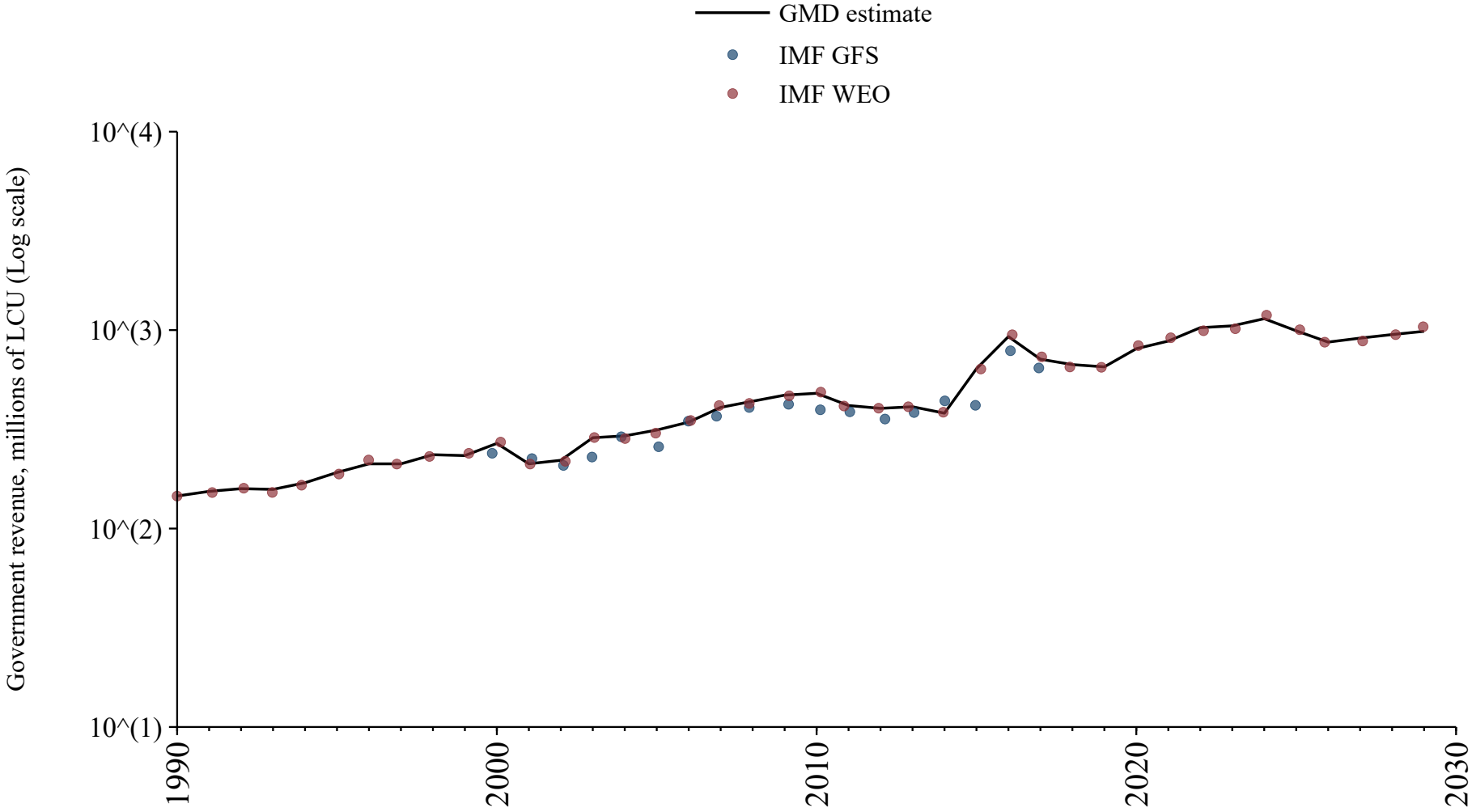
Government expenditure to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018 Data refers to general government.



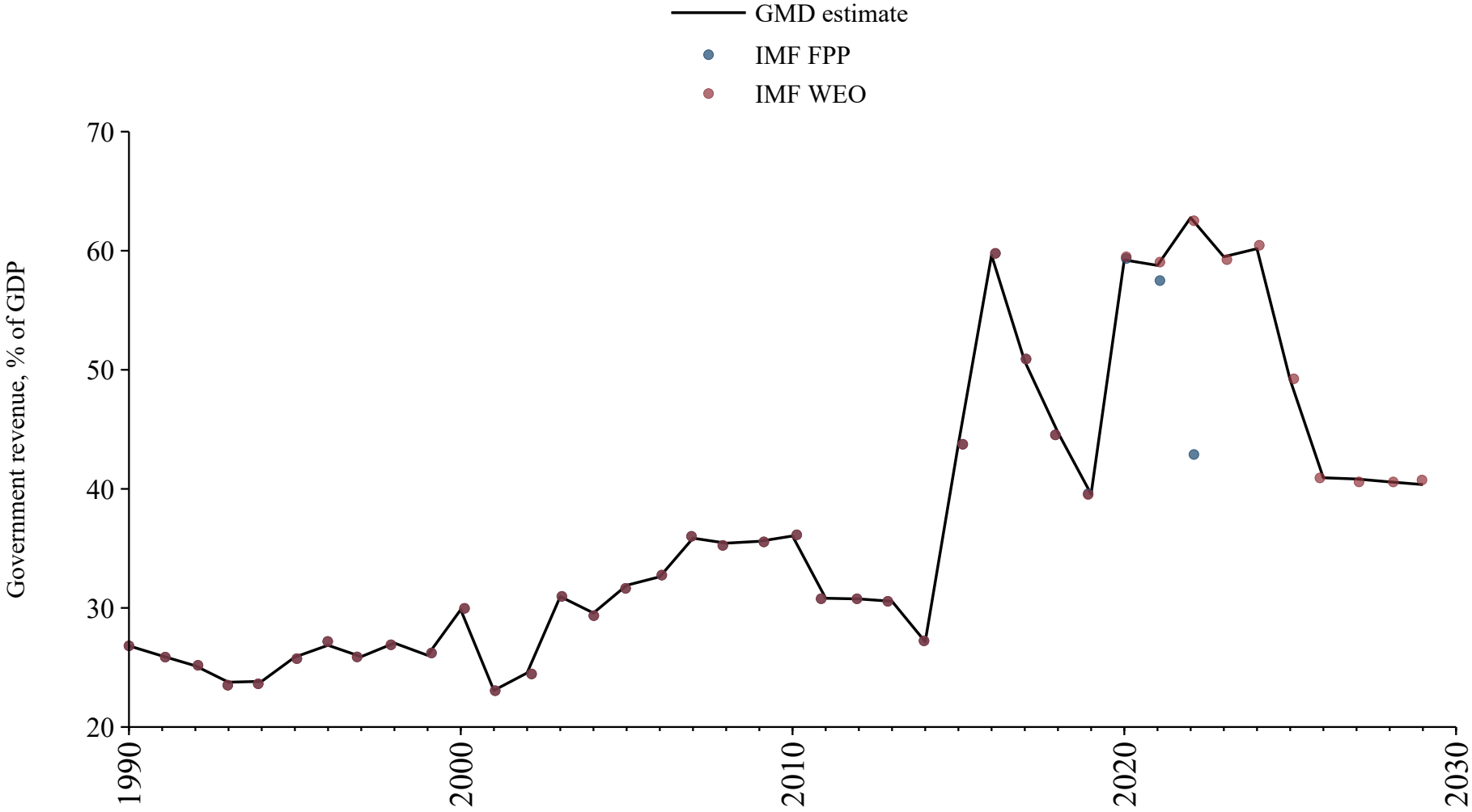
Government revenue

Source	Time span	Notes
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018 Data refers to general government.



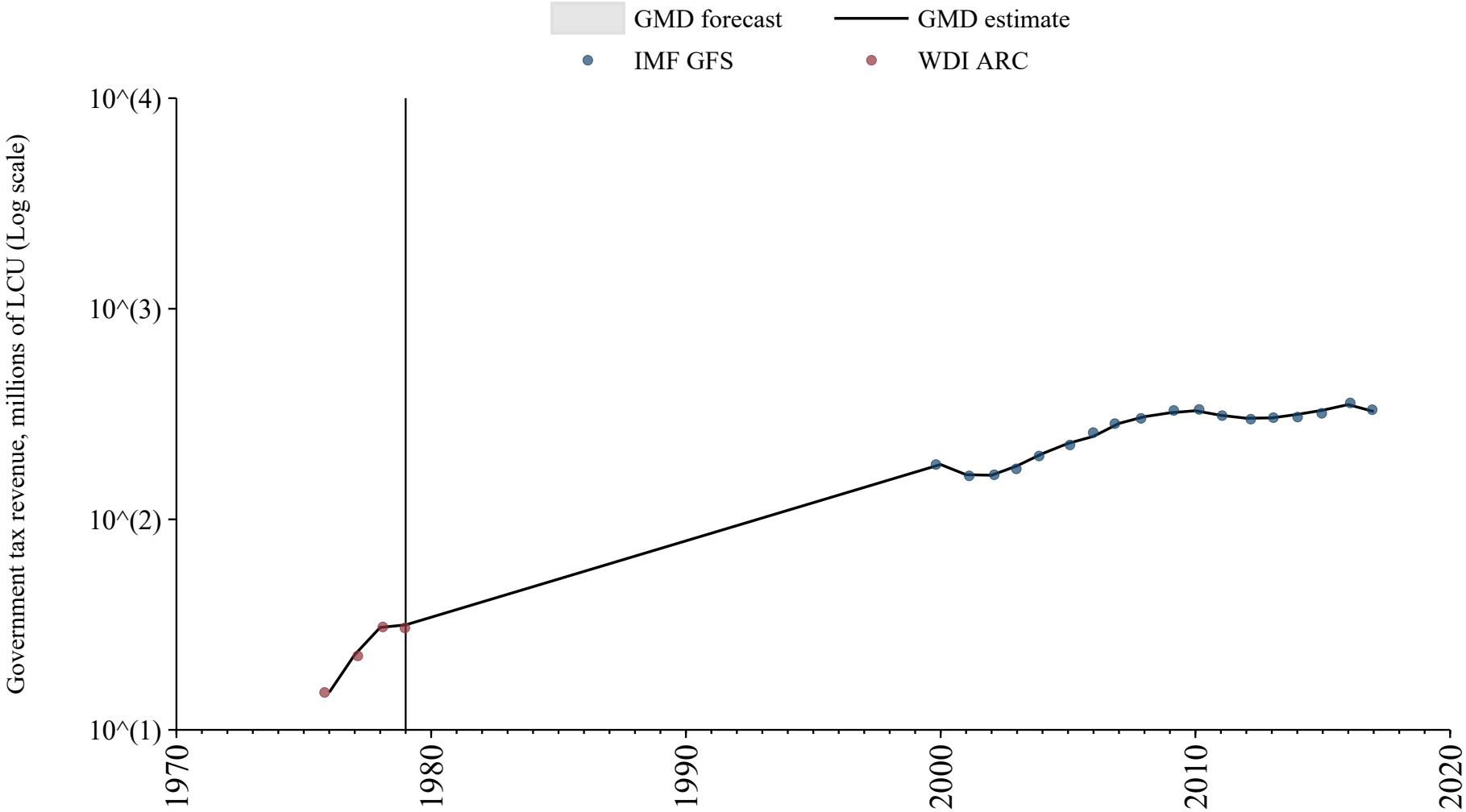
Government revenue to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018 Data refers to general government.



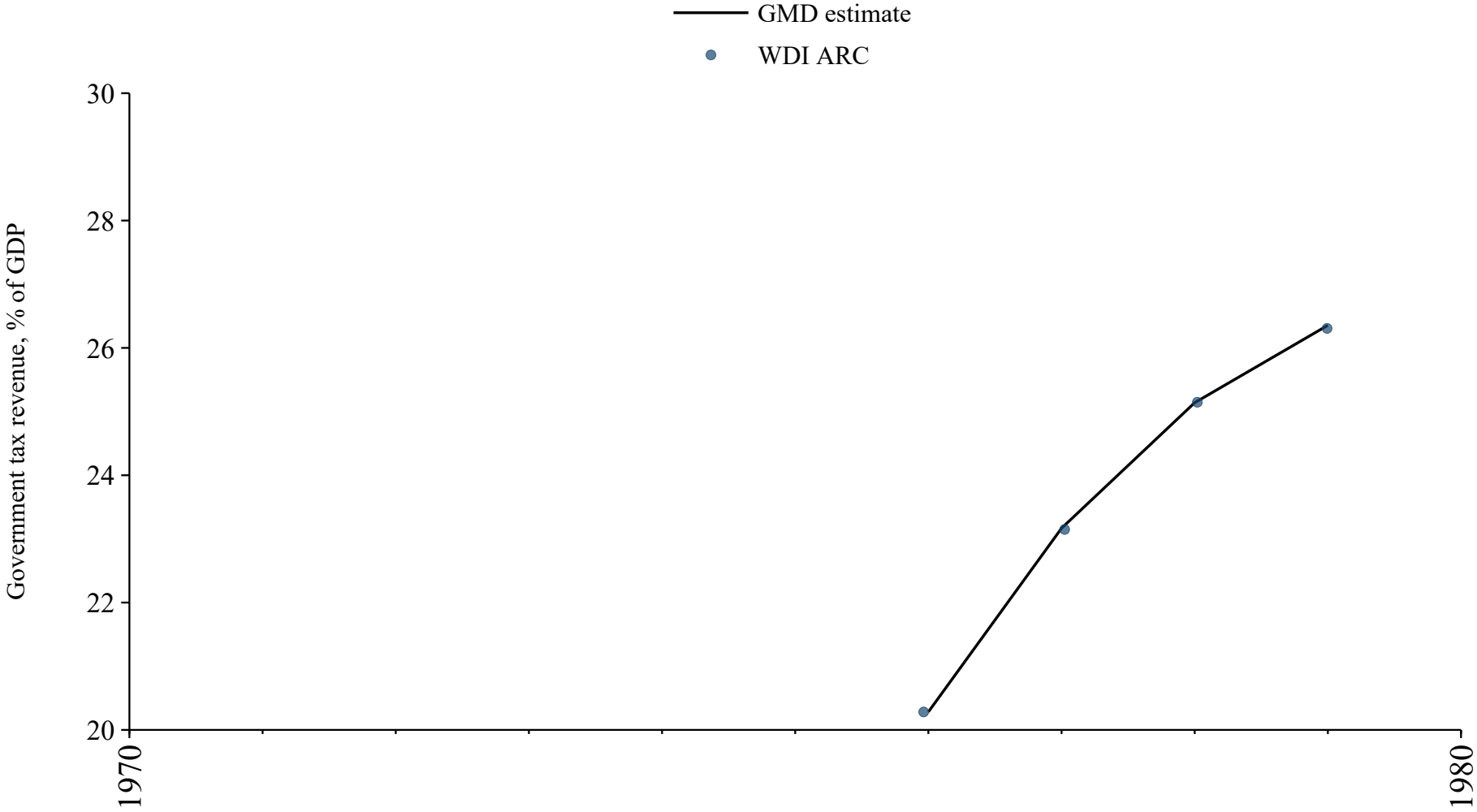
Government tax revenue

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1976 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980 Data refers to central government.
International Monetary Fund (2024a)	1980 - 2017	Spliced using overlapping data in 2018 Data refers to central government.



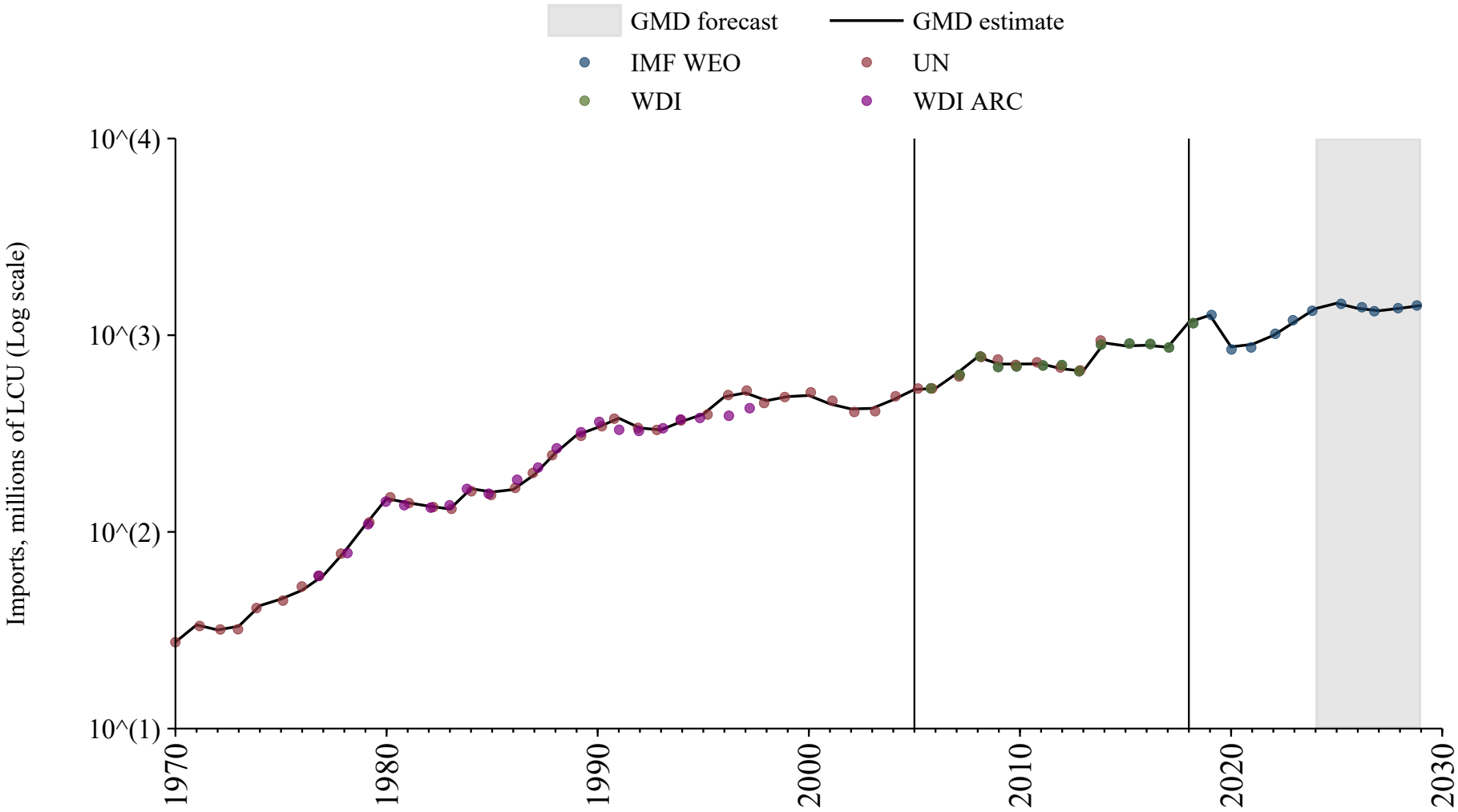
Government tax revenue to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1976 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980 Data refers to central government.



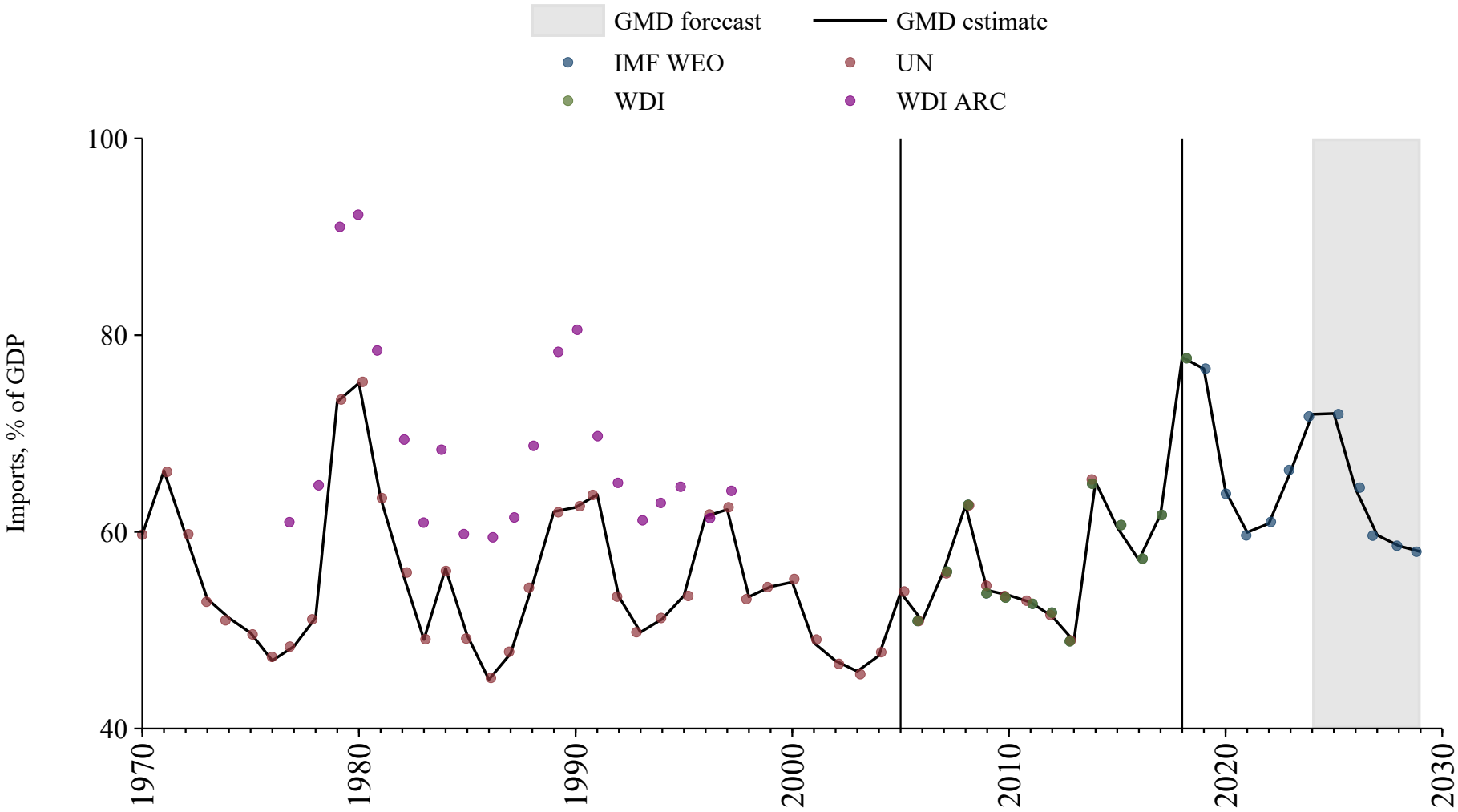
Imports

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 2005	Spliced using overlapping data in 2006
World Bank (2024)	2006 - 2018	Spliced using overlapping data in 2019
WEO (2024)	2019 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030



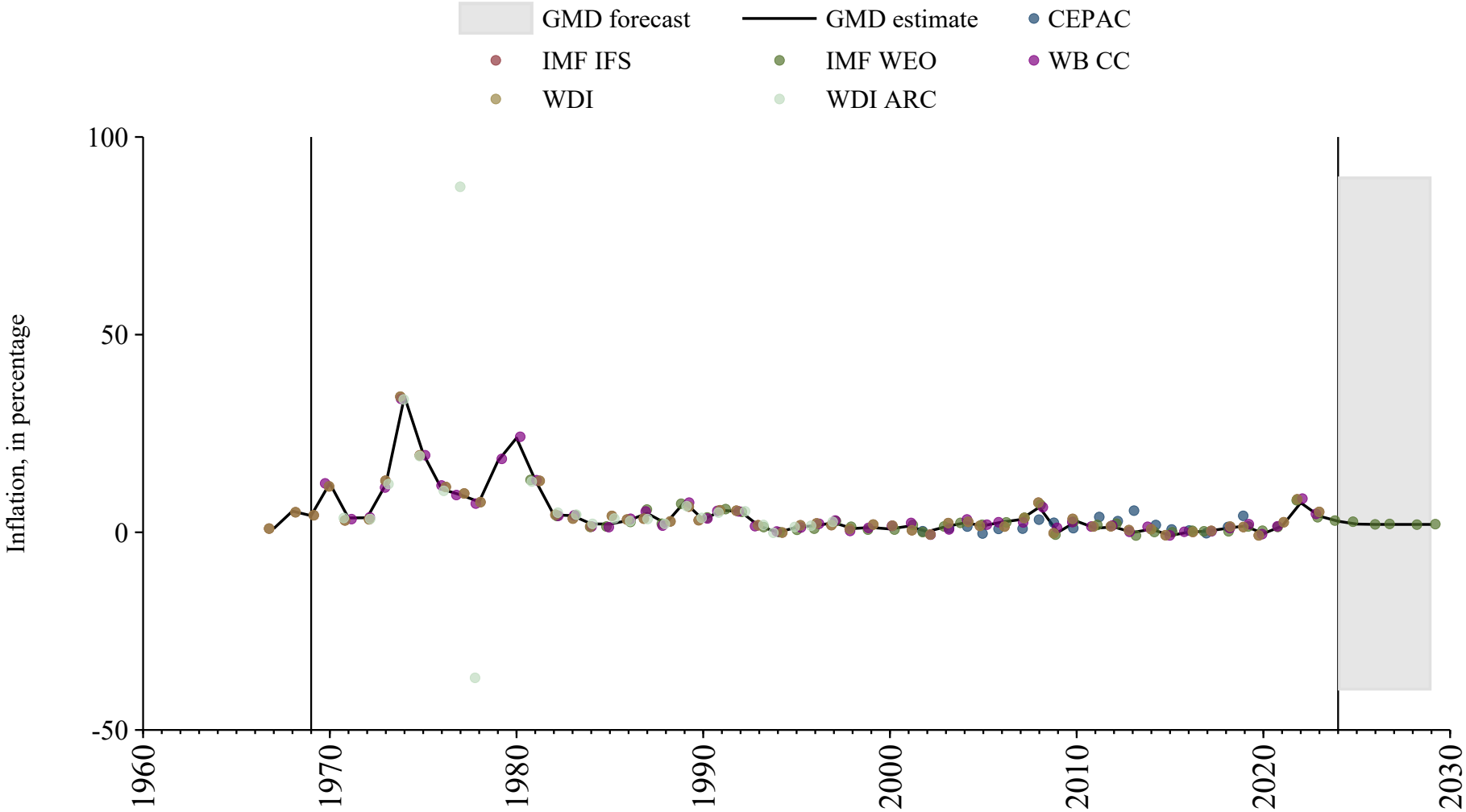
Imports to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 2005	Spliced using overlapping data in 2006
World Bank (2024)	2006 - 2018	Spliced using overlapping data in 2019
WEO (2024)	2019 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030



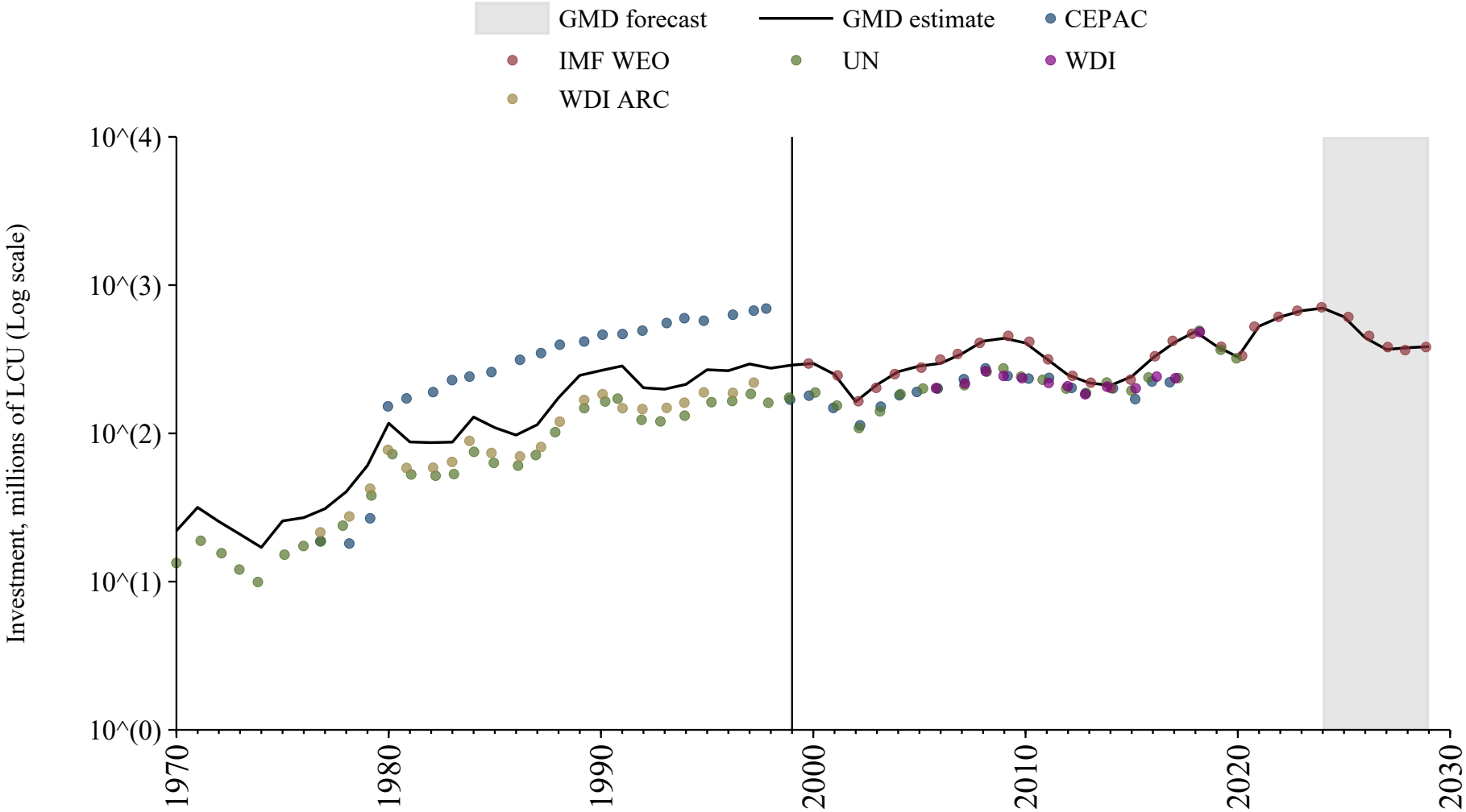
Inflation

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1967 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970
Ha et al. (2023)	1970 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018
WEO (2024)	2024 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030



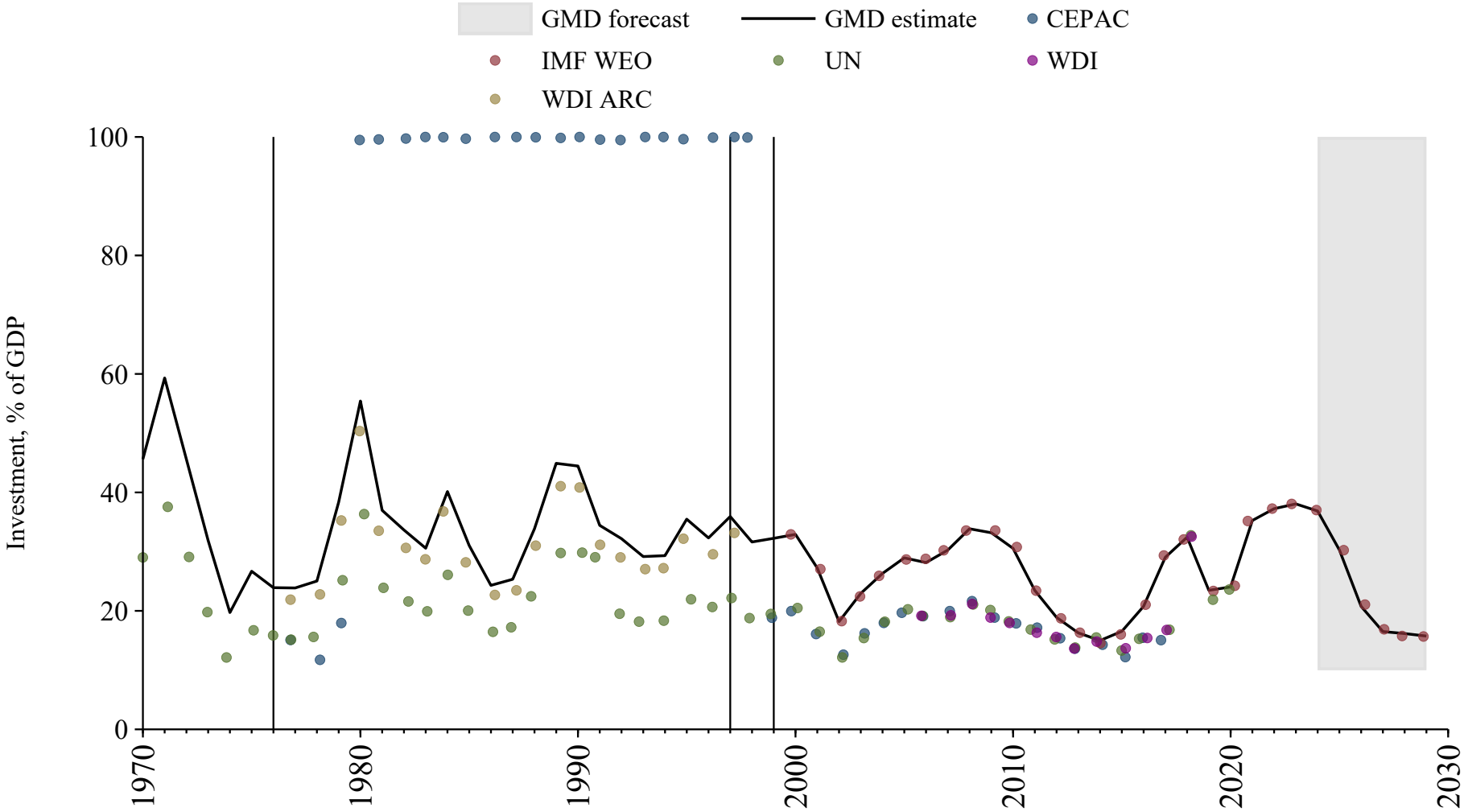
Investment

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1999	Spliced using overlapping data in 2000: (ratio = 164.8%).
WEO (2024)	2000 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



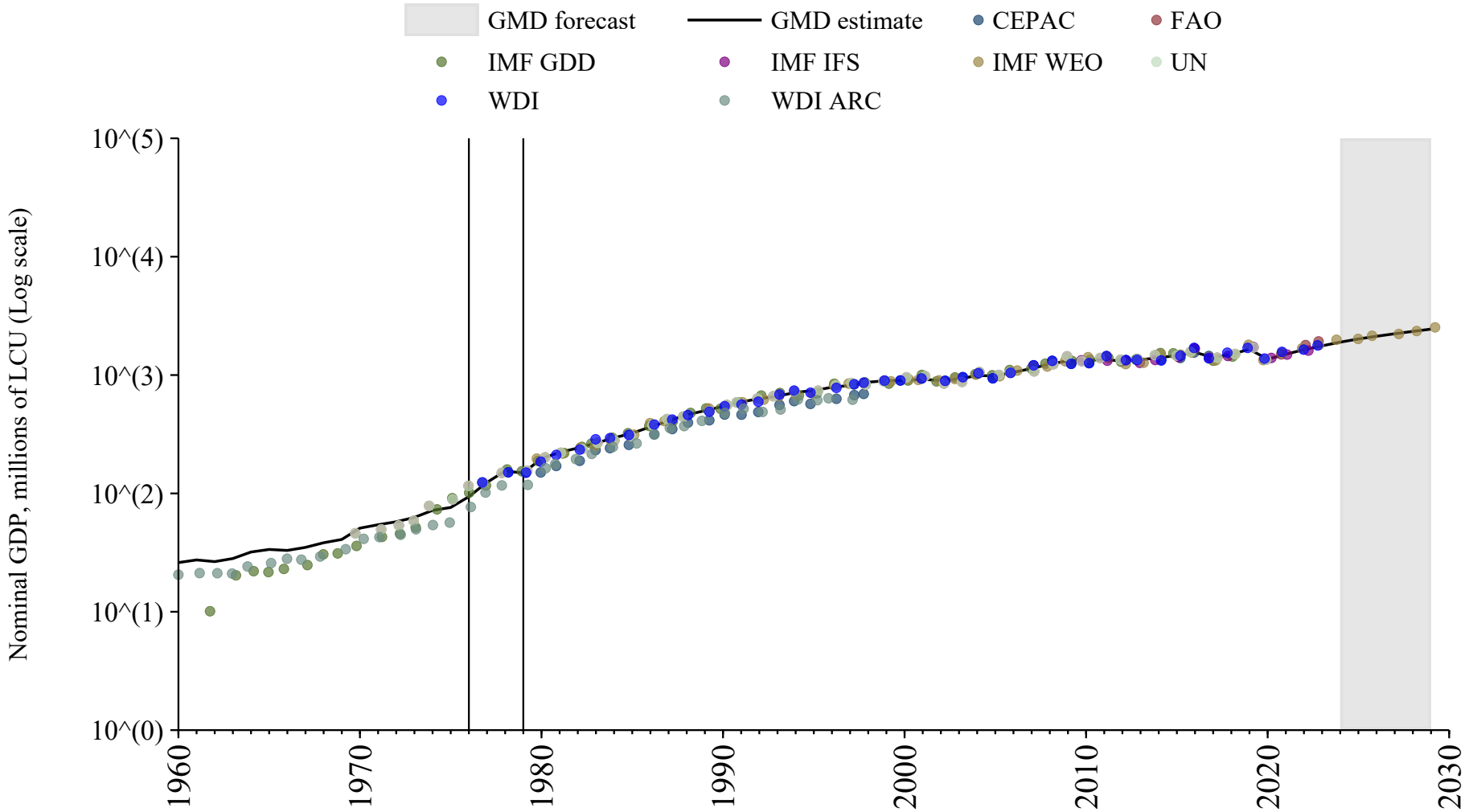
Investment to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1976	Spliced using overlapping data in 1977: (ratio = 157.1%).
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1977 - 1997	Spliced using overlapping data in 1998: (ratio = 109%).
United Nations (2024)	1998 - 1999	Spliced using overlapping data in 2000: (ratio = 164.9%).
WEO (2024)	2000 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



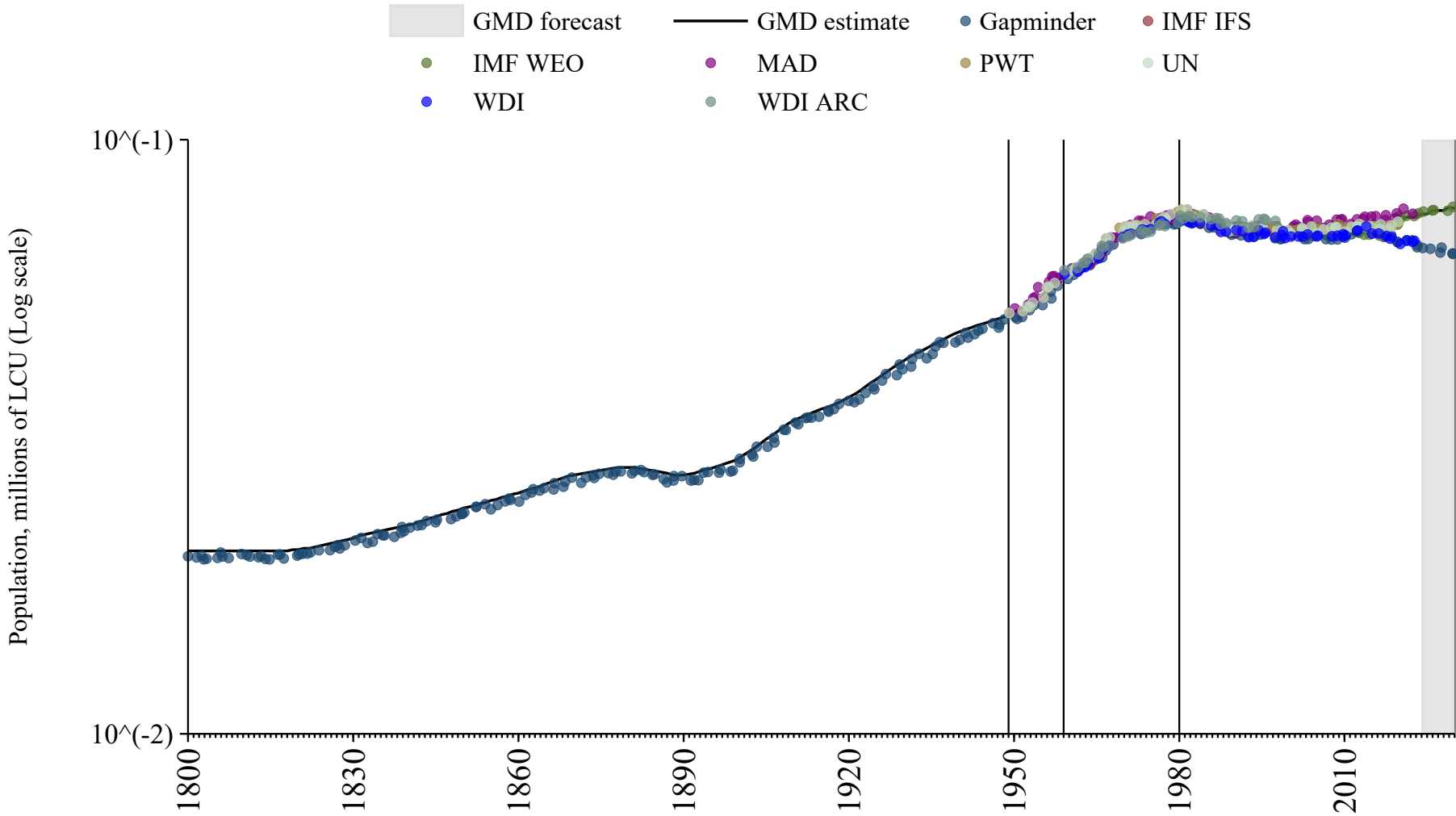
Nominal GDP

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1960 - 1976	Spliced using overlapping data in 1977: (ratio = 126.4%).
World Bank (2024)	1977 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 100.2%).
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



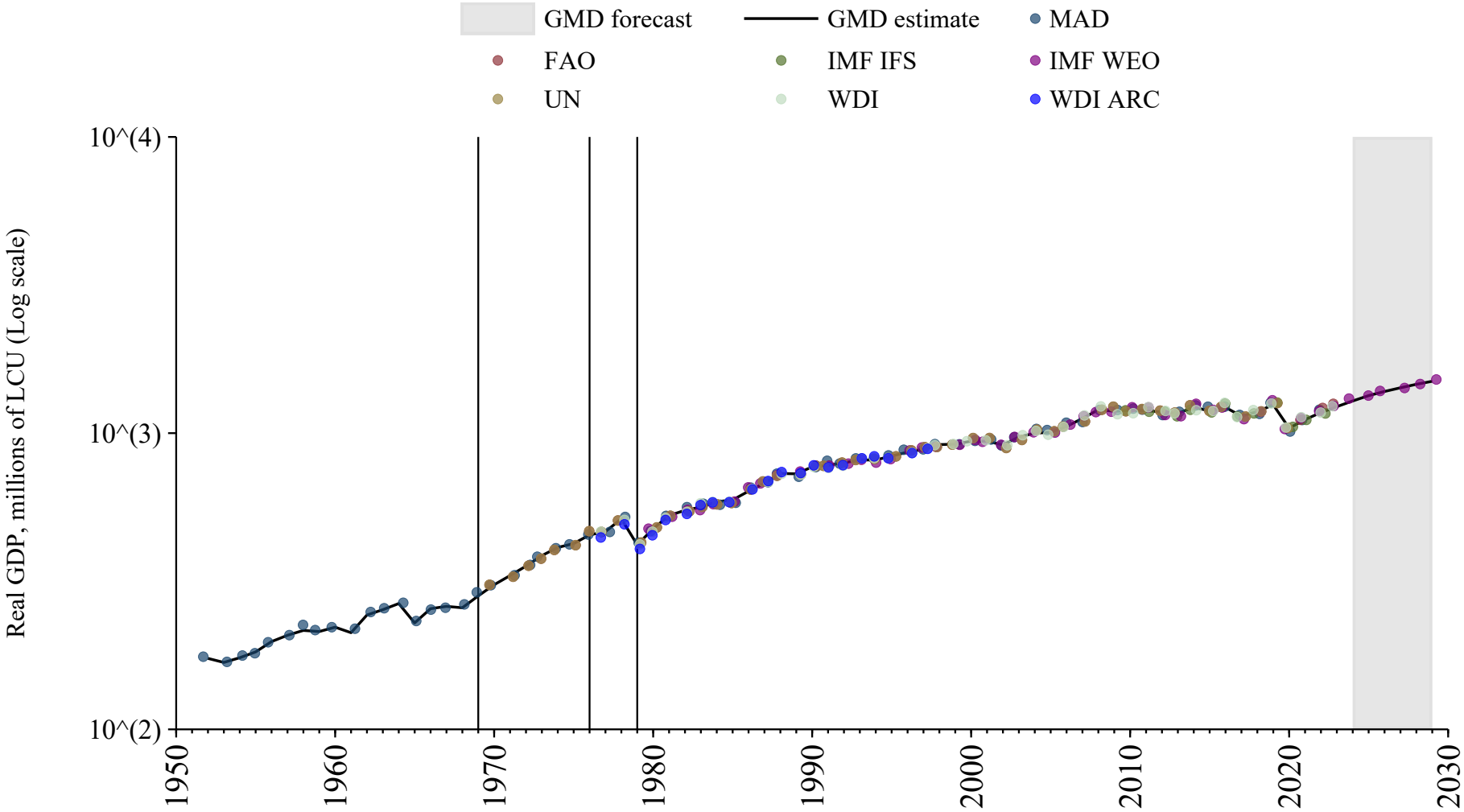
Population

Source	Time span	Notes
Gapminder (2024)	1800 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950: (ratio = 102.1%).
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 100.3%).
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 1980	Spliced using overlapping data in 1981: (ratio = 101.4%).
WEO (2024)	1981 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018
Gapminder (2024)	2030 - 2030	Spliced using overlapping data in 2031: (ratio = 119.4%).



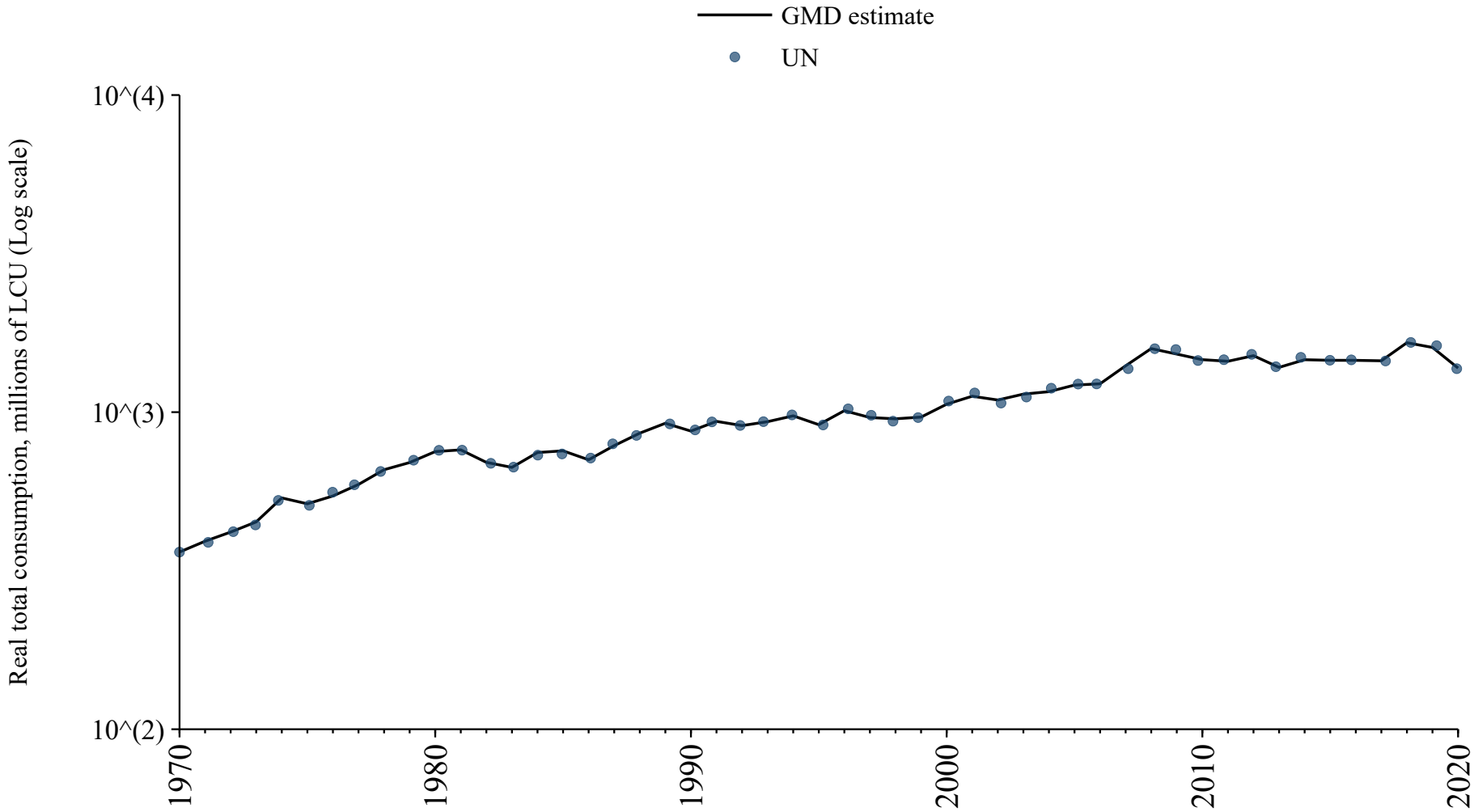
Real GDP

Source	Time span	Notes
Bolt et al. (2018)	1952 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970: (ratio = 98.7%).
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1976	Spliced using overlapping data in 1977
World Bank (2024)	1977 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



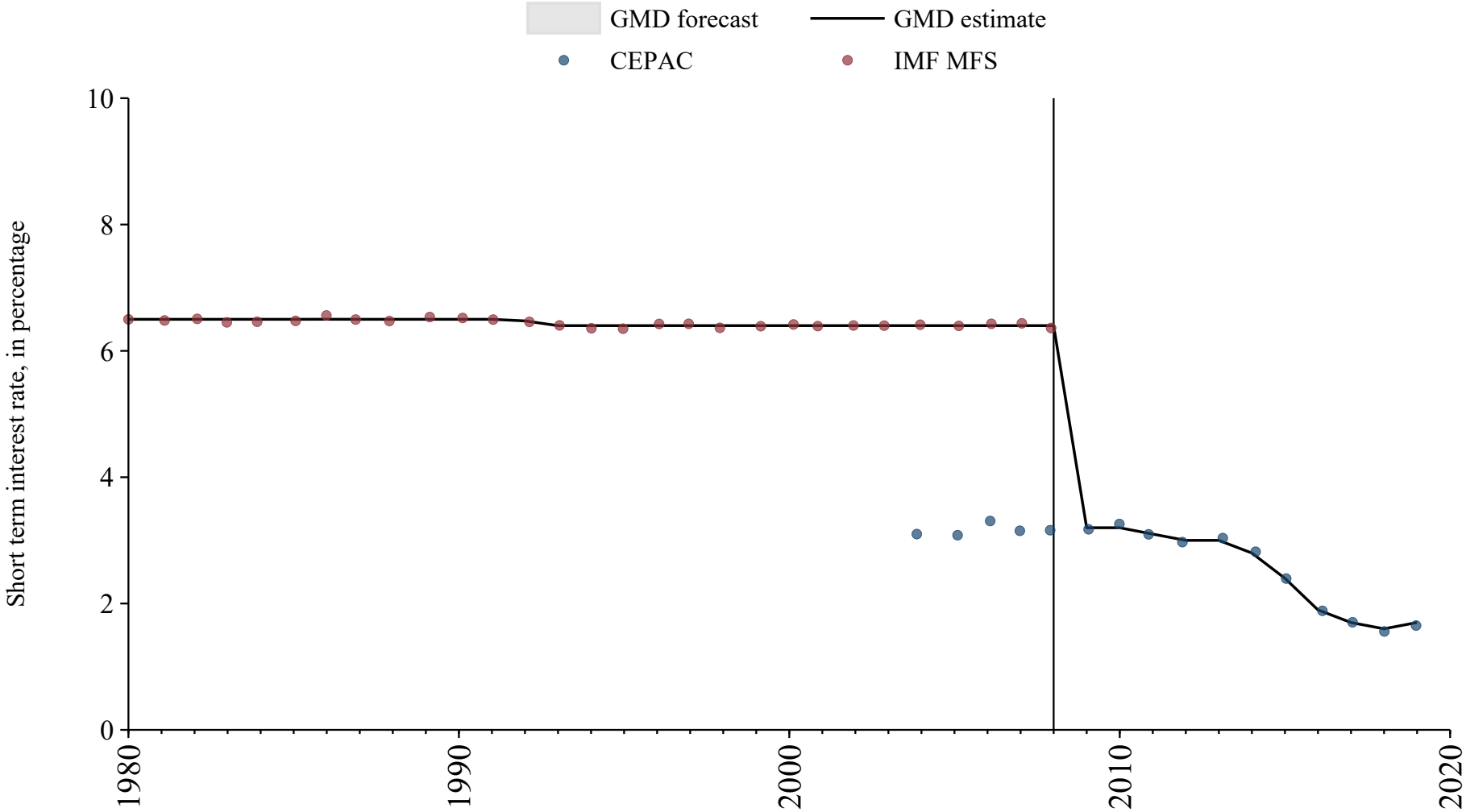
Real total consumption

Source	Time span	Notes
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 2020	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



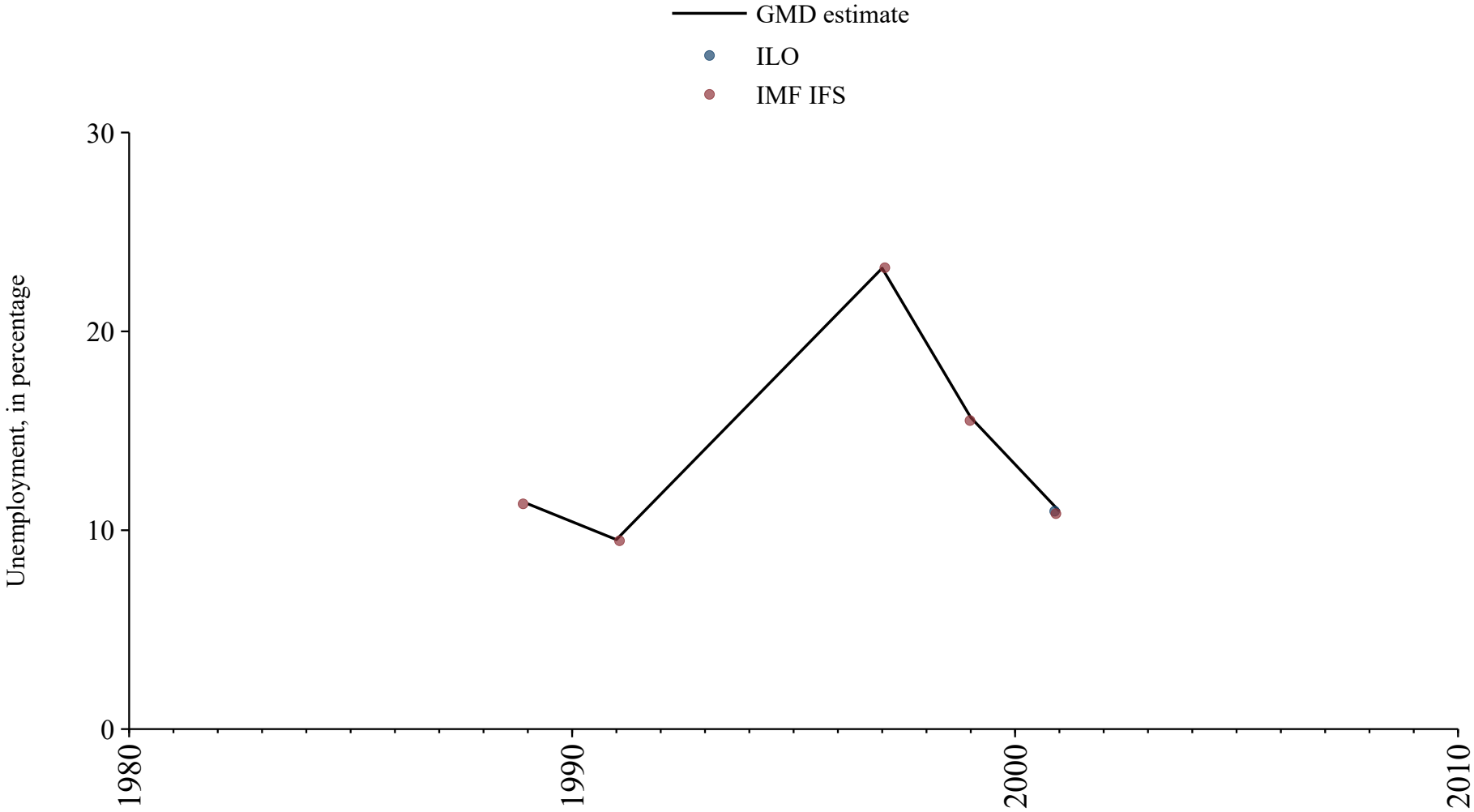
Short term interest rate

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1980 - 2008	Spliced using overlapping data in 2009
Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (2024)	2009 - 2019	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018



Unemployment

Source	Time span	Notes
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1989 - 2001	Spliced using overlapping data in 2002



References

References

Bank for International Settlements (2024).

Bolt, Jutta, Robert Inklaar, Herman de Jong, and Jan Luiten van Zanden. “Rebasing ’Maddison’: New Income Comparisons and the Shape of Long-run Economic Development.” Maddison Project Working Paper 10, Maddison Project (2018). Accessed: 2024-04-04.

Darvas, Zsolt. “Timely Measurement of Real Effective Exchange Rates.” Working Paper 2021/15, Bruegel (2021).

Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean. “Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-06-18.

FAO. “FAOSTAT: GDP data.” <https://www.fao.org/faostat/> (2024). Accessed on 29 December 2024.

Gapminder. “Gapminder: Total Population.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-08-14.

Grimm, Maximilian. “The Effect of Monetary Policy on Systemic Bank Funding Stability.” (2024).

Ha, Jongrim, M. Ayhan Kose, and Franziska Ohnsorge. “One-Stop Source: A Global Database of Inflation.” *Journal of International Money and Finance*, 137(2023), 102896.

International Monetary Fund. “A Historical Public Debt Database.” IMF Working Papers 2010/245, International Monetary Fund (2010).

———. “Government Finance Statistics.” (2024a).

———. “International Financial Statistics.” (2024b).

———. “Monetary and Financial Statistics.” (2024c).

Mbaye, S., M. Moreno-Badia, and K. Chae. “Global Debt Database: Methodology and Sources.” IMF Working Papers 2018/111, International Monetary Fund (2018).

United Nations. “World Population Prospects 2024, Online Edition.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-02-02.

WEO. “World Economic Outlook Database.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-08-05.

World Bank. “World Development Indicators.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-04-21.

World Bank (Archives). “World Development Indicators.” (1999). Accessed: 2024-07-21.