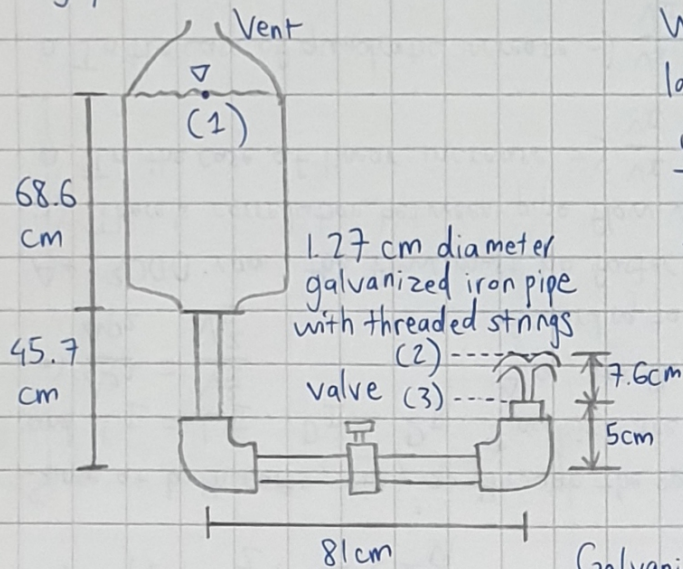


Nguyen Xuan Binh 887799 Round 6 Problem 1



Water flows from container like figure. Determine loss coefficient needed in the valve if water bubbles up 7.6 cm from outlet pipe

There are three types of minor loss: the inlet, the valve and 90° regular elbows threaded

$$\Rightarrow K_{L\text{inlet}} = 0.2 \text{ (Since the inlet corner is rounded)}$$

$$K_{L\text{elbow}} = 1.5, \mu_{\text{water}} = 1.12 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg/ms}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{find } K_{L\text{valve}}? \quad \rho_{\text{water}} = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum K_L = K_{L\text{inlet}} + 2 \cdot K_{L\text{elbow}} + K_{L\text{valve}} = 0.2 + 2 \times 1.5 + K_{L\text{valve}} = K_{L\text{valve}} + 3.2$$

$$\text{Galvanized iron pipe} \Rightarrow \epsilon = 1.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

From point (1) to (2), we have extended Bernoulli equation:

$$p_1 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_1^2 + \rho g z_1 - f \frac{L}{D} \frac{\rho v^2}{2} - \sum K_L \frac{\rho v^2}{2} = p_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2 + \rho g z_2$$

$$\text{We have: } p_1 = p_2 \text{ (atmospheric)}, v_1 = v_2 = 0 \Rightarrow \rho g(z_1 - z_2) = f \frac{L}{D} \frac{\rho v^2}{2} + \sum K_L \frac{\rho v^2}{2} \quad (1)$$

There's 3 unknowns: velocity in the pipe (V), f and Re

Pipe flow velocity can be determined right at the outlet (3). Because from (3) to (2), there's no pipe so there's no major nor minor losses \Rightarrow normal Bernoulli can be applied. Let's call V as v_3

$$p_2 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_2^2 + \rho g z_2 = p_3 + \frac{1}{2} \rho v_3^2 + \rho g z_3. \text{ We have } p_2 = p_3 \text{ (atmospheric)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \rho g z_2 = \frac{1}{2} \rho v_3^2 + \rho g z_3 \quad v_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow v_3 = \sqrt{2g(z_2 - z_3)} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 9.81 \cdot (7.6 \text{ cm})} \cdot 10^{-2} = 1.22 \text{ m/s} = V$$

$$\Rightarrow Re = \frac{\rho v D}{\mu} = \frac{1000 \cdot 1.22 \cdot 1.27 \times 10^{-2}}{1.12 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg/ms}} = 13833, \quad \frac{\epsilon}{D} = \frac{1.5 \times 10^{-4}}{1.27 \times 10^{-2}} = 0.0118$$

According to Moody diagram $Re = 13833, \epsilon/D = 0.0118 \Rightarrow f = 0.0437$

$$\text{From equation 1: } z_1 - z_2 = f \frac{L}{D} \frac{v^2}{2g} + \sum K_L \frac{v^2}{2g} \quad K_{L\text{valve}} \approx 5.674 \text{ (answer)}$$

$$\Rightarrow (68.6 + 45.7 - 7.6 - 5) \cdot 10^{-2} = \left(0.0437 \frac{45.7 + 81 + 5}{1.27} + K_{L\text{valve}} + 3.2 \right) \frac{1.22^2}{2 \cdot 9.81}$$