

# Terraform Guide

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### Terraform Infrastructure Guide

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# Terraform Infrastructure Guide

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**Infrastructure as Code:** Terraform **Version:** 1.0

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## Overview

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### What is Terraform?

Terraform is an Infrastructure as Code (IaC) tool that allows you to define and provision cloud infrastructure using declarative configuration files.

### Why Terraform for This Project?

✅ **Reproducible:** Deploy identical infrastructure anywhere   ✅ **Version Controlled:** Track infrastructure changes in Git   ✅ **Automated:** Reduce manual errors   ✅ **Documented:** Code serves as documentation   ✅ **Safe:** Preview changes before applying

### Infrastructure Deployed

This Terraform configuration deploys: - VPC with public and private subnets - Application Load Balancer with SSL - EC2 instance with Docker - Security groups and IAM roles - S3 bucket for backups - Secrets Manager for credentials - CloudWatch logging

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# Prerequisites

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## Required Tools

### 1. Terraform (>= 1.0)

```
# Install Terraform
wget https://releases.hashicorp.com/terraform/1.6.0/
    terraform_1.6.0_linux_amd64.zip
unzip terraform_1.6.0_linux_amd64.zip
sudo mv terraform /usr/local/bin/
terraform --version
```

### 2. AWS CLI (>= 2.0)

```
# Install AWS CLI
curl "https://awscli.amazonaws.com/awscli-exe-linux-x86_64.zip" -o
    "awscliv2.zip"
unzip awscliv2.zip
sudo ./aws/install
aws --version
```

### 3. AWS Account

- Active AWS account
- HIPAA BAA signed (if handling PHI)
- Appropriate permissions

## AWS Credentials

Configure AWS credentials:

```
aws configure

# You'll be prompted for:
AWS Access Key ID: YOUR_ACCESS_KEY
AWS Secret Access Key: YOUR_SECRET_KEY
Default region name: us-east-2
Default output format: json
```

Or use environment variables:

```
export AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID="your-access-key"
export AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY="your-secret-key"
export AWS_DEFAULT_REGION="us-east-2"
```

## Directory Structure

---

```
terraform/
├── main.tf                # Provider and backend configuration
├── variables.tf           # Input variables
├── outputs.tf            # Output values
├── vpc.tf                # VPC, subnets, routing
├── security.tf           # Security groups
├── alb.tf                # Load balancer, certificates
├── ec2.tf                # EC2 instance
├── iam.tf                # IAM roles and policies
├── s3.tf                 # S3 bucket for backups
├── secrets.tf            # AWS Secrets Manager
├── user_data.sh           # EC2 bootstrap script
├── terraform.tfvars      # Variable values (gitignored)
├── terraform.tfvars.example # Template
├── backend-setup/        # Initial S3/DynamoDB setup
│   └── main.tf
```

## Terraform Files Explained

---

### 1. main.tf

**Purpose:** Provider configuration and remote state backend

```
terraform {
  required_version = "≥ 1.0"

  required_providers {
    aws = {
      source  = "hashicorp/aws"
      version = "~> 5.0"
    }
  }
}

backend "s3" {
  bucket         = "hipaa-poc-tfstate-730543776652"
  key             = "terraform.tfstate"
  region         = "us-east-2"
  encrypt        = true
  dynamodb_table = "hipaa-poc-tfstate-locks"
}

provider "aws" {
  region = var.aws_region

  default_tags {
    tags = {
      Project      = var.project_name
      ManagedBy    = "Terraform"
      Environment  = "Production"
    }
  }
}
```

**Key Points:** - Uses AWS provider version 5.x - Remote state in S3 (encrypted) - DynamoDB for state locking - Default tags applied to all resources

---

## 2. variables.tf

**Purpose:** Define input variables

```
variable "aws_region" {
  description = "AWS region"
  type        = string
  default     = "us-east-2"
}

variable "project_name" {
  description = "Project name prefix"
  type        = string
  default     = "hipaa-poc"
}

variable "domain_name" {
  description = "Domain name for SSL certificate"
  type        = string
}

variable "google_client_id" {
  description = "Google OAuth Client ID"
  type        = string
  sensitive   = true
}

variable "google_client_secret" {
  description = "Google OAuth Client Secret"
  type        = string
  sensitive   = true
}

variable "vpc_cidr" {
  description = "CIDR block for VPC"
  type        = string
  default     = "10.0.0.0/16"
}

variable "availability_zones" {
  description = "Availability zones"
  type        = list(string)
  default     = ["us-east-2a", "us-east-2b"]
}

variable "instance_type" {
  description = "EC2 instance type"
  type        = string
  default     = "t3.small"
}
```

**Key Points:** - Sensitive variables marked as sensitive - Default values provided where appropriate - Type validation for safety

---

### 3. vpc.tf

**Purpose:** Network infrastructure

**Resources Created:** - 1 VPC (10.0.0.0/16) - 2 Public subnets (10.0.0.0/24, 10.0.1.0/24) - 2 Private subnets (10.0.10.0/24, 10.0.11.0/24) - 1 Internet Gateway - Route tables and associations

```
# VPC
resource "aws_vpc" "main" {
  cidr_block           = var.vpc_cidr
  enable_dns_hostnames = true
  enable_dns_support   = true

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-vpc"
  }
}

# Public Subnets
resource "aws_subnet" "public" {
  count                = 2
  vpc_id               = aws_vpc.main.id
  cidr_block           = cidrsubnet(var.vpc_cidr, 8, count.index)
  availability_zone     = var.availability_zones[count.index]
  map_public_ip_on_launch = true

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-public-${count.index + 1}"
  }
}

# Private Subnets
resource "aws_subnet" "private" {
  count                = 2
  vpc_id               = aws_vpc.main.id
  cidr_block           = cidrsubnet(var.vpc_cidr, 8, count.index + 10)
  availability_zone     = var.availability_zones[count.index]

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-private-${count.index + 1}"
  }
}
```

### 4. security.tf

**Purpose:** Security groups and network access control

**Security Groups:** 1. **ALB Security Group:** Allow HTTP/HTTPS from internet 2. **EC2 Security Group:** Allow traffic only from ALB

```

# ALB Security Group
resource "aws_security_group" "alb" {
  name_prefix = "${var.project_name}-alb-"
  vpc_id      = aws_vpc.main.id

  # HTTPS from anywhere
  ingress {
    from_port = 443
    to_port   = 443
    protocol  = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
    description = "HTTPS from internet"
  }

  # HTTP from anywhere (redirects to HTTPS)
  ingress {
    from_port = 80
    to_port   = 80
    protocol  = "tcp"
    cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
    description = "HTTP from internet"
  }

  # Outbound to EC2
  egress {
    from_port = 80
    to_port   = 80
    protocol  = "tcp"
    security_groups = [aws_security_group.ec2.id]
    description = "To EC2 instances"
  }

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-alb-sg"
  }
}

# EC2 Security Group
resource "aws_security_group" "ec2" {
  name_prefix = "${var.project_name}-ec2-"
  vpc_id      = aws_vpc.main.id

  # HTTP from ALB only
  ingress {
    from_port = 80
    to_port   = 80
    protocol  = "tcp"
    security_groups = [aws_security_group.alb.id]
    description = "HTTP from ALB"
  }

  # Outbound internet access
  egress {
    from_port = 0
    to_port   = 0
    protocol  = "-1"
  }
}

```

```
cidr_blocks = ["0.0.0.0/0"]
description = "All outbound traffic"
}

tags = {
  Name = "${var.project_name}-ec2-sg"
}
}
```

---

## 5. alb.tf

**Purpose:** Application Load Balancer and SSL certificate

**Resources:** - ACM Certificate (SSL/TLS) - Application Load Balancer - Target Group - HTTPS Listener - HTTP Listener (redirect)

```

# ACM Certificate
resource "aws_acm_certificate" "main" {
  domain_name      = var.domain_name
  validation_method = "DNS"

  lifecycle {
    create_before_destroy = true
  }

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-cert"
  }
}

# Application Load Balancer
resource "aws_lb" "main" {
  name                = "${var.project_name}-alb"
  internal            = false
  load_balancer_type = "application"
  security_groups     = [aws_security_group.alb.id]
  subnets            = aws_subnet.public[*].id

  enable_deletion_protection = false
  drop_invalid_header_fields = true

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-alb"
  }
}

# Target Group
resource "aws_lb_target_group" "main" {
  name      = "${var.project_name}-tg"
  port      = 80
  protocol  = "HTTP"
  vpc_id    = aws_vpc.main.id

  health_check {
    enabled            = true
    healthy_threshold = 2
    interval           = 30
    matcher            = "200"
    path              = "/"
    port              = "traffic-port"
    protocol           = "HTTP"
    timeout            = 5
    unhealthy_threshold = 2
  }

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-tg"
  }
}

# HTTPS Listener
resource "aws_lb_listener" "https" {

```

```

load_balancer_arn = aws_lb.main.arn
port              = 443
protocol          = "HTTPS"
ssl_policy        = "ELBSecurityPolicy-TLS13-1-2-2021-06"
certificate_arn   = aws_acm_certificate.main.arn

default_action {
  type            = "forward"
  target_group_arn = aws_lb_target_group.main.arn
}

depends_on = [aws_acm_certificate.main]
}

# HTTP Listener (Redirect)
resource "aws_lb_listener" "http" {
  load_balancer_arn = aws_lb.main.arn
  port              = 80
  protocol          = "HTTP"

  default_action {
    type = "redirect"

    redirect {
      port        = "443"
      protocol    = "HTTPS"
      status_code = "HTTP_301"
    }
  }
}

```

## 6. ec2.tf

**Purpose:** EC2 instance configuration

**Key Features:** - Latest Amazon Linux 2023 AMI - User data script for bootstrap - Encrypted root and data volumes - IMDSv2 required - IAM instance profile attached

```

# Get latest Amazon Linux 2023 AMI
data "aws_ami" "amazon_linux_2023" {
  most_recent = true
  owners      = ["amazon"]

  filter {
    name   = "name"
    values = ["al2023-ami-*-x86_64"]
  }

  filter {
    name   = "virtualization-type"
    values = ["hvm"]
  }
}

# EBS Volume for data
resource "aws_ebs_volume" "data" {
  availability_zone = var.availability_zones[0]
  size              = 30
  type              = "gp3"
  encrypted         = true

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-data"
  }
}

# EC2 Instance
resource "aws_instance" "app" {
  ami              = data.aws_ami.amazon_linux_2023.id
  instance_type    = var.instance_type
  subnet_id        = aws_subnet.private[0].id

  vpc_security_group_ids = [aws_security_group.ec2.id]
  iam_instance_profile    = aws_iam_instance_profile.ec2.name

  # User data for bootstrapping
  user_data = templatefile("${path.module}/user_data.sh", {
    secret_arn = aws_secretsmanager_secret.app_secrets.arn
    aws_region = var.aws_region
    domain_name = var.domain_name
    s3_bucket   = aws_s3_bucket.backups.id
  })

  # Root volume
  root_block_device {
    volume_size      = 30
    volume_type      = "gp3"
    encrypted         = true
    delete_on_termination = true
  }

  # Metadata options (IMDSv2)
  metadata_options {
    http_tokens = "required"
  }
}

```

```
    http_put_response_hop_limit = 1
    http_endpoint                = "enabled"
  }

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-app"
  }
}

# Attach data volume
resource "aws_volume_attachment" "data" {
  device_name = "/dev/xvdf"
  volume_id   = aws_ebs_volume.data.id
  instance_id = aws_instance.app.id
}

# Register with target group
resource "aws_lb_target_group_attachment" "main" {
  target_group_arn = aws_lb_target_group.main.arn
  target_id        = aws_instance.app.id
  port             = 80
}
```

---

## 7. iam.tf

**Purpose:** IAM roles and policies

**Roles Created:** 1. **EC2 Role:** For the application instance - SSM access (no SSH needed) - CloudWatch Logs - S3 backup access - Secrets Manager read

```

# IAM Role for EC2
resource "aws_iam_role" "ec2" {
  name = "${var.project_name}-ec2-role"

  assume_role_policy = jsonencode({
    Version = "2012-10-17"
    Statement = [{
      Action = "sts:AssumeRole"
      Effect = "Allow"
      Principal = {
        Service = "ec2.amazonaws.com"
      }
    }]
  })

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-ec2-role"
  }
}

# Attach AWS managed policy for SSM
resource "aws_iam_role_policy_attachment" "ssm" {
  role      = aws_iam_role.ec2.name
  policy_arn = "arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonSSMManagedInstanceCore"
}

# Attach AWS managed policy for CloudWatch
resource "aws_iam_role_policy_attachment" "cloudwatch" {
  role      = aws_iam_role.ec2.name
  policy_arn = "arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/CloudWatchAgentServerPolicy"
}

# Custom policy for secrets and S3
resource "aws_iam_role_policy" "app_permissions" {
  name = "${var.project_name}-app-permissions"
  role = aws_iam_role.ec2.id

  policy = jsonencode({
    Version = "2012-10-17"
    Statement = [
      {
        Effect = "Allow"
        Action = [
          "secretsmanager:GetSecretValue"
        ]
        Resource = aws_secretsmanager_secret.app_secrets.arn
      },
      {
        Effect = "Allow"
        Action = [
          "s3:PutObject",
          "s3:GetObject",
          "s3:ListBucket"
        ]
        Resource = [
          aws_s3_bucket.backups.arn,

```

```
        "${aws_s3_bucket.backups.arn}/*"
    ]
}
]
})
}

# Instance Profile
resource "aws_iam_instance_profile" "ec2" {
    name = "${var.project_name}-ec2-profile"
    role = aws_iam_role.ec2.name
}
```

---

## 8. s3.tf

**Purpose:** S3 bucket for backups

```

# S3 Bucket for backups
resource "aws_s3_bucket" "backups" {
  bucket = "${var.project_name}-backups-${
data.aws_caller_identity.current.account_id}"

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-backups"
  }
}

# Enable versioning
resource "aws_s3_bucket_versioning" "backups" {
  bucket = aws_s3_bucket.backups.id

  versioning_configuration {
    status = "Enabled"
  }
}

# Enable encryption
resource "aws_s3_bucket_server_side_encryption_configuration" "backups" {
  bucket = aws_s3_bucket.backups.id

  rule {
    apply_server_side_encryption_by_default {
      sse_algorithm = "AES256"
    }
  }
}

# Block public access
resource "aws_s3_bucket_public_access_block" "backups" {
  bucket = aws_s3_bucket.backups.id

  block_public_acls       = true
  block_public_policy     = true
  ignore_public_acls     = true
  restrict_public_buckets = true
}

# Lifecycle rule for backups
resource "aws_s3_bucket_lifecycle_configuration" "backups" {
  bucket = aws_s3_bucket.backups.id

  rule {
    id      = "delete-old-backups"
    status  = "Enabled"

    expiration {
      days = 30
    }
  }
}

```

## 9. secrets.tf

**Purpose:** Store sensitive credentials

```
# Generate random app secret
resource "random_password" "app_secret" {
  length = 32
  special = true
}

# Generate random DB encryption key
resource "random_password" "db_key" {
  length = 32
  special = false
}

# Secrets Manager Secret
resource "aws_secretsmanager_secret" "app_secrets" {
  name = "${var.project_name}/app-secrets"

  tags = {
    Name = "${var.project_name}-secrets"
  }
}

# Secret Version
resource "aws_secretsmanager_secret_version" "app_secrets" {
  secret_id = aws_secretsmanager_secret.app_secrets.id

  secret_string = jsonencode({
    GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID      = var.google_client_id
    GOOGLE_CLIENT_SECRET = var.google_client_secret
    APP_SECRET             = random_password.app_secret.result
    DB_ENCRYPTION_KEY     = random_password.db_key.result
  })
}
```

---

## 10. outputs.tf

**Purpose:** Display important values after deployment

```

output "alb_dns_name" {
  description = "DNS name of the load balancer"
  value       = aws_lb.main.dns_name
}

output "ec2_instance_id" {
  description = "ID of the EC2 instance"
  value       = aws_instance.app.id
}

output "s3_bucket_name" {
  description = "Name of the S3 backup bucket"
  value       = aws_s3_bucket.backups.id
}

output "acm_certificate_arn" {
  description = "ARN of the ACM certificate"
  value       = aws_acm_certificate.main.arn
}

output "acm_validation_records" {
  description = "DNS records for ACM validation"
  value = {
    for dvo in aws_acm_certificate.main.domain_validation_options :
    dvo.domain_name => {
      name  = dvo.resource_record_name
      type  = dvo.resource_record_type
      value = dvo.resource_record_value
    }
  }
}

output "ssm_connect_command" {
  description = "Command to connect to EC2 via SSM"
  value       = "aws ssm start-session --target ${aws_instance.app.id} --region
${var.aws_region}"
}

output "next_steps" {
  description = "Next steps after deployment"
  value       = <<EOT

```

#### NEXT STEPS:

---

1. Add DNS CNAME record for `${var.domain_name}`:
  - Name: `${var.domain_name}`
  - Type: CNAME
  - Value: `${aws_lb.main.dns_name}`
2. Validate ACM certificate by adding DNS record:  
(See `acm_validation_records` output above)
3. Update Google OAuth redirect URI to:  
`https://${var.domain_name}/login.php`
4. Connect to EC2 via SSM:

```
aws ssm start-session --target ${aws_instance.app.id} --region $
{var.aws_region}

EOT
}
```

---

## Variables Configuration

---

### Creating terraform.tfvars

1. Copy the example file:

```
cd terraform
cp terraform.tfvars.example terraform.tfvars
```

2. Edit with your values:

```
# terraform.tfvars
aws_region      = "us-east-2"
project_name    = "hipaa-poc"
domain_name     = "taxplanner.app"
google_client_id = "your-client-id.apps.googleusercontent.com"
google_client_secret = "your-client-secret"

# Optional overrides
instance_type   = "t3.small"
vpc_cidr        = "10.0.0.0/16"
```

3. **IMPORTANT:** Never commit `terraform.tfvars` to Git

```
# Already in .gitignore
*.tfvars
!terraform.tfvars.example
```

# Deployment Steps

---

## Initial Deployment

### Step 1: Setup Backend (One-time)

```
cd terraform/backend-setup
terraform init
terraform apply

# This creates:
# - S3 bucket for state
# - DynamoDB table for locking
```

### Step 2: Configure Variables

```
cd ..
cp terraform.tfvars.example terraform.tfvars
nano terraform.tfvars # Edit with your values
```

### Step 3: Initialize Terraform

```
terraform init

# This will:
# - Download AWS provider
# - Configure S3 backend
# - Initialize modules
```

### Step 4: Plan Deployment

```
terraform plan -out=tfplan

# Review the plan carefully
# Shows what will be created/modified/destroyed
```

### Step 5: Apply Configuration

```
terraform apply tfplan

# Type 'yes' when prompted
# Takes ~10-15 minutes
```

## Step 6: Note Outputs

```
terraform output

# Save important values:
# - ALB DNS name
# - ACM validation records
# - EC2 instance ID
```

## Step 7: Configure DNS

Add DNS records shown in output: 1. ACM validation CNAME 2. Domain CNAME → ALB

## Step 8: Wait for Certificate

```
# Check certificate status
aws acm describe-certificate \
  --certificate-arn $(terraform output -raw acm_certificate_arn) \
  --region us-east-2 \
  --query 'Certificate.Status'

# Wait for "ISSUED" (5-30 minutes)
```

## Step 9: Verify Application

```
# Test HTTP redirect
curl -I http://taxplanner.app

# Test HTTPS
curl -I https://taxplanner.app
```

---

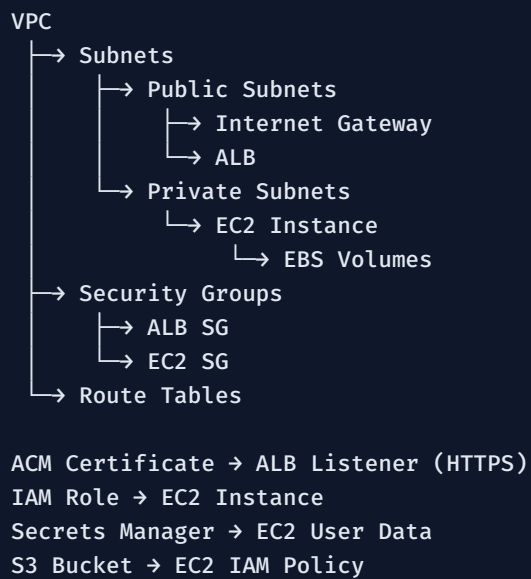
## Resource Details

### Resources Created

Resource Type	Count	Purpose
VPC	1	Network isolation
Subnets	4	2 public + 2 private
Internet Gateway	1	Internet access
Route Tables	2	Traffic routing
Security Groups	2	ALB + EC2
ALB	1	Load balancing
Target Group	1	Health checks
ALB Listeners	2	HTTP + HTTPS
ACM Certificate	1	SSL/TLS
EC2 Instance	1	Application
EBS Volumes	2	Root + data
IAM Role	1	EC2 permissions
IAM Policies	3	SSM, CloudWatch, Custom
S3 Bucket	1	Backups
Secrets Manager	1	Credentials

**Total:** ~25 resources

## Resource Dependencies



## State Management

### Remote State Backend

**Configuration:** - **Storage:** S3 bucket (encrypted) - **Locking:** DynamoDB table - **Versioning:** Enabled - **Region:** us-east-2

**State File Location:**

```
s3://hipaa-poc-tfstate-730543776652/terraform.tfstate
```

### State Commands

```
# View state
terraform state list

# Show specific resource
terraform state show aws_instance.app

# Pull remote state
terraform state pull > terraform.tfstate.backup

# Refresh state
terraform refresh
```

## State Locking

Automatic locking prevents concurrent modifications:

```
DynamoDB Table: hipaa-poc-tfstate-locks  
Key: LockID (S)
```

## Troubleshooting

### Common Issues

#### Issue 1: "Error creating VPC"

**Cause:** Insufficient permissions or region limit

**Solution:**

```
# Check AWS credentials  
aws sts get-caller-identity  
  
# Verify permissions  
aws iam get-user-policy --user-name your-user --policy-name your-policy  
  
# Check VPC limits  
aws ec2 describe-account-attributes --attribute-names max-vpcs
```

#### Issue 2: "Certificate stuck in PENDING\_VALIDATION"

**Cause:** DNS records not added correctly

**Solution:**

```
# Check DNS propagation  
nslookup _xxx.taxplanner.app  
  
# Verify CNAME record value matches exactly  
terraform output acm_validation_records  
  
# DNS can take 5-30 minutes to propagate
```

#### Issue 3: "Error: InvalidInstanceID"

**Cause:** SSM agent not ready on EC2

**Solution:**

```
# Wait 2-3 minutes after instance launch
# Check instance status
aws ec2 describe-instance-status --instance-ids i-xxx

# Verify IAM role attached
aws ec2 describe-instances --instance-ids i-xxx \
  --query 'Reservations[0].Instances[0].IamInstanceProfile'
```

#### Issue 4: "Target unhealthy"

**Cause:** Application not running or health check failing

**Solution:**

```
# Check target health
aws elbv2 describe-target-health \
  --target-group-arn ${terraform output -raw target_group_arn}

# Connect to instance
aws ssm start-session --target i-xxx

# Check application
docker ps
curl http://localhost
```

#### Terraform Commands for Debugging

```
# Enable debug logging
export TF_LOG=DEBUG
export TF_LOG_PATH=./terraform-debug.log

# Detailed plan
terraform plan -out=tfplan -var-file=terraform.tfvars

# Show plan in JSON
terraform show -json tfplan > plan.json

# Validate configuration
terraform validate

# Format code
terraform fmt -recursive

# Graph dependencies
terraform graph | dot -Tsvg > graph.svg
```

# Maintenance

---

## Updating Infrastructure

### Minor Changes (variables, tags)

```
# Edit terraform.tfvars
nano terraform.tfvars

# Plan changes
terraform plan -out=tfplan

# Review carefully
terraform show tfplan

# Apply
terraform apply tfplan
```

### Major Changes (instance type, AMI)

```
# Plan with target
terraform plan -target=aws_instance.app -out=tfplan

# Apply
terraform apply tfplan

# Verify
terraform output ec2_instance_id
```

## Destroying Infrastructure

**WARNING:** This destroys all resources!

```
# Plan destruction
terraform plan -destroy -out=tfplan

# Review what will be destroyed
terraform show tfplan

# Destroy
terraform apply tfplan

# Or use destroy command
terraform destroy
```

## Upgrading Terraform

```
# Check current version
terraform version

# Download new version
wget https://releases.hashicorp.com/terraform/1.7.0/
      terraform_1.7.0_linux_amd64.zip

# Replace binary
unzip terraform_1.7.0_linux_amd64.zip
sudo mv terraform /usr/local/bin/

# Re-initialize
terraform init -upgrade
```

## Backup State File

```
# Download state
aws s3 cp s3://hipaa-poc-tfstate-730543776652/terraform.tfstate ./backup/

# Or use Terraform
terraform state pull > backup/terraform.tfstate.$(date +%Y%m%d)
```

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## Best Practices

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### Security

✓ Never commit `terraform.tfvars` ✓ Use remote state (S3) with encryption ✓ Enable state locking (DynamoDB) ✓ Use `sensitive = true` for secrets ✓ Review plans before applying ✓ Use specific provider versions

### Code Organization

✓ One resource type per file ✓ Use meaningful variable names ✓ Add descriptions to variables ✓ Include outputs for important values ✓ Use consistent naming conventions ✓ Add comments for complex logic

### Workflow

✓ Always run `terraform plan` first ✓ Review changes carefully ✓ Test in dev environment first ✓ Use workspaces for multiple environments ✓ Version control Terraform code ✓ Document changes in Git commits

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## Additional Resources

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### Official Documentation

- **Terraform:** <https://www.terraform.io/docs>
- **AWS Provider:** <https://registry.terraform.io/providers/hashicorp/aws/latest/docs>
- **Terraform Best Practices:** <https://www.terraform-best-practices.com/>

### Useful Commands Reference

```
# Initialize
terraform init

# Validate
terraform validate

# Format
terraform fmt

# Plan
terraform plan

# Apply
terraform apply

# Destroy
terraform destroy

# Output
terraform output

# State
terraform state list
terraform state show RESOURCE

# Import existing resource
terraform import RESOURCE ID

# Taint (mark for recreation)
terraform taint RESOURCE

# Untaint
terraform untaint RESOURCE
```

## Contact

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**Developer:** Naeem Dosh **Platform:** Fiverr **Project:** TaxPlanner.app **Infrastructure:** Terraform v1.x **Provider:** AWS (us-east-2)

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**End of Terraform Guide**