# **COBYQA Reference**

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This page presents the framework of the method.

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**CHAPTER** 

**ONE** 

#### **OPTIMIZATION SOLVER**

### 1.1 Statement of the problem

We are interested in nonlinear constrained optimization problems of the form

where the *objective function* f and the *constraint functions*  $c_i$ , with  $i \in \mathcal{I} \cup \mathcal{E}$ , are real-valued functions on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , and  $l \in \mathbb{R}^n$  and  $u \in \mathbb{R}^n$  with l < u are respectively referred to as the *upper bound* and *lower bound* on the *decision variable*  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . We denote the cardinal numbers of  $\mathcal{I}$  and  $\mathcal{E}$  respectively  $n_{\mathcal{I}}$  and  $n_{\mathcal{E}}$ .

The Lagrangian function  $\mathcal{L} \colon \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^{n_{\mathcal{I}} + n_{\mathcal{E}}} \to \mathbb{R}$  for problem (1.1) is given by

$$\mathcal{L}(x,\lambda) = f(x) + \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I} \cup \mathcal{E}} \lambda_i c_i(x), \tag{1.2}$$

where  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}^{n_{\mathcal{I}} + n_{\mathcal{E}}}$  is referred to as the *dual variable*.

#### **CHAPTER**

#### **TWO**

#### **LINEAR ALGEBRA**

This part presents the linear algebra.

- 2.1 Geometry improvement of the interpolation set
- 2.2 Bound constrained truncated conjugate gradient
- 2.3 Convex piecewise quadratic programming
- 2.4 Linear constrained truncated conjugate gradient
- 2.5 Nonnegative least squares