

Numerik 2: Serie 1

Valmir Selmani und Luca Raffa, IT16tb_ZH

19. September 2018

Aufgabe 1a

$$f(x) = e^x, x_0 = 0$$

$$\text{Taylor: } f(x) = \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{f^{(k)}(x_0)}{k!} (x - x_0)^k$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{k=0}^7 \frac{f^{(k)}(x_0)}{k!} (x - x_0)^k = 1 + \frac{f'(x_0)}{1!} \cdot (x - x_0) + \frac{f''(x_0)}{2!} \cdot (x - x_0)^2 + \frac{f'''(x_0)}{3!} \cdot (x - x_0)^3 + \\ \frac{f^{(4)}(x_0)}{4!} \cdot (x - x_0)^4 + \frac{f^{(5)}(x_0)}{5!} \cdot (x - x_0)^5 + \frac{f^{(6)}(x_0)}{6!} \cdot (x - x_0)^6 + \frac{f^{(7)}(x_0)}{7!} \cdot (x - x_0)^7$$

$$p(x) = 1 + x + \frac{1}{2} \cdot x^2 + \frac{1}{6} \cdot x^3 + \frac{1}{24} \cdot x^4 + \frac{1}{120} \cdot x^5 + \frac{1}{720} \cdot x^6 + \frac{1}{5040} \cdot x^7$$

Aufgabe 1b

$$f(x) = e^x$$

$$f(1) = e \approx 2.71828...$$

$$p(1) = 1 + 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{24} + \frac{1}{120} + \frac{1}{720} + \frac{1}{5040} = \frac{685}{252}$$

$$\text{absoluter Fehler: } |f(1) - p(1)| = \left| e - \frac{685}{252} \right| = 2.7860 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

Aufgabe 1c

$$e = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!}$$
