## Side\_Pop\_Protocol

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### Protocol

Note: Seed cells 1-2 days before so they are in log phase growth

Note: Preheat thermomixer to 37°C and take out Verapamil and Hoechst from -20°C before starting

- 1. Suspend cells and count
- 2. Dilute cells to  $1x10^6$  cells/mL

Note: Determine correct dilution media (FACS buffer, Media, ect.)

Ex: For N2 use media as FACS buffer will reduce viability

- 3. Distribute 1ml of cell suspension to eppendorfs
- 4. Add X  $\mu$ L verapamil to control samples and X  $\mu$ L PBS to test samples

**Note:** Verapamil volume depends on cell line; cell lines with larger morphology could require more volume. Important to optimise this aspect of the assay before proceeding.

Ex. 10  $\mu$ L Verapamil is optimal for N2 PDX

- 5. Incubate samples for 20 min at 37°C shaking at 600rpm
- 6. Add Hoechst to samples

**Note:** Be **VERY** precise with pipetting (ie. remove droplets from tip). This is the most important optimization step. Test with a range of concentrations with corresponding Verapamil controls to determine optimal volumes for both reagents.

Note: Protect Hoechst from light (ie. cover shaker with tinfoil, try to operate in the dark)

Ex:  $2.5 \mu L$  Hoescht is optimal for N2 PDX

- 7. Incubate samples in thermomixer for 2hrs at  $37^{\circ}$ C and 600rpm
- 8. Put samples on ice and spin down at 250 x g at 4°C **Note:** Set centrifuge to 4°C 30min before the end of Hoechst incubation, collect ice and label FACS tubes
- 9. Resuspend in ice cold dilution media

Note: Use  $\sim 300 \ \mu L$ 

10. Read samples on Fortessa II

# Reagents

Reagent	Product Code	[Stock]	[Assay]	Volume of Stock Used
Hoescht Verapamil	ab228551 V4629	$1 \mathrm{mg/ml}$ $10 \mathrm{mM}$	$2\text{-}5~\mu\mathrm{g/mL}$ $100\mu\mathrm{M}$	$2\text{-}5\mu\mathrm{L/mL}$ $10\mu\mathrm{L/mL}$

# **Cytometer Optics**

• Email flow facilites about changing the filters before starting

• UV Laser (Fortessa II) excites at 350nm

- Hoechst Red: 610/20 BP