

IMLS supports the full range of libraries, including public, academic, research, special and tribal, and the full range of museums including art, history, science and technology, children's museums, historical societies, tribal museums, planetariums, botanic gardens and zoos.







\$214 Million - Museums \$150 Million - Libraries

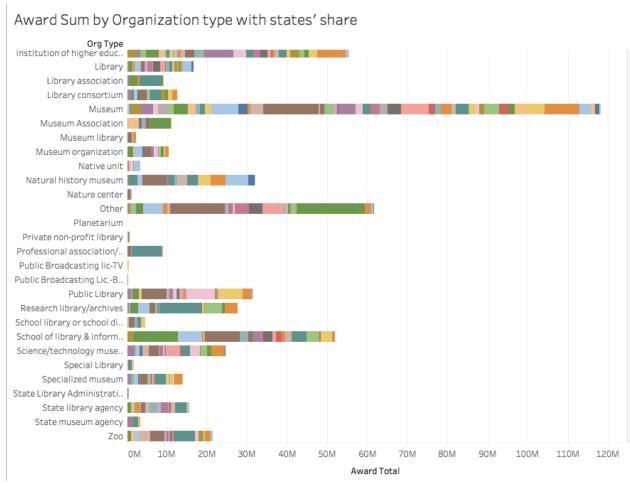
MISSION

To advance innovation, lifelong learning, and cultural and civic engagement.



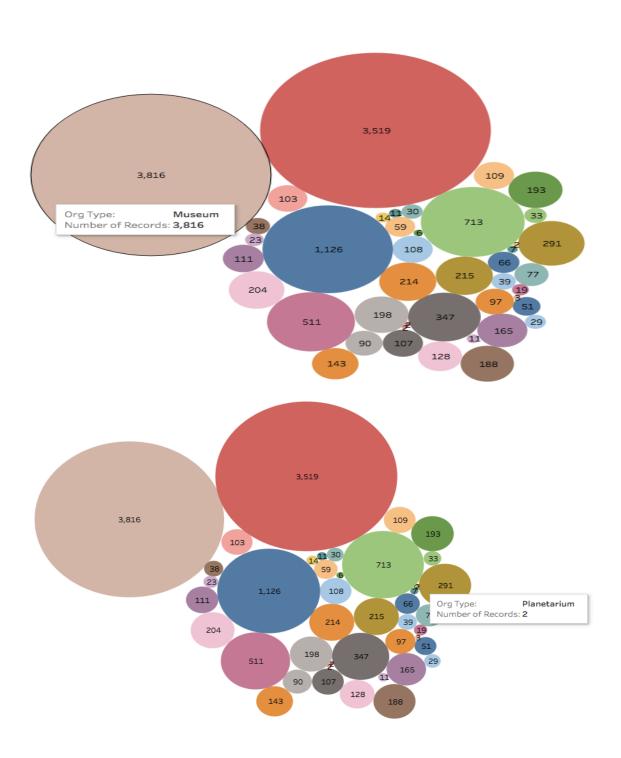
- There are 123,000 libraries and 35,000 museums in the U.S.
- 169 million people in the U.S. over the age of 14 (69% of the population) are library users.
- 148 million people in the U.S over the age of 18 visit a museum annually.

NYC state got the highest award total sum, it has 83 museums, most of which are quite prominent, of the 35000 museums funded by IMLS



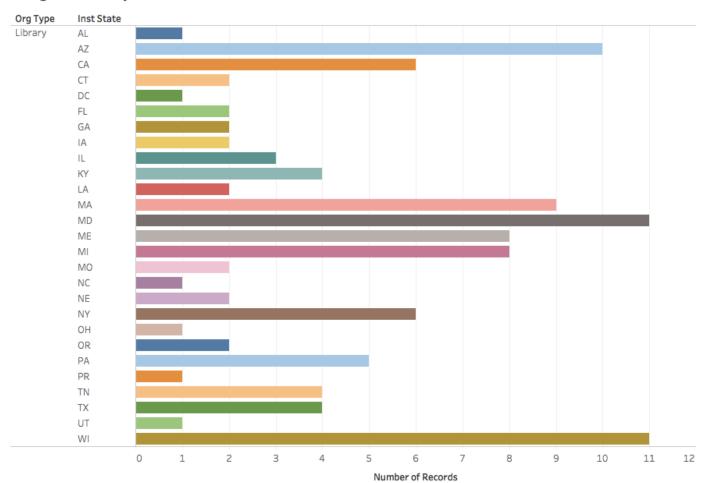
It's hard to tell from here, but from the numbers, it's NYC that gets the lion share.

The organization type Museum gets the highest number of grants with 3816, while the organizations Public Broadcasting Lic. –Both and Planetarium get the lowest number of grants which is 2.



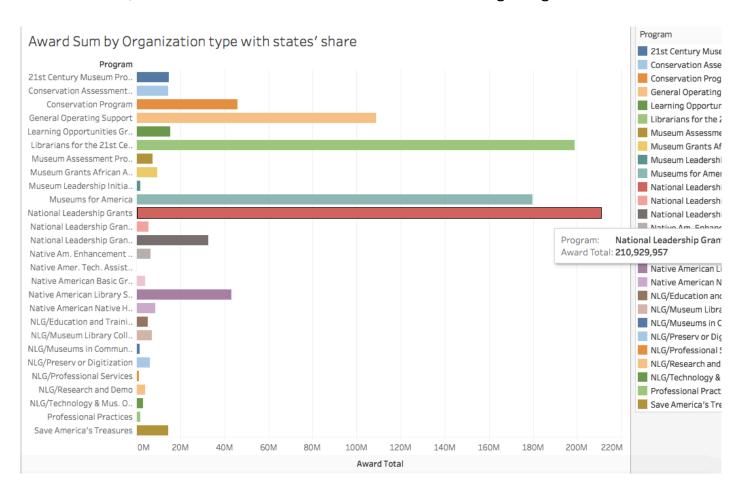
Organization Type 'Library' in the US States: Maryland, Arizona, Wisconsin have the largest number of records

Usage of Library in States

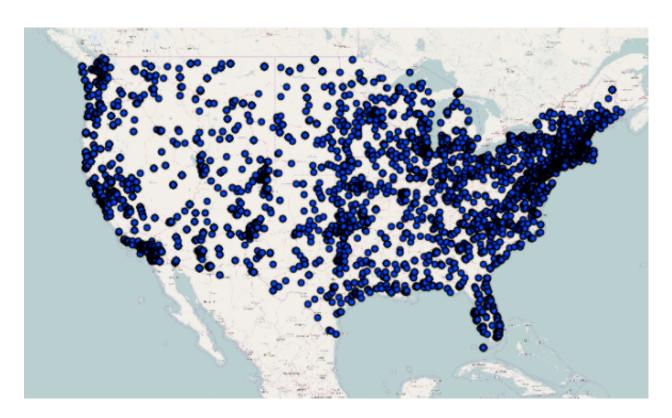


In Programs division, Museum Assessment Prog. gets the highest number of grants with 1731, while NLG/Museums in Community program gets the lowest number of grants with 10.

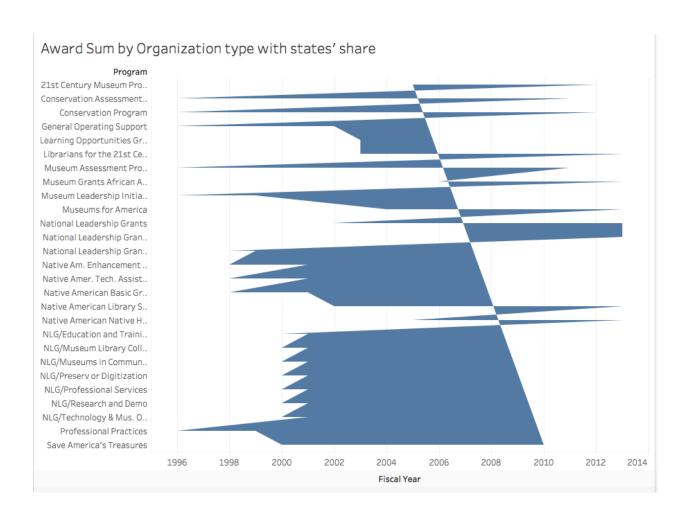
In the same with Award totals, National Leadership Grants gets the highest total award sum of \$210929957 with Native Amer. Tech. Assistance getting the lowest.



The awards' map showed dense award populations in East and West areas. That's because Eastern part of USA has larger number of museums when compared to the west.



Going with the Fiscal Year, we can see that the number of grants and the award totals have fallen from 9714820 in the year 1996 to 2720191 in the year 2013.





For 20 years, IMLS has been the primary conduit for over \$214 million in annual federal funding to school, tribal, and other libraries around the country. The White House's proposed budget would eliminate funding for IMLS.

Many organizations concerned about libraries and literacy, the arts and humanities, encourage those who are represented in Congress to voice concerns about the proposed budget