## AMES Section Notes – Week 10, Setting Up population Growth

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## 1 Pset 1 Q1

Consider a population where the population level can be modeled:

$$N_t = (b - d)N_{t-1} \tag{1}$$

And survival rate is:

$$S_i j = 1 - d \tag{2}$$

Where  $S_{ij}$  is the survival rate of individuals i years old make it to j years old.

Everyone dies after 3 years.

We can model this as:

$$N_{0_{t+1}}^{t+1} = b_0 N_{0_t}^t + b_1 N_{1_t} + b_2 N_{3_t} + b_3 N_{3_t}$$
(3)

$$N_{1_{t+1}} = S_{0,1}N_{0_t} + 0 + 0 + 0 (4)$$

$$N_{2_{t+1}} = 0 + S_{1,2}N_{1_t} + 0 + 0 (5)$$

$$N_{3_{t+1}} = 0 + 0 + S_{2,3}N_{2_t} + 0 (6)$$

Where we're looking at the number of individuals that are m years old in time period t+1,  $N_{m_{t+1}}$ .

Can we write this more clearly with matrices?

$$\begin{bmatrix} N_{0_{t+1}} \\ N_{1_{t+1}} \\ N_{2_{t+1}} \\ N_{3_{t+1}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} b_0 & b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ S_{0,1} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_{1,2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_{2,3} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} N_{0_t} \\ N_{1_t} \\ N_{2_t} \\ N_{3_t} \end{bmatrix}$$
(7)

$$N_{t+1} = \underset{4 \times 1}{A} N_t$$
(8)