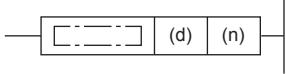
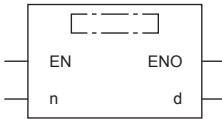


# Shifting 16-bit data to the right by n bit(s)

## SFR(P)

**FX5S    FX5UJ    FX5U    FX5UC**

These instructions shift the 16-bit data in the device specified by (d) to the right by (n) bit(s).

Ladder diagram	Structured text
	ENO:=SFR(EN,n,d); ENO:=SFRRP(EN,n,d);
FBD/LD	

6

## Setting data

### ■ Descriptions, ranges, and data types

Operand	Description	Range	Data type	Data type (label)
(d)	Head device number where the shift-target data is stored	—	16-bit signed binary	ANY16
(n)	Number of shifts	0 to 15	16-bit unsigned binary	ANY16
EN	Execution condition	—	Bit	BOOL
ENO	Execution result	—	Bit	BOOL

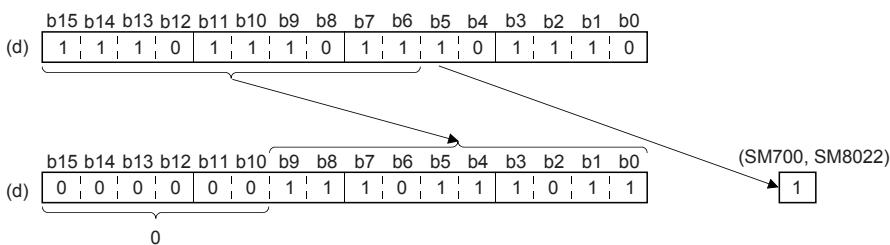
### ■ Applicable devices

Operand	Bit	Word			Double word		Indirect specification	Constant			Others
		X, Y, M, L, SM, F, B, SB, S	T, ST, C, D, W, SD, SW, R	U□\G□	Z	LC		K, H	E	\$	
(d)	○	○	○	○	—	—	○	—	—	—	—
(n)	○	○	○	○	—	—	○	○	—	—	—

## Processing details

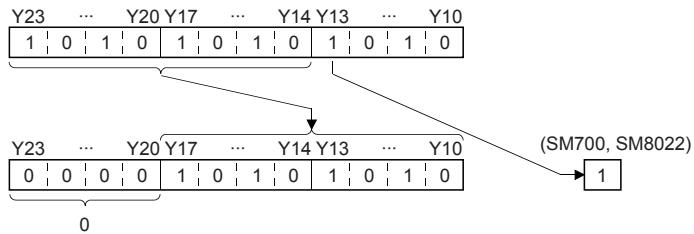
- This instruction shifts the 16-bit data in the device specified by (d) to the right by (n) bit(s) from the most significant bit. The (n) bit(s) from the most significant bit is/are filled with 0(s).

When (n)=6



- When (d) is a bit device, bits are shifted to the right within the device range specified by digit specification.

When (n)=4



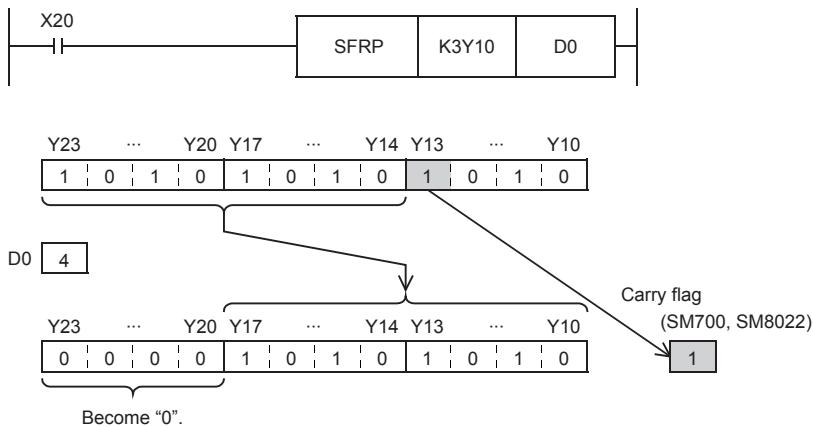
- Specify any value between 0 and 15 for (n). If a value 16 or larger is specified for (n), bits are shifted to the right by the remainder value of  $(n) \div 16$ . For example, when (n) is 18, data is shifted by 2 bits to the right because 18 divided by 16 equals 1 with a remainder of 2.

## ■Related devices

Device	Name	Description
SM700	Carry	ON/OFF according to the status (1/0) of the (n-1)th bit.
SM8022		

## Program example

In the program example shown below, the contents of Y10 to Y23 are shifted rightward by the number of bits specified by D0 when X20 turns ON.



## Operation error

There is no operation error.