Mathematics 227

Vectors

Visit the web site <code>gvsu.edu/s/0Je</code> where you find an interactive figure you can use to investigate linear combinations. We will consider the vectors

$$\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{w} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

and consider linear combinations $a\mathbf{v} + b\mathbf{w}$.

1. The weight b is initially set to 0. Explain what happens as you vary a with b=0? How is this related to scalar multiplication?

2. What is the linear combination of v and w when a = 1 and b = -2? You may find this result using the diagram, but you should also verify it by computing the linear combination.

3. Describe the vectors that arise when the weight *b* is set to 1 and *a* is varied. How is this related to our investigations in the previous activity?

4. Can the vector $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ be expressed as a linear combination of **v** and **w**? If so, what are weights a and b?

5. Use the diagram to determine whether the vector $\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ can be expressed as a linear combination of v and w? If so, what are weights a and b?

6. Verify the result from the previous part by algebraically finding the weights a and b that form the linear combination $\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$.

7. Can the vector $\begin{bmatrix} 1.3 \\ 1.7 \end{bmatrix}$ be expressed as a linear combination of v and w? What about the vector $\begin{bmatrix} 15.2 \\ 7.1 \end{bmatrix}$?

8. Are there any two-dimensional vectors that cannot be expressed as linear combinations of v and w?