

Programming In “C” “While and Do While”

By

Dr. Vaibhav P. Vasani

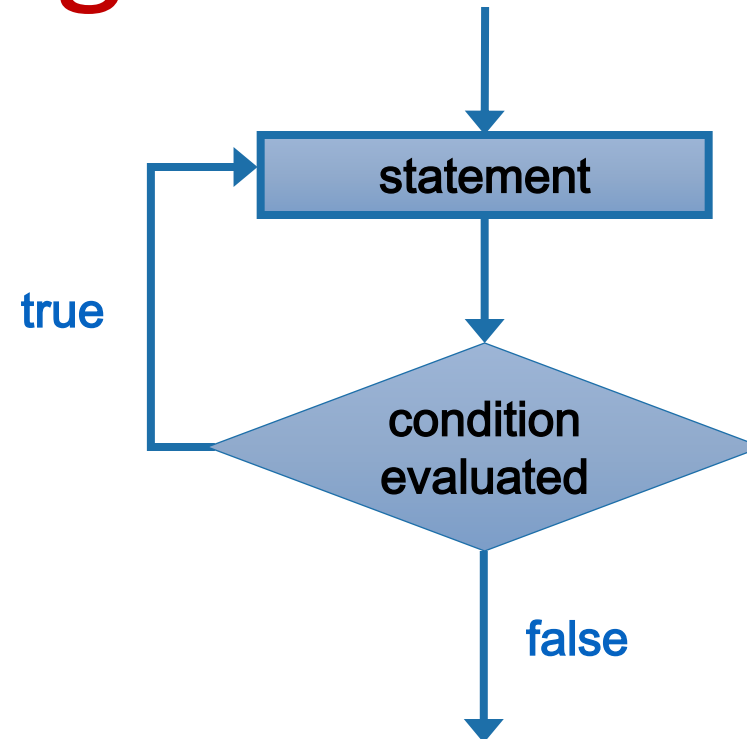
Assistant Professor

Department of Computer Engineering

K. J. Somaiya College of Engineering

Somaiya School University

Logic of a do Loop



The do Statement

- A *do statement* has the following syntax:

```
do
{
    statement;
}
while ( condition );
```

- The *statement* is executed once initially, and then the *condition* is evaluated
- The statement is executed repeatedly until the condition becomes false

The do Statement

- An example of a `do` loop:

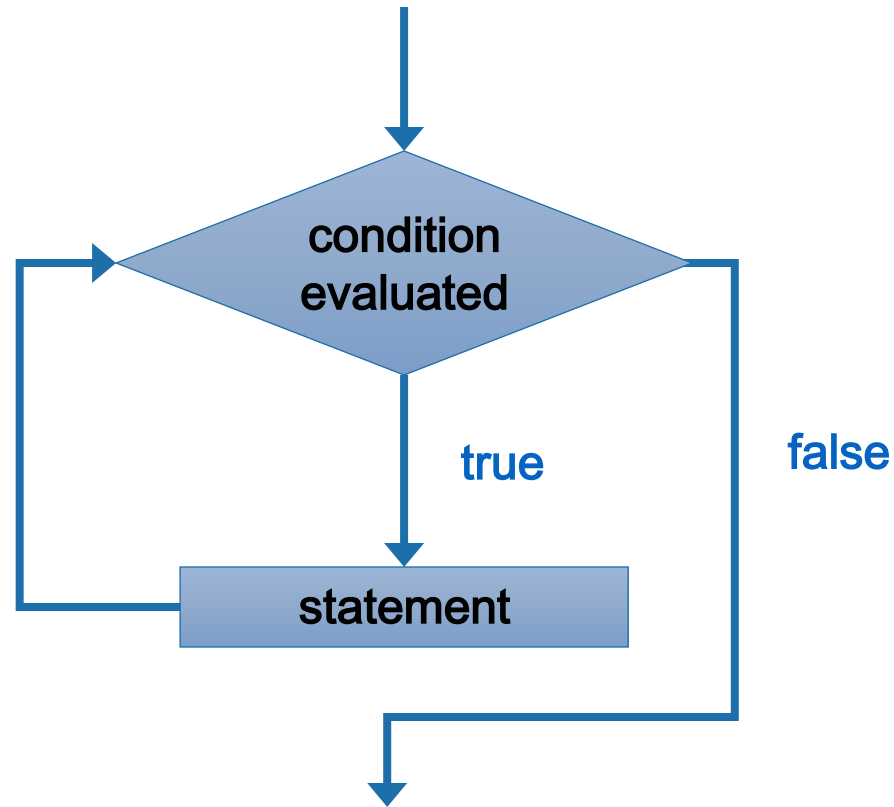
```
int count = 0;
do
{
    count++;
    Cout<<count<<endl;
} while (count < 5);s
```

- The body of a `do` loop is executed at least once

Example: Fixing Bad Keyboard Input

- Write a program that refuses to accept a negative number as an input.
- The program must keep asking the user to enter a value until he/she enters a positive number.
- How can we do this?

Logic of a while Loop



The while Statement

- A *while statement* has the following syntax:

```
while ( condition )  
    statement;
```

- If the *condition* is true, the *statement* is executed
- Then the condition is evaluated again, and if it is still true, the statement is executed again
- The statement is executed repeatedly until the condition becomes false

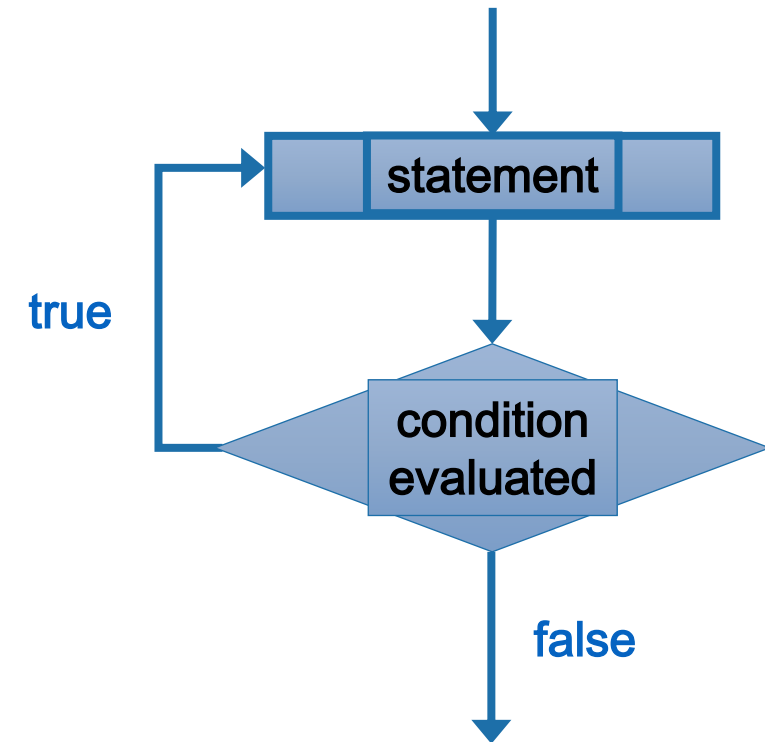
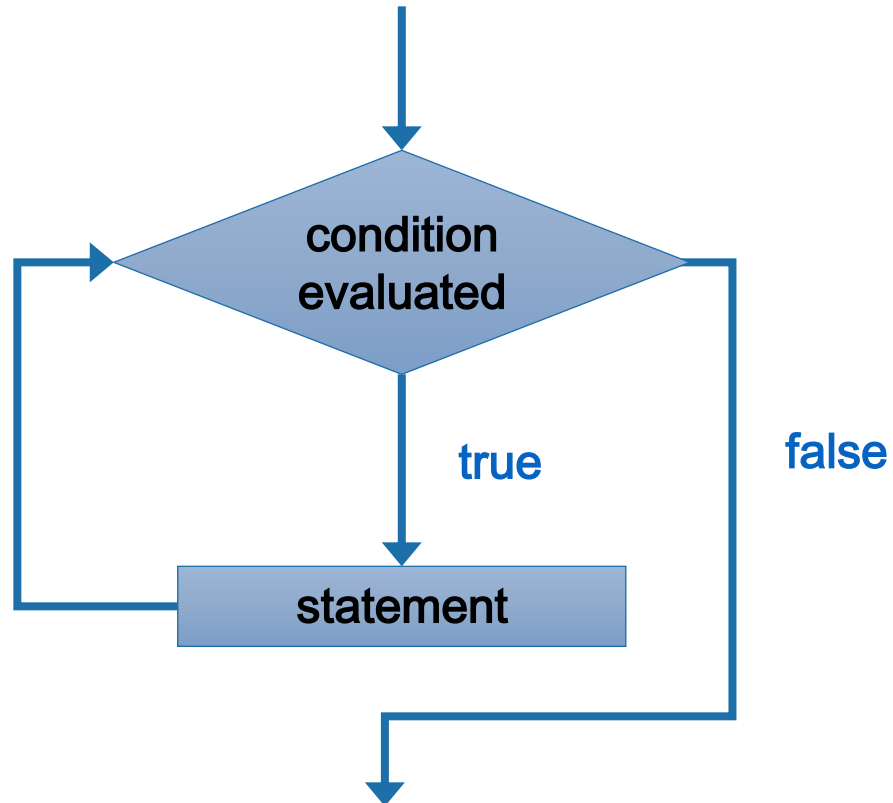
The while Statement

- An example of a while statement:

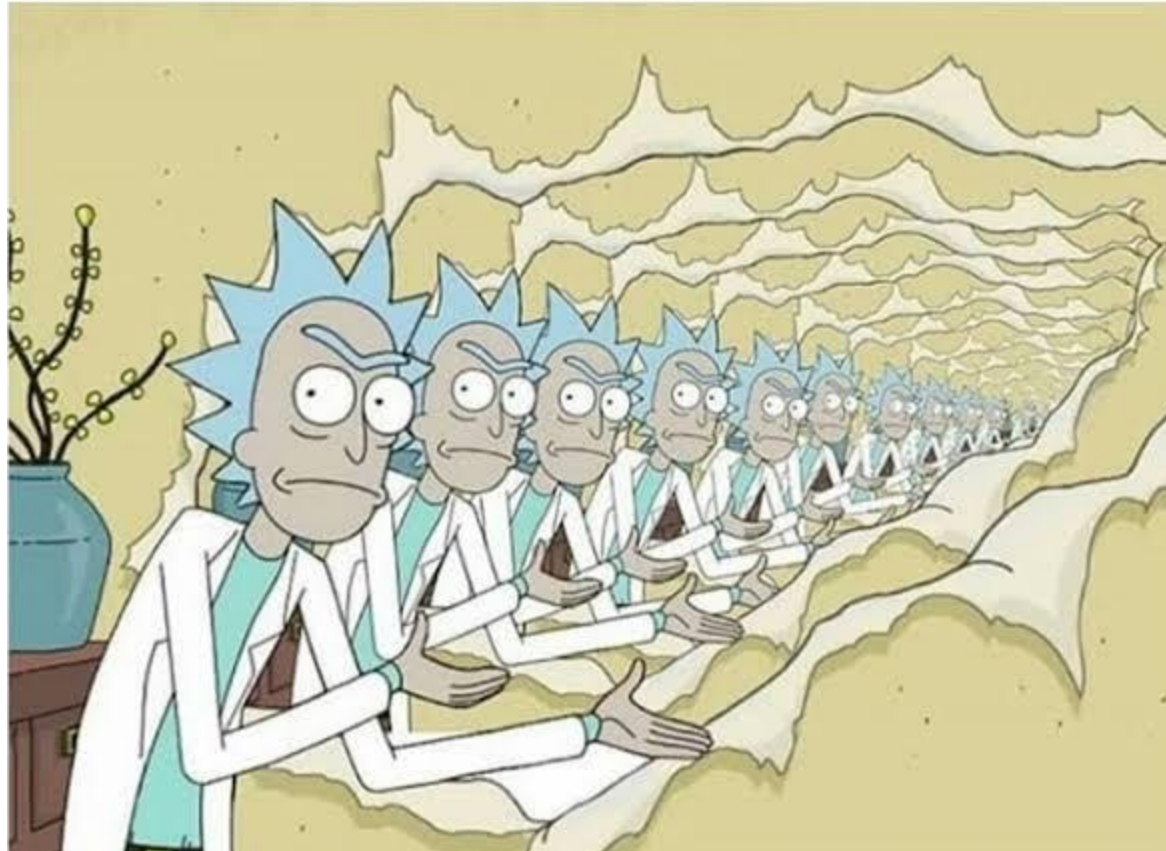
```
int count = 1;  
while (count <= 5)  
{  
    cout<<count<<";  
    count++;  
}
```

- If the condition of a `while` loop is false initially, the statement is never executed
- Therefore, the body of a `while` loop will execute zero or more times

Comparing while and do



When you forget to break out of the while loop



WAP to print N natural Number

WAP to calculate sum of digits using while loop

WAP to calculate sum of digits using while loop

s= 0	a = 123	s=s+(a%10)	a=a/10
0	123	3	12
3	12	3+2=5	1
5	1	5+1=6	0
stop			

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
int main() {
    int num, sum = 0, digit;
```

```
    cout << "Enter a number: ";
    cin >> num;
```

```
    while (num > 0) {
        digit = num % 10; // extract last digit
        sum += digit;     // add digit to sum
        num = num / 10;   // remove last digit
    }
```

```
    cout << "Sum of digits = " << sum << endl;
```

```
    return 0;
}
```

WAP to print Fibonacci Series up to given “range”

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int range, a = 0, b = 1, next;

    cout << "Enter the range (maximum value): ";
    cin >> range;

    cout << "Fibonacci Series up to " << range << " is: ";
    cout << a << " " << b << " ";

    next = a + b;
    while (next <= range) {
        cout << next << " ";
        a = b;
        b = next;
        next = a + b;
    }
    cout << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

a = 0	b = 1	c
0	1	1
1	1	2
1	2	3
2	3	5
3	5	8
5	8	13
8	13	21
13	21	34

output for range = 9?

0 1 1 2 3 5 8

WAP to calculate factorial for given input number N using do while.


```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    int n;
    long long factorial = 1; // Use long long to handle large values
    int i = 1;

    cout << "Enter a number: ";
    cin >> n;

    if (n < 0) {
        cout << "Factorial is not defined for negative numbers." << endl;
    } else {
        // do-while loop for factorial
        do {
            factorial *= i;
            i++;
        } while (i <= n);

        cout << "Factorial of " << n << " = " << factorial << endl;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Write a c code to print the sum of all even and odd numbers up to n.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    int n, i = 1;
    int sumEven = 0, sumOdd = 0;

    cout << "Enter the value of n: ";
    cin >> n;

    while (i <= n) {
        if (i % 2 == 0)
            sumEven += i;
        else
            sumOdd += i;
        i++;
    }

    cout << "Sum of even numbers up to " << n << " = " <<
sumEven << endl;
    cout << "Sum of odd numbers up to " << n << " = " << sumOdd
<< endl;

    return 0;
}
```

vaibhav.vasani@gmail.com

Compare while and do While

- Students should discuss



Contact Details

- vaibhav.vasani@somaiya.edu
- vaibhav.vasani@gmail.com

Thank you