Instruction	PLIC	FORTGO	PLIGO	COBOLGO	Average
Control	32%	13%	5%	16%	16%
BC, BCR	28%	13%	5%	14%	15%
BAL, BALR	3%			2%	1%
Arithmetic/logical	29%	35%	29%	9%	26%
A, AR	3%	17%	21%		10%
SR	3%	7%			3%
SLL		6%	3%		2%
LA	8%	1%	1%		2%
CLI	7%				2%
NI				7%	2%
С	5%	4%	4%	0%	3%
TM	3%	1%		3%	2%
MH			2%		1%
Data transfer	17%	40%	56%	20%	33%
L, LR	7%	23%	28%	19%	19%
MVI	2%		16%	1%	5%
ST	3%		7%		3%
LD		7%	2%		2%
STD		7%	2%		2%
LPDR		3%			1%
LH	3%				1%
IC	2%				1%
LTR		1%			0%
Floating point		7%			2%
AD		3%			1%
MDR		3%			1%
Decimal, string	4%			40%	11%
MVC	4%			7%	3%
AP				11%	3%
ZAP				9%	2%
CVD				5%	1%
MP				3%	1%
CLC				3%	1%
CP				2%	1%
ED				1%	0%
Total	82%	95%	90%	85%	88%

FIGURE E.59 Distribution of instruction execution frequencies for the four 360 programs. All instructions with a frequency of execution greater than 1.5% are included. Immediate instructions, which operate on only a single byte, are included in the section that characterized their operation, rather than with the long character-string versions of the same operation. By comparison, the average frequencies for the major instruction classes of the VAX are 23% (control), 28% (arithmetic), 29% (data transfer), 7% (floating point), and 9% (decimal). Once again, a 1% entry in the average column can occur because of entries in the constituent columns. These programs are a compiler for the programming language PL-I and runtime systems for the programming languages FORTRAN, PL/I, and Cobol.