

Converting character string to single-precision real number

EVAL(P)/DEVAL(P)

FX5S FX5UJ FX5U FX5UC

These instructions convert the character strings in the device areas specified by (s) and later to single-precision real number, and store the converted data in the device specified by (d).

The EVAL(P) instructions can also be used as DEVAL(P).

Ladder diagram	Structured text
	ENO:=EVAL(EN,s,d); ENO:=EVALP(EN,s,d);
FBD/LD	

Setting data

■ Descriptions, ranges, and data types

Operand	Description	Range	Data type	Data type (label)
(s)	Character string data to be converted to single-precision real number or head device number where the character string data is stored	—	Character string	ANYSTRING_SINGLE
(d)	Head device number storing converted single-precision real number	—	Single-precision real number	ANYREAL_32
EN	Execution condition	—	Bit	BOOL
ENO	Execution result	—	Bit	BOOL

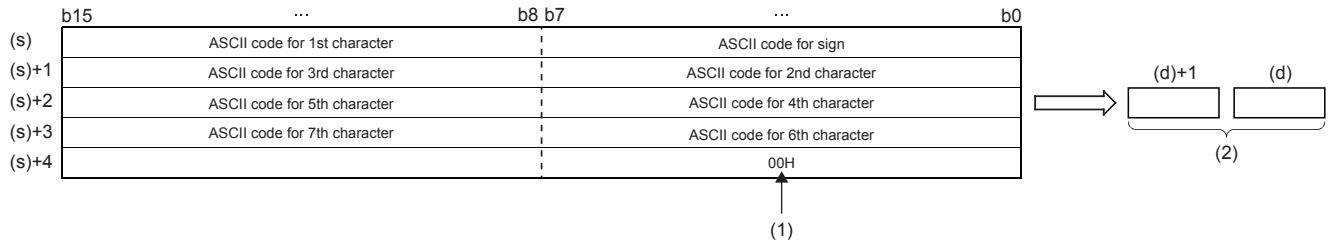
■ Applicable devices

Operand	Bit	Word			Double word		Indirect specification	Constant			Others
		X, Y, M, L, SM, F, B, SB, S	T, ST, C, D, W, SD, SW, R	U□\G□	Z	LC		K, H	E	\$	
(s)	—	○ ^{*1}	—	—	—	—	○	—	—	○	—
(d)	—	○	○	—	○	—	○	—	—	—	—

*1 T, ST, and C cannot be used.

Processing details

- These instructions convert the character strings in the device areas specified by (s) and later to single-precision real number, and store the converted data in the device specified by (d).
- A specified character string may be in the decimal point format or exponent format. A character string in either format can be converted into single-precision real number.



(1): Indicates the end of the character string.

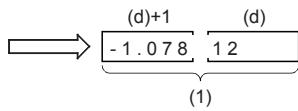
(2): Single-precision real number

- A character string can consist of up to 24 characters. 20H (space) and 30H (0) in a character string are counted as one character each.

■ Decimal point format

- When the character string specified by (s) is decimal point format, the operation is executed as follows.

	b15	...	b8 b7	...	b0	
(s)		31H (1)		2DH (-)		
(s)+1		30H (0)		2EH (.)		
(s)+2		38H (8)		37H (7)		
(s)+3		32H (2)		31H (1)		
(s)+4				00H		

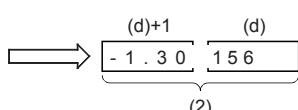


[31][30][78][12]

(1): Single-precision real number

- With regard to character string, six digits excluding the sign, decimal point and exponent part are valid, and the 7th and later digits are discarded during conversion.

	b15	...	b8 b7	...	b0	
(s)		20H (SP)		2DH (-)		
(s)+1		31H (1)		20H (SP)		
(s)+2		33H (3)		2EH (.)		
(s)+3		31H (1)		30H (0)		
(s)+4		36H (6)		35H (5)		
(s)+5		31H (1)		38H (8)		
(s)+6		00H		32H (2)		



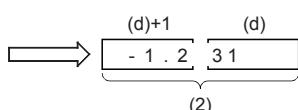
[20][31][30][156][8][12]
↑
(1)

(1): These values are discarded.

(2): Single-precision real number

- When 2BH (+) is specified as the sign in the floating point format or when the sign is omitted, a character string is converted into a positive value. It is handled as negative value during conversion when the sign is set to 2DH (-).
- When 20H (space) or 30H (0) exists between numbers except the first 0 in a character string specified by (s), 20H or 30H is ignored during conversion.

	b15	...	b8 b7	...	b0	
(s)		20H (SP)		2DH (-)		
(s)+1		31H (1)		30H (0)		
(s)+2		32H (2)		2EH (.)		
(s)+3		31H (1)		33H (3)		
(s)+4				00H		



[20][31][2][31]
↑
(1)

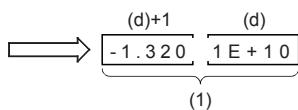
(1): Ignored

(2): Single-precision real number

■ Exponent format

- When the character string specified by (s) is in exponent format, the operation is executed as follows.

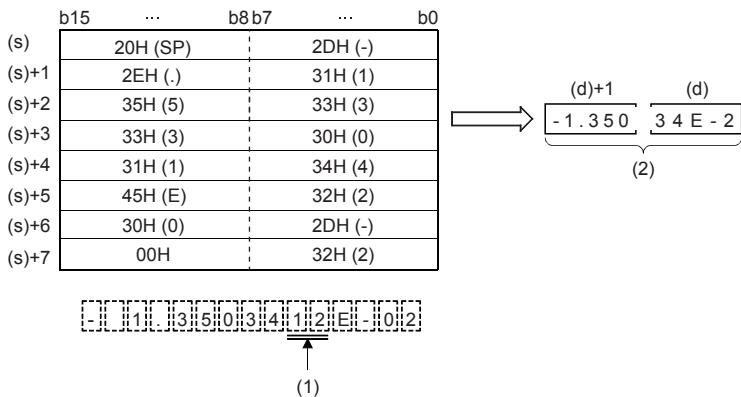
	b15	...	b8 b7	...	b0	
(s)		20H (SP)		2DH (-)		
(s)+1		2EH (.)		31H (1)		
(s)+2		32H (2)		33H (3)		
(s)+3		31H (1)		30H (0)		
(s)+4		2BH (+)		45H (E)		
(s)+5		30H (0)		31H (1)		
(s)+6				00H		



[20][32][0][1E+10]

(1): Single-precision real number

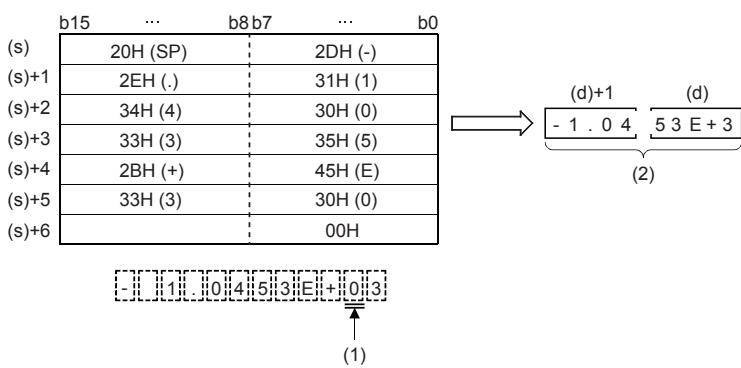
- With regard to character string, six digits excluding the sign, decimal point and exponent part are valid, and the 7th and later digits are discarded during conversion.



(1): These values are discarded.

(2): Single-precision real number

- String data in the exponent format is handled as positive value during conversion when the sign of the exponent part is set to 2BH (+) or when the sign is omitted. When 2DH (-) is specified as the sign, a character string is converted into a negative value.
- When 20H (space) or 30H (0) exists between numbers except the first 0 in a character string specified by (s), 20H or 30H is ignored during conversion.
- When 30H (0) exists between a number and "E" in a character string in the exponent format, 30H is ignored during conversion.

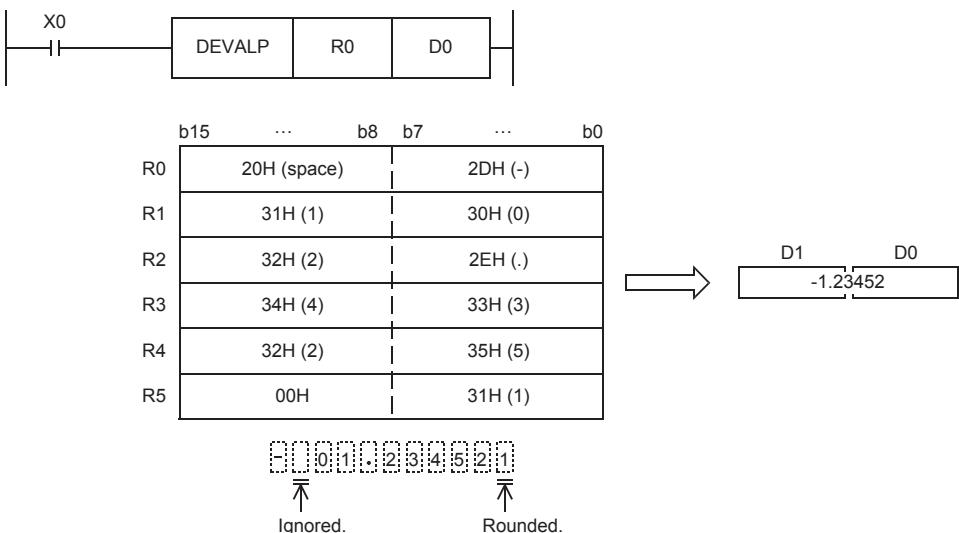


(1): Ignored

(2): Single-precision real number

Program example

In the program example shown below, a character string stored in R0 and later is converted into single-precision real number, and stored to D0 and D1 when X0 turns ON.



Operation error

Error code (SD0/SD8067)	Description
2820H	00H does not exist in the corresponding device range starting from (s)
3401H	Characters other than 30 (0) to 39 (9) exist in a character string specified by (s)
	2EH (.) exists in two or more positions in a character string specified by (s)
	Any character other than 45H (E), 2BH (+), or 2DH (-) exists in the exponent part specified by (s), or two or more exponent parts exist
3405H	The number of characters after (s) is 0 or more than 24