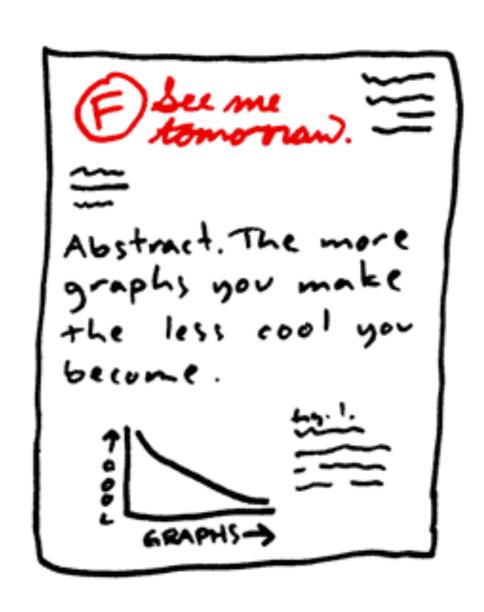
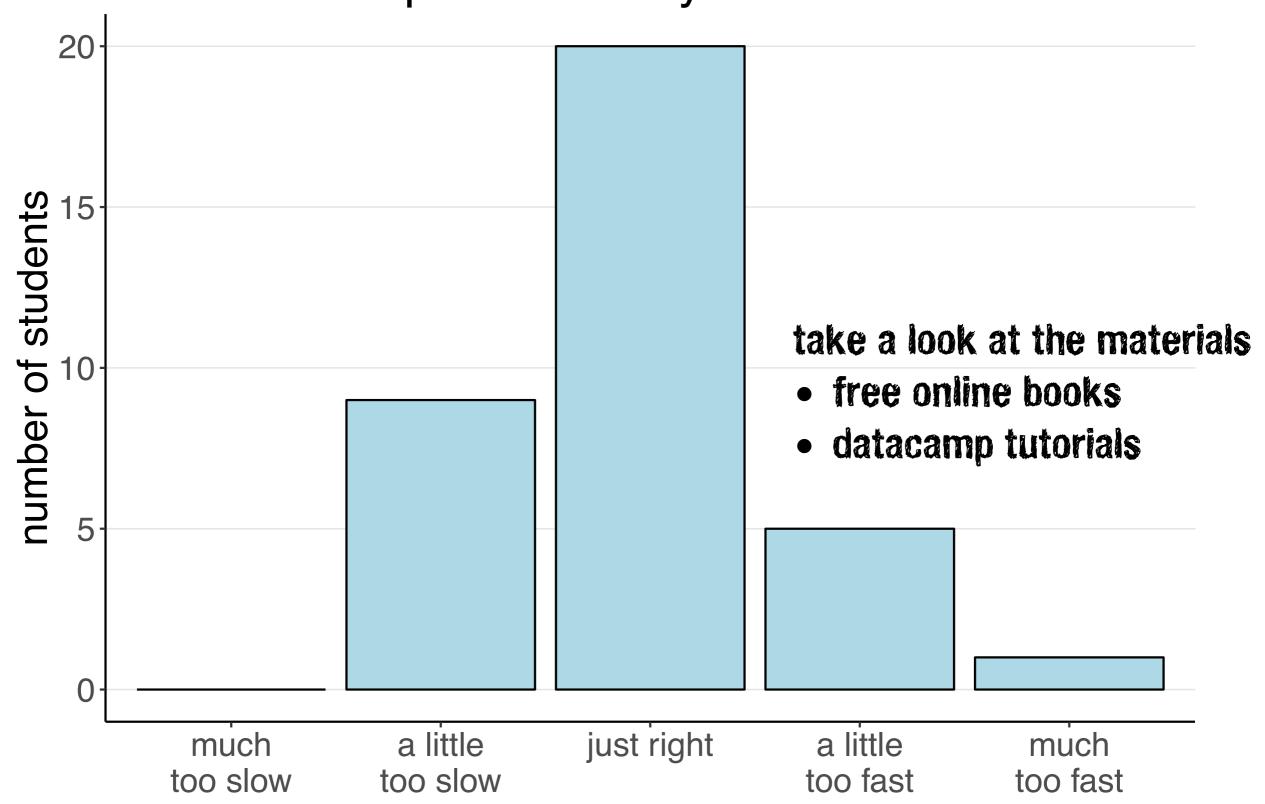
Please keep rows 3 and 6 free again! ... and get stickies

Visualization 2

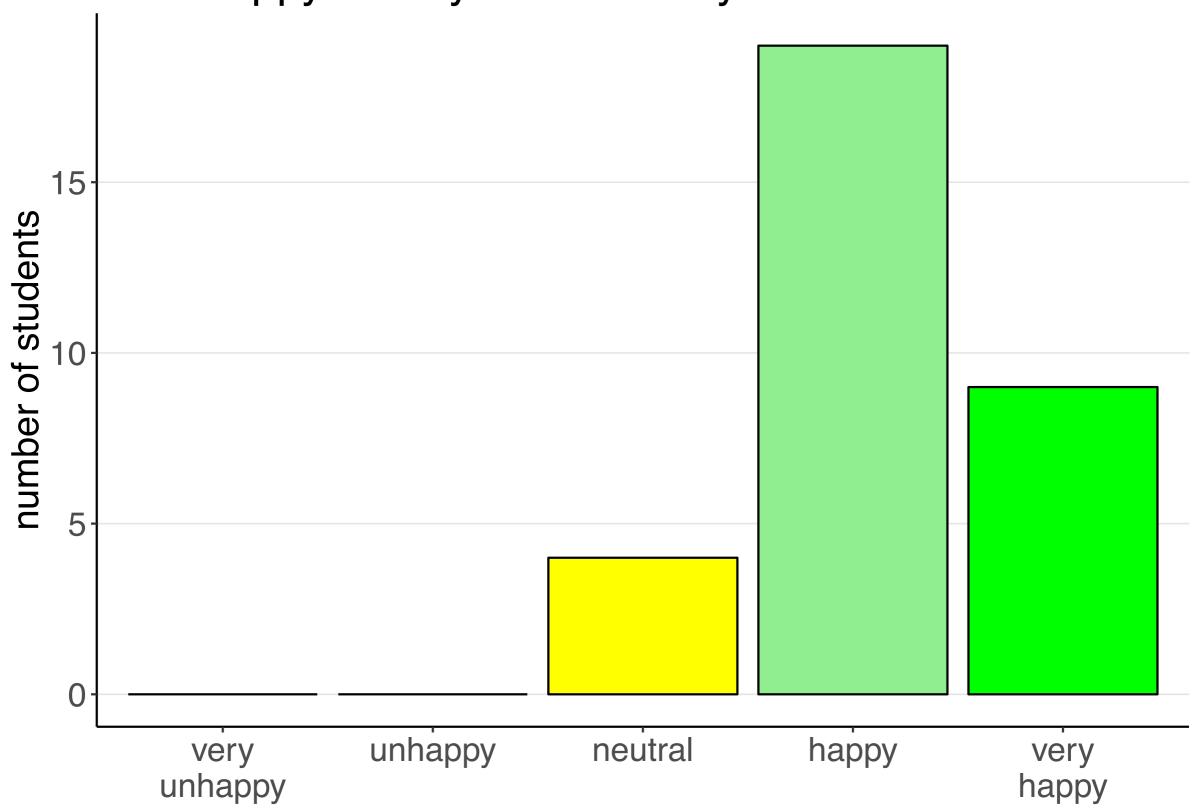




How was the pace of today's class?



How happy were you with today's class overall?



Good class! **Stress testing** the tech related stuff would be helpful (i.e. make sure figures are available for students). But I'm sure you were thinking that over

we'll do more stress testing!

Writing all the packages we need to install in the Rmd file somewhere so we can just copy and paste into console, instead of installing along the way. I did appreciate it being in the email, but it's easier to have it in Rmd so that I don't have to have another window open

good idea! we'll do that from now onwards

(might still miss a few here and there)

Maybe **telling everyone which line we are at now** would help. Sometimes I lost track of where we were in the .Rmd file

thanks! will try and do that better this time

I really liked the setup of going through the markdown file and doing examples together. It made very easy to jump ahead when we finish early and made it feel like a very efficient use of time good to know!

I think it may be more useful to have us to the practice exercises at home/outside of class and use class time to go over ideas/concepts etc...

this will become more the focus as we go along

are students without programming experience able to keep up?
I have experience but I felt I had to draw on it a lot in order to complete what was going on

it'll be tough but with the help of Datacamp it should be doable

The walkthrough of ggplot made things much clearer! I'm hoping to learn how to apply these skills with actual psych data that's a little less straightforward (like how to plot the output of a regression analysis, etc.).

you'll get to deal with messy data soon :)

Logistics

Introductory survey

https://tinyurl.com/psych252survey

Final project

Final reports will be due on Thursday, March 21st at 10pm.

(same day that we'll have project presentations in the morning)

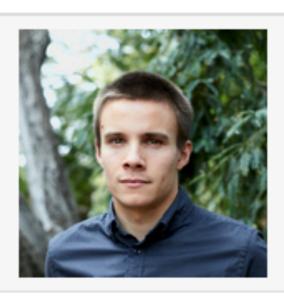
Sections

- sections aren't mandatory but strongly recommended
- learning a new language takes practice
- I can only offer you a glimpse in class
- TAs will be able to help you individually in sections

Sections

Andrew Lampinen

Shao-Fang (Pam) Wang





Role: Teaching assistant

Teaching assistant

Email: lampinen@stanford.edu

shaofang@stanford.edu

Office: 316

409

Office hours: Friday 12:30-1:30pm

Wednesday 1-2pm

Section: Friday 1:30-2:20pm

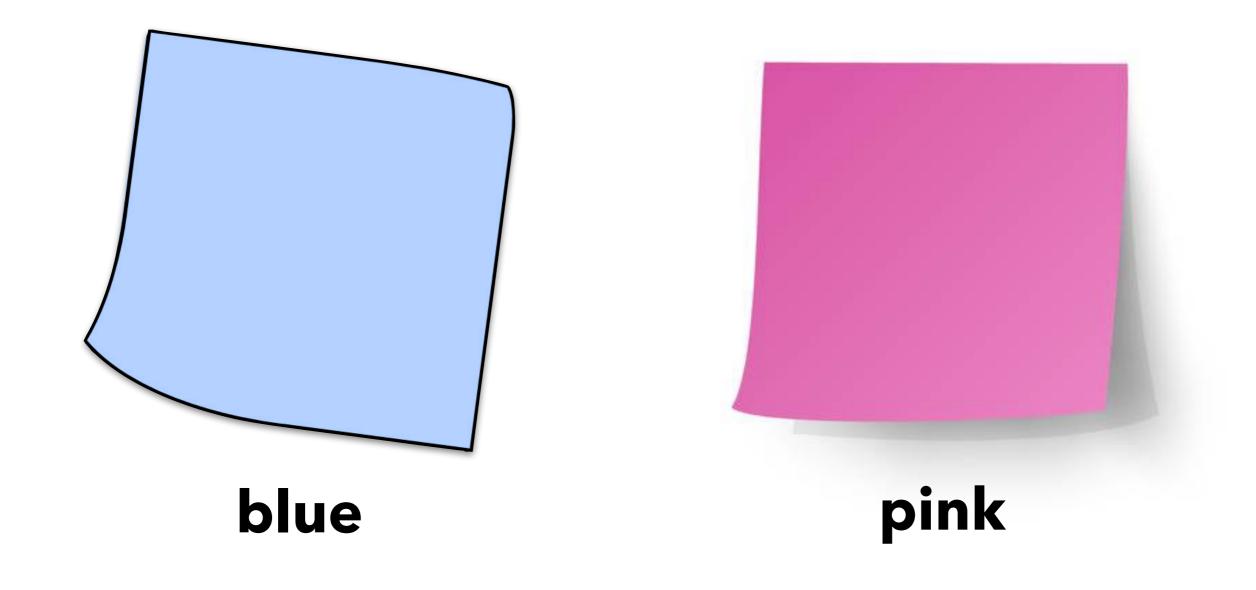
Wednesday 2:30-3:20pm

in 160-314

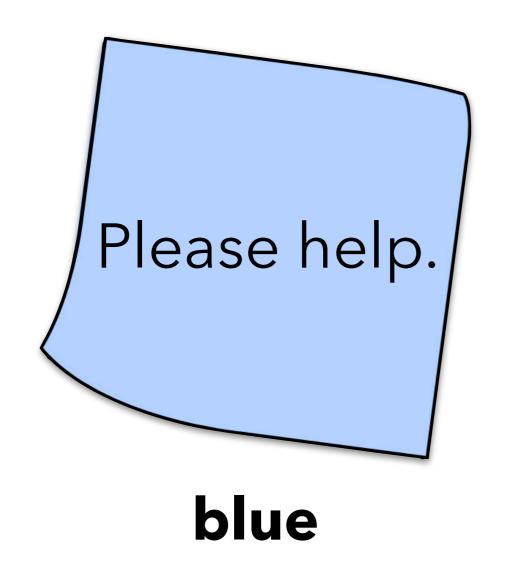
in 160-326

Coding

Small point: Mike Frank used pink sticky notes for when you're having issues and blue sticky notes for when you're complete. This class uses the opposite system (pink = good, blue = bad), and that makes it slightly confusing.

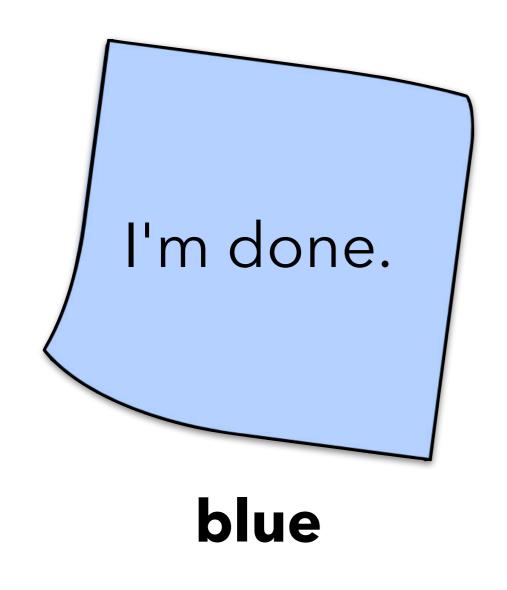


Coding

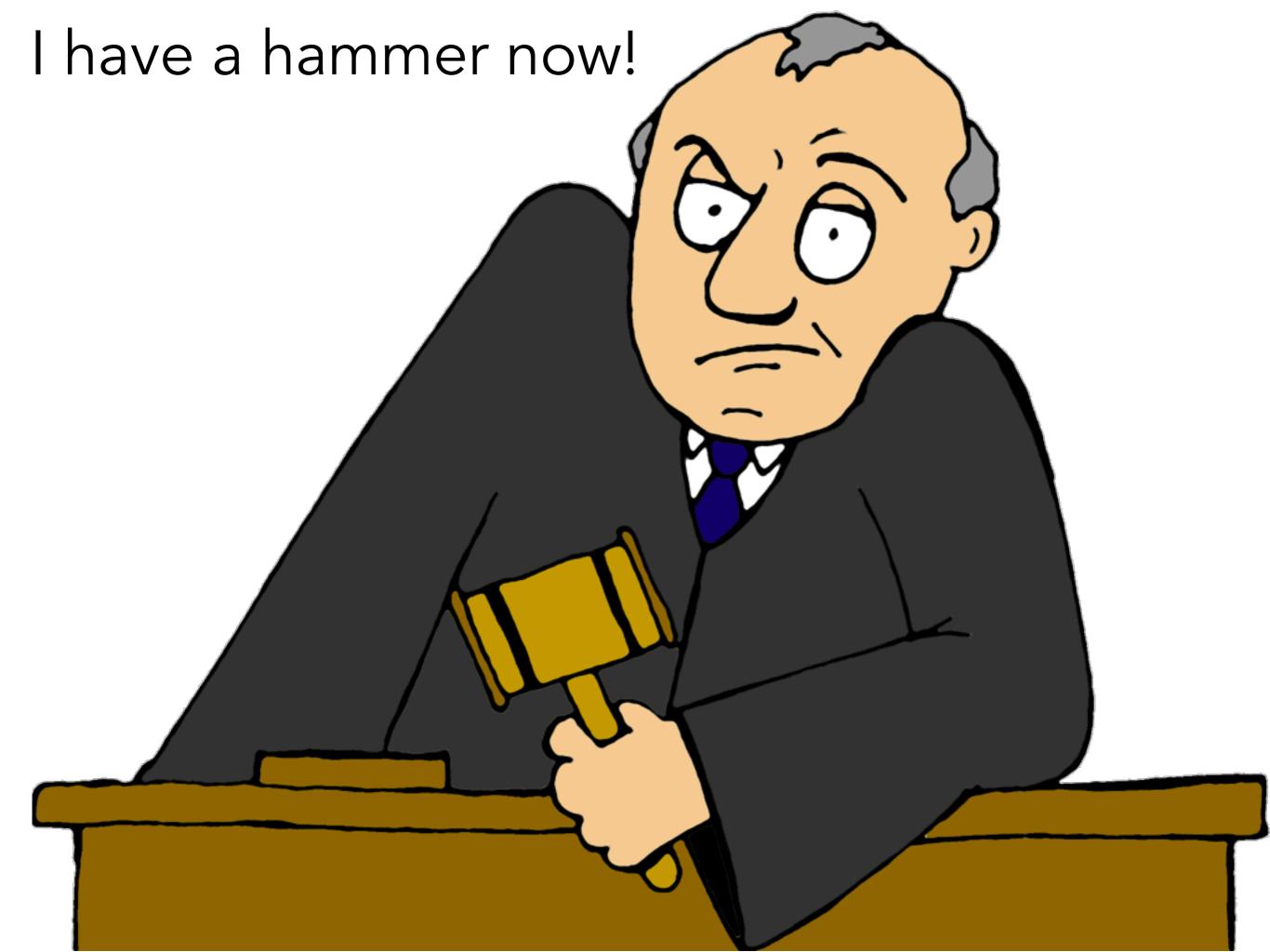




Coding

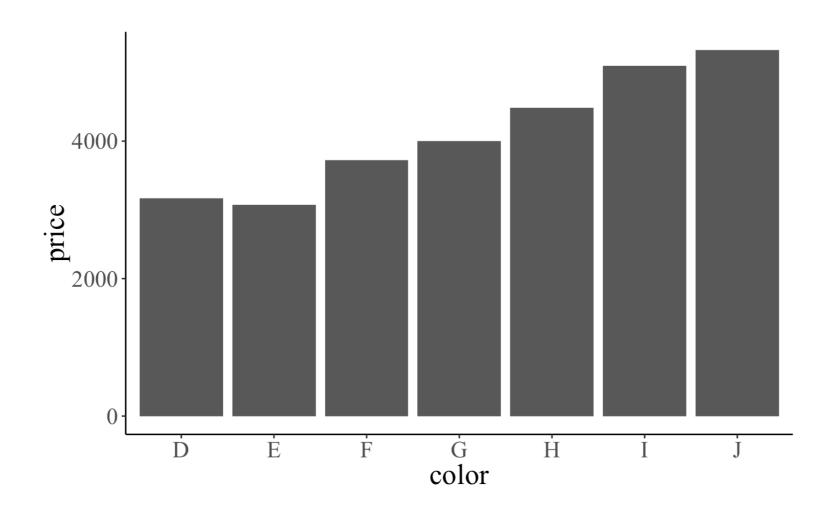






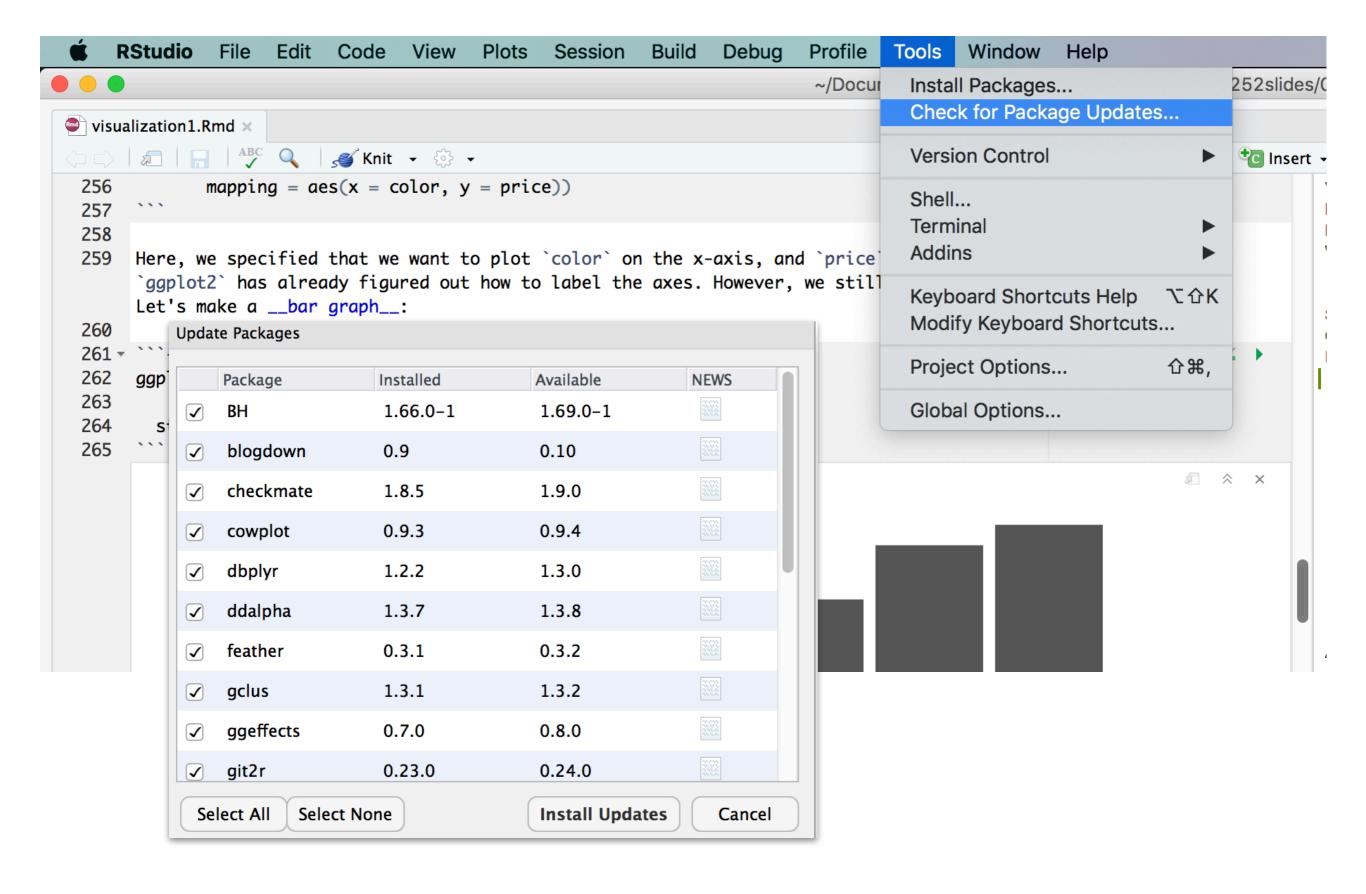
Things that came up

Changing the font



lots of customization (fonts, legends, axes, space, ...)!

Keeping your packages up to data



Loading packages in R

```
1 library("knitr")  # for rendering the RMarkdown file
2 library("patchwork") # for making figure panels
3 library("ggpol") # for making fancy boxplots
4 library("ggridges") # for making joyplots
5 library("gganimate") # for making animations
6 library("gapminder") # data available from Gapminder.org
7 library("tidyverse") # for many cool things
```

- functions in later packages override functions of the same name from earlier packages
- always load library ("tidyverse") last (since it's a collection of packages with many functions)
- if you want to be extra safe, specify a function with the package name in front dplyr::select()

Reformatting code

```
1 qqplot(data = df.diamonds[1:150,], mapping = aes(x = color, y = price)) +
     # individual data points (jittered horizontally)
 3
         geom point(alpha = 0.2,
 4
                     position = position jitter(width = 0.1, height = 0),
                size = 2) +
     # error bars
     stat summary(fun.data = "mean cl boot",
                  geom = "linerange",
 9
         color = "black",
10
                        size = 1) +
11
           # means
12 stat summary(fun.y = "mean",
13
                  geom = "point",
14 shape = 21,
15
                  fill = "red",
                  color = "black",
16
17
                  size = 4)
```

highlight code and press cmd/ctrl + i

```
1 ggplot(data = df.diamonds[1:150,], mapping = aes(x = color, y = price)) +
     # individual data points (jittered horizontally)
     geom point(alpha = 0.2,
                position = position jitter(width = 0.1, height = 0),
                size = 2) +
     # error bars
     stat summary(fun.data = "mean cl boot",
                  geom = "linerange",
 9
                  color = "black",
10
                  size = 1) +
11
     # means
12
     stat summary(fun.y = "mean",
13
                  geom = "point",
14
                  shape = 21,
15
                  fill = "red",
16
                  color = "black",
17
                  size = 4)
```

Commenting code

highlight code and press cmd/ctrl + shift + c

```
1 # ggplot(data = df.diamonds,
2 # mapping = aes(x = color, y = price)) +
3 # stat_summary(fun.y = "mean", geom = "bar")
```

Quickly copying code

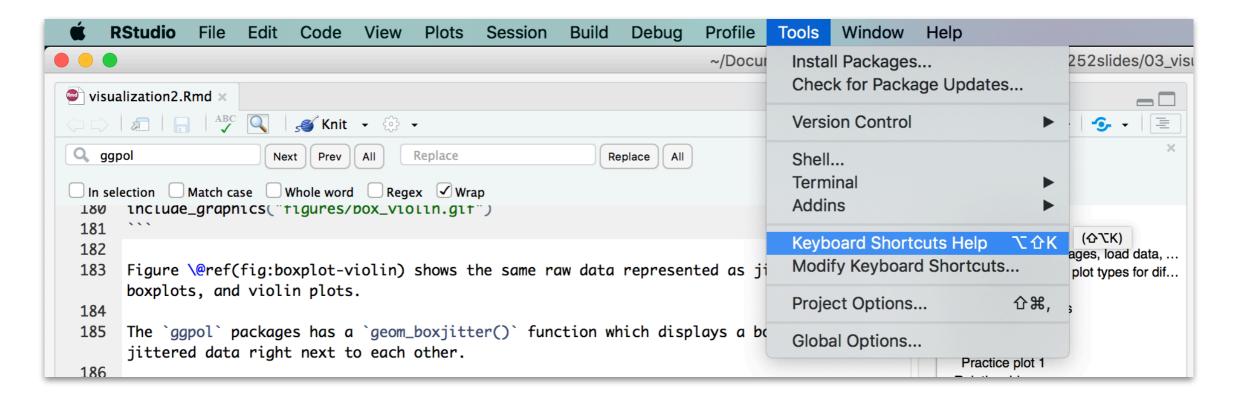
```
1 ggplot(mapping = aes(x = color, y = price), data = df.diamonds) +
    stat summary(fun.y = "mean", geom = "point")
                     put cursor anywhere in line 1
cmd/ctrl + shift + d
1 ggplot(mapping = aes(x = color, y = price), data = df.diamonds) +
2 ggplot(mapping = aes(x = color, y = price), data = df.diamonds) +
 stat summary(fun.y = "mean", geom = "point")
                     comment
cmd/ctrl + shift + c
1 # ggplot(mapping = aes(x = color, y = price), data = df.diamonds) +
```

change

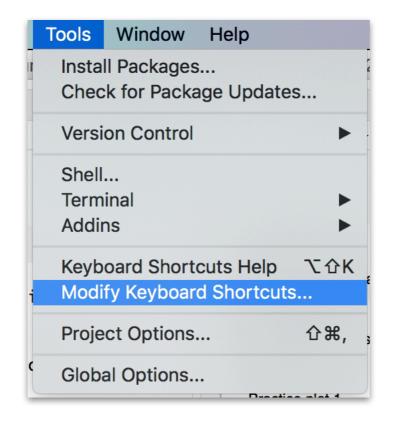
2 ggplot(mapping = $ae_s(x = cut, y = price)$, data = df.diamonds) +

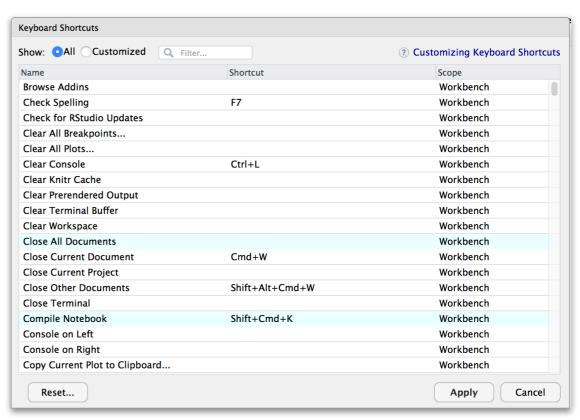
stat summary(fun.y = "mean", geom = "point")

Learn the keyboard shortcuts!



... and make your own



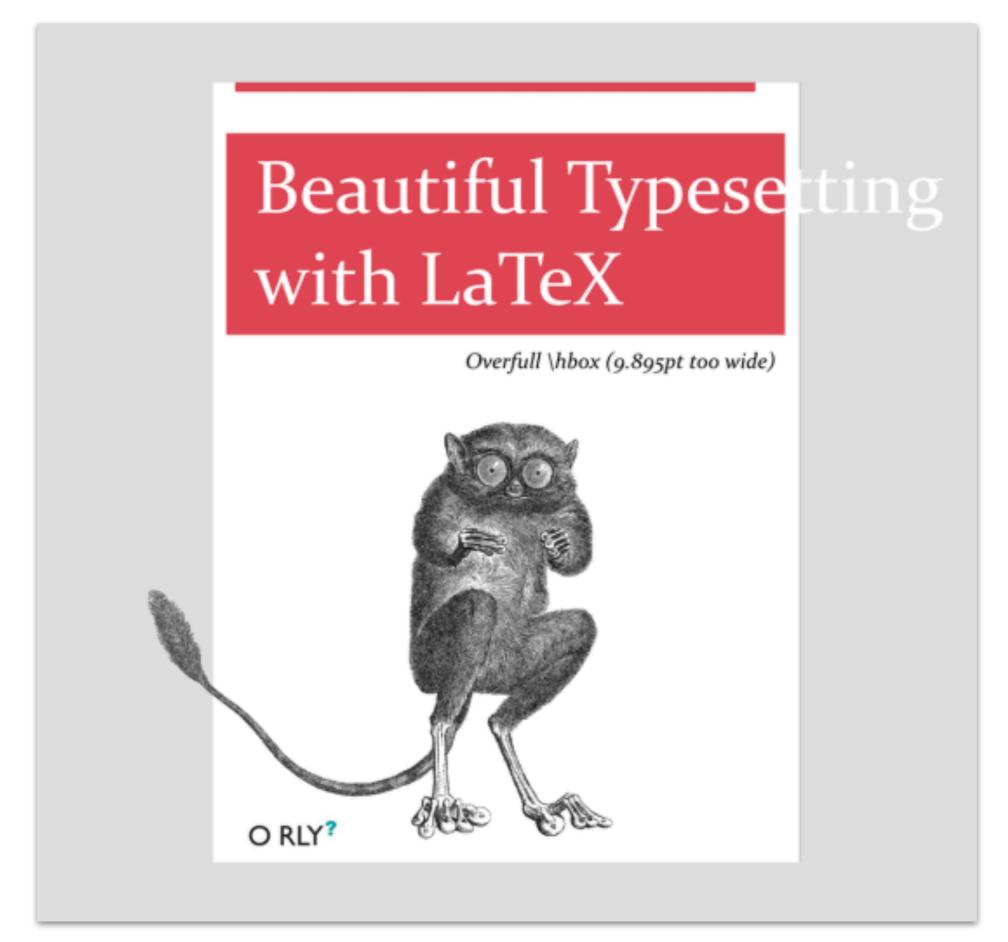


RStudio & visualization time!

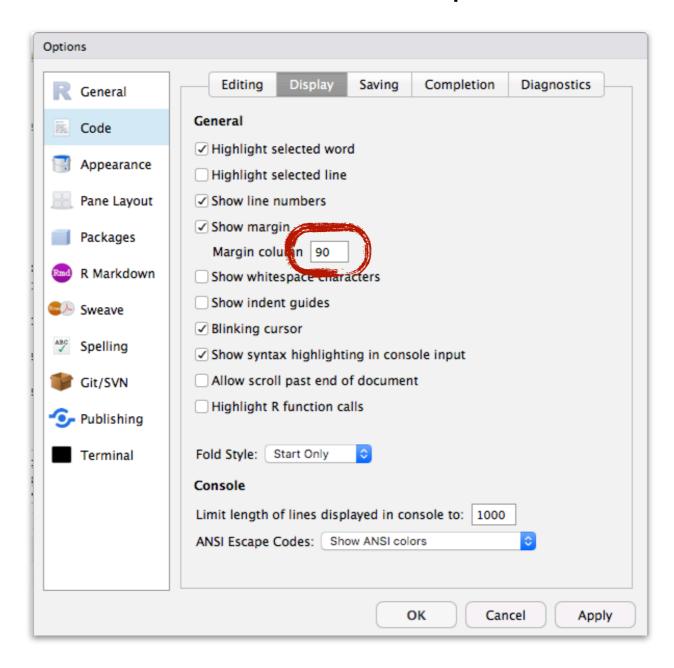
very long code without line break



```
1 ggplot(data = df.diamonds, mapping = aes(y = price, x = color, fill = color, group = cut, shape = cut, ...)) +
2    stat_summary(fun.y = "mean", geom = "bar", color = "black") +
3    stat_summary(fun.data = "mean_cl_boot", geom = "linerange") +
4    facet grid(rows = vars(cut), cols = vars(clarity))
```



- set the margin to 90 (and make sure not to go over that margin in code blocks)
- Preferences... > Code > Display



- set the margin to 90 (and make sure not to go over that margin in code blocks)
- Preferences... > Code > Display

```
# take a look at the data sets that come with the package

data(package = "fivethirtyeight")

# take a look at the help file to get more information about the different data sets (not all packages help("fivethirtyeight")

# the "fivethirtyeight" provides a detailed overview over the different data sets win this command vignette("fivethirtyeight", package = "fivethirtyeight")

# to load a particular data set (e.g. US_births_2000_2014, replace with the name of the data set you'd df.data = US_births_2000_2014
```

only important in code chunks!

take a look at the data sets that come with the package data(package = "fivethirtyeight")

good!

take a look at the data sets that come with the package
data(package = "fivethirtyeight")

take a look at the help file to get more information about the different data sets (not
all packages have help files)
help("fivethirtyeight")

the "fivethirtyeight" provides a detailed overview over the different data sets with
this command
vignette("fivethirtyeight", package = "fivethirtyeight")

to load a particular data set (e.g. US_births_2000_2014, replace with the name of the
data set you'd liked to load) into your environment, run the following
df.data = US_births_2000_2014



Feedback