# Portugal Fertility Rate based on literacy rate and age

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# Portugal fertility survey 1979

- More information
- data source
- · data dictionary

File portugal. RData on the course web site. Code in Assignment1. Rmd

## head(portugal)

##		age	ageMarried	${\tt monthsSinceM}$	pregnancies	children	sons	region	literacy
##	1	43	22to25	242	3	3	2	lt10k	yes
##	2	32	22to25	124	1	1	0	lt10k	yes
##	3	22	15to18	59	1	1	1	lt10k	yes
##	4	28	22to25	63	1	1	0	lt10k	yes
##	5	30	15to18	169	2	2	2	lt10k	yes
##	6	37	18to20	226	2	2	1	lt10k	yes

## table(portugal\$region)

```
## ## lt10k lisbon porto 20k+ 10-20k
## 3502 470 160 583 433
```

Region is 1t10k rural areas (less than 10,000 people), towns of size 10-20k, 20k+, and the two largest cities (Lisbon and Porto).

## The Question:

- How do literacy and age of marriage affect family size?
- After we account for known explanatory variables, how much variation (if any) is there in birth rates?

## Notes:

- By European standards Portugal is a poor country, and in 1980 it had the same GDP per capita as Mexico.
- It's well known that families are larger in rural areas (i.e. region is a confounder).
- You should proceed as if an expert in this area has told you that you do not need to consider zero-inflation. Zero-inflated models do not fit well to this data, probably because birth rates are lower than Fiji, many zeros are expected, and the likelihood is flat.

## Abstract

## Introduction

If you were to open the news right now one of the main issues highlighted in current media is the decline in birth rate. Countries such as Korea, Japan and China have began to realise the very real issue of the declining birth rate in their respective countries. A lot of studies have gone into figuring out the cause for this and it seems like most point to the fact that with more women enter the work force they are no longer motivated to have children. They also state that the major reason may also be the rising literacy rate. We are going to be investigating this phenomenon.

# Methods

Results

Conclusion

# Reference

https://scholarspace.manoa.hawaii.edu/server/api/core/bitstreams/1d4b93bd-9c50-4d84-846d-0ae0880100f1/content-https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/12283968/