Program for design of shaft, Problem Number 3.

Problem Statement: A line shaft is transmitting 650 kW of power at 500 rpm and is made of C35 material. The shaft carries a central load of 1,000 N and is simply supported between the bearings 3 m apart. Determine the diameter of the shaft, considering ASME code and steady load for rotating shaft.

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```
clc;
clear all;
```

## Given data:

```
= 650
```

n = 500

= 1.000

 $= 3m = 3 \times 10^{3}$ 

```
P = 650
```

P = 650

n = 500

n = 500

F = 1000

F = 1000

L = 10<sup>3</sup>

L = 1000

Initalizing the Ulimate and endurance stress. Also finding the max stress respectively using ASME standards.

```
S_u = 510;
S_e = 304;
S_max1 = 0.6*S_e;
S_max2 = 0.36*S_u;
```

Finding the lower values and setting it as the max shear stress.

```
if S_max1 < S_max2
    S_max = S_max1
else
    S_max = S_max2</pre>
```

```
S_max = 182.4000
```

Finding the maximum tau value, and setting the lower tau values.

```
Tu_max1 = 0.3*S_e;
Tu_max2 = 0.18*S_u;
if Tu_max1 < Tu_max2
        Tu_max = Tu_max1
else
        Tu_max = Tu_max2
end</pre>
```

Tu max = 91.2000

Finding the torque value.

```
Using Eqn. 3.3(a),

T = \frac{9.55 \times 10^{6}(P)}{n} = \frac{9.55 \times 10^{6}(650)}{500}
T = 12.42 \times 10^{6}N - mm
From Table, 1.4,

M_{max} = \frac{FL}{4} = \frac{1000 \times 3 \times 10^{3}}{4}
M_{max} = 750 \times 10^{3}N - mm
For steady load for rotating shaft,

C_{m} = 1.5 \text{ and } C_{t} = 1
```

```
T = Eqn_3_3_a(P,n)
```

T = 12415000

```
M_{max} = (F*L)/4
```

 $M_{max} = 250000$ 

For steady load for rotating shaft,

```
Cm = 1.5;
Ct = 1;
```

According to Maximum Normal Stress Theory:

$$d = \left[\frac{16}{\pi \sigma_{max}} \left( C_m M + \sqrt{(C_m M)^2 + (C_t T)^2} \right) \right]^{1/3}$$

 $d = 72.41 \, mm$ 

According to Maximum Shear Stress Theory:

Using Eqn. 3.6(b),

$$d = \left[ \frac{16}{\pi \tau_{max}} \left( \sqrt{(C_m M)^2 + (C_t T)^2} \right) \right]^{1/3}$$

 $d = 88.64 \ mm$ 

```
[d_n, d_s] = Eqn_3_6(S_max,Tu_max,M_max,T,Cm,Ct)
```

```
d_n = 70.9582
d_s = 88.5197
```

Finding the larger value of diameter from the 2 stress theories.

```
if d_n > d_s
    d = d_n
else
    d = d_s
end
```

d = 88.5197

d = 90

Finding the standard diameter from table 3.5a

```
d = Table_3_5_a(d)
```

Standard size of the shaft (mm) using table 3.5(a) is : d = 90

Shear Stress (N/mm^2) induced on the shaft is :

$$Tu = Eqn_3_1(T,d);$$