

MANIT 2

Übungen zu Stammfunktionen

Bestimmen Sie eine zu f gehörende Stammfunktion F

Aufgabe 1	Aufgabe 2
a) $f(x) = 1 \Rightarrow F(x) = \times + \subset$	a) $f(x) = 3x \Rightarrow F(x) = \int 3x dx = 3 \int x dx = \frac{3x^3}{2}$
b) $f(x) = x \Rightarrow F(x) = X^2 + C$	b) $f(x) = \frac{1}{8}x \Rightarrow F(x) = \frac{1}{8} \int x dx = \frac{x^2}{16} + C$
c) $f(x) = x^2 \Rightarrow F(x) = \frac{x^3}{3} + C$	c) $f(x) = \sqrt{2} \cdot x \Rightarrow F(x) = \frac{12}{2} + 2$
d) $f(x) = x^3 \Rightarrow F(x) = \frac{x^4}{4}$	d) $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot x^3 \Rightarrow F(x) = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{x^4}{4} = \frac{x^4}{8}$
e) $f(x) = x^4 \Rightarrow F(x) = \frac{x^5}{5} + C$	e) $f(x) = (r+1)x^r \Rightarrow F(x) = \mathbf{x}^{\lceil \frac{1}{2} \rceil}$
f) $f(x) = x^r \Rightarrow F(x) = \frac{x^{r+1}}{r+1} + c$	f) $f(x) = x^{-0.5r} \Rightarrow F(x) = \frac{x^{-0.5r+1}}{-0.5r+1}$

Aufgabe 3	Aufgabe 4
a) $f(x) = 2x + 1 \Rightarrow F(x) = x^{l} + x + c$	$a) f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + \sqrt[4]{x} \Rightarrow F(x) = \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}}{\sqrt[4]{3}} + \frac{\sqrt[4]{3}}{\sqrt[4]{3}}$
b) $f(x) = 3x^2 - 2x \Rightarrow F(x) = x^3 - x^4 + c$	b) $f(x) = \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow F(x) =$
c) $f(x) = -4x^2 - x \Rightarrow F(x) = -\frac{4x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{1} + C$	c) $f(x) = \frac{-2}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow F(x) =$
d) $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^3 - \frac{1}{4}x \Rightarrow F(x) = \frac{4}{5} - \frac{2}{5} + C$	$d) f(x) = -3e^{-6x} \Rightarrow F(x) =$
e) $f(x) = 0.01x^3 - 0.6x^2 + 3x \Rightarrow F(x) =$	e) $f(x) = \frac{3}{2x} \Rightarrow F(x) =$
f) $f(t) = 2\sqrt{t \cdot x} \Rightarrow F(t) = Lx \frac{e^{t \cdot x}}{4 \cdot x}$	f) $f(x) = \ln(x)$ (Tipp: Produktregel anwenden) $\Rightarrow F(x) =$



MANIT 2

Lösung 1

a)
$$F(x) = x + c$$

b)
$$F(x) = \frac{x^2}{2} + c$$

c)
$$F(x) = \frac{x^3}{3} + c$$

d)
$$F(x) = \frac{x^4}{4} + c$$

e)
$$F(x) = \frac{x^5}{5} + c$$

f)
$$F(x) = \frac{x^{r+1}}{r+1} + c$$

Lösung 3

a)
$$F(x) = x^2 + x + c$$

b)
$$F(x) = x^3 - x^2 + c$$

c)
$$F(x) = -\frac{4x^3}{3} - \frac{x^2}{2} + c$$

d)
$$F(x) = \frac{x^4}{8} - \frac{x^2}{8} + c$$

e)
$$F(x) = \frac{x^4}{400} - \frac{x^3}{5} + \frac{3x^2}{2} + c$$

f)
$$F(t) = \frac{4x \cdot t^{1.5}}{3} + c = \frac{4x}{3} \sqrt{t^3} + c$$

Lösung 2

a)
$$F(x) = \frac{3x^2}{2} + c$$

a)
$$F(x) = \frac{3x^2}{2} + c$$

b) $F(x) = \frac{x^2}{16} + c$

c)
$$F(x) = \frac{\sqrt{2}x^2}{2} + c$$

d)
$$F(x) = -\frac{x^4}{9} + c$$

e)
$$F(x) = x^{r+1} + c$$

f)
$$F(x) = \frac{1}{1 - 0.5r} x^{-0.5r + 1} + c$$

Lösung 4

a)
$$F(x) = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x^4}}{4} + \frac{4\sqrt[4]{x^5}}{5} + c$$

b)
$$F(x) = 6\sqrt{x} + c$$

c)
$$F(x) = -\ln(x) + \frac{2}{x} + c$$

d)
$$F(x) = \frac{e^{-6x}}{2} + c$$

e)
$$F(x) = \frac{3 \cdot \ln(x)}{2} + c$$

f)
$$F(x) = x \cdot \ln(x) - x + c$$