

Remaining MIPS-32	Name	Format	Pseudo MIPS	Name	Format
exclusive or ($rs \oplus rt$)	xor	R	absolute value	abs	rd,rs
exclusive or immediate	xori	I	negate (<i>signed or unsigned</i>)	neg _s	rd,rs
shift right arithmetic	sra	R	rotate left	rol	rd,rs,rt
shift left logical variable	sllv	R	rotate right	ror	rd,rs,rt
shift right logical variable	srlv	R	multiply and don't check oflw (<i>signed or unsigned</i>)	mul _s	rd,rs,rt
shift right arithmetic variable	srav	R	multiply and check oflw (<i>signed or unsigned</i>)	mulos _s	rd,rs,rt
move to Hi	mthi	R	divide and check overflow	div	rd,rs,rt
move to Lo	mtlo	R	divide and don't check overflow	divu	rd,rs,rt
load halfword	lh	I	remainder (<i>signed or unsigned</i>)	rem _s	rd,rs,rt
load byte	lb	I	load immediate	li	rd,imm
load word left (<i>unaligned</i>)	lwl	I	load address	la	rd,addr
load word right (<i>unaligned</i>)	lwr	I	load double	ld	rd,addr
store word left (<i>unaligned</i>)	swl	I	store double	sd	rd,addr
store word right (<i>unaligned</i>)	swr	I	unaligned load word	ulw	rd,addr
load linked (<i>atomic update</i>)	ll	I	unaligned store word	usw	rd,addr
store cond. (<i>atomic update</i>)	sc	I	unaligned load halfword (<i>signed or unsigned</i>)	ulh _s	rd,addr
move if zero	movz	R	unaligned store halfword	ush	rd,addr
move if not zero	movn	R	branch	b	Label
multiply and add (<i>S or unsigned</i>)	madd _s	R	branch on equal zero	beqz	rs,L
multiply and subtract (<i>S or unsigned</i>)	msub _s	I	branch on compare (<i>signed or unsigned</i>)	bxs _s	rs,rt,L
branch on \geq zero and link	bgezal	I	($x = lt, le, gt, ge$)		
branch on $<$ zero and link	bltzal	I	set equal	seq	rd,rs,rt
jump and link register	jralr	R	set not equal	sne	rd,rs,rt
branch compare to zero	bxz	I	set on compare (<i>signed or unsigned</i>)	sxs _s	rd,rs,rt
branch compare to zero likely	bxzl	I	($x = lt, le, gt, ge$)		
($x = lt, le, gt, ge$)			load to floating point (<u>s</u> or <u>d</u>)	l. _f	rd,addr
branch compare reg likely	bxl	I	store from floating point (<u>s</u> or <u>d</u>)	s. _f	rd,addr
trap if compare reg	tx	R			
trap if compare immediate	txi	I			
($x = eq, neq, lt, le, gt, ge$)					
return from exception	rfe	R			
system call	syscall	I			
break (<i>cause exception</i>)	break	I			
move from FP to integer	mfcl	R			
move to FP from integer	mtcl	R			
FP move (<u>s</u> or <u>d</u>)	mov. _f	R			
FP move if zero (<u>s</u> or <u>d</u>)	movz. _f	R			
FP move if not zero (<u>s</u> or <u>d</u>)	movn. _f	R			
FP square root (<u>s</u> or <u>d</u>)	sqr. _f	R			
FP absolute value (<u>s</u> or <u>d</u>)	abs. _f	R			
FP negate (<u>s</u> or <u>d</u>)	neg. _f	R			
FP convert (<u>w</u> , <u>s</u> , or <u>d</u>)	cvt. _{f.f}	R			
FP compare un (<u>s</u> or <u>d</u>)	c.xn. _f	R			

FIGURE 3.25 Remaining MIPS-32 and Pseudo MIPS instruction sets. *f* means single (s) or double (d) precision floating-point instructions, and *s* means signed and unsigned (u) versions. MIPS-32 also has FP instructions for multiply and add/sub (madd.*f*/ msub.*f*), ceiling (ceil.*f*), truncate (trunc.*f*), round (round.*f*), and reciprocal (recip.*f*). The underscore represents the letter to include to represent that datatype.