

**ECCS-1721 Digital Logic (Spring 2024)**  
**Exam3**

**Student Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

This exam is *open-notebook* (meaning all of your course materials may be consulted), and the Internet may be used to consult information on any of the topics; however, you may not use the Internet or any other means of communication to discuss details of the exam with anyone else **except the instructor**. All tools are not allowed. I repeat, **NO form of communication is allowed between students concerning any aspect of the exam. Violating these directions is considered as giving or receiving aid on the exam.** Please, ask the instructor for clarifications as needed.

**Honor Pledge**

(Please copy down the *italicized statement* below on the first sheet you use in writing out your exam and sign before you begin the exam): **[10 pt penalty if omitted!!!]**

*I hereby pledge my honor that no aid shall be given nor received during this exam. If I observe any forms of academic misconduct or questionable behavior, I hereby pledge to report it to my instructor.*

**Student Signature:** \_\_\_\_\_

**You need to use separate sheets of paper. Indicate the beginning of each Question of the exam (e.g., Question 1) and be sure to number the answers appropriately. Use the same numbering as this exam.**

Question	Score	Out of
1		30
2		20
3		25
4		25
<b>Total</b>		<b>100</b>

### Question 1 (30 points)

For this question your task is to design and implement a 3-bit synchronous counter that goes through the following sequence: 1, 6, 2, 5, 3, 4 and back to 1.

1. (4 points) Draw the state diagram of this counter.
2. (4 points) Draw the timing diagram of this counter showing at least 6 clocks. You can assume any initial value and the transition should happen on a positive clock edge.
3. (8 points) Find the transition table using JK Flip flops.
4. (8 points) Simplify the input equations for all the different JK Flip flops inputs ( $J_2, K_2, J_1, K_1$ , and  $J_0, K_0$ ) in terms of  $Q_2, Q_1$ , and  $Q_0$ .
5. (4 points) Draw the hardware as neatly as possible.
6. (2 points) Can you guess what this counter is trying to emulate?

### Question 2 (20 points)

Your task in this question is to design a Finite State Machine (FSM) that can detect a sequence of two or more consecutive zeros. An example input/output is shown below:

X = 0100111000000111111100111000011001010100000011101001

Z = 0001000011111000000010000111000100000001111100000010

1. Design a Moore FSM to achieve this task
  - a. (4 points) Draw the state diagram
  - b. (4 points) Write the state table showing the next states and output for every state
  - c. (2 points) How many Flip-Flops do you need to implement this FSM?
2. Design a Mealy FSM to achieve this task
  - a. (4 points) Draw the state diagram
  - b. (4 points) Draw the state table showing the next states and output for every state
  - c. (2 points) How many Flip-Flops do you need to implement this FSM?

### Question 3 (25 points)

1. (5 points) Minimize the following Mealy FSM, using the standard staircase method. **Hint:** For a Mealy state machine two states are equivalent if their next states and outputs are the same for  $X=0$  and  $X=1$ .

Present state	Next state		Output (Z)	
	X=0	X=1	X=0	X=1
A	B	G	0	1
B	A	D	1	1
C	F	G	0	1
D	H	A	0	0
E	G	C	0	0
F	C	D	1	1
G	G	E	0	0
H	G	D	0	0

2. **(2 points)** The following state table represents the FSM after minimization. Draw the state diagram of this FSM.

Present state	Next state		Output (Z)	
	X=0	X=1	X=0	X=1
A	B	G	0	1
B	A	D	1	1
D	G	A	0	0
G	G	D	0	0

3. **(7 points)** Assigning A to 00, B to 01, D to 10, and G to 11, and using Toggle Flip-Flops write the transition table of this FSM.
4. **(8 points)** Using three-input k-maps find the Boolean expressions of  $T_1$ ,  $T_0$  and Z in terms of  $Q_1$ ,  $Q_0$  and X.
5. **(3 points)** Draw the hardware diagram of this FSM assuming negative edge triggered Flip-Flops with asynchronous active-low reset.

**Question 4 (25 points)**

1. **(3 points)** The following is the state table of a BCD to Excess 6 FSM. Draw the state diagram of this FSM. Try to Keep the No Carry states (odd states) to the left and the Carry states (even states) to the right.

Present state	Next state		Output (Z)	
	X=0	X=1	X=0	X=1
S0	S1	S1	0	1
S1	S3	S2	1	0
S2	S4	S4	0	1
S3	S5	S4	1	0
S4	S0	-	1	-
S5	S0	S0	0	1

2. **(5 points)** Continue the following testing table to verify that the FSM is working correctly

Input sequence				Next state				Output sequence			
t3	t2	t1	t0	t3	t2	t1	t0	t3	t2	t1	t0
0	0	0	0	S0	S5	S3	S1	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	1	S0			S1				
0	0	1	0	S0			S1				
0	0	1	1	S0			S1				
0	1	0	0	S0			S1				
0	1	0	1	S0			S1				
0	1	1	0	S0			S1				
0	1	1	1	S0			S1				
1	0	0	0	S0			S1				
1	0	0	1	S0			S1				

3. **(4 points)** Using Heuristic rules, continue the following state assignment table for the FSM. **Hint:** I partially filled the table to keep your answers as consistent as possible, you should be able to satisfy all the groups in the three rules.

	Q0	
Q2Q1	0	1
00	S0	S1
01		S3
11	X	X
10		

4. **(5 points)** Using D Flip-Flops write the transition table of this FSM.
5. **(5 points)** Using four-input K-maps find the Boolean expressions of D2, D1, D0, and Z in terms of Q2, Q1, Q0, and X.
6. **(3 points)** Draw the hardware diagram of this FSM assuming positive edge triggered Flip-Flops with synchronous active-high reset.