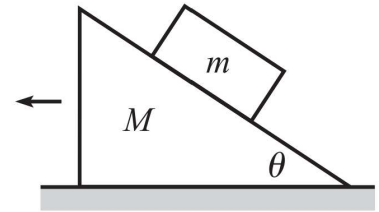


Developing the Equations of Motion

We first find the energy equations.

We define:

→ Position of block: x_{block} where → is +
 → " " Plane: x_{plane}



Height of block
 $U = mg(x_{\text{block}} - x_{\text{plane}}) \tan \theta$
 accounts for plane sliding

Break velocities into components
 $T = \frac{1}{2} M \dot{x}_{\text{plane}}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m (\underbrace{\dot{x}_{\text{block}}^2}_{\text{Horizontal}} + \underbrace{[(\dot{x}_{\text{block}} - \dot{x}_{\text{plane}}) \tan \theta]^2}_{\text{Vertical}})$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L} = T - U = \frac{1}{2} M \dot{x}_{\text{plane}}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{x}_{\text{block}}^2 + (\dot{x}_{\text{block}} - \dot{x}_{\text{plane}})^2 \tan^2 \theta) - mg(x_{\text{block}} - x_{\text{plane}}) \tan \theta$$

Block EoM:

$$\frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dx_{\text{block}}} - \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\mathcal{L}}{d\dot{x}_{\text{block}}} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -mg \tan \theta - \frac{d}{dt} (m \dot{x}_{\text{block}} + 2(\dot{x}_{\text{block}} - \dot{x}_{\text{plane}}) \tan^2 \theta) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -mg \tan \theta = m \ddot{x}_{\text{block}} + 2(\ddot{x}_{\text{block}} - \ddot{x}_{\text{plane}}) \tan^2 \theta$$

Plane EoM

$$\frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dx_{\text{plane}}} - \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{d\mathcal{L}}{d\dot{x}_{\text{plane}}} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow mg \tan \theta - \frac{d}{dt} (M \dot{x}_{\text{plane}} - 2(\dot{x}_{\text{block}} - \dot{x}_{\text{plane}}) \tan^2 \theta) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow mg \tan \theta = M \ddot{x}_{\text{plane}} - 2(\ddot{x}_{\text{block}} - \ddot{x}_{\text{plane}}) \tan^2 \theta$$