

Country Data and Graphs for Costa Rica

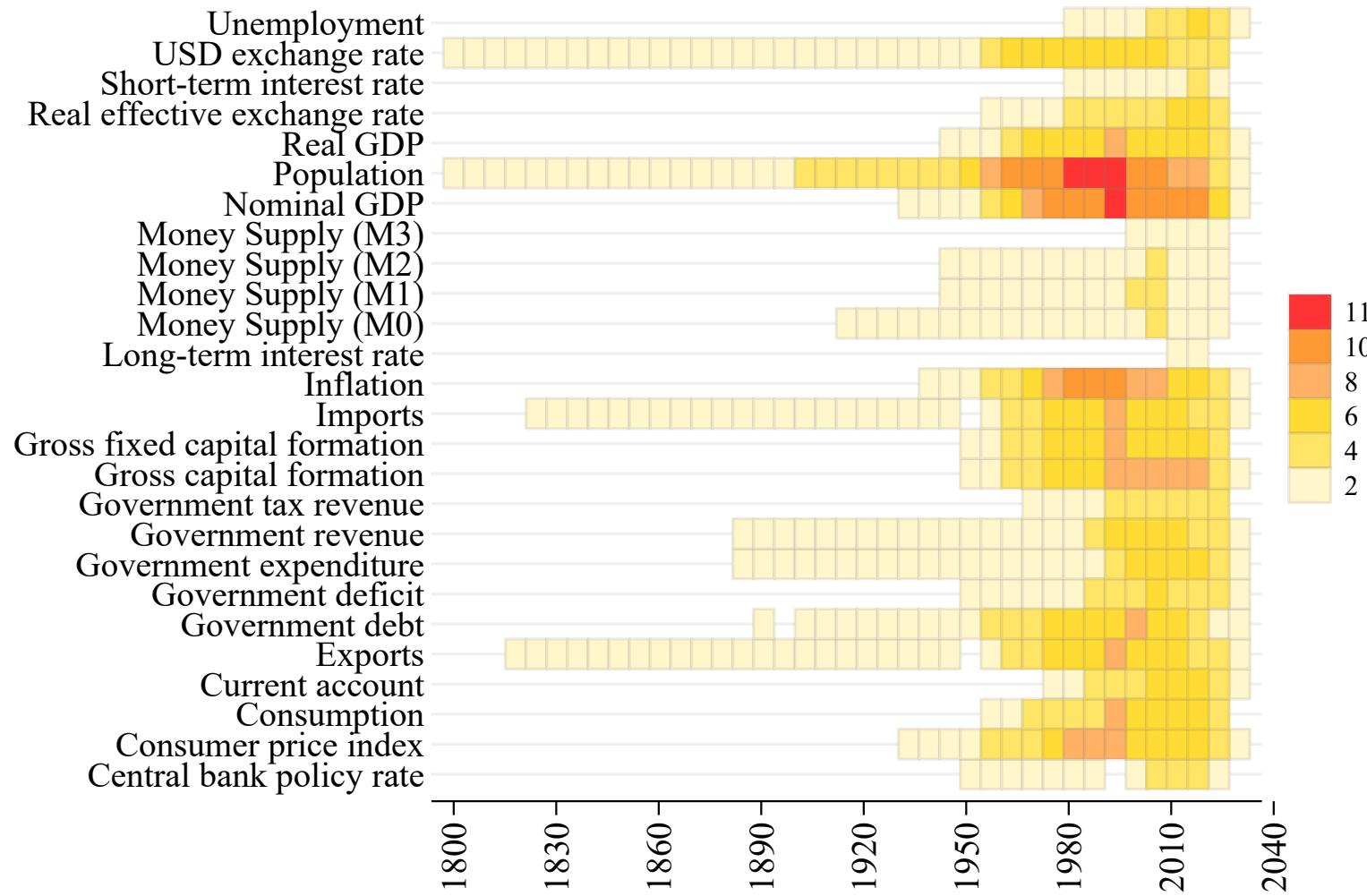
January 28, 2025

Contents

Data availability heatmap	3
Current account balance	4
Consumer price index	5
Money supply (M0)	6
Money supply (M1)	7
Money supply (M2)	8
Money supply (M3)	9
Real effective exchange rate	10
USD exchange rate	11
Central bank policy rate	12
Total consumption	13
Total consumption to GDP ratio	14
Exports	15
Exports to GDP ratio	16
Fixed investment	17
Fixed investment to GDP ratio	18
Government debt	19
Government deficit	20
Government expenditure	21

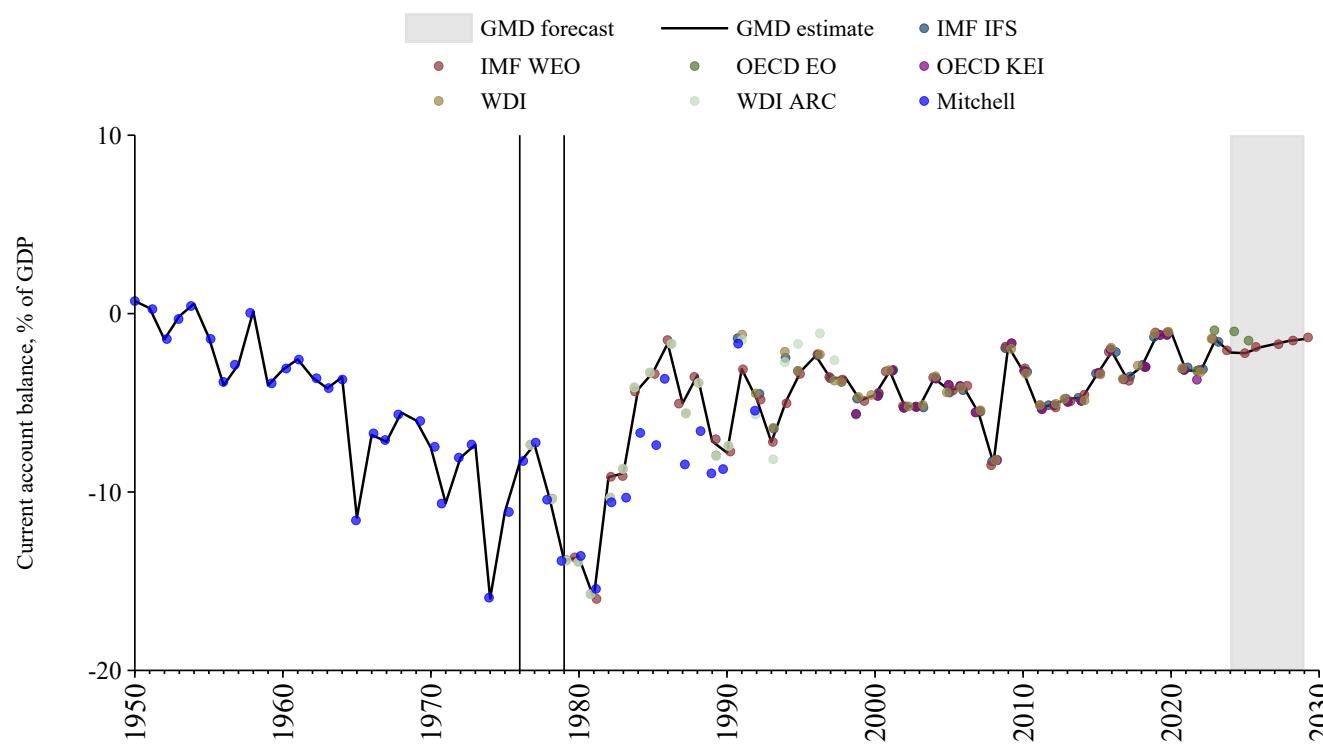
Government expenditure to GDP ratio	22
Government revenue	23
Government revenue to GDP ratio	24
Government tax revenue	25
Government tax revenue to GDP ratio	26
Imports	27
Imports to GDP ratio	28
Inflation	29
Investment	30
Investment to GDP ratio	31
Long term interest rate	32
Nominal GDP	33
Population	34
Real GDP	35
Real total consumption	36
Short term interest rate	37
Unemployment	38
References	39

Data availability heatmap



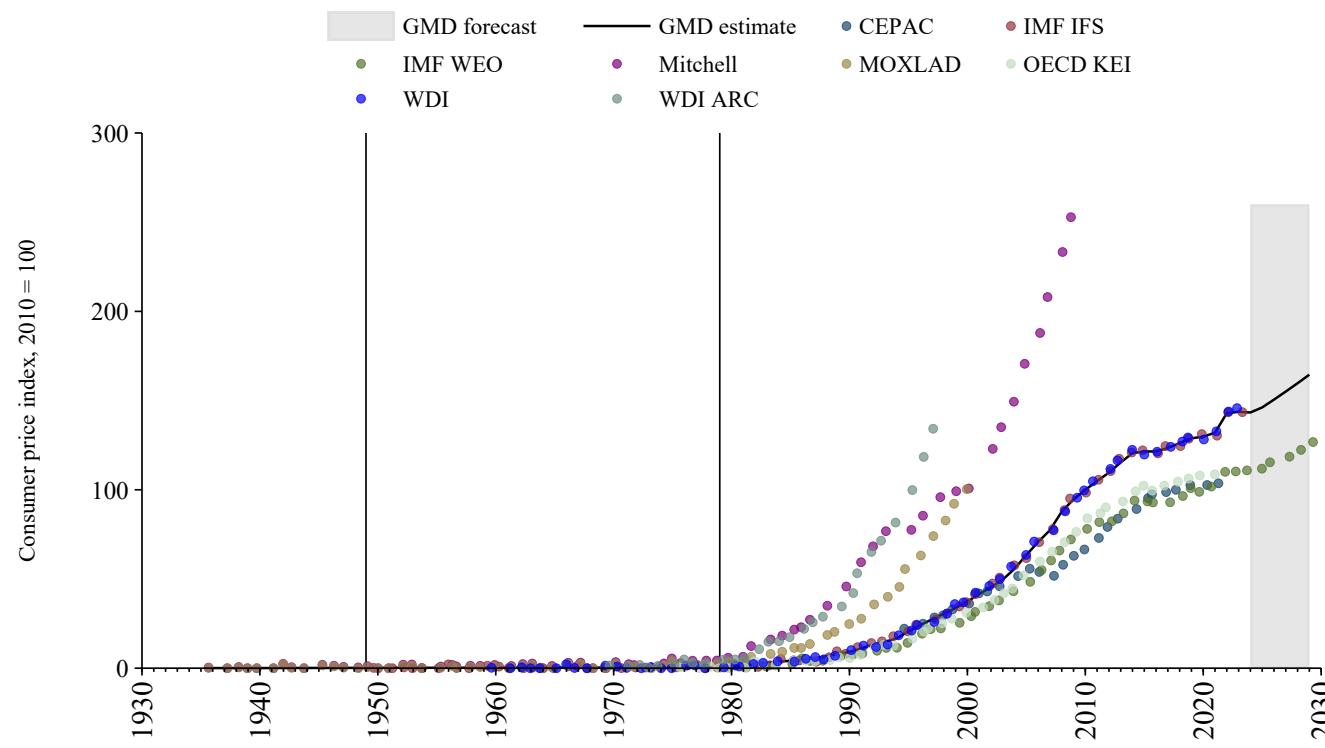
Current account balance

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1976	Spliced using overlapping data in 1977.
World Bank (2024)	1977 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980.
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



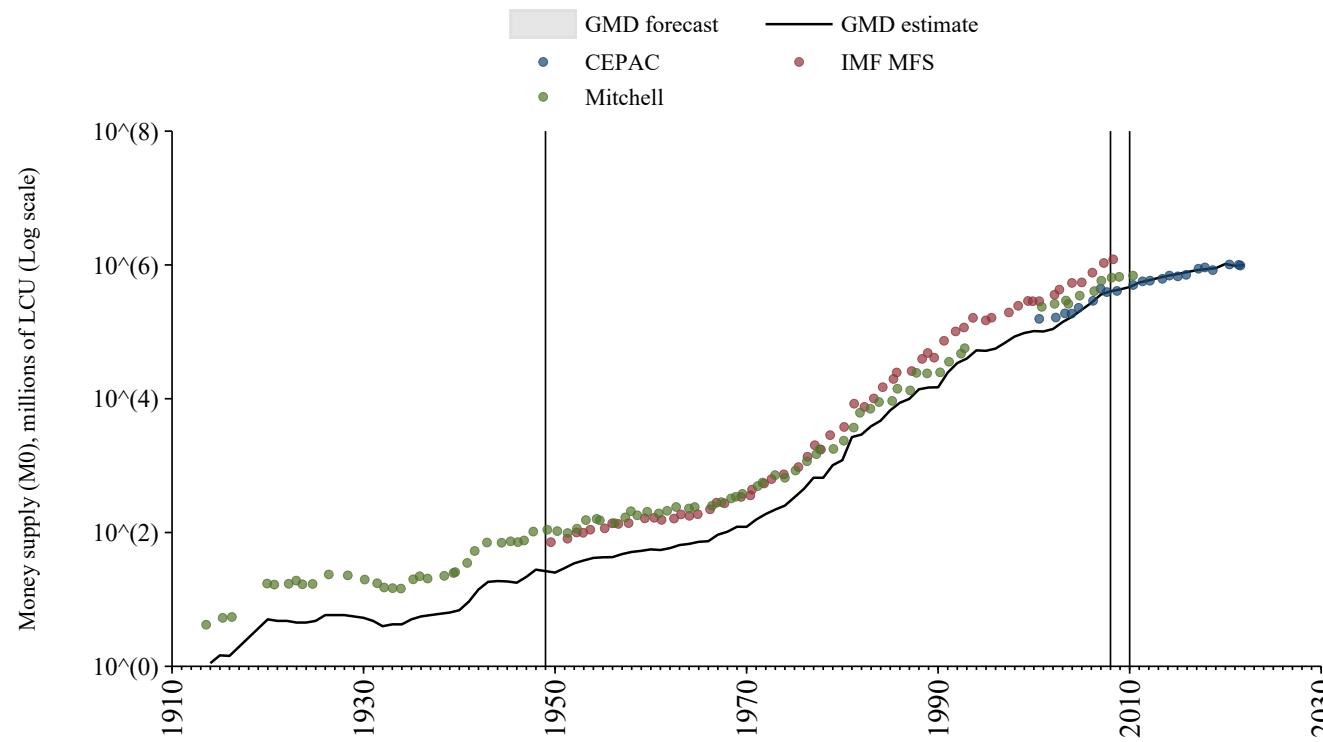
Consumer price index

Source	Time span	Notes
Bértola and Rey (2018)	1936 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950: (ratio = 30.7%)..
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 82%)..
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



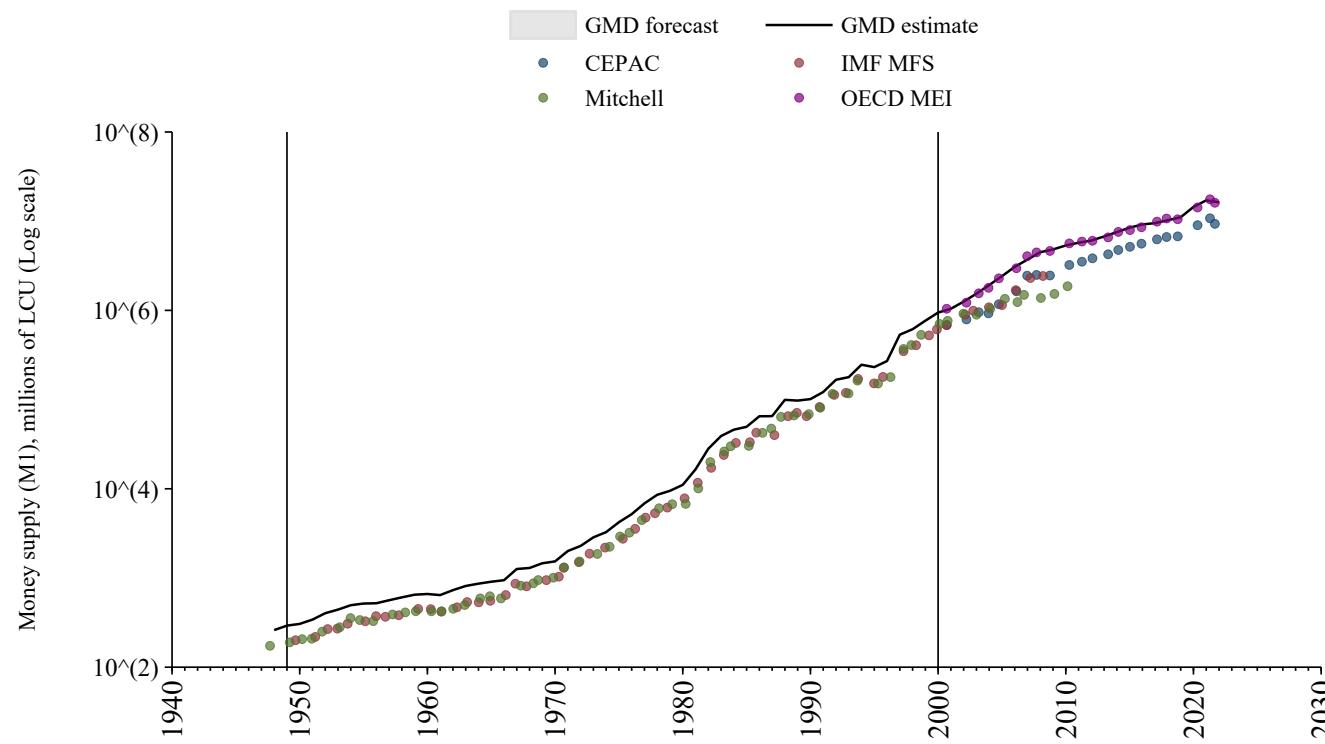
Money supply (M0)

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1914 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950: (ratio = 26.5%)..
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1950 - 2008	Spliced using overlapping data in 2009: (ratio = 35.1%)..
Mitchell (2013)	2009 - 2010	Spliced using overlapping data in 2011: (ratio = 70.3%)..
Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (2024)	2011 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



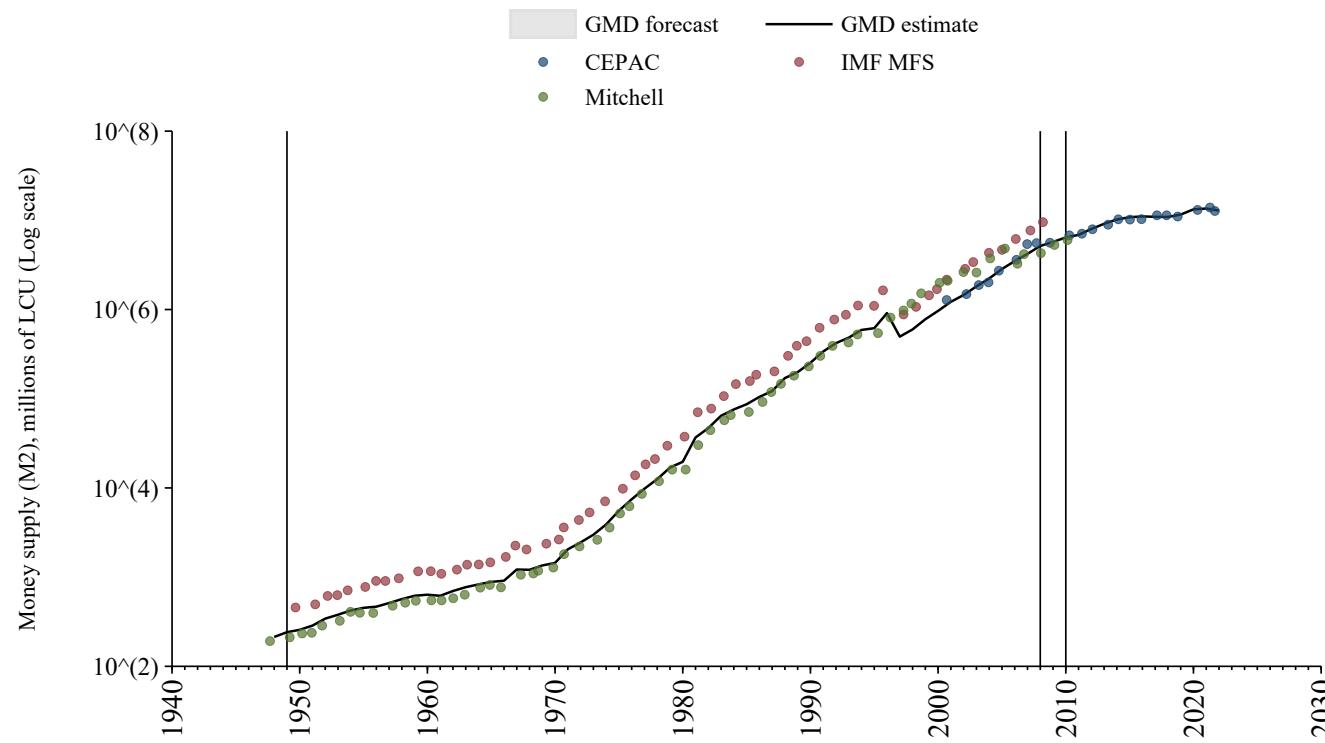
Money supply (M1)

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1948 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950: (ratio = 149.9%)..
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1950 - 2000	Spliced using overlapping data in 2001: (ratio = 152.4%)..
OECD (2024b)	2001 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



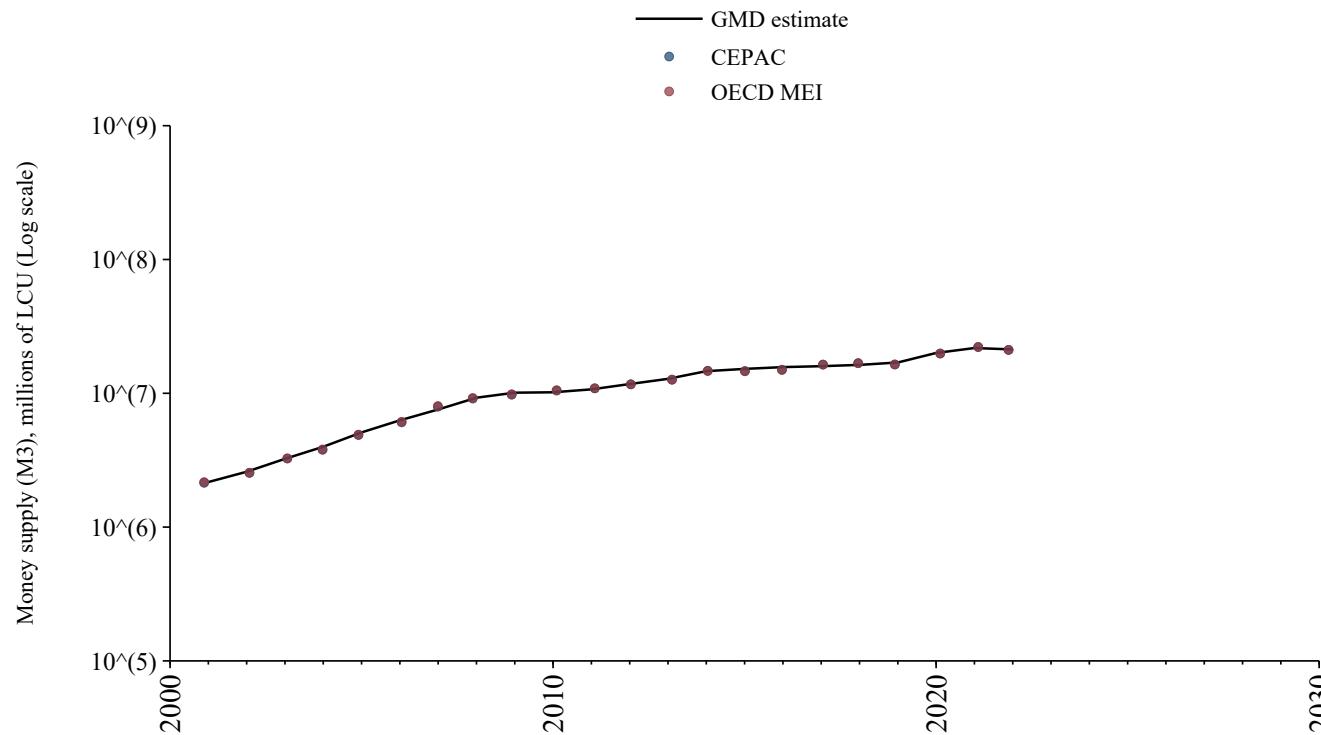
Money supply (M2)

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1948 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950: (ratio = 111.2%)..
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	1950 - 2008	Spliced using overlapping data in 2009: (ratio = 56.2%)..
Mitchell (2013)	2009 - 2010	Spliced using overlapping data in 2011: (ratio = 111.9%)..
Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (2024)	2011 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



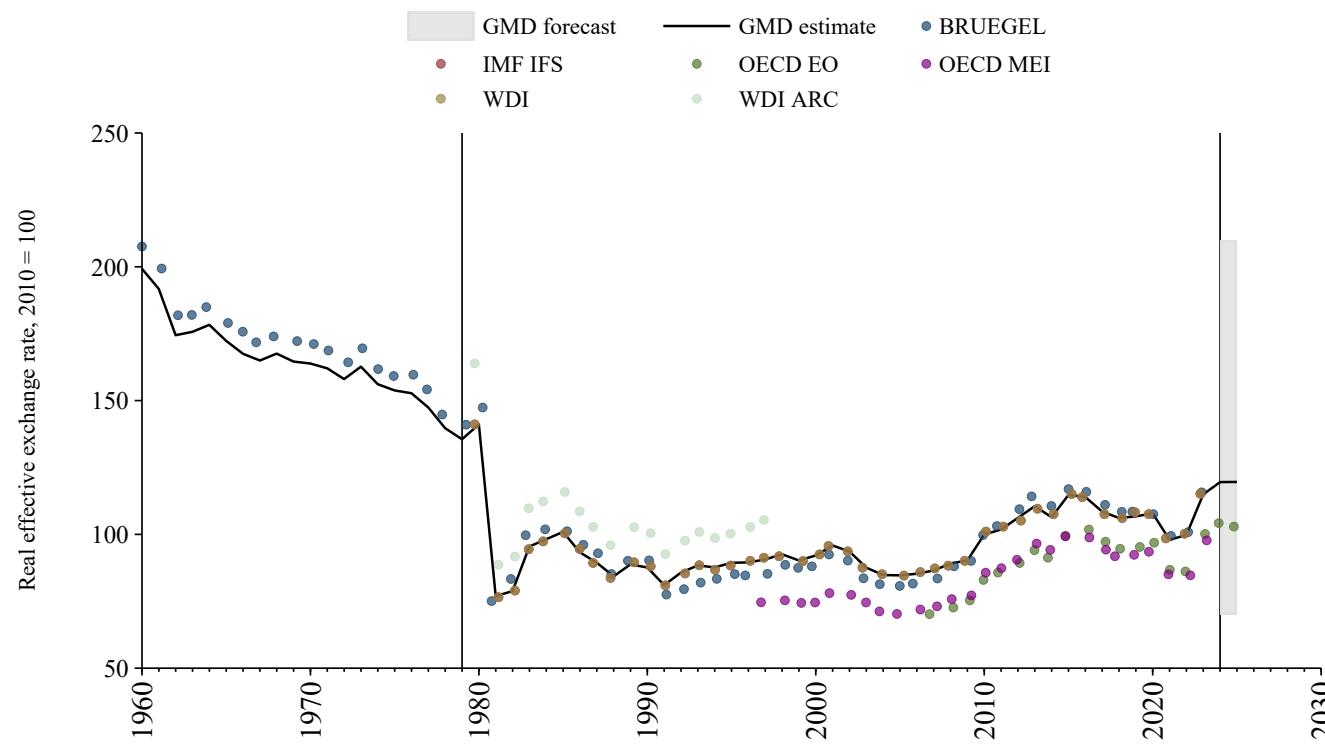
Money supply (M3)

Source	Time span	Notes
OECD (2024b)	2001 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



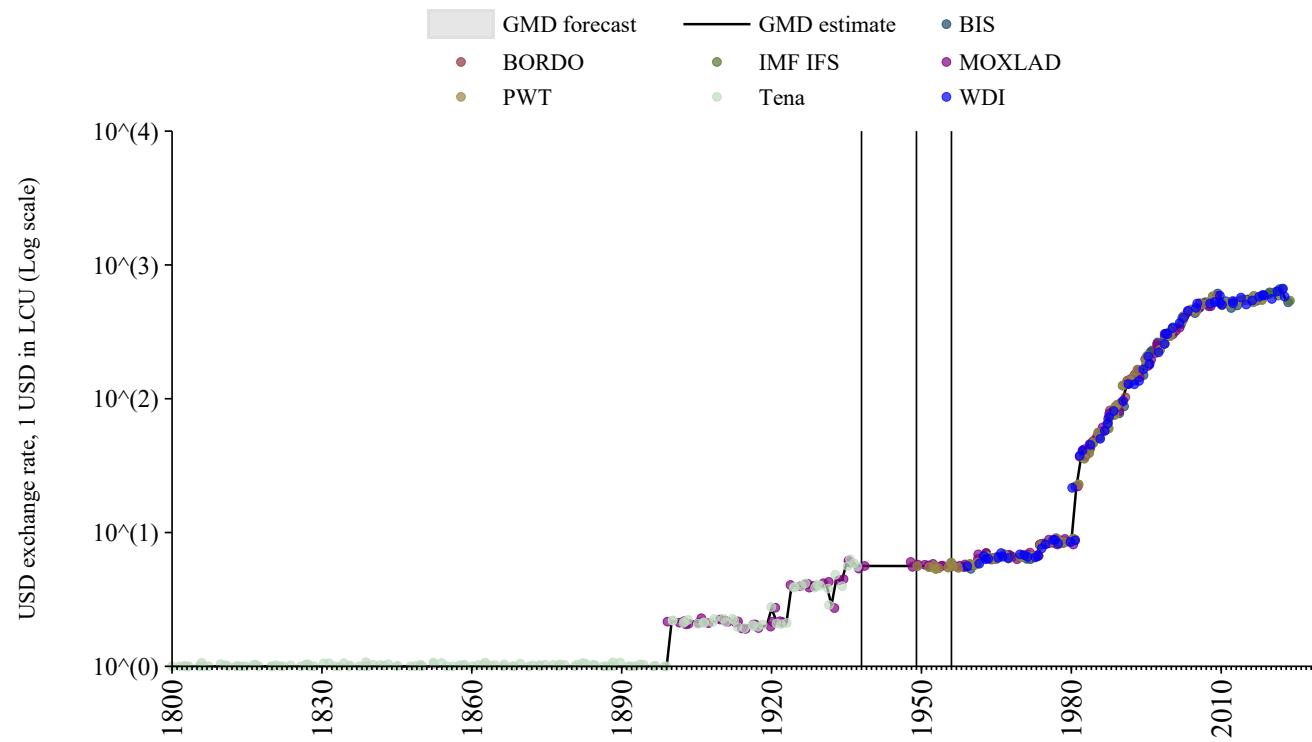
Real effective exchange rate

Source	Time span	Notes
Darvas (2021)	1960 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 96%)..
World Bank (2024)	1980 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
OECD Economic Outlook (2024)	2024 - 2025	Spliced using overlapping data in 2026: (ratio = 115.4%)..



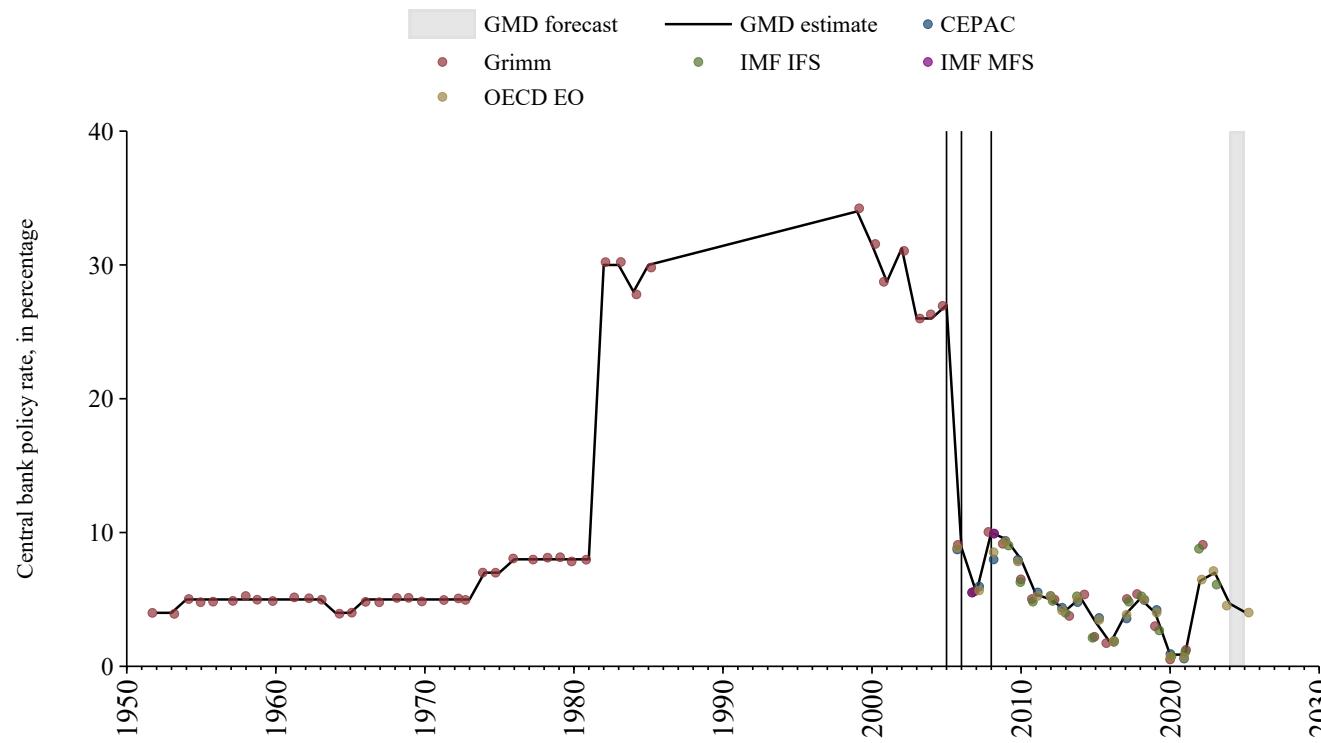
USD exchange rate

Source	Time span	Notes
Federico and Tena-Junguito (2019)	1800 - 1938	Spliced using overlapping data in 1939.
Bértola and Rey (2018)	1939 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950.
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1956	Spliced using overlapping data in 1957.
Bank for International Settlements (2024)	1957 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



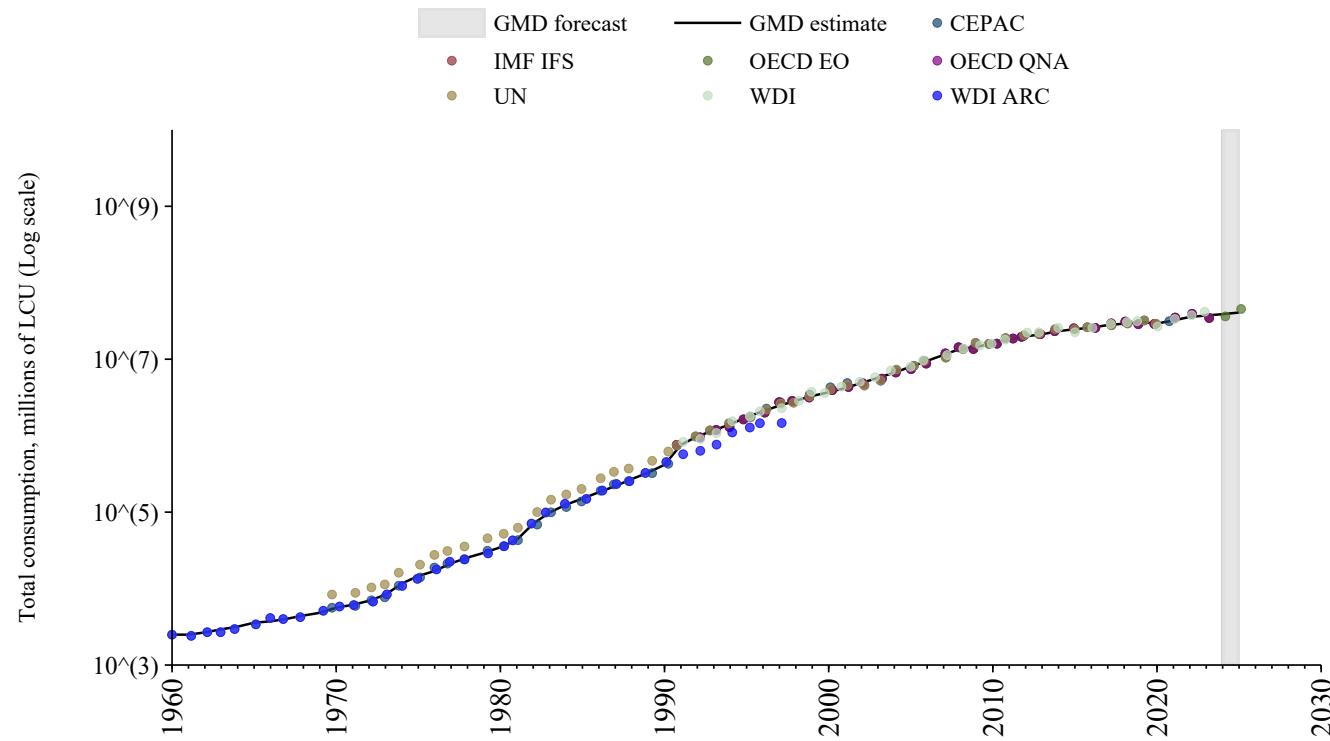
Central bank policy rate

Source	Time span	Notes
Grimm (2024)	1952 - 2005	Spliced using overlapping data in 2006.
OECD Economic Outlook (2024)	2006 - 2006	Spliced using overlapping data in 2007.
International Monetary Fund (2024c)	2007 - 2008	Spliced using overlapping data in 2009.
OECD Economic Outlook (2024)	2009 - 2025	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



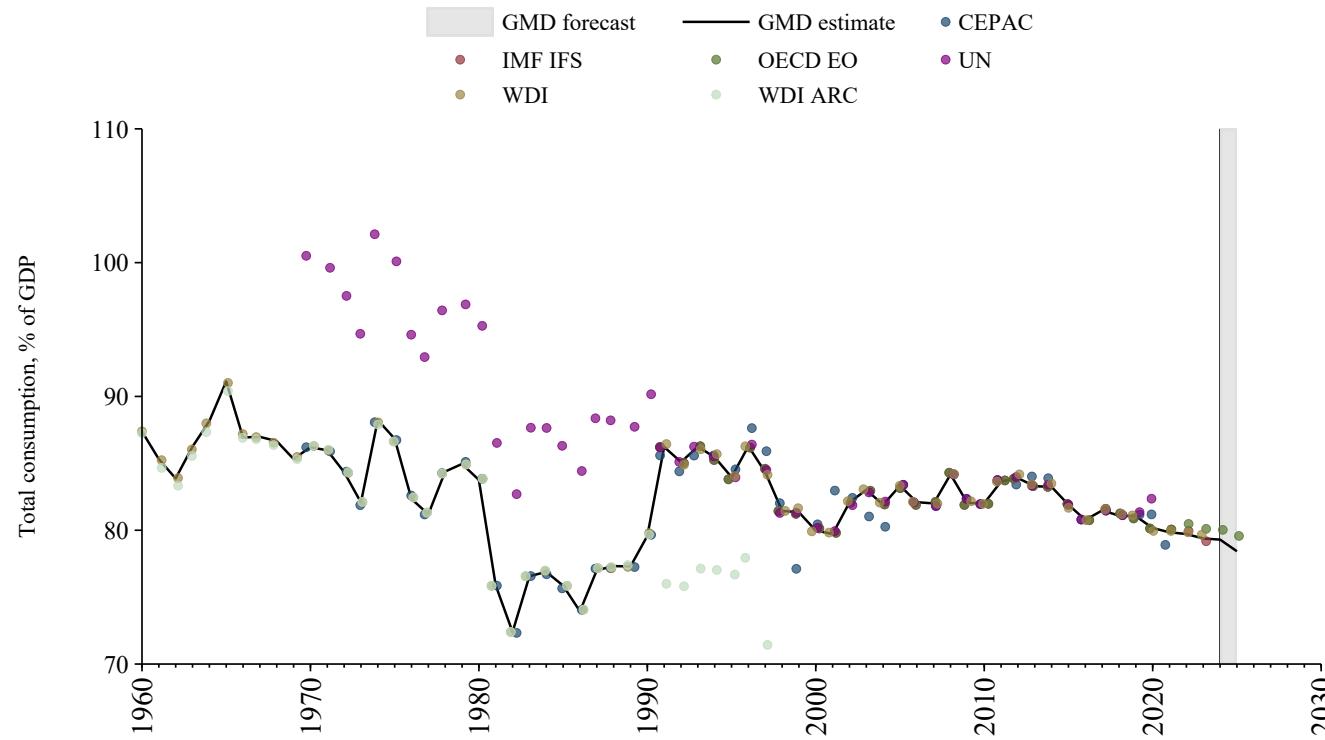
Total consumption

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
OECD Economic Outlook (2024)	2024 - 2025	Spliced using overlapping data in 2026: (ratio = 98.8%)..



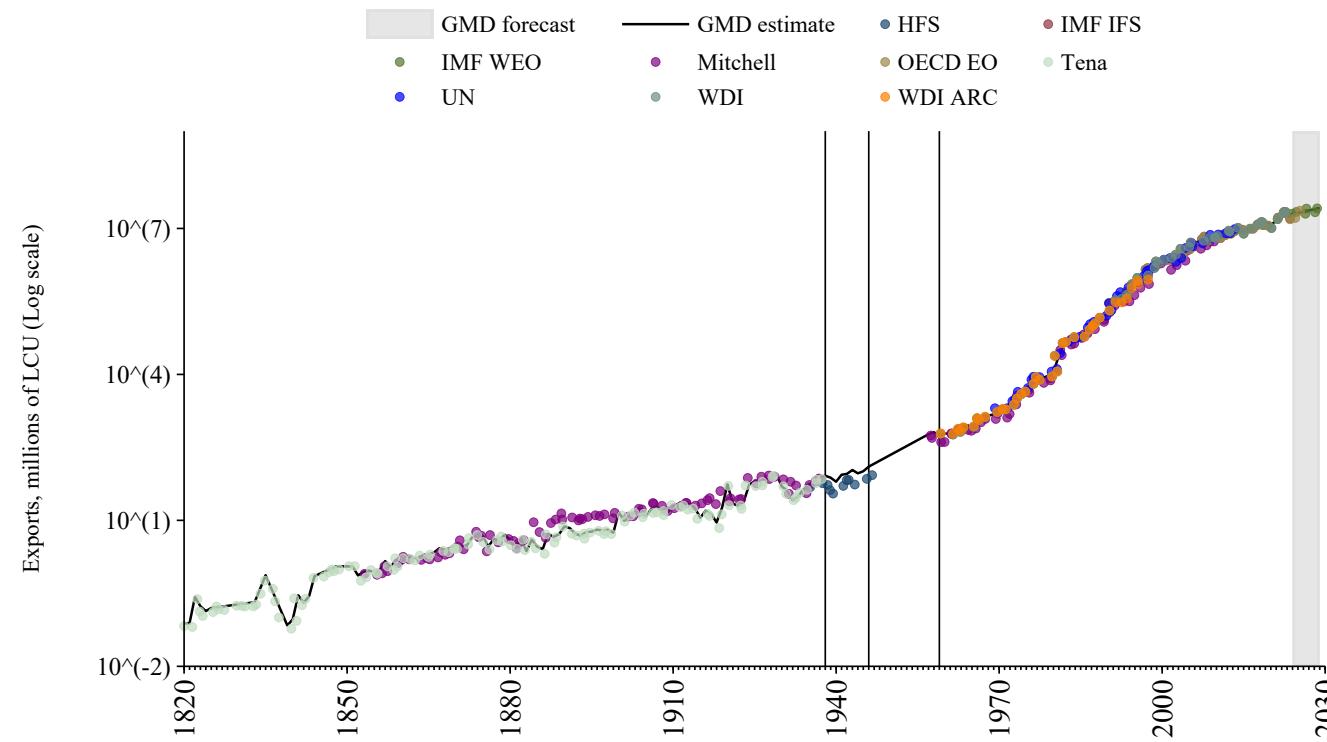
Total consumption to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
OECD Economic Outlook (2024)	2024 - 2025	Spliced using overlapping data in 2026: (ratio = 98.8%)..



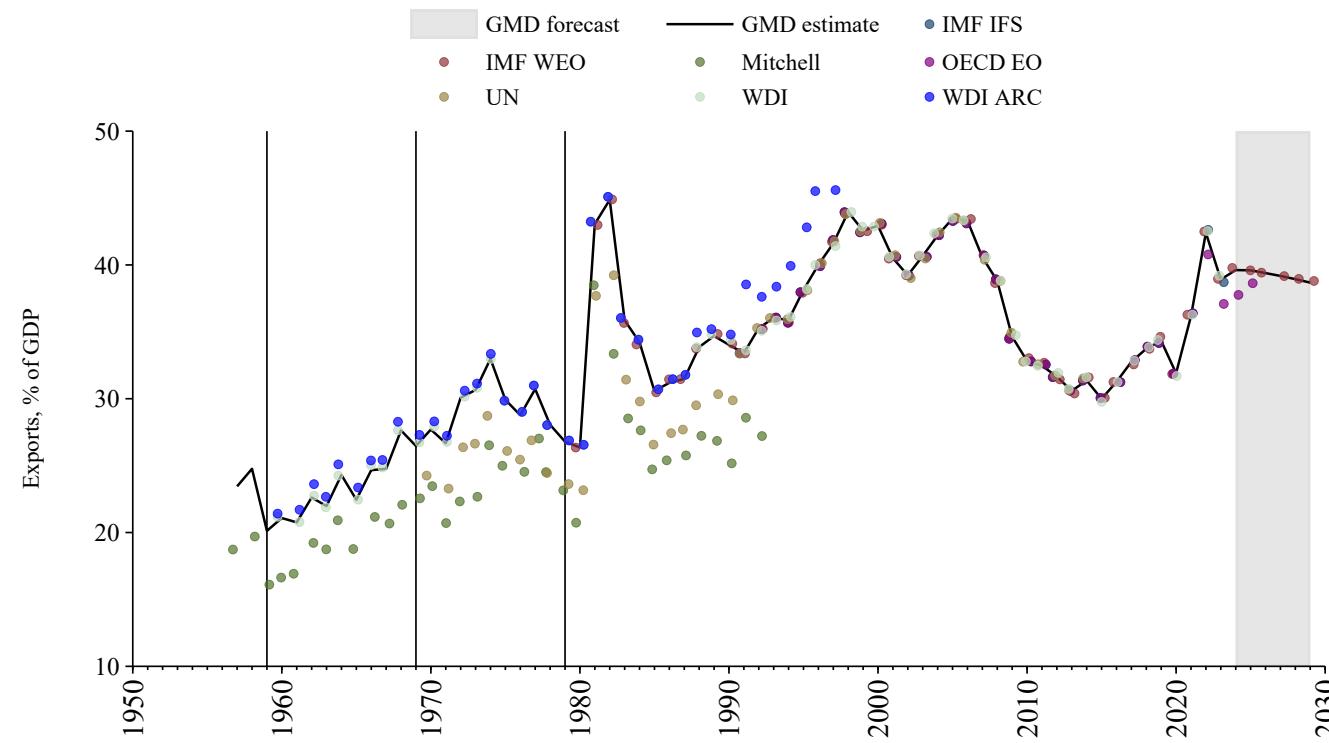
Exports

Source	Time span	Notes
Federico and Tena-Junguito (2019)	1820 - 1938	Spliced using overlapping data in 1939: (ratio = 113.3%)..
Schuler (2015)	1939 - 1946	Spliced using overlapping data in 1947: (ratio = 158.2%)..
Mitchell (2013)	1947 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 125.8%)..
WEO (2024)	1960 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



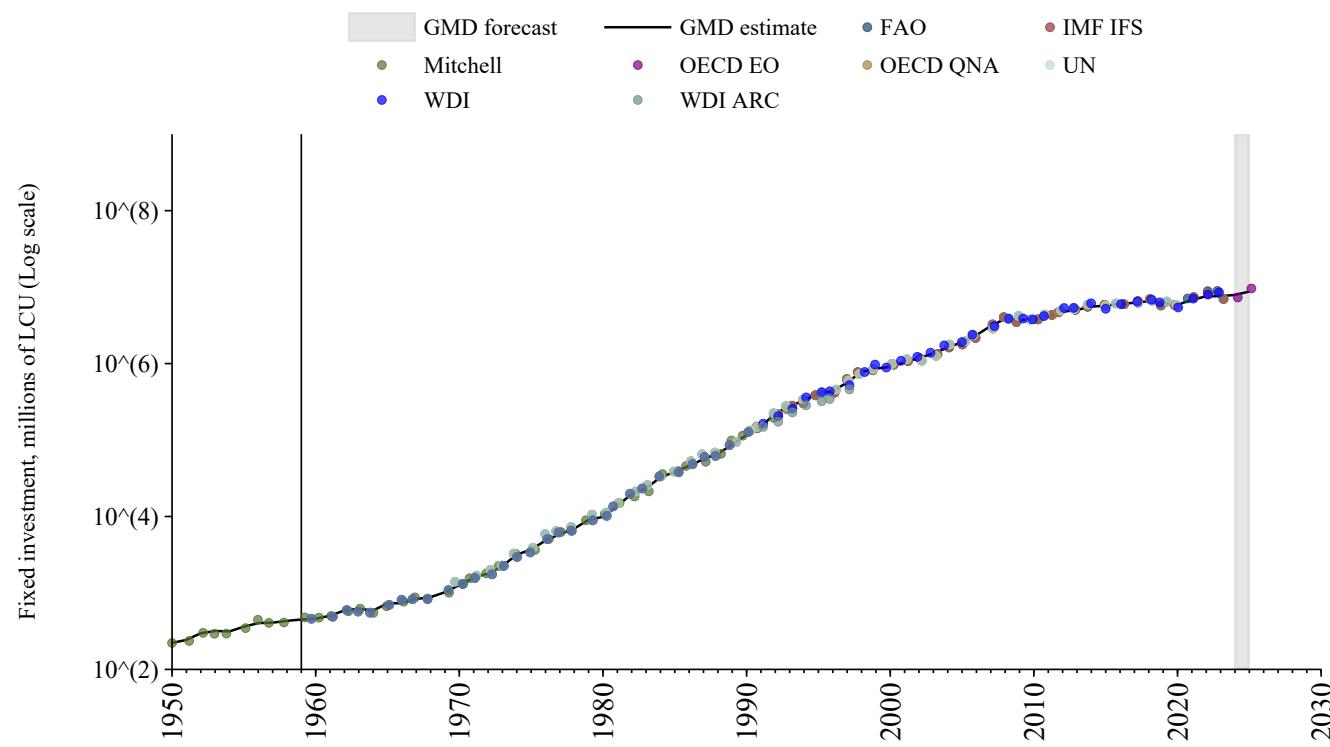
Exports to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1957 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 125.2%)..
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970: (ratio = 99.5%)..
United Nations (2024)	1970 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 114.2%)..
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



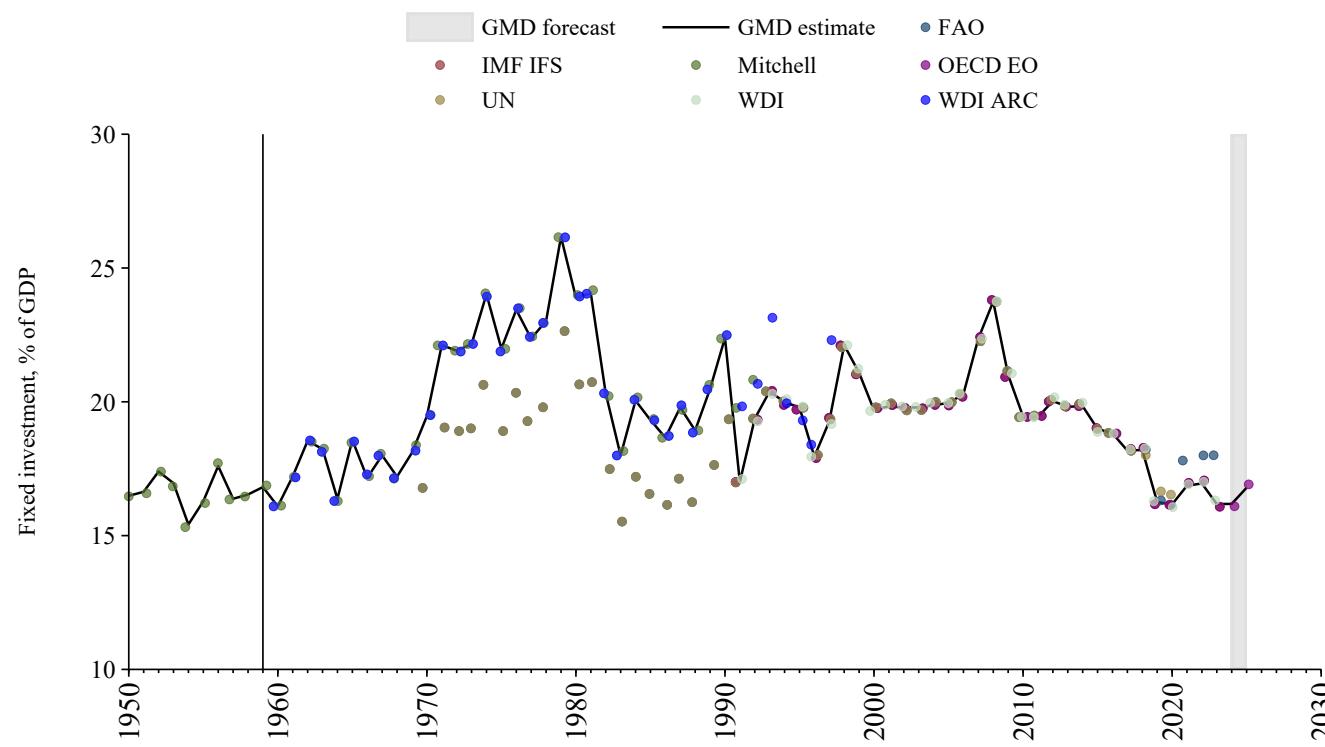
Fixed investment

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 100.1%)..
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
OECD Economic Outlook (2024)	2024 - 2025	Spliced using overlapping data in 2026.



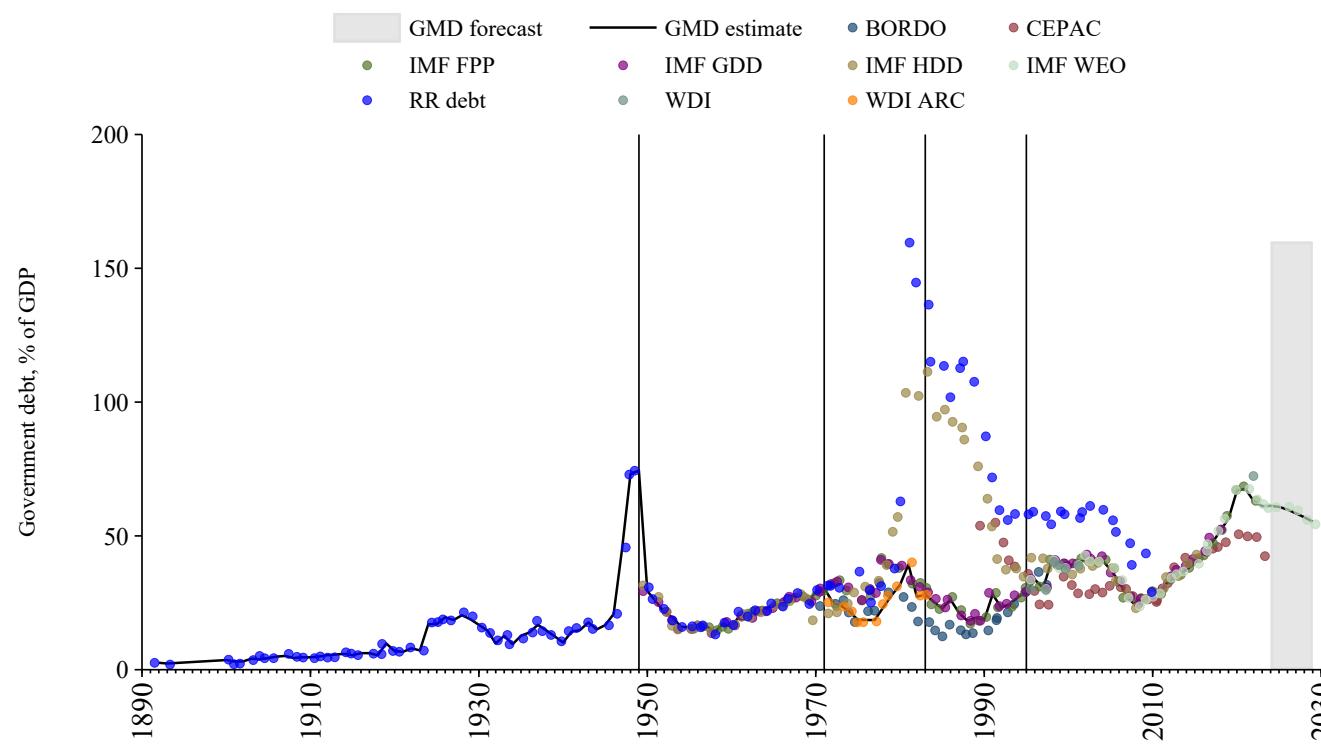
Fixed investment to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 100.1%)..
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
OECD Economic Outlook (2024)	2024 - 2025	Spliced using overlapping data in 2026.



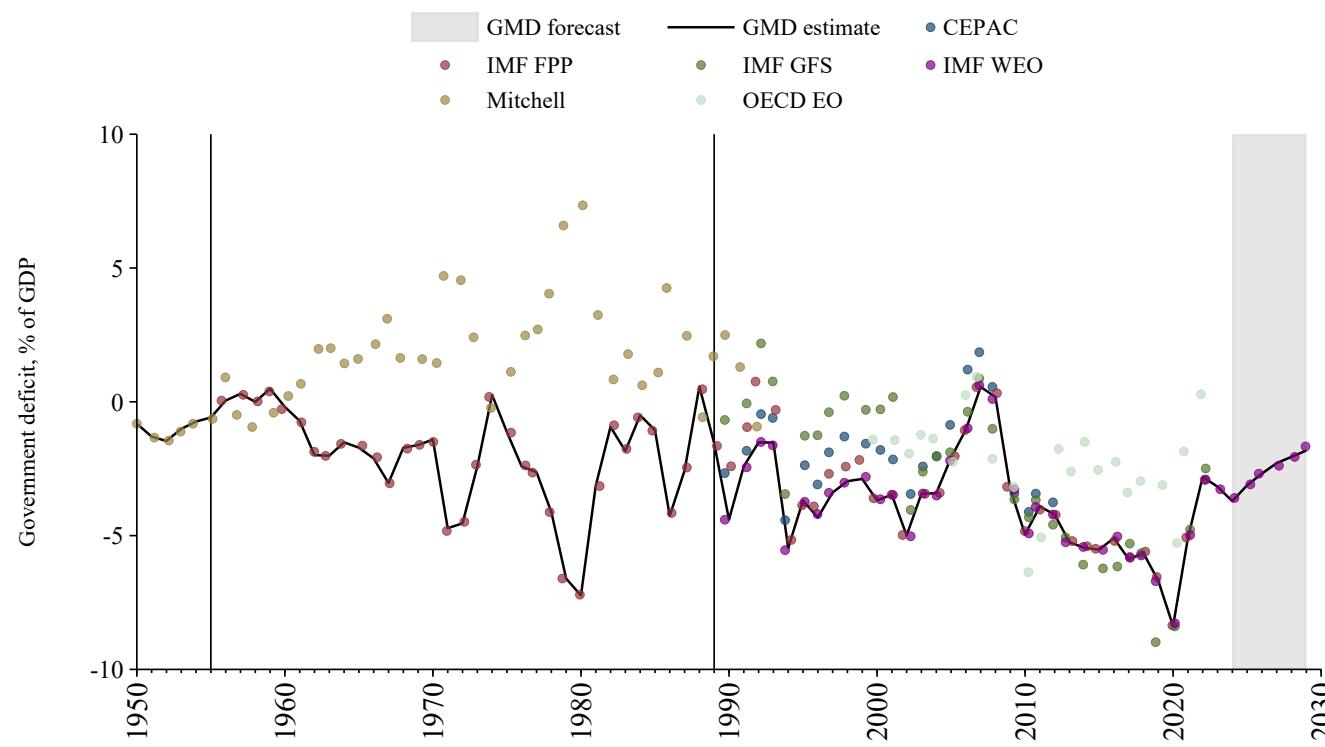
Government debt

Source	Time span	Notes
Reinhart and Rogoff (2010)	1892 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950.
Mbaye et al. (2018)	1950 - 1971	Spliced using overlapping data in 1972. Data refers to central government.
World Bank (Archives) (1999)	1972 - 1983	Spliced using overlapping data in 1984. Data refers to central government.
Mbaye et al. (2018)	1984 - 1995	Spliced using overlapping data in 1996. Data refers to central government.
WEO (2024)	1996 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018. Data refers to general government.



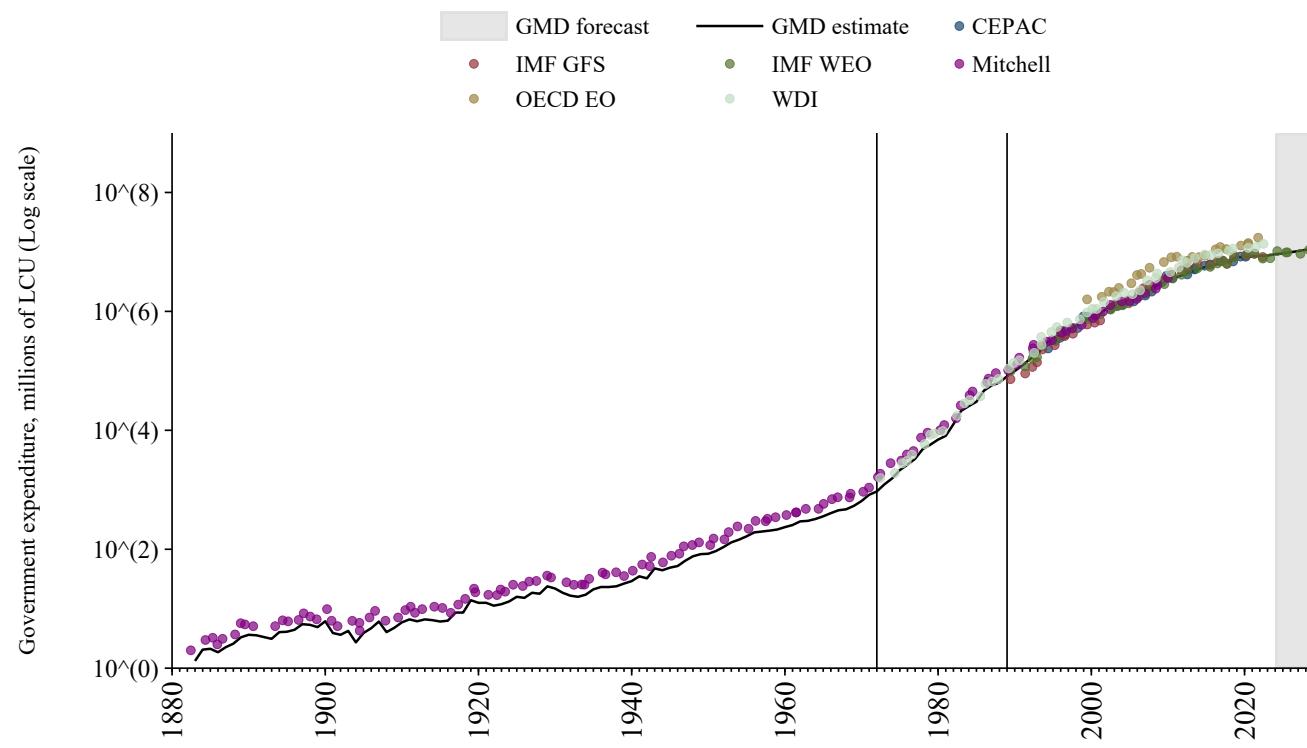
Government deficit

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1955	Spliced using overlapping data in 1956.
Mauro et al. (2015)	1956 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990.
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



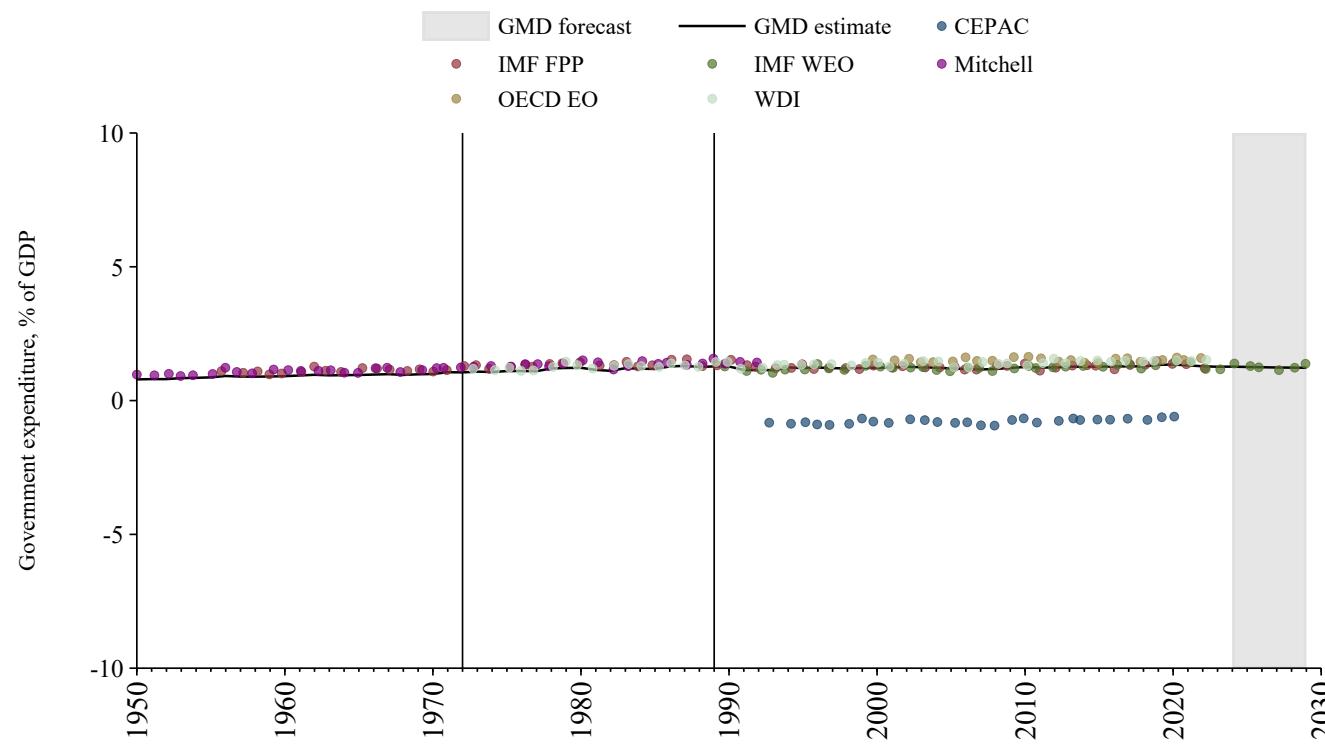
Government expenditure

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1883 - 1972	Spliced using overlapping data in 1973: (ratio = 66.2%).. Data refers to central government.
World Bank (2024)	1973 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990: (ratio = 78.2%).. Data refers to general government.
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018. Data refers to general government.



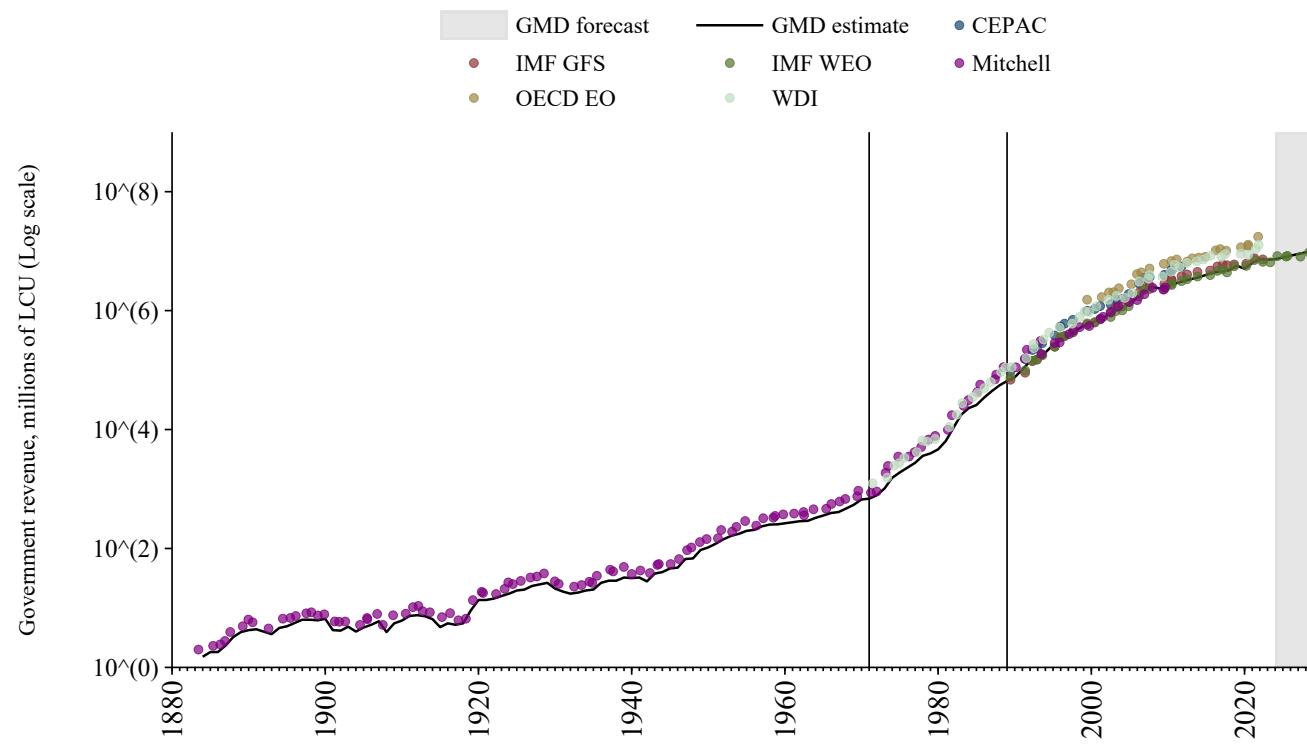
Government expenditure to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1972	Spliced using overlapping data in 1973: (ratio = 65.9%).. Data refers to central government.
World Bank (2024)	1973 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990: (ratio = 77.8%).. Data refers to general government.
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018. Data refers to general government.



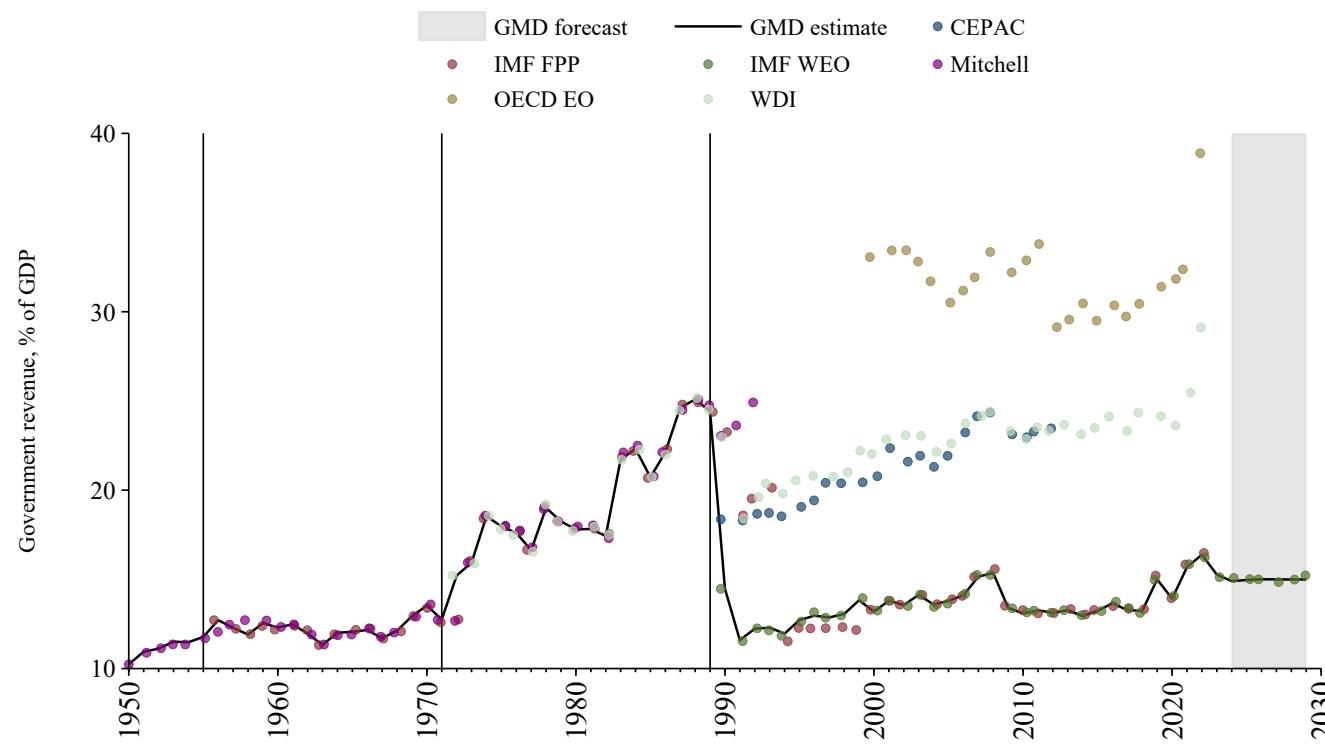
Government revenue

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1884 - 1971	Spliced using overlapping data in 1972: (ratio = 75.6%).. Data refers to central government.
World Bank (2024)	1972 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990: (ratio = 63%).. Data refers to general government.
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018. Data refers to general government.



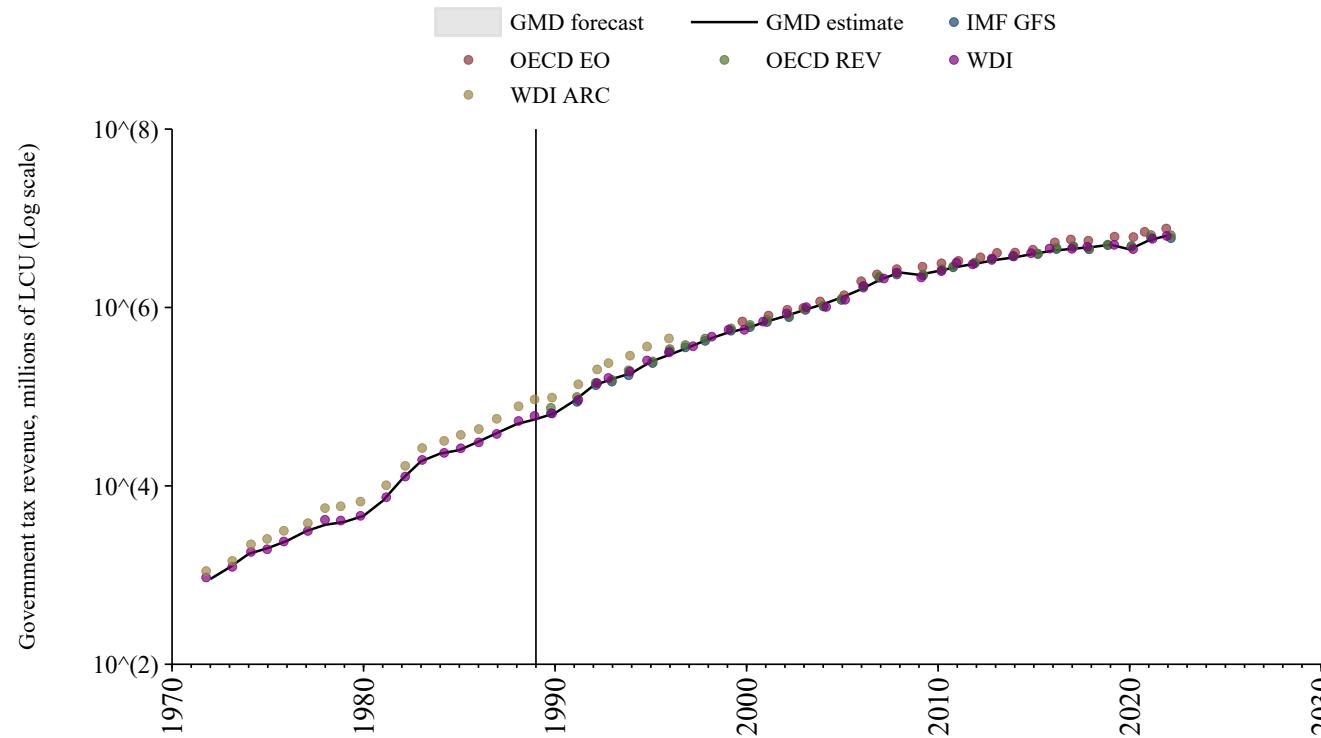
Government revenue to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1955	Spliced using overlapping data in 1956. Data refers to central government.
Mauro et al. (2015)	1956 - 1971	Spliced using overlapping data in 1972. Data refers to general government.
World Bank (2024)	1972 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990. Data refers to general government.
WEO (2024)	1990 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018. Data refers to general government.



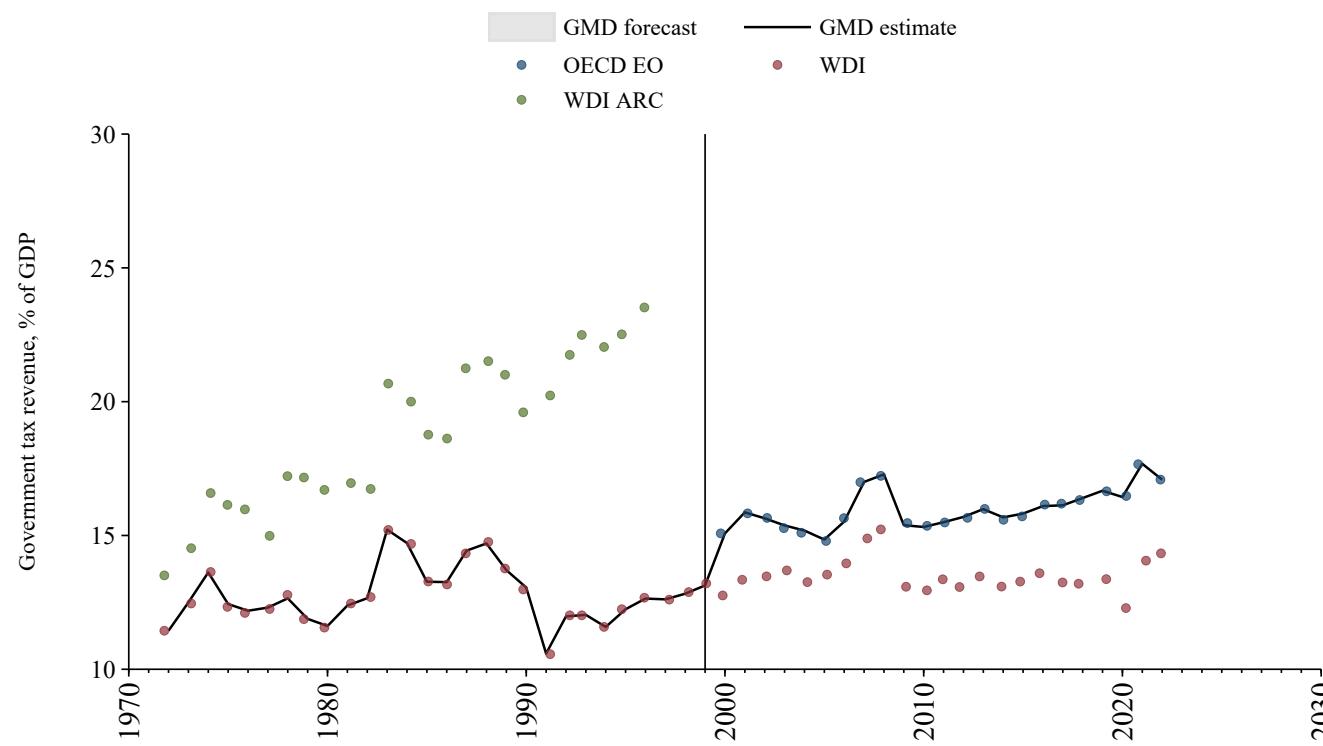
Government tax revenue

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (2024)	1972 - 1989	Spliced using overlapping data in 1990: (ratio = 96%).. Data refers to general government.
International Monetary Fund (2024a)	1990 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018. Data refers to central government.



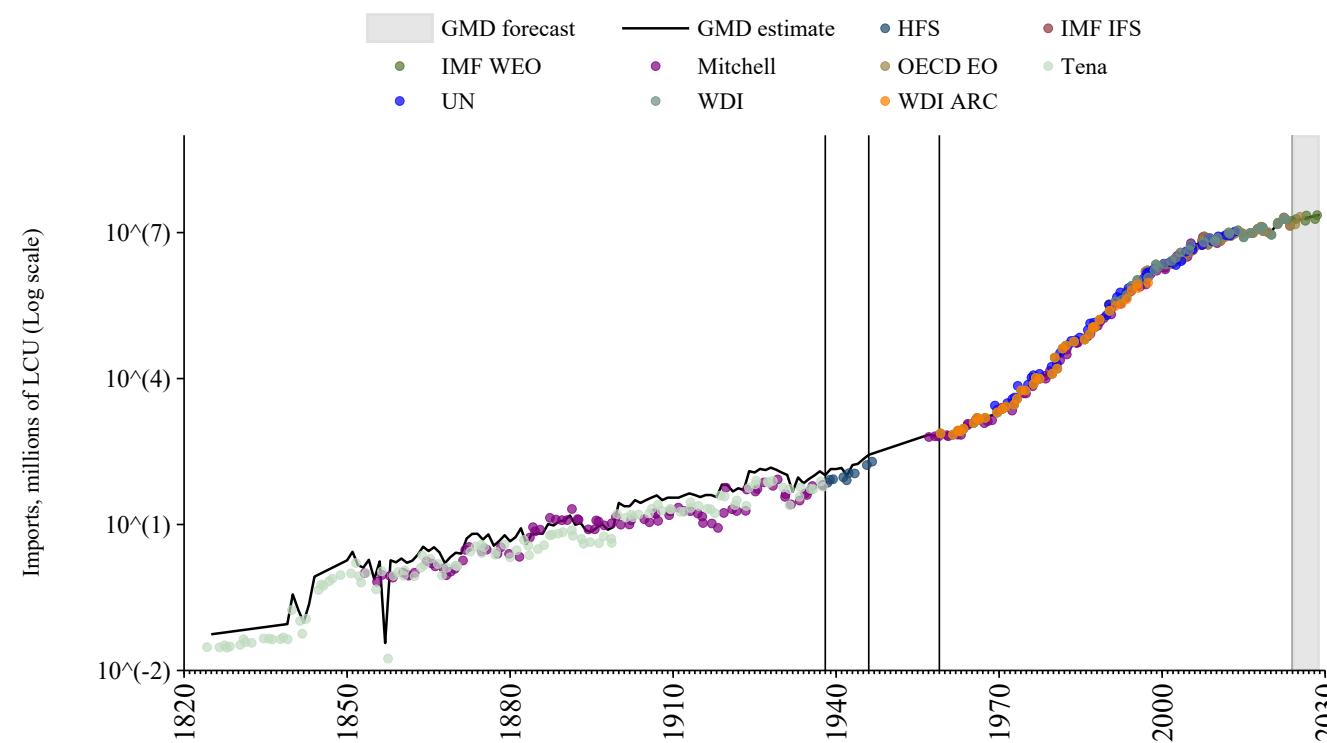
Government tax revenue to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (2024)	1972 - 1999	Spliced using overlapping data in 2000. Data refers to central government.
OECD Economic Outlook (2024)	2000 - 2022	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018. Data refers to general government.



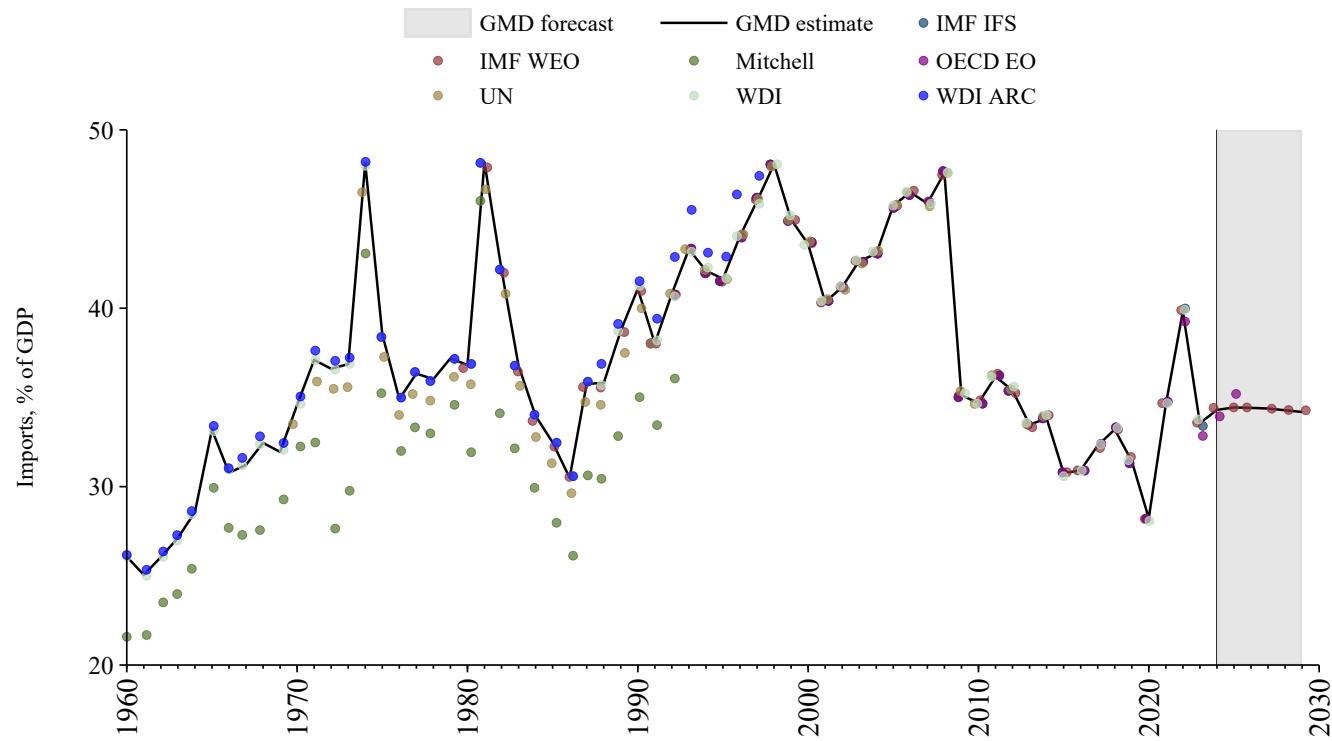
Imports

Source	Time span	Notes
Federico and Tena-Junguito (2019)	1825 - 1938	Spliced using overlapping data in 1939: (ratio = 183.7%)..
Schuler (2015)	1939 - 1946	Spliced using overlapping data in 1947: (ratio = 145.8%)..
Mitchell (2013)	1947 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 120.8%)..
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
WEO (2024)	2024 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



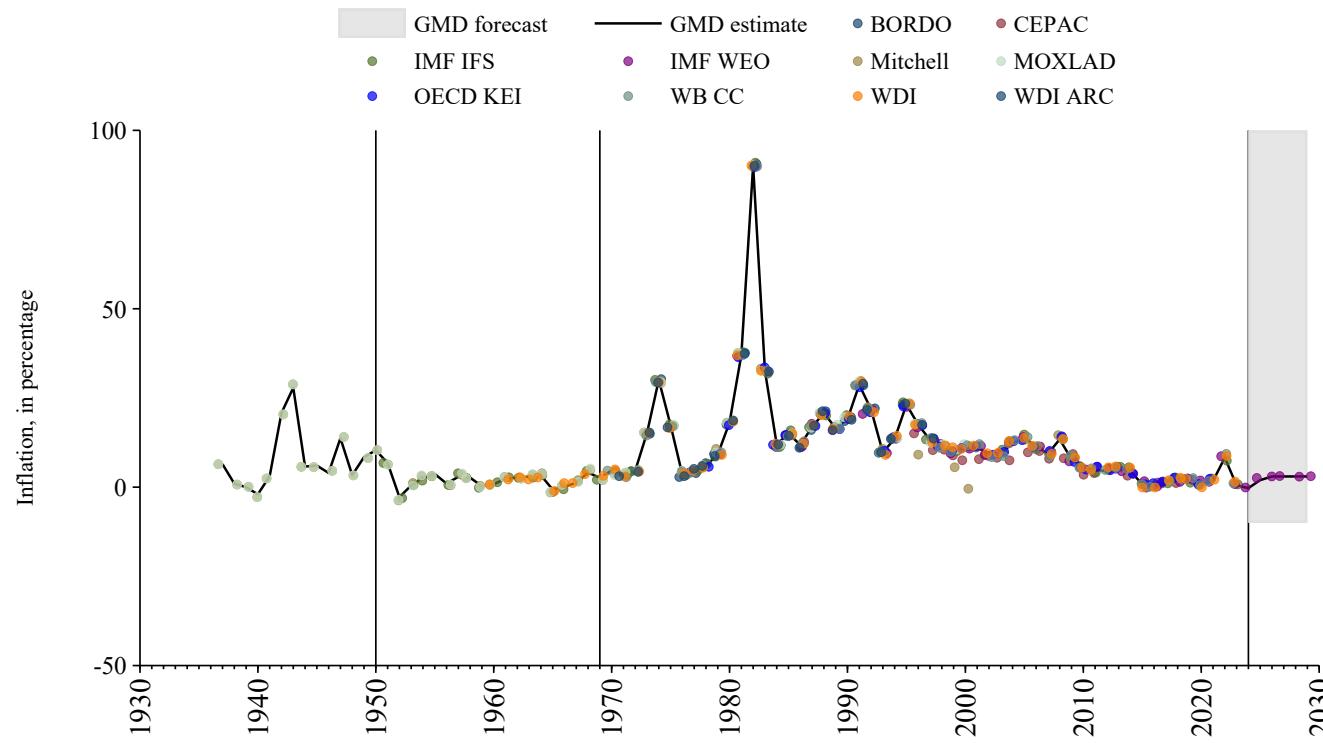
Imports to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
WEO (2024)	2024 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



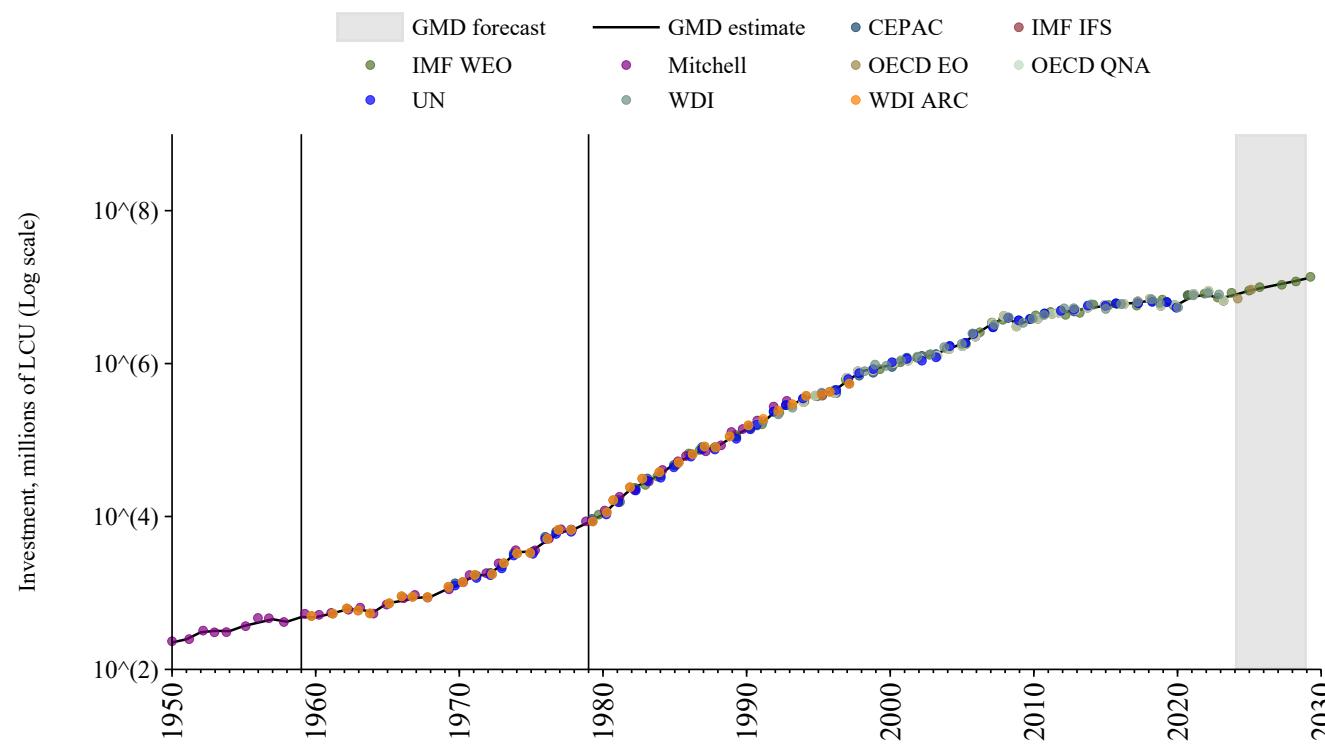
Inflation

Source	Time span	Notes
Bértola and Rey (2018)	1937 - 1950	Spliced using overlapping data in 1951.
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1951 - 1969	Spliced using overlapping data in 1970.
Ha et al. (2023)	1970 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
WEO (2024)	2024 - 2029	Spliced using overlapping data in 2030.



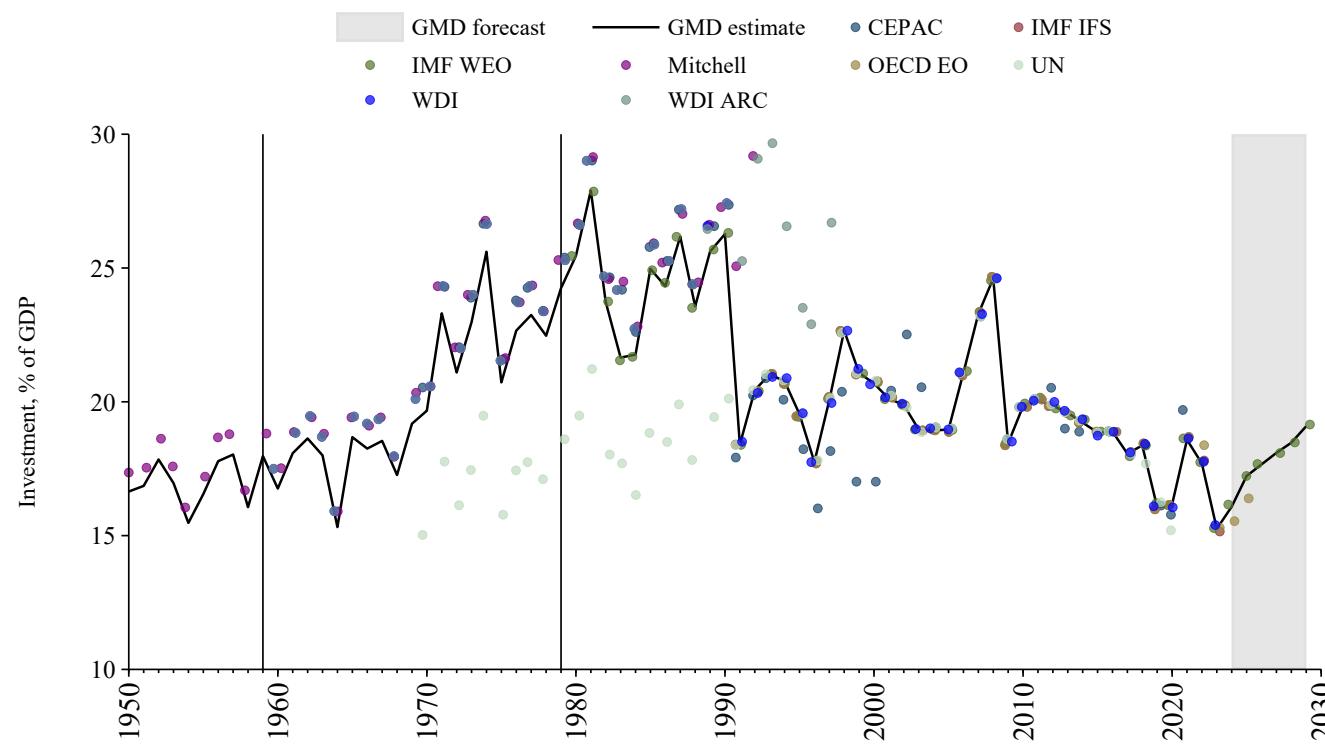
Investment

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 96.3%)..
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 96.2%)..
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



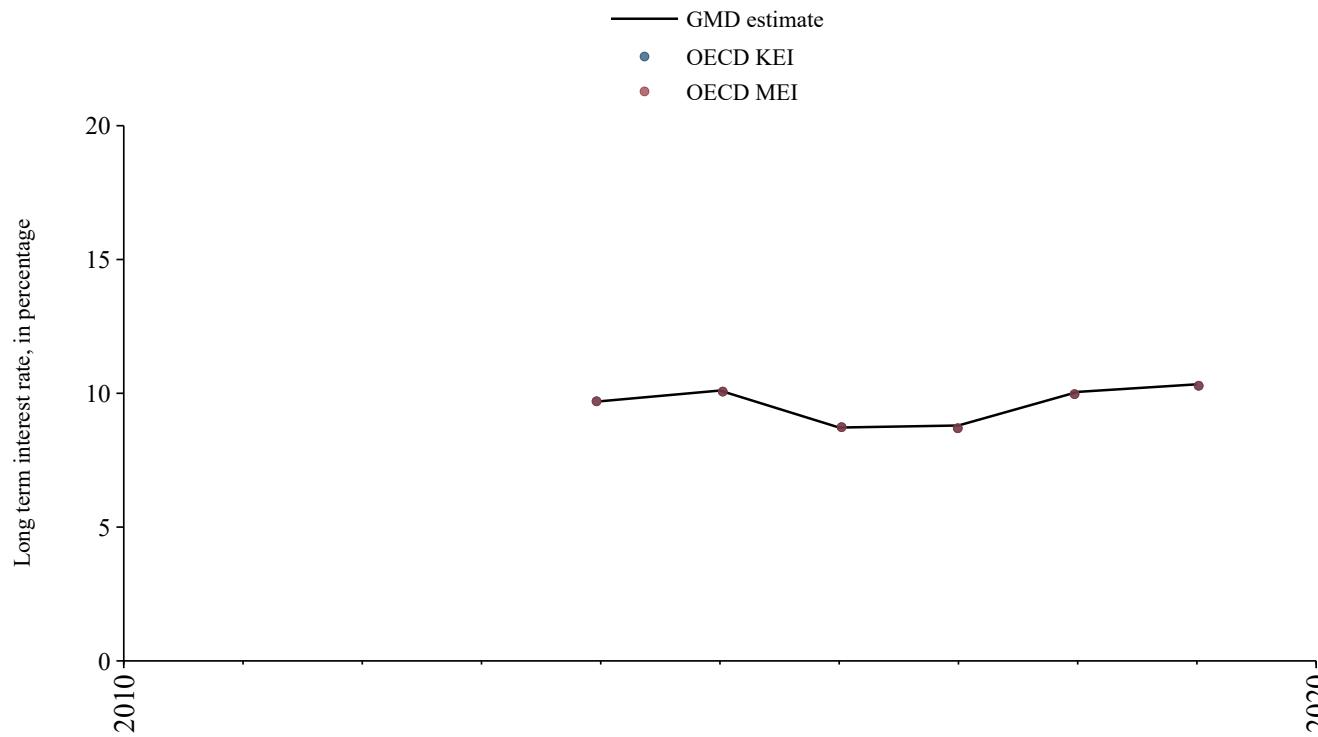
Investment to GDP ratio

Source	Time span	Notes
Mitchell (2013)	1950 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 95.9%)..
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 95.8%)..
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



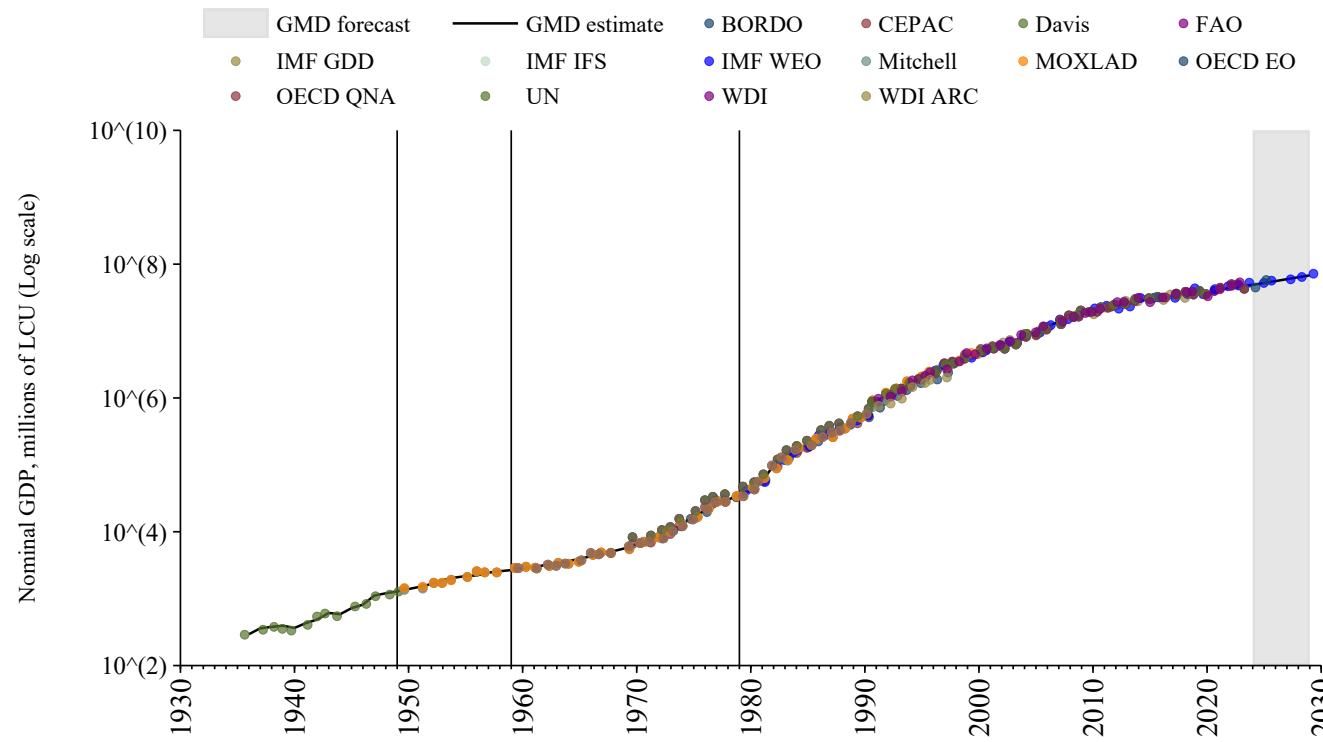
Long term interest rate

Source	Time span	Notes
OECD (2024b)	2014 - 2019	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



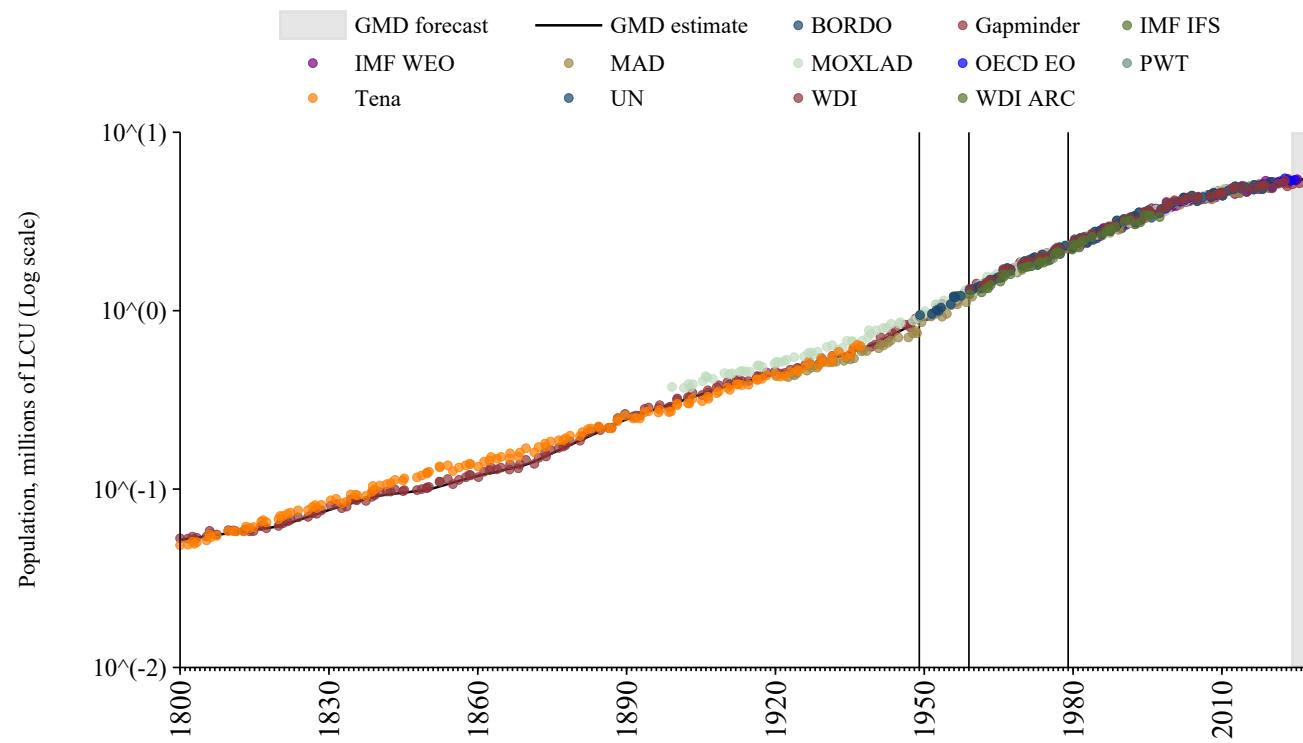
Nominal GDP

Source	Time span	Notes
University of California Davis (2024)	1936 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950: (ratio = 101.4%)..
Mbaye et al. (2018)	1950 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 99%)..
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 100.5%)..
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



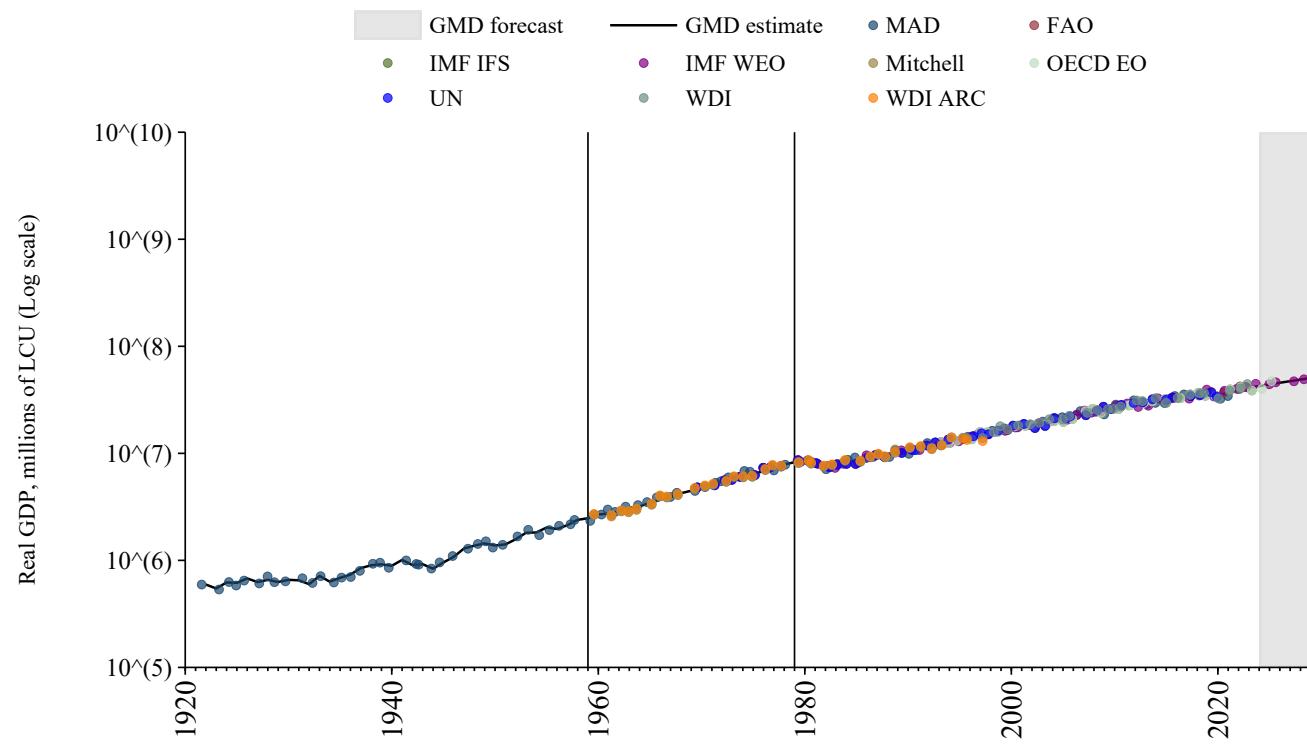
Population

Source	Time span	Notes
Gapminder (2024)	1800 - 1949	Spliced using overlapping data in 1950: (ratio = 98%)..
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1950 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960: (ratio = 96.1%)..
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980: (ratio = 96.3%)..
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
Gapminder (2024)	2030 - 2030	Spliced using overlapping data in 2031: (ratio = 106.7%)..



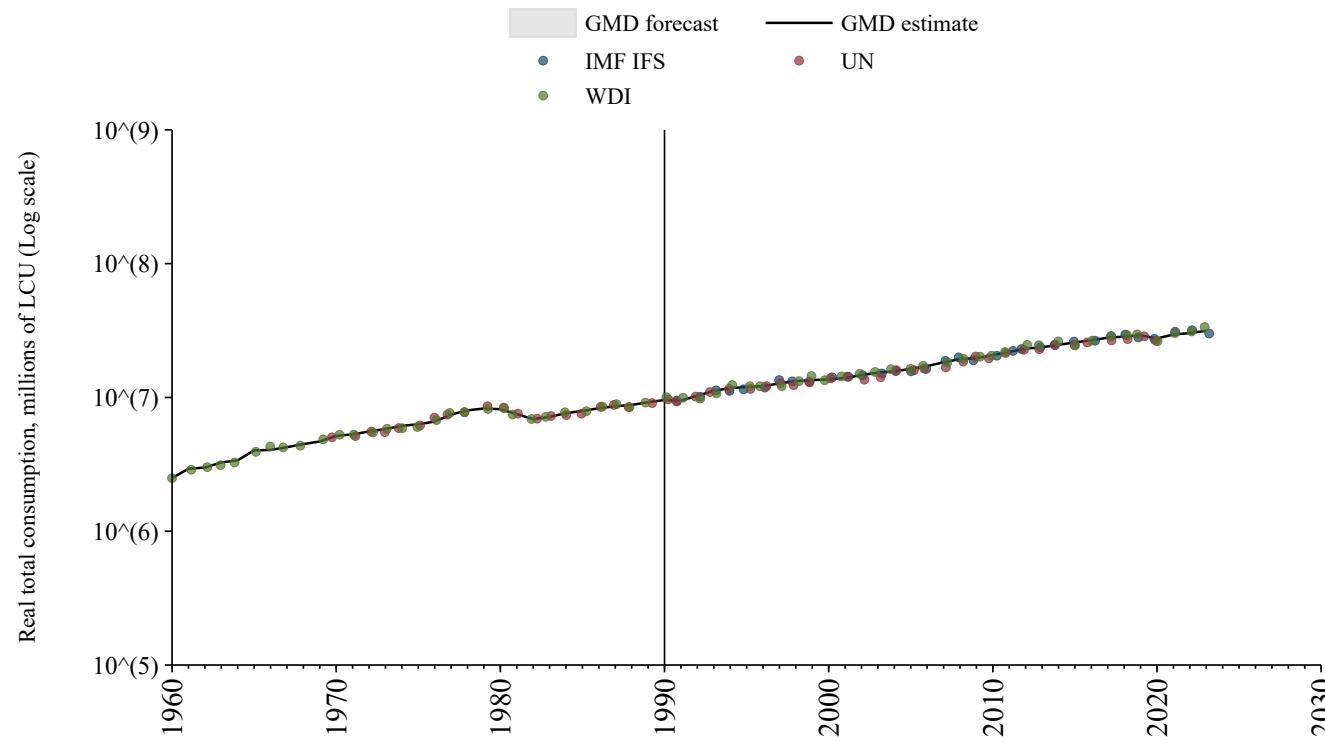
Real GDP

Source	Time span	Notes
Bolt et al. (2018)	1922 - 1959	Spliced using overlapping data in 1960.
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 1979	Spliced using overlapping data in 1980.
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



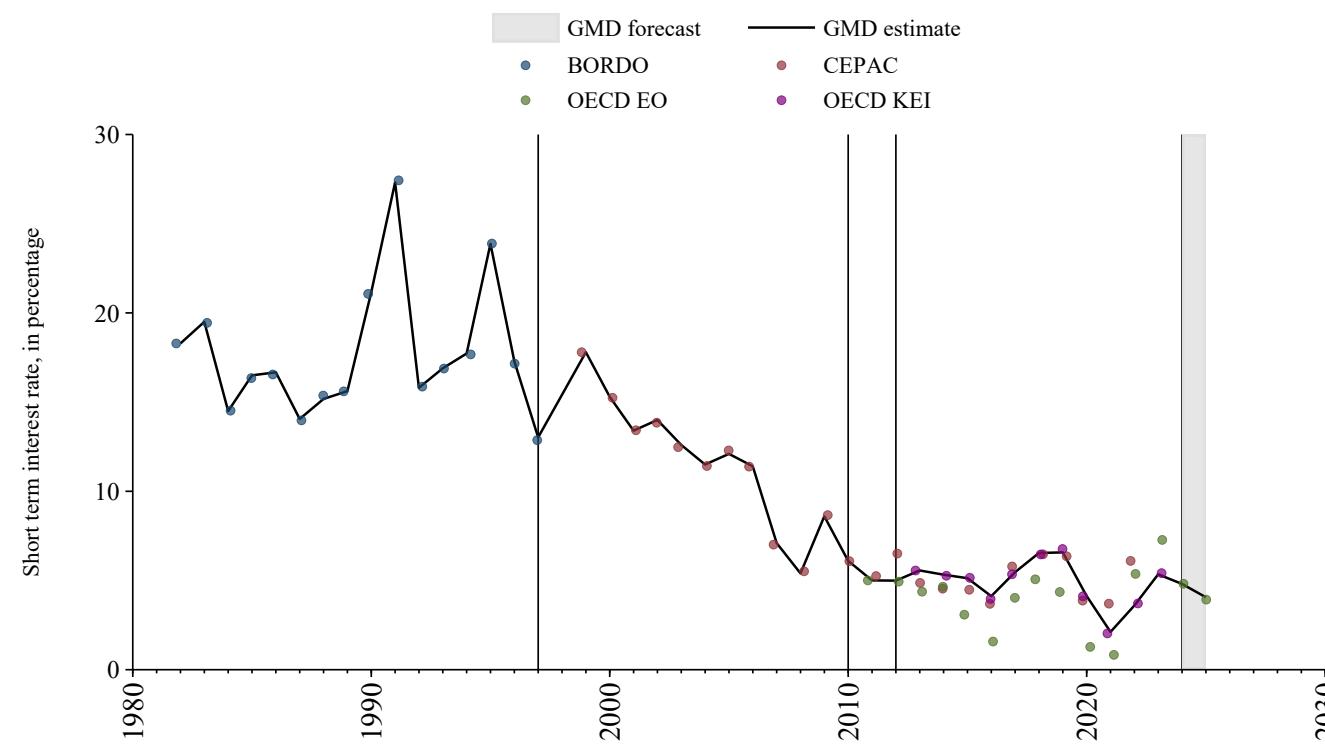
Real total consumption

Source	Time span	Notes
World Bank (2024)	1960 - 1990	Spliced using overlapping data in 1991.
International Monetary Fund (2024b)	1991 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



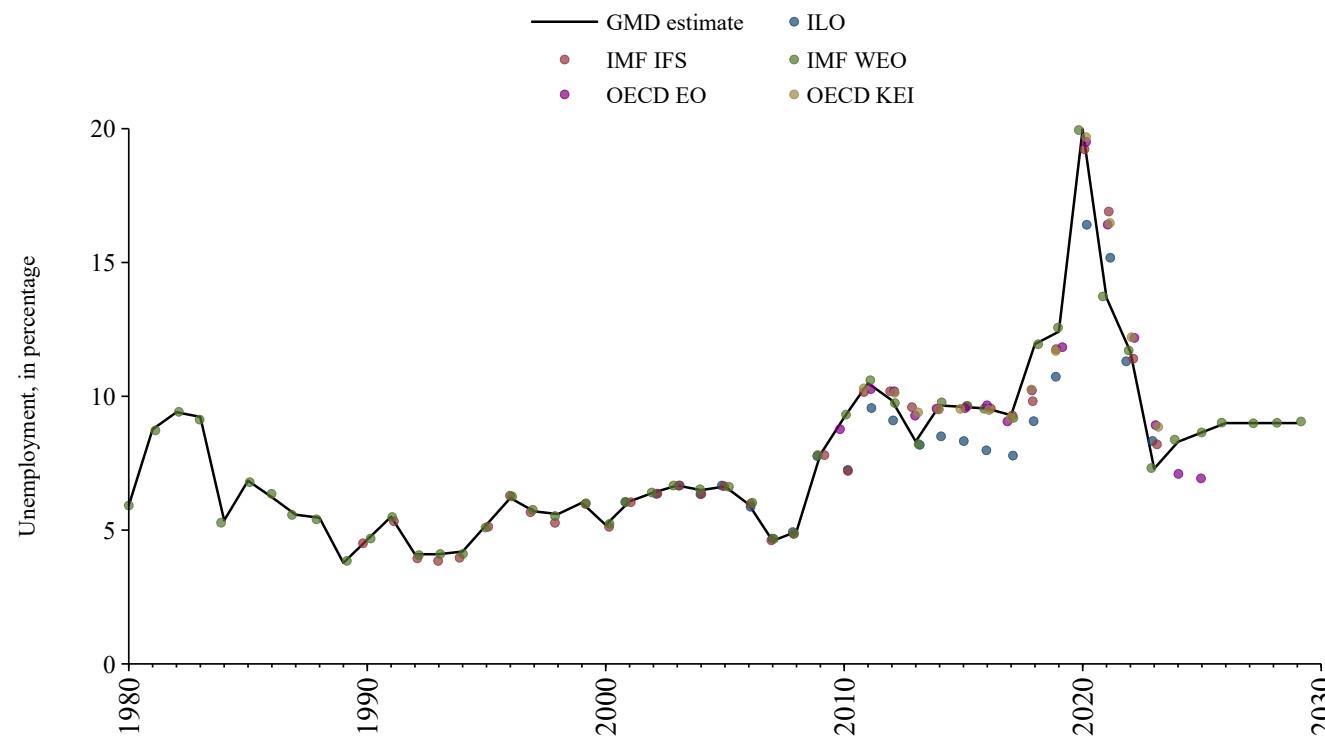
Short term interest rate

Source	Time span	Notes
Bordo et al. (2001)	1982 - 1997	Spliced using overlapping data in 1998.
Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (2024)	1998 - 2010	Spliced using overlapping data in 2011.
OECD Economic Outlook (2024)	2011 - 2012	Spliced using overlapping data in 2013.
OECD (2024a)	2013 - 2023	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.
OECD Economic Outlook (2024)	2024 - 2025	Spliced using overlapping data in 2026.



Unemployment

Source	Time span	Notes
WEO (2024)	1980 - 2029	Baseline source, overlaps with base year 2018.



References

References

- Bank for International Settlements (2024).
- Bolt, Jutta, Robert Inklaar, Herman de Jong, and Jan Luiten van Zanden. “Rebasing ‘Maddison’: New Income Comparisons and the Shape of Long-run Economic Development.” *Maddison Project Working Paper 10*, Maddison Project (2018). Accessed: 2024-04-04.
- Bordo, M., B. Eichengreen, D. Klingebiel, and M. S. Martinez-Peria. “Is the Crisis Problem Growing More Severe?” *Economic Policy*, 16(2001), 52–82.
- Bértola, Luis and María Rey. “The Montevideo-Oxford Latin American Economic History Database (MOxLAD): Origins, Contents and Sources.” *Economic History of Developing Regions*, 33(2018), 209–224.
- Darvas, Zsolt. “Timely Measurement of Real Effective Exchange Rates.” Working Paper 2021/15, Bruegel (2021).
- Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean. “Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-06-18.
- Federico, Giovanni and Antonio Tena-Junguito. “World Trade, 1800-1938: a New Synthesis.” *Revista de Historia Económica-Journal of Iberian and Latin America Economic History*, 37(2019).
- Gapminder. “Gapminder: Total Population.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-08-14.
- Grimm, Maximilian. “The Effect of Monetary Policy on Systemic Bank Funding Stability.” (2024).
- Ha, Jongrim, M. Ayhan Kose, and Franziska Ohnsorge. “One-Stop Source: A Global Database of Inflation.” *Journal of International Money and Finance*, 137(2023), 102896.
- International Monetary Fund. “Government Finance Statistics.” (2024a).
- _____. “International Financial Statistics.” (2024b).
- _____. “Monetary and Financial Statistics.” (2024c).
- Mauro, Paolo, Rafael Romeu, Ariel Binder, and Asad Zaman. “A modern history of fiscal prudence and profligacy.” *Journal of Monetary Economics*, 76(2015), 55–70.
- Mbaye, S., M. Moreno-Badia, and K. Chae. “Global Debt Database: Methodology and Sources.” IMF Working Papers 2018/111, International Monetary Fund (2018).
- Mitchell, Brian. *International Historical Statistics*. International Historical Statistics. Palgrave Macmillan London, 1 edition (2013).
- OECD. “OECD Key Economic Indicators Data.” (2024a). Accessed on 2024-07-10.

- . “OECD Main Economic Indicators Data.” (2024b). Accessed on 2024-07-04.
- OECD Economic Outlook. “OECD Economic Outlook Data.” (2024). Accessed on 2024-06-05.
- Reinhart, Carmen M. and Kenneth S. Rogoff. “Debt-to-GDP Ratios Dataset.” (2010). Historical debt-to-GDP ratios for 70 countries.
- Schuler, Kurt. “Establishing an International Data Archive on Free Banking.” Studies in Applied Economics 24, The Johns Hopkins Institute for Applied Economics, Global Health, and the Study of Business Enterprise (2015).
- United Nations. “World Population Prospects 2024, Online Edition.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-02-02.
- University of California Davis. “Nominal GDP Historical Series.” (2024).
- WEO. “World Economic Outlook Database.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-08-05.
- World Bank. “World Development Indicators.” (2024). Accessed: 2024-04-21.
- World Bank (Archives). “World Development Indicators.” (1999). Accessed: 2024-07-21.