Overview of Machine Learning

1. Welcome to machine learning

The transcript introduces machine learning and its widespread use in everyday life. Machine learning (ML) is described as the technology behind common tools like search engines (e.g., Google, Bing) for ranking web pages, social media platforms (e.g., Instagram, Snapchat) for facial recognition and tagging, streaming services for content recommendations, and smartphones for voice commands and voice-to-text features. The text also highlights ML's role in spam filtering in email services. Beyond consumer use, ML is increasingly being adopted in industries such as renewable energy (e.g., optimizing wind turbines), healthcare (e.g., aiding in diagnoses), and manufacturing (e.g., using computer vision for quality control on assembly lines).

The main takeaway is that machine learning enables computers to learn and make decisions without explicit programming. The course aims to teach learners to understand and code ML solutions, continuing the legacy of previous versions that have empowered many to create impactful ML systems and pursue Al careers.

2. Application of Machine Learning

Machine learning had grown up as a subfield of AI.

Applications:

- 1. Web Search
- 2. Recognize human speech
- 3. Diagnose diseases from X-rays
- 4. Building a self-driving car etc.

According to a study by McKinsey, AI and machine learning is estimated to create an additional 13 trillion US dollars of value annually by the year 2030. Even though machine learning is already creating tremendous amounts of value in the software industry.

