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Question 1.1

Code:

```
1. import datetime
2.
from flask import Flask, render_template
4.
7. from google.cloud import datastore
8.
9. datastore_client = datastore.Client()
10.
13. app = Flask(__name__)
14.
17. def store visit(user id, dt):
        entity = datastore.Entity(key=datastore_client.key("visit"))
18.
19.
        entity.update({"user_id": user_id, "timestamp": dt})
20.
21.
        datastore_client.put(entity)
22.
23. def fetch_visits(limit):
24.
        query = datastore_client.query(kind="visit")
        query.order = ["-timestamp"]
25.
26.
        visits = list(query.fetch(limit=limit))
27.
28.
        # return [{"user_id": visit["user_id"], "timestamp": visit["timestamp"]} for visit in
29.
visitsl
30.
        return visits
31.
37. @app.route("/visit/<user_id>")
38. def root(user_id):
        # Store the current access time in Datastore.
40.
        timestamp = datetime.datetime.now(tz=datetime.timezone.utc)
41.
        store_visit(user_id, timestamp)
42.
43.
        # Fetch the most recent 10 access times from Datastore.
44.
        visits = fetch_visits(10)
45.
        return render_template("index.html", visits=visits)
46.
47.
51. if __name__ == "_
                     main
        app.run(host="127.0.0.1", port=8080, debug=True)
```

Description of changes made: Original code used to store just times, that was changed to store and entity with both user id and time. Functions store and fetch times were changes to store and fetch visits. Finally the html file was chaged to get a custom output which also included user ids.

Deployed url: https://potent-symbol-455519-n0.uk.r.appspot.com/visit/user

App Engine Link:

https://console.cloud.google.com/appengine?referrer=search&authuser=1&invt=AbtuUA&project=potent-symbol-455519-n0&supportedpurview=project&serviceId=default

Question 1.2

Code:

```
1. import datetime
from flask import Flask, render_template
5. from google.cloud import datastore
6.
7. '''This code is written to access the google cloud datastore and perform operations on it'''
8.
9. datastore_client = datastore.Client()
10.
11. app = Flask(__name__)
12.
13. def fetch_visits(limit):
        query = datastore_client.query(kind="visit")
14.
15.
        query.order = ["-timestamp"]
16.
17.
        visits = list(query.fetch(limit=limit))
18.
19.
        return visits
20.
21. def store_visit(user_id, dt):
        entity = datastore.Entity(key=datastore_client.key("visit"))
22.
23.
        entity.update({"user_id": user_id, "timestamp": dt})
24.
25.
        datastore_client.put(entity)
26.
27. def delete_user_visits(user_id):
        query = datastore_client.query(kind="visit")
query.add_filter("user_id", "=", user_id)
28.
29.
        visits = query.fetch()
30.
31.
32.
        for visit in visits:
            datastore_client.delete(visit.key)
33.
34.
35. def search_user_visits(user_id):
        query = datastore_client.query(kind="visit")
36.
37.
        query.add_filter("user_id", "=", user_id)
        query.order = ["-timestamp'
38.
39.
        visits = list(query.fetch())
40.
        visits_list = [{"user_id": visit["user_id"], "timestamp": visit["timestamp"]} for visit
in visitsl
41.
        return visits_list
42.
43. @app.route("/visit/<user_id>")
44. def root(user_id):
        timestamp = datetime.datetime.now(datetime.timezone.utc).isoformat()
45.
46.
        store_visit(user_id, timestamp)
47.
48.
        visits = fetch_visits(10)
49.
50.
        return render_template("index.html", visits=visits)
51.
52. @app.route("/delete/<user_id>")
53. def delete(user_id):
54.
        delete_user_visits(user_id)
        return f"All visits for user {user_id} have been deleted."
55.
56.
57. @app.route("/search/<user_id>")
58. def search(user_id):
59.
        visits = search_user_visits(user_id)
        return f"visits for the {user_id} {visits}"
60.
61.
62. if __name__ == "_
                      main
        app.run(host="127.0.0.1", port=8080, debug=True)
63.
64.
```

Question 1.3

Code:

```
1. from boto3 import resource
 2. from boto3.dynamodb.conditions import Key
 4. '''This code was used to create a access a dynamo table initially'''
 5.
 6. def create table(table name):
         ''' Create a table and return the table object '''
 7.
 8.
        dynamodb_resource = resource('dynamodb', region_name='us-east-1')
 9.
10.
        existing tables = [table.name for table in dynamodb resource.tables.all()]
11.
        if table_name in existing_tables:
            print(f"Table '{table_name}' already exists.")
12.
13.
            return dynamodb_resource.Table(table_name)
14.
15.
        table = dynamodb resource.create table(
16.
            TableName=table_name,
17.
            KeySchema=[
                {'AttributeName': 'user_id', 'KeyType': 'HASH'}, # Partition key
{'AttributeName': 'timestamp', 'KeyType': 'RANGE'} # Sort key
18.
19.
20.
            AttributeDefinitions=[
21.
                 {'AttributeName': 'user_id', 'AttributeType': 'S'}, # String
22.
                 {'AttributeName': 'timestamp', 'AttributeType': 'S'} # String
23.
24.
            ProvisionedThroughput={
25.
26.
                 'ReadCapacityUnits': 5,
                 'WriteCapacityUnits': 5
27.
28.
            }
29.
        print("Waiting for table creation...")
30.
31.
        table.wait until exists()
        print(f"Table '{table_name}' created successfully!")
32.
33.
34.
        return table
35.
        get_table(table_name):
36. def
37.
            Return the table object if exists, otherwise create and return it '''
        dynamodb_resource = resource('dynamodb', region_name='us-east-1')
38.
39.
40.
41.
            table = dynamodb resource. Table(table name)
42.
            table.load()
            print(f"Table '{table name}' found.")
43.
44.
            print(f"Table '{table_name}' not found. Creating new table...")
45.
46.
            table = create_table(table_name)
47.
48.
        return table
49.
50. def search_table(table, user_id):
        ''' Search for records associated with a given user_id '''
51.
52.
        response = table.query(
            KeyConditionExpression=Key('user id').eq(user id)
53.
54.
55.
        return response.get('Items', [])
56.
57. def add_item(table, user_id, timestamp):
        ''' Add one item (row) to the table '''
58.
59.
        item = {
60.
             'user_id': user_id,
             'timestamp': timestamp
61.
62.
63.
        response = table.put_item(Item=item)
64.
        return response
65.
```

```
66. def delete_item(table, user_id, timestamp):
        ''' Delete an item from the table using its primary key '''
67.
68.
        response = table.delete_item(
            Key={
    'user_id': user_id,
    'amm': timest
69.
70.
                 'timestamp': timestamp
71.
72.
73.
74.
        return response
75.
76. def main():
        table_name = "visit"
77.
78.
79.
        table = get_table(table_name)
80.
        user_id = "user123"
81.
82.
        timestamp = "2025-04-02T12:00:00Z"
83.
        print("Adding an item...")
84.
        add_item(table, user_id, timestamp)
85.
        print(f"Searching records for user_id '{user_id}'...")
86.
87.
        records = search_table(table, user_id)
88.
        print("Records found:", records)
89.
        print(f"Deleting \ record \ with \ user\_id \ '\{user\_id\}' \ \ and \ timestamp \ '\{timestamp\}'...")
90.
91.
        delete_item(table, user_id, timestamp)
92.
        print(f"Searching records for user_id '{user_id}' after deletion...")
93.
94.
        records = search_table(table, user_id)
95.
        print("Records found:", records)
96.
97. if __name__ == "__main__":
        main()
98.
99.
```

Question 1.4

Code:

```
    import json

2. import boto3
3. from boto3.dynamodb.conditions import Key
5. dynamodb = boto3.resource('dynamodb', region_name='us-east-1')
 6. table_name = "visit"
7. table = dynamodb.Table(table_name)
9. def lambda_handler(event, context):
10.
        AWS Lambda function to handle search, insert, and delete requests for the "visit"
11.
DynamoDB table.
        Expects an 'action' key in the event:
12.
13.
        - "add": Add a visit record of a user
        - "search": Retrieve visits for a user
14.
        - "delete": Delete all visit records of a user
15.
16.
17.
18.
        try:
19.
            action = event.get("action")
20.
            if action == "add":
21.
22.
                user_id = event.get("user_id")
                timestamp = event.get("timestamp")
23.
24.
                if not user_id or not timestamp:
```

```
return {"statusCode": 400, "body": json.dumps("Missing 'user_id' or
25.
'timestamp'")}
26.
                 response = add_item(user_id, timestamp)
return {"statusCode": 200, "body": json.dumps(response)}
27.
28.
29.
30.
            elif action == "search":
31.
                 user_id = event.get("user_id")
32.
                 if not user_id:
                     return {"statusCode": 400, "body": json.dumps("Missing 'user_id'")}
33.
34.
35.
                 records = search_table(user_id)
return {"statusCode": 200, "body": json.dumps(records)}
36.
37.
38.
            elif action == "delete":
39.
                 user_id = event.get("user_id")
40.
                 if not user_id:
                     return {"statusCode": 400, "body": json.dumps("Missing 'user_id'")}
41.
42.
43.
                 response = delete_item(user_id)
                 return {"statusCode": 200, "body": json.dumps(response)}
44.
45.
46.
            else:
                 return {"statusCode": 400, "body": json.dumps("Invalid action")}
47.
48.
49.
        except Exception as e:
            return {"statusCode": 500, "body": json.dumps(str(e))}
50.
51.
52. def add_item(user_id, timestamp):
53.
54.
        To Add an item to the DynamoDB table.
55.
56.
        item = {
             "user_id": user_id,
57.
58.
             "timestamp": timestamp
59.
60.
        table.put_item(Item=item)
61.
        return {"message": "Item added successfully", "item": item}
62.
63. def search_table(user_id):
64.
65.
        To search for all records of a given user.
66.
67.
        response = table.query(
            KeyConditionExpression=Key('user_id').eq(user_id)
68.
69.
70.
        return response.get('Items', [])
71.
72. def delete_item(user_id):
73.
74.
        To deletes all records of a user from the DynamoDB table.
75.
76.
        response = table.scan(
            FilterExpression=Key('user_id').eq(user_id)
77.
78.
79.
        for item in response['Items']:
            table.delete_item(Key={'user_id': user_id, 'timestamp': item['timestamp']})
80.
        return {"message": "Item deleted successfully"}
81.
82.
```

Question 2.1

Code:

1. import datetime

```
2. import requests
 4. from flask import Flask, render_template
 5.
 6. from google.cloud import datastore
 \textbf{8. '''} \textbf{This code was written to access google datastore and amazon DynamoDb and perform}\\
operations on them simultaneously and is deployed on the app engine'
10. datastore_client = datastore.Client()
12. app = Flask(__name__)
13.
14. AWS_LAMBDA_API_URL = "https://yo4fu6xdvc.execute-api.us-east-
1.amazonaws.com/dev/DynamoDBHandler"
15.
16. def store visit(user id, dt):
17.
        entity = datastore.Entity(key=datastore_client.key("visit"))
        entity.update({"user_id": user_id, "timestamp": dt})
18.
19.
20.
        datastore_client.put(entity)
21.
22. def store_in_dynamodb(user_id, timestamp):
23.
        payload = {
             "action": "add",
24.
25.
             "user_id": user_id,
             "timestamp": timestamp
26.
27.
28.
        response = requests.post(AWS_LAMBDA_API_URL, json=payload)
29.
        return response.json()
30.
31. def fetch_visits(limit):
32.
        query = datastore_client.query(kind="visit")
        query.order = ["-timestamp"]
33.
34.
        visits = list(query.fetch(limit=limit))
35.
36.
37.
        return visits
38.
39. def delete_user_visits(user_id):
40.
        query = datastore_client.query(kind="visit")
41.
        query.add_filter("user_id", "=", user_id)
42.
        visits = query.fetch()
43.
44.
        for visit in visits:
45.
            datastore_client.delete(visit.key)
46.
47. def delete_from_dynamodb(user_id):
48.
        payload = {
            "action": "delete",
49.
50.
            "user id": user id
51.
        response = requests.post(AWS_LAMBDA_API_URL, json=payload)
52.
53.
        return response.json()
54.
55. def search_user_visits(user_id):
        query = datastore_client.query(kind="visit")
query.add_filter("user_id", "=", user_id)
56.
57.
        query.order = ["-timestamp"]
58.
59.
        visits = list(query.fetch())
60.
        visits_list = [{"user_id": visit["user_id"], "timestamp": visit["timestamp"]} for visit
in visits]
        return visits_list
61.
62.
63. def search_in_dynamo(user_id):
64.
        payload = {
             "action": "search"
65.
            "user_id": user_id
66.
67.
68.
        response = requests.post(AWS LAMBDA API URL, json=payload)
```

```
69.
        return response.json()
70.
71. @app.route("/visit/<user_id>")
72. def root(user_id):
        timestamp = datetime.datetime.now(datetime.timezone.utc).isoformat()
73.
        store_visit(user_id, timestamp)
74.
75.
        store_in_dynamodb(user_id, timestamp)
76.
77.
        visits = fetch_visits(10)
78.
        return render_template("index.html", visits=visits)
79.
80.
81. @app.route("/delete/<user_id>")
82. def delete(user_id):
        delete user visits(user id)
83.
84.
        delete_from_dynamodb(user_id)
85.
        return f"All visits for user {user_id} have been deleted."
86.
87. @app.route("/search/<user_id>")
88. def search(user_id):
89.
        visits = search_user_visits(user_id)
        visits1 = search_in_dynamo(user_id)
return f"Visits for {user_id} from datastore:<br><\visits}<br><\visits}<br><\visits from</pre>
DynamoDB:<br>{visits1['body']}"
92.
93. if __name__ == "__main__":
        app.run(host="127.0.0.1", port=8080, debug=True)
95.
```