

The Only Quiz for this Semester

I. Multiple Choice

Write the corresponding letter of your choice in the following Python concepts. [40 marks]

1. Is Python case sensitive when dealing with identifiers?

- a) yes
- b) no
- c) machine dependent
- d) none of the mentioned

2. What is the maximum possible length of an identifier?

- a) 31 characters
- b) 63 characters
- c) 79 characters
- d) none of the mentioned

3. Which is the correct operator for power(x^y)?

- a) x^y
- b) $x**y$
- c) $x^{^y}$
- d) None of the mentioned

4. What is the order of precedence in python?

- i) Parentheses
- ii) Exponential
- iii) Division
- iv) Multiplication
- v) Addition
- vi) Subtraction

a) i,ii,iii,iv,v,vi

b) ii,i,iii,iv,v,vi

c) ii,i,iv,iii,v,vi

d) i,ii,iii,iv,vi,v

5. The expression `int(x)` implies that the variable `x` is converted to integer. State whether true or false.

- a) True
- b) False

6. Which of these is not a core datatype?

- a) Lists
- b) Dictionary
- c) Tuples
- d) Class

7. Following set of commands are executed in shell, what will be the output?

```
str="hello"
```

```
str[:2]
```

- a) he
- b) lo
- c) olleh
- d) hello

The Only Quiz for this Semester

8. In python we do not specify types, it is directly interpreted by the compiler, so consider the following operation to be performed.

`x = 13 ? 2`

The objective is to make sure x has an integer value, select all that apply (python 3.xx)

- a) `x = 13 // 2`
- b) `x = int(13 / 2)`
- c) `x = 13 % 2`
- d) All of the mentioned

9. Carefully observe the code and give the answer.

```
def example(a):
```

```
    a = a + '2'
```

```
    a = a*2
```

```
    return a
```

```
example("hello")
```

- a) indentation Error
- b) cannot perform mathematical operation on strings
- c) hello2
- d) hello2hello2

10. What datatype is the object below?

```
L = [1, 23, 'hello', 1].
```

- a) list
- b) dictionary
- c) array
- d) tuple

11. In order to store values in terms of key and value we use what core datatype.

- a) list
- b) tuple
- c) class
- d) dictionary

12. The value of the expressions $4/(3*(2-1))$ and $4/3*(2-1)$ is the same. State whether true or false.

- a) True
- b) False

The Only Quiz for this Semester

13. What is the output of the following function?

```
def f(p, q):  
    return p%q  
f(0, 2)  
f(2, 0)
```

- a) 0
0
- b) Zero Division Error
Zero Division Error
- c) 0
Zero Division Error
- d) Zero Division Error
0

14. What is the output of the following?

```
x = ['ab', 'cd']  
for i in x:  
    i.upper()  
print(x)
```

- a) ['ab', 'cd'].
- b) ['AB', 'CD'].
- c) [None, None].
- d) none of the mentioned

15. What is the output of the following?

```
x = ['ab', 'cd']  
for i in x:  
    x.append(i.upper())  
print(x)
```

- a) ['AB', 'CD'].
- b) ['ab', 'cd', 'AB', 'CD'].
- c) ['ab', 'cd'].
- d) none of the mentioned

16. What is the output of the following?

```
True = False  
while True:  
    print(True)  
    break
```

- a) True
- b) False
- c) None
- d) none of the mentioned

The Only Quiz for this Semester

17. What is the output of the following?

```
x = "abcdef"
i = "a"
while i in x:
    x = x[1:]
    print(i, end = " ")
```

- a) a a a a a a
- b) a
- c) no output
- d) error

18. What is the output of the following?

```
for i in "":
    print (i)
```

- a) None
- b) (nothing is printed)
- c) error
- d) none of the mentioned

19. What arithmetic operators cannot be used with strings?

- a) +
- b) *
- c) -
- d) All of the mentioned

20. What is the output of the following code?

```
class father:
    def __init__(self, param):
        self.o1 = param

class child(father):
    def __init__(self, param):
        self.o2 = param

obj = child(22)
print ("%d %d" % (obj.o1, obj.o2))
```

- a) None None
- b) None 22
- c) 22 None
- d) Error is generated

The Only Quiz for this Semester

21. What is the output of the following code?

```
class tester:
    def __init__(self, id):
        self.id = str(id)
        id="224"
```

```
temp = tester(12)
print(temp.id)
```

- a) 224
- b) Error
- c) 12
- d) None

22. What is the output of the following code?

```
class Count:
    def __init__(self, count = 0):
        self.__count = count
```

```
c1 = Count(2)
c2 = Count(2)
print(id(c1) == id(c2), end = " ")
```

```
s1 = "Good"
s2 = "Good"
print(id(s1) == id(s2))
```

- a) True False
- b) True True
- c) False True
- d) False False

23. What is the output of the following code?

```
class Name:
    def __init__(self, firstName, mi, lastName):
        self.firstName = firstName
        self.mi = mi
        self.lastName = lastName
```

```
firstName = "John"
name = Name(firstName, 'F', "Smith")
firstName = "Peter"
name.lastName = "Pan"
print(name.firstName, name.lastName)
```

- a) Peter Pan
- b) John Pan
- c) Peter Smith
- d) John Smith

The Only Quiz for this Semester

24. What function do you use to read a string?

- a) input("Enter a string")*
- b) eval(input("Enter a string"))
- c) enter("Enter a string")
- d) eval(enter("Enter a string"))

25. What is the output when following code is executed?

```
myList = [1, 5, 5, 5, 5, 1]
max = myList[0]
indexOfMax = 0
for i in range(1, len(myList)):
    if myList[i] > max:
        max = myList[i]
        indexOfMax = i

print(indexOfMax)
```

- a) 1
- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

26. What will be the output?

```
def f(i, values = []):
    values.append(i)
    return values
```

```
f(1)
f(2)
v = f(3)
print(v)
```

- a) [1] [2] [3].
- b) [1] [1, 2] [1, 2, 3].
- c) [1, 2, 3].
- d) 1 2 3

27. What will be the output?

```
values = [[3, 4, 5, 1], [33, 6, 1, 2]]
```

```
v = values[0][0]
for row in range(0, len(values)):
    for column in range(0, len(values[row])):
        if v < values[row][column]:
            v = values[row][column]
print(v)
```

The Only Quiz for this Semester

- a) 3
- b) 5
- c) 6
- d) 33

28. What will be the output?

```
numberGames = {}  
numberGames[(1,2,4)] = 8  
numberGames[(4,2,1)] = 10  
numberGames[(1,2)] = 12  
sum = 0  
for k in numberGames:  
    sum += numberGames[k]  
print len(numberGames) + sum
```

- a) 30
- b) 24
- c) 33
- d) 12

29. _____ represents an entity in the real world with its identity and behaviour.

- a) A method
- b) An object
- c) A class
- d) An operator

30. What is the output of the following code?

```
class change:  
    def __init__(self, x, y, z):  
        self.a = x + y + z
```

```
x = change(1,2,3)  
y = getattr(x, 'a')  
setattr(x, 'a', y+1)  
print(x.a)
```

- a) 6
- b) 7
- c) Error
- d) 0

31. What is Instantiation in terms of OOP terminology?

- a) Deleting an instance of class
- b) Modifying an instance of class
- c) Copying an instance of class
- d) Creating an instance of class

The Only Quiz for this Semester

32. Which of the following best describes inheritance?

- a) Ability of a class to derive members of another class as a part of its own definition
- b) Means of bundling instance variables and methods in order to restrict access to certain class members
- c) Focuses on variables and passing of variables to functions
- d) Allows for implementation of elegant software that is well designed and easily modified

33. What is the output of the following piece of code?

```
class A():
    def disp(self):
        print("A disp()")
class B(A):
    pass
obj = B()
obj.disp()
```

- a) Invalid syntax for inheritance
- b) Error because when object is created, argument must be passed
- c) Nothing is printed
- d) A disp()

34. Suppose B is a subclass of A, to invoke the `__init__` method in A from B, what is the line of code you should write?

- a) `A.__init__(self)`
- b) `B.__init__(self)`
- c) `A.__init__(B)`
- d) `B.__init__(A)`

35. What is the output of the following piece of code?

```
class Test:
    def __init__(self):
        self.x = 0
class Derived_Test(Test):
    def __init__(self):
        Test.__init__(self)
        self.y = 1
def main():
    b = Derived_Test()
    print(b.x,b.y)
main()
```

- a) Error because class B inherits A but variable x isn't inherited
- b) 0 0
- c) 0 1
- d) Error, the syntax of the invoking method is wrong

The Only Quiz for this Semester

36. What is the output of the following piece of code?

```
class A:
    def __init__(self, x= 1):
        self.x = x
class der(A):
    def __init__(self,y = 2):
        super().__init__()
        self.y = y
def main():
    obj = der()
    print(obj.x, obj.y)
main()
```

- a) Error, the syntax of the invoking method is wrong
- b) The program runs fine but nothing is printed
- c) 1 0
- d) 1 2

37. What type of inheritance is illustrated in the following piece of code?

```
class A():
    pass
class B():
    pass
class C(A,B):
    pass
```

- a) Multi-level inheritance
- b) Multiple inheritance
- c) Hierarchical inheritance
- d) Single-level inheritance

38. The following code is executed

```
def f(x):
    return x + 2, x * 2
```

```
x, y = f(5)
print(x + y)
```

What is the output produced by the print() statement?

- a) 7 10
- b) 17
- c) x + y
- d) This produces an error.

39. Names that are valid for variables are also valid for functions.

- a) True
- b) False

40. Bonus

The Only Quiz for this Semester
II. Analysis and Programming

1. Inheritance [10 marks]

Consider the following code:

```
class Spell:
    def __init__(self, incantation, name):
        self.name = name
        self.incantation = incantation
    def __str__(self):
        return self.name + ' ' + self.incantation + '\n' + self.get_description()
    def get_description(self):
        return 'No description'
    def execute(self):
        print self.incantation

class Accio(Spell):
    def __init__(self):
        Spell.__init__(self, 'Accio', 'Summoning Charm')
    class Confundo(Spell):
        def __init__(self):
            Spell.__init__(self, 'Confundo', 'Confundus Charm')
        def get_description(self):
            return 'Causes the victim to become confused and befuddled.'
        def study_spell(spell):
            print(spell)

spell = Accio()
spell.execute()
study_spell(spell)
study_spell(Confundo())
```

- What are the parent and child classes here?
- What does the code print out? (Try figuring it out without running it in Python)
- Which get description method is called when 'study_spell(Confundo())' is executed? Why?
- What do we need to do so that 'print Accio()' will print the appropriate description ('This charm summons an object to the caster, potentially over a significant distance')?

Write down the code that we need to add and/or change.

The Only Quiz for this Semester

2. You are required to create an application to manage staff salary data (use classes). [50 marks]

Requirements for the prototype program are as follows:

a. Program will **read file data.txt**

Format: ID#Name#Position#SalaryAmount

b. Program will **display records(sorted by name)** of data.txt to the screen.

```
|ID      |Name      |Position  |Salary   |
|S0001   |Garry     |Staff     |4500000 |
|S0002   |James     |Staff     |5000000 |
|S0004   |Judith    |Manager   |10700000|
|S0003   |Yuli      |Officer   |8500000 |
```

```
1. New Staff
2. Delete Staff
3. View Summary Data
4. Save & Exit
Input Choice:
```

c. The program will display a menu which contains the following:

1. New Staff
2. Delete Staff
3. View Summary Data
4. Save and Exit

d. If user choose menu 1 "**New Staff**".

a. Ask user to input Staff ID, with the following requirements:

- i. The length must be 5 characters.
- ii. The first character must be 'S'.
- iii. The second until fifth character must be numeric.
- iv. Staff ID must be unique

b. Ask user to input name with **length of name should not be more than 20 characters.**

c. Ask user to input position which must be '**Staff**' or '**Officer**' or '**Manager**'

d. Ask user to input salary, with following requirements:

Position	Salary Range
Staff	3,500,000 – 7,000,000
Officer	7,000,001 – 10,000,000
Manager	> 10,000,000

```
1. New Staff
2. Delete Staff
3. View Summary Data
4. Save & Exit
Input Choice:1
New Staff
Input ID[SXXXX]:SS123
Input ID[SXXXX]:S0007
Input Name[0...20]:Caleb
Input Position[Staff|Officer|Manager]:Director
Input Position[Staff|Officer|Manager]:Officer
Input Salary for Officer:9000000
```

The Only Quiz for this Semester

- e. User can choose menu **"Delete Staff"**.
- Ask user to input staff id.
 - Validate the staff whether in the list or not.
 - If the ID exists, then delete the record from the list.

ID	Name	Position	Salary
S0001	Garry	Staff	4500000
S0002	James	Staff	5000000
S0004	Judith	Manager	10700000
S0003	Yuli	Officer	8500000

```
1. New Staff
2. Delete Staff
3. View Summary Data
4. Save & Exit
```

Input Choice: 2

Delete Staff

Input ID[SXXXX]: S0009

Data Not Found

ID	Name	Position	Salary
S0001	Garry	Staff	4500000
S0002	James	Staff	5000000
S0004	Judith	Manager	10700000
S0003	Yuli	Officer	8500000

```
1. New Staff
2. Delete Staff
3. View Summary Data
4. Save & Exit
```

Input Choice: 2

Delete Staff

Input ID[SXXXX]: S0004

Data has been successfully deleted

- f. If user choose menu 3 "View Summary Data", the program will show the minimum, maximum, and average salary for each position.

```
1. Staff
Minimum Salary: 4500000
Maximum Salary: 5000000
Average Salary: 4750000
```

```
2. Officer
Minimum Salary: 8500000
Maximum Salary: 8500000
Average Salary: 8500000
```

```
3. Manager
Minimum Salary: 10700000
Maximum Salary: 10700000
Average Salary: 10700000
```

- g. If user choose menu 4 "Save & Exit", the program will write staff salary data into data.txt and the application will be closed.

Format:
ID#Name#Position#SalaryAmount

Save and Send github repository link to edujzenitram@gmail.com @11.30am today

{End of Quiz}