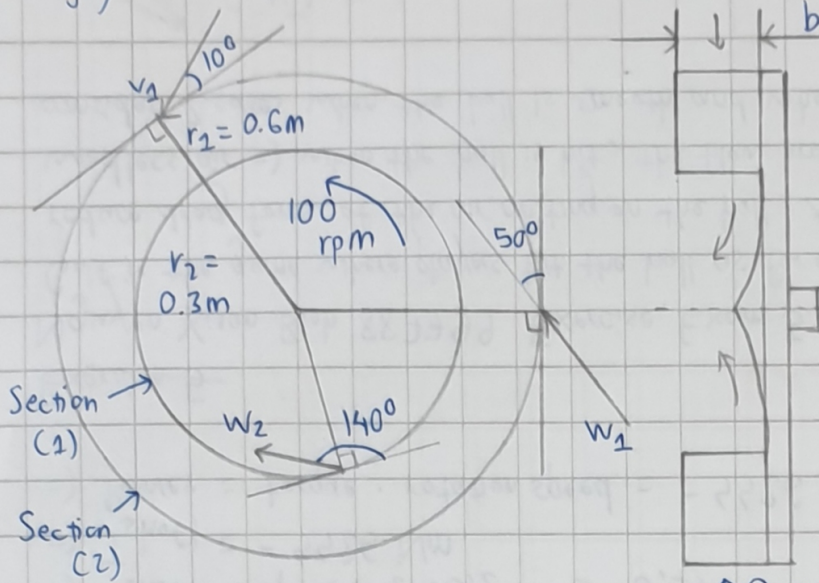
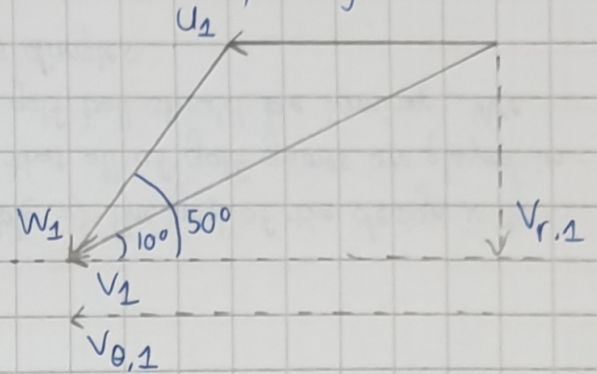


Nguyen Xuan Binh 887799 Exam Question 4



We have velocity triangle at the inlet



Law of cosine;  $\frac{U_1}{\sin 40^\circ} = \frac{V_1}{\sin 130^\circ}$

$\Rightarrow V_1 = U_1 \frac{\sin 130^\circ}{\sin 40^\circ}$

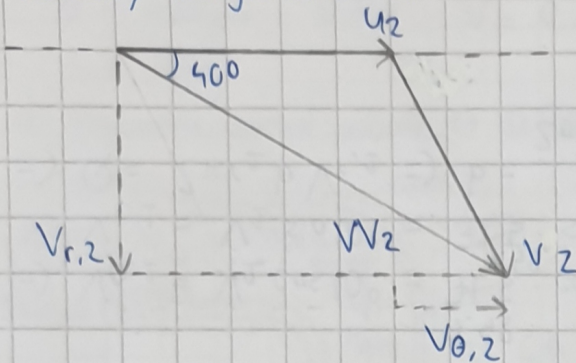
We have  $U_1 = r_1 \omega \Rightarrow V_1 = r_1 \omega \frac{\sin 130^\circ}{\sin 40^\circ} = 0.6 \cdot \frac{100}{10.47} \cdot \frac{\sin 130^\circ}{\sin 40^\circ} = \frac{7.48}{7.48} \text{ m/s}$

$\Rightarrow V_{\theta,1} = V_1 \cos 10^\circ = \frac{7.48}{7.48} \cdot \cos 10^\circ = \frac{7.41}{7.37} \text{ m/s}$

$V_{r,1} = V_1 \sin 10^\circ = \frac{7.48}{7.41} \cdot \sin 10^\circ = \frac{12.41}{1.29} \text{ m/s}$

$\Rightarrow Q = 2\pi r_1 b V_{r,1} \Rightarrow b = \frac{Q}{2\pi r_1 V_{r,1}} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3.14 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 1.29} \approx 0.2 \text{ m (blade height)}$   
(0.206) answer

Velocity triangle at outlet



We have  $u_2 = r_2 \omega = 0,3 \cdot 10,47 = 3,14 \text{ m/s}$

Flow rate is the same at inlet and outlet

$$\Rightarrow Q = 2\pi r_2 b v_{r,2} = 2\pi r_2 b w_2 \sin 40^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow w_2 = \frac{Q}{2\pi r_2 b \sin 40^\circ} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 0,3 \cdot 0,2 \sin 40^\circ}$$

$$w_2 = 4,12 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{\theta,2} = u_2 + w_2 \cos 40^\circ = 3,14 + 4,12 \cdot \cos 40^\circ \approx -0,016 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{\text{shaft}} = \rho Q (r_2 v_{\theta,2} - r_1 v_{\theta,1}) = 1000 \cdot 1 \cdot (0,3 \cdot -0,016 - 0,6 \cdot 7,37)$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{\text{shaft}} = -5426 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Power} = \text{torque} \cdot \text{rotation speed} = -5426 \cdot 10,47 \approx -56,34 \text{ kW (answer)}$$