

# 19 DIVIDED DATA READ/WRITE FROM/TO BFM INSTRUCTION

## 19.1 Divided BFM Read

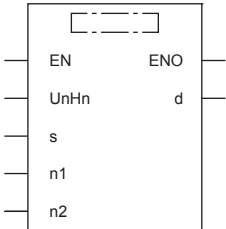
### RBFM



This instruction reads data from continuous buffer memory areas in an FX3 intelligent function module

| Ladder diagram | Structured text               |
|----------------|-------------------------------|
|                | ENO:=RBFM(EN,UnHn,s,n1,n2,d); |

### FBD/LD



### Setting data

#### ■Descriptions, ranges, and data types

| Operand | Description   | Range      | Data type              | Data type (label) |
|---------|---|------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| (U/H)*1 | Module number   | 1H to 10H  | 16-bit unsigned binary | ANY16_U           |
| (s)     | Head buffer memory number                                     | 0 to 32767 | 16-bit unsigned binary | ANY16_U           |
| (d)     | Head device number storing data to be read from buffer memory | —          | 16-bit signed binary   | ANY16             |
| (n1)    | Number of all buffer memory areas to be read                  | 1 to 32768 | 16-bit unsigned binary | ANY16_U           |
| (n2)    | Not used  | —          | 16-bit unsigned binary | ANY16_U           |
| EN      | Execution condition   | —          | Bit                    | BOOL              |
| ENO     | Execution result  | —          | Bit                    | BOOL              |

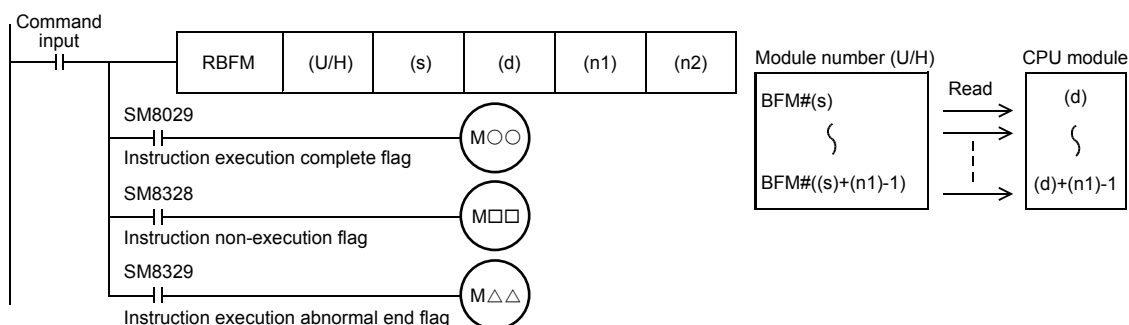
\*1 In the case of the ST language and the FBD/LD language, U/H displays as UnHn.

#### ■Applicable devices

| Operand | Bit                         | Word                      |       |   | Double word |    | Indirect specification | Constant |   |    | Others |
|---------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------|---|-------------|----|------------------------|----------|---|----|--------|
|         | X, Y, M, L, SM, F, B, SB, S | T, ST, C, D, W, SD, SW, R | U□\G□ | Z | LC          | LZ |                        | K, H     | E | \$ |        |
| (U/H)   | ○                           | ○                         | ○     | ○ | —           | —  | ○                      | ○        | — | —  | —      |
| (s)     | ○                           | ○                         | ○     | ○ | —           | —  | ○                      | ○        | — | —  | —      |
| (d)     | —                           | ○                         | —     | ○ | —           | —  | ○                      | —        | — | —  | —      |
| (n1)    | ○                           | ○                         | ○     | ○ | —           | —  | ○                      | ○        | — | —  | —      |
| (n2)    | ○                           | ○                         | ○     | ○ | —           | —  | ○                      | ○        | — | —  | —      |

## Processing details

- This instruction reads (n1) points of buffer memory starting from (s) inside the intelligent function module number (U/H) to (d) in the CPU module. When (n1) exceeds 64 points, it divides and reads by several scans. (64 points are read in one scan)



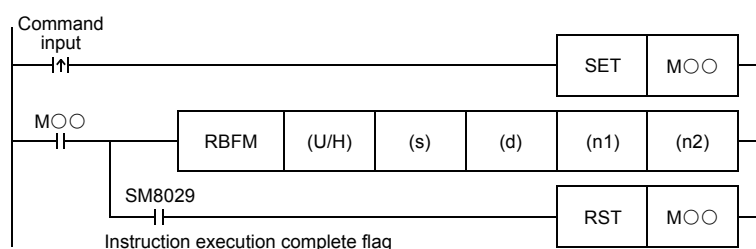
- When this instruction is finished normally, instruction execution complete flag (SM8029) turns on. When this instruction is finished abnormally, instruction execution abnormal end flag (SM8329) turns on.
- When this instruction or the WBFM instruction is executed in the same scan, instruction non-execution flag (SM8328) is set to on, and execution of such an instruction is paused. When execution of the other target instruction is complete, the paused instruction resumes.

## Related devices

| Device | Name                               | Description  |
|--------|------------------------------------|--|
| SM8029 | Instruction execution complete     | Turns ON when an instruction is finished normally.   |
| SM8328 | Instruction non-execution          | Turns ON when the RBFM instruction or WBFM instruction in another step is executed for the same module number. |
| SM8329 | Instruction execution abnormal end | Turns ON when an instruction is finished abnormally.   |

## Precautions

- Do not stop the instruction while it is being executed. If driving is stopped, the buffer memory reading processing is suspended, but the data that is already read is stored in (d) onwards. Stop the instruction after execution completes as in the following program.



- When indexing is executed, the contents of index registers at the beginning of execution are used. Even if the contents of index registers are changed after the instruction, such changes do not affect the process of the instruction.
- The contents of (n1) points starting from (d) update (change) every scan while this instruction is executed. Use the data after the instruction is completed.
- Do not update (change) the contents of (n1) buffer memory areas starting from the buffer memory (s) while this instruction is executed. If the contents are updated, the intended data may not be read.
- This instruction cannot be used in FX5 intelligent function modules.
- This instruction cannot be used while a interrupt routine program is being executed.

## Operation error

| Error code<br>(SD0/SD8067) | Description   |
|----------------------------|---|
| 2441H                      | Communication procedure with module is not completed correctly when this instruction is executed.                                     |
| 2801H                      | Module with the module number specified by (U/H) does not exist.  |
| 2823H                      | The number of transfer points specified by (n1) and the buffer memory number specified by (s) is beyond the buffer memory area range. |
| 2820H                      | The number of transfer points specified by (n1) and the device number specified by (d) is beyond the specified device range.          |
| 3580H                      | An instruction that cannot be used in an interrupt program is used.   |

## Common items between RBFM instruction and WBFM instruction

### ■ Specification of module number of FX3 intelligent function module and buffer memory

For FX3 intelligent function module connection method, number of connectable FX3 intelligent function modules and handling of I/O numbers, refer to manuals of the CPU module and FX3 intelligent function modules.

- Module number of FX3 intelligent function module

Use the module number to specify for which equipment the RBFM/WBFM instruction is used. (Setting range: 1H to 10H (K1 to K16))

|            |            | Module<br>No. 1             | Module<br>No. 2                   | Module<br>No. 3                   |
|------------|------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| CPU module | I/O module | Bus<br>conversion<br>module | Intelligent<br>function<br>module | Intelligent<br>function<br>module |

A module number is automatically assigned to each intelligent function module connected to the CPU module. The module number is assigned as No.1 → No.2 → No.3... starting from the equipment nearest the CPU module.

- Buffer memory number

The intelligent function module incorporates a RAM memory. The RAM memory is called buffer memory. Buffer memory numbers range from #0 to #32767 and their contents vary depending on the function of the extension equipment. (Setting range: K0 to K32767)

For the contents of buffer memory areas, refer to manuals of intelligent function modules.

## Program example

In the example shown below, data is read from and written to the buffer memories in the module No. 2 as follows:

- When X0 is set to ON, data stored in D100 to D108 (9 points) is written to the buffer memories #0 to #8 in the FX3 intelligent module whose module number is No. 2.
- When X1 is set to ON, the buffer memories #0 to 91 (92 points) in the FX3 intelligent module whose module number is No. 2 are written to D200 to D291.

