



Bank Simulator

24067 박성현

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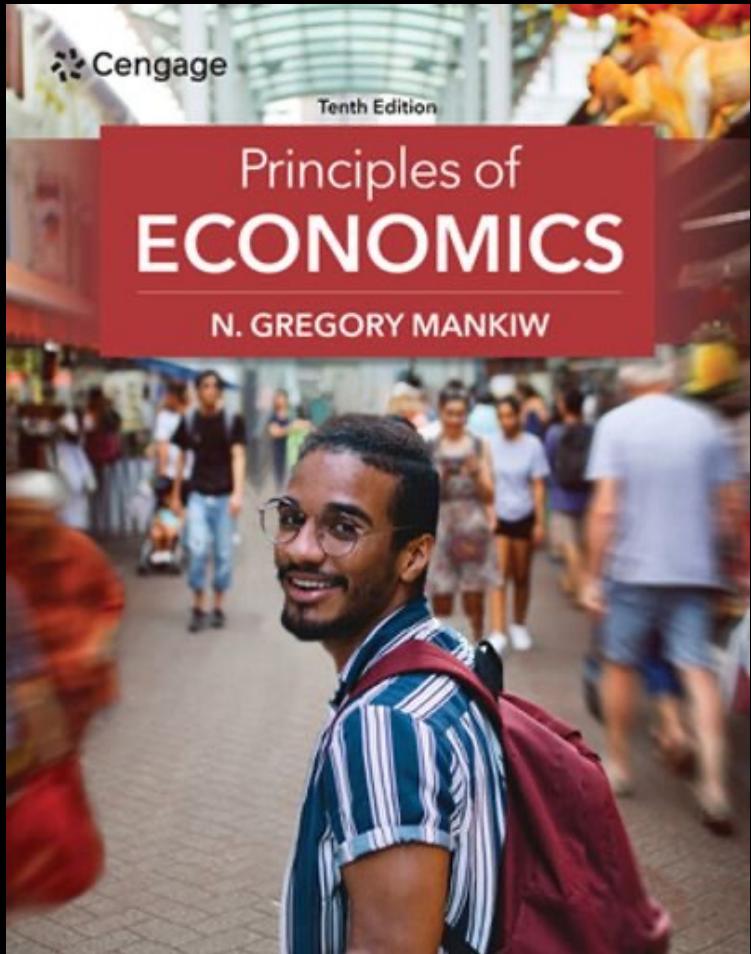
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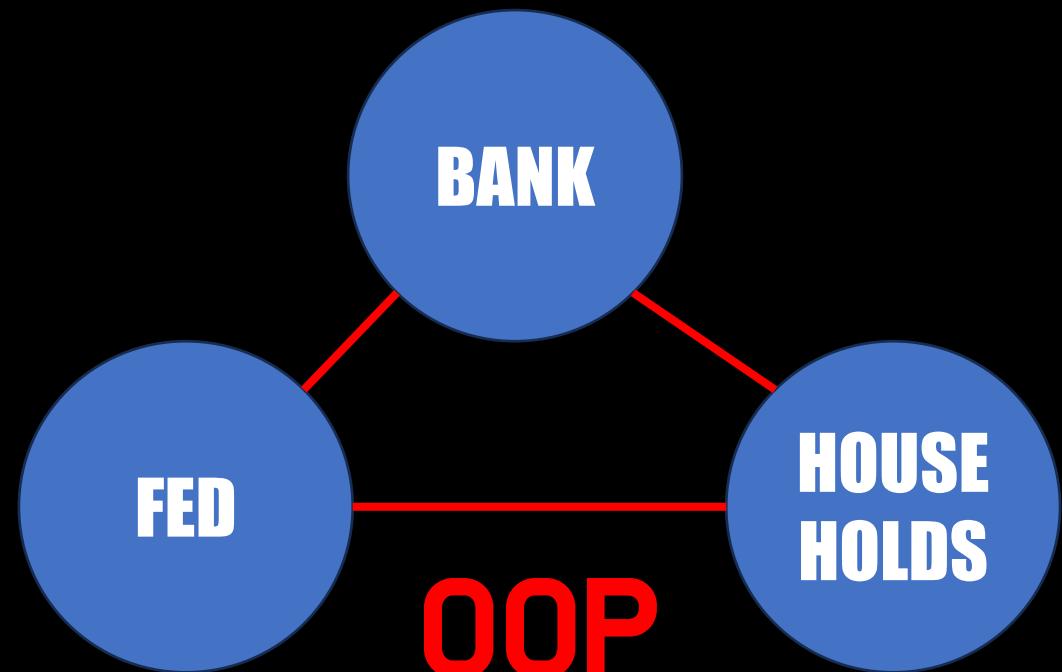
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I. 주제 선정 동기



AP MACROECONOMICS 중간고사



II. 핵심 코드 설명

부분지급준비제도

-> 은행이 예금의 일부(지급준비금)만 보유하고 나머지는 대출하는 제도.

지급준비금 = Reserve

대출 = Loan

민간이 예금/적금 = Deposit

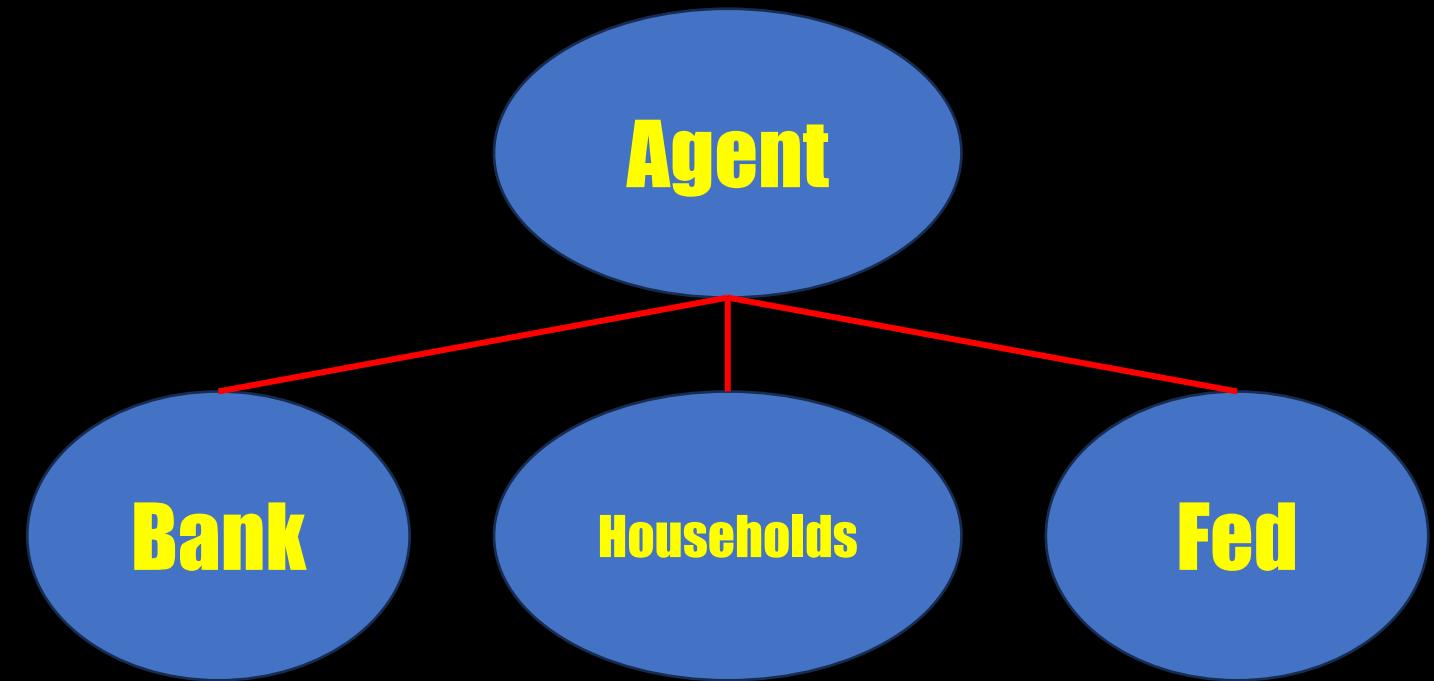
이에 대한 비율을
FED가 정함

HOUSEHOLD, FED, BANK
37개의 주체를 가진 부분준비지급제도
Simulation!

II. 핵심 코드 설명

- © Agent
- ↳ Banks.java
 - © Bank
 - © Banks
 - © BankUtils
- ↳ Fed.java
 - © Fed
 - © FedUtils
- ↳ Households.java
 - © Household
 - © Households

〈상속 구조〉



II. 핵심 코드 설명



→ 경제 주체의 기본 틀. 공통적인 정보를 담음
(직접 사용 X)



→ 일반 은행. 가장 핵심적인 클래스이며.
Bank.Util에 여러 상황의 대출, 이자 갱신,
FED와의 상호작용을 넣음

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II. 핵심 코드 설명

```
public class Agent { 5 usages 3 inheritors
    String name; 5 usages
    int id; 46 usages
    float total_money = 1000000F; 3 usages

    Agent(int id){ no usages
        this.id = id;
    }
    Agent(int id, String name){ 8 usages
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
    }

    Agent(int id, String name, float total_money){ 3
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.total_money = total_money;
    }
}
```

II. 핵심 코드 설명

```
public class Fed extends Agent{ 4 usages
    float dRate = 0.04F; //Discount Rate, 0 <= <= 1  2 usages
    float rRatio = 0.03F; //Reserve Ratio, 0 <= <= 1  4 usages
    ArrayList<float[]> relations = new ArrayList<float[]>(); //{{Agent_id, 빌린값, 빌려준값}}  7 usages

    Fed(){ 1 usage
        super( id: 0, name: "Fed", total_money: 6587000000000F); //Only one fed instance can exist.
    }

    JSONObject changeRR(float newRR) { 1 usage
        JSONObject jo = new JSONObject();
        if (newRR >= 0 || newRR <= 1) {
            jo.put("Success", true);
            jo.put("Message", "Reserve Ratio updated successfully.");
            rRatio = newRR;
        }
        else{
            jo.put("Success", false);
            jo.put("Message", "Invalid Reserve Ratio.");
        }
        return jo;
    } //Changing reserve ratio

    JSONObject changeDR(float newDR) { 1 usage
        JSONObject jo = new JSONObject();
        if (newDR >= 0 || newDR <= 1) {
            jo.put("Success", true);
            jo.put("Message", "Discount Rate updated successfully.");
            dRate = newDR;
        }
        else{
            jo.put("Success", false);
            jo.put("Message", "Invalid Discount Rate.");
        }
    }
}
```

```
class Bank extends Agent{ 34 usages
    //id is Auto incremented, <= 500
    String name; 7 usages

    float reserve = 5000000000F; //$, default is $500B 26 usages
    float loans = 0; //$, default is $0 16 usages
    float deposit = 5000000000F; //$, default is $500B 19 usages
    float equity = 10000000000F; //$, default is $1000B 22 usages
    float loanRate = 0.023F; 1 usage
    float depositRate = 0.03F; 1 usage
    float total_money = this.reserve + this.loans + this.deposit + this.equity; 22 usages
    ArrayList<float[]> relations = new ArrayList<float[]>(); //{{Agent_id, 빌린값, 빌려준값}}  29 usages

    Bank(String name){ 1 usage
        super( id: -1, name);
    }
}
```

```
class Household extends Agent{ 14 usages
    float total_money = 10000000000000F; // 6 usages
    ArrayList<float[]> relations = new ArrayList<float[]>(); //{{Agent_id, 빌린값, 빌려준값}}  21 usages

    Household (String name) { 1 usage
        super( id: -1, name);
    }

    Household (int id, String name){ no usages
        super(id, name);
    }

    Household (String name, float total_money){ no usages
        super( id: -1, name, total_money);
    }

    Household (int id, String name, float total_money){ no usages
        super(id, name, total_money);
    }
}
```

II. 핵심 코드 설명

```

class BankUtils{ 2 usages
    void deposit(float amount, Household house, Bank bank) { //deposit from households to bank 1 usage
        boolean house_exist = true;
        for (int i = 0; i < house.relations.size(); i++) { //check if bank is already in households' relations list
            if (house.relations.get(i)[0] == bank.id) {
                house.relations.get(i)[2] += amount;
                house_exist = false;
            }
        }

        boolean bank_exist = true;
        for (int i = 0; i < bank.relations.size(); i++) { //check if household is already in banks' relations list
            if (house.relations.get(i)[0] == house.id)
                house.relations.get(i)[1] += amount;
            bank_exist = false;
        }

        if (house_exist){ //Adding new id
            float[] info = {bank.id, 0F, amount};
            house.relations.add(info);
        }

        if (bank_exist) { //Adding new id
            float[] info2 = {house.id, amount, 0F};
            bank.relations.add(info2);
        }

        house.total_money -= amount;
        bank.total_money += amount;

        bank.reserve += amount;
        bank.deposit += amount;
    }
}

```

```

void giveLoan(float amount, Household house, Bank bank) { //Loan from bank to households 1 usage
    if (amount <= 0) return;
    if (bank.reserve < amount) return;

    //similar structure (deposit class)
    boolean house_exist = true;
    for (int i = 0; i < house.relations.size(); i++) {
        if (house.relations.get(i)[0] == bank.id) {
            house.relations.get(i)[1] += amount;
            house_exist = false;
        }
    }

    boolean bank_exist = true;
    for (int i = 0; i < bank.relations.size(); i++) {
        if (house.relations.get(i)[0] == house.id)
            house.relations.get(i)[2] += amount;
        bank_exist = false;
    }

    if (house_exist){
        float[] info = {bank.id, amount, 0F};
        house.relations.add(info);
    }

    if (bank_exist) {
        float[] info2 = {house.id, 0F, amount};
        bank.relations.add(info2);
    }

    house.total_money += amount;
    bank.total_money -= amount;
    bank.reserve -= amount;
}

```

```

lender.loans += amount;
borrower.reserve -= amount;

lender.total_money += amount;
borrower.total_money -= amount;

boolean lend_exist = true;
for (int i = 0; i < lender.relations.size(); i++) {
    if (lender.relations.get(i)[0] == borrower.id) {
        lender.relations.get(i)[2] += amount;
        lend_exist = false;
    }
}

boolean borrow_exist = true;
for (int i = 0; i < borrower.relations.size(); i++) {
    if (borrower.relations.get(i)[0] == lender.id){
        borrower.relations.get(i)[1] += amount;
        borrow_exist = false;
    }
}

if (lend_exist){
    float[] info = {borrower.id, 0F, amount};
    lender.relations.add(info);
}

if (borrow_exist){
    float[] info = {lender.id, amount, 0F};
    borrower.relations.add(info);
}

```

```

JSONObject borrowFromBank(float amount, Bank lender, Bank borrower) { //a bank borrowing from another bank 1 usage
    JSONObject j = new JSONObject();

    //also similar to repayLoan function
    if (amount <= 0){
        j.put("Message", "Negative Amount");
        j.put("Success", false);
        return j;
    }

    if (lender.total_money < amount) {
        j.put("Message", "Not enough money in lending bank.");
        j.put("Success", false);
        return j;
    }

    lender.loans -= amount;
    borrower.reserve += amount;

    lender.total_money -= amount;
    borrower.total_money += amount;

    boolean lend_exist = true;
    for (int i = 0; i < lender.relations.size(); i++) {
        if (lender.relations.get(i)[0] == borrower.id){
            lender.relations.get(i)[2] += amount;
            lend_exist = false;
        }
    }

    boolean borrow_exist = true;
    for (int i = 0; i < borrower.relations.size(); i++) {
        if (borrower.relations.get(i)[0] == lender.id){
            borrower.relations.get(i)[1] += amount;
        }
    }
}

```

```

JSONObject handleBankRun(Bank bank, float runRatio) { //runRatio에 따른 처리 방식입니다, this method is a protocol for bankrun.
    JSONObject j = new JSONObject();
    if (runRatio <= 0F){
        j.put("Message", "run ratio is negative or zero");
    }
    if (runRatio > 1F) runRatio = 1F;
    float withdraw = bank.deposit * runRatio;

    if (bank.reserve >= withdraw) { //as reserve is larger than the amount people want to withdraw, the bank isn't bankrupt
        bank.reserve -= withdraw;
        bank.deposit -= withdraw;
        j.put("Message", "BankRun handled with reserve");
        return j;
    } else {
        float shortage = withdraw - bank.reserve;

        bank.reserve = 0F;
        bank.deposit -= withdraw;
        bank.equity -= shortage;

        if (bank.equity < 0F) { //in this case, bankrun is out of banks' capability, so bank is bankrupt
            j.put("Message", bank.name + "bank couldn't handle the bankrun, so it is bankrupt");
            bank.bankrupt = true; //은행 파산됨
        } else //Can be solved with equity (기금 확보 수단)
            j.put("Message", "Reserve was lacking, but bankrun is covered with equity.");
    }
    bank.total_money = bank.reserve + bank.loans + bank.deposit + bank.equity;
    return j;
}

```

II. 핵심 코드 설명 (부가)

JSON

-> 데이터 쉽게 통신하기 위한 규약

```
import org.json.simple.JSONObject;
```

-> Array가 불편해 bank, fed 등에서 사용

Ex)

```
{"Message": "Money repaid successfully.",  
 "Success": true}
```

III. 코드시연

IV. 여러 시행착오

- Duplicate class: 'Main' :14
- 'Main.this' cannot be referenced from a static context :386
- Implicitly declared classes are not supported at language level '23' :394
- Cannot resolve symbol 'stateArea' :395
- Cannot resolve symbol 'banks' :399
- Cannot resolve symbol 'households' :410

너무 커진 코드로 인해 버그잡기 어려움

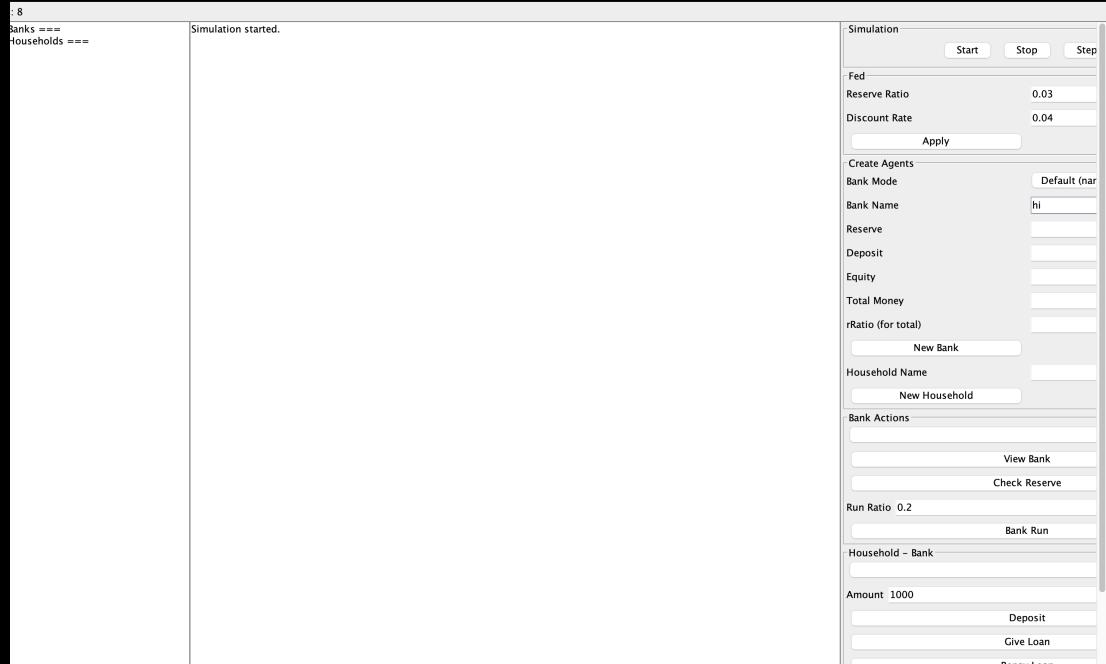
→ 그나마 extension 팔아서
디버깅은 extension으로 돌리면서 찾았다.

The screenshot shows an IDE interface with several tabs open: Households.java, Banks.java, Main.java, and Fed.java. The code in Households.java includes imports for java.util.ArrayList and org.json.simple.JSONObject, and defines a Banks class with a newBank() method. The code in Banks.java defines a Bank class with attributes id, name, reserve, loans, deposit, and equity, along with a constructor and a totalMoney calculation. The code in Main.java contains a main() method. The Problems tab shows 50 errors, with one specific error in Banks.java: 'Cannot resolve symbol 'json'' at line 3. The bottom status bar indicates the file is 3:1 (34 chars), uses LF line endings, is in UTF-8 encoding, and has 4 spaces for indentation.

Java는 pip 같은 것이 없다
(특히 Maven, Gradle도 안 쓴 raw Java..)

→ 프로젝트 안 바꾸고 jar 파일 받아서 lib에 넣었다
(그냥 모듈 거의 안 썼다)

IV. 여러 시행착오



```
: 8  
Banks ===  
Households ===  
Simulation started.  
Simulation  
Start Stop Step  
Fed  
Reserve Ratio 0.03  
Discount Rate 0.04  
Apply  
Create Agents  
Bank Mode Default (nar)  
Bank Name hi  
Reserve  
Deposit  
Equity  
Total Money  
rRatio (for total)  
New Bank  
Household Name  
New Household  
Bank Actions  
View Bank  
Check Reserve  
Run Ratio 0.2  
Bank Run  
Household - Bank  
Amount 1000  
Deposit  
Give Loan  
Renew Loan
```

==== Banks ====
[1] null
R: 3.9499997E10 | L: 0.0 | D: 5.0E10 | E: 8.
[2] null
R: 4.0999997E10 | L: 0.0 | D: 5.0E10 | E: 9.
[3] null
R: 4.0999997E10 | L: 0.0 | D: 5.0E10 | E: 9.
==== Households ====
Simulation started
[newBank] null
[newBank] null
[newBank] null

GUI 상에서 패널, 버튼 크기 맞추기
매우 어렵다

→ 계속 실행하면서 친적인 결과 얻었다.

곧잘 만들었더니 모든 Agent가 Null이랜다…
(모델과 GUI 간 Mismatch)

→ GUI보단 다른 클래스에서 넘어오는 과정이
문제였어서 클래스 구현 방식을 좀 바꿨다

IV. 느낀점

- I. 디버깅 하는 건 어렵지만 쾌감은
엄청나다
- II. 코드가 길어지면 매우 매우 불안하다.
물론 끝내면 매우 뿌듯하다.