

# Instructions for Authors

by *The R Journal Editors*

**Abstract** *The R Journal* is compiled using  $\text{\LaTeX}$  and authors are required to submit their articles as  $\text{\LaTeX}$  documents. Here we provide authors with information for preparing submissions to the *Journal*.

## Introduction

*The R Journal* is the refereed journal of the R Project for Statistical Computing (Ihaka and Gentleman, 1996). It features short to medium length articles covering topics that might be of interest to users or developers of R.

*The R Journal* intends to reach a wide audience and have a thorough review process. Papers are expected to be reasonably short, clearly written, not too technical, and of course focused on R. Authors of refereed articles should take care to:

- put their contribution in context, in particular discuss related R functions or packages;
- explain the motivation for their contribution;
- provide code examples that are reproducible.

Following revision of the content description of *The R Journal*, from January 2017 submitted articles may include:

- *Reviews and proposals*: surveying and discussing challenges and opportunities of potential importance for the broader R community, including proposals and proof-of-concept implementations.
- *Comparisons and benchmarking*: of implementations in base-R and contributed packages with each other, and where relevant with implementations in other software systems.
- *Applications*: demonstrating how new or existing techniques can be applied in an area of current interest using R, providing a fresh view of such analyses in R that is of benefit beyond the specific application.
- *Add-on packages*: short introductions to contributed R packages that are already available on CRAN or Bioconductor, and going beyond package vignettes in aiming to provide broader context and to attract a wider readership than package users. Authors need to make a strong case for such introductions, based for example on novelty in implementation and use of R, or the introduction of new data structures representing general architectures that invite reuse. Authors of narrower package-introduction articles may wish to consider alternatives such as *The Journal of Open Source Software* (<http://joss.theoj.org/>) or in the life sciences, the *F1000 Bioconductor* (<https://f1000research.com/channels/bioconductor>) or *Rpackage* (<https://f1000research.com/channels/rpackage>) channels.

*The R Journal* also has a *News and Notes* section, including information on:

**Changes in R:** New features of the latest release.

**Changes on CRAN:** New add-on packages, manuals, binary distributions, mirrors, etc.

**News from the Bioconductor project:** Latest developments from [www.bioconductor.org](http://www.bioconductor.org).

**R Foundation News:** Donations to and new members of The R Foundation.

**Conferences:** Upcoming R-related conferences and reports from conferences.

The purpose of this document is to describe to all prospective authors how to prepare a submission for *The R Journal*.

## Preparing a submission

The following files provide a template for preparing an article for submission to *The R Journal*:

**$\text{\LaTeX}$  style file:** ‘RJournal.sty’.

**Master  $\text{\LaTeX}$  file:** ‘RJwrapper.tex’. This includes the file ‘RJtemplate.tex’, which is not itself a complete  $\text{\LaTeX}$  document (it has no `\begin{document}` or `\end{document}`).

**Article template:** 'RJtemplate.tex'.

**Bibliography template:** 'RJreferences.bib'.

The steps involved in preparing an article for submission to *The R Journal* are as follows:

- Download 'RJwrapper.tex', 'RJtemplate.tex', and 'RJjournal.sty'.
- Rename 'RJtemplate.tex' using the authors' last names in lower case separated by hyphens, (e.g. 'smith-jones.tex'). Replace its contents with the contents of your article.
- Create a 'Yourlastname.bib' BibTeX file and add \bibliography{Yourlastname} at the end of 'Yourlastname.tex'.
- Modify 'RJwrapper.tex' to include 'yourname.tex' rather than 'RJtemplate.tex'. Include any strictly essential L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X \usepackage commands in the modified 'RJwrapper.tex'.
- Run `tools::texi2pdf` on 'RJwrapper.tex' to produce 'RJwrapper.pdf', using `clean=FALSE` to help in debugging if necessary.
- Iterate until 'RJwrapper.pdf' looks right.
- Then submit the following files to the Editor-in-Chief:
  - The modified 'RJwrapper.tex'
  - 'RJwrapper.pdf'
  - 'yourname.tex'
  - 'yourname.bib'
  - all necessary figure files
  - an R script permitting the reproduction of examples in your submission and small data files — use built-in data sets where sensible, see below.
  - Do not include 'RJjournal.sty' or style files for other latex packages needed by your article.

## Reproducible research

The results presented in figures and tables should be reproducible: either the R code to generate the result should be included in a code listing in the article, or a separate script file that generates the results should be submitted with the article. Articles that include extensive code listings should also provide a script file to help reviewers step through the code without retyping it.

## Language

Articles in *The R Journal* are written in English. We accept consistent British and American spelling along with other national variations. We encourage authors for whom English is not their first language to have their papers edited by a competent copy-editor. We encourage all authors to conform to accepted norms of grammar and style, and to avoid sexist language, such as the use of 'he' for individuals of indefinite gender.

## Copyright

Starting from 2017, all published articles are licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license (CC BY 4.0, <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0>). Until the end of 2016, and including issue 2016-2, published articles were licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported license (CC BY 3.0, <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/>).

## References and attribution

The R Journal follows customary academic practice in requiring that text in submissions and code and text in software be properly attributed. Quoted text must be attributed correctly and included in references; plagiarism and self-plagiarism will lead to rejection of submissions.

## Marking text

The L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X style file ‘RJournal.sty’ provides some useful commands for marking up words and phrases related to software (as inspired by Texinfo). Please use these commands and the other mark-up facilities described in this section rather than attempting to format output and other elements visually. Unless it is absolutely necessary, please refrain from introducing additional idiosyncratic mark-up—for example, for programming languages.

The commands provided are:

`\code{sample-code}` indicates text that is a literal example of a piece of a program. For example, `\code{rows <- nrow(X)}` is typeset as `rows <-nrow(X)`. The `\code` command should also be used for keyboard input and the names of objects, functions and arguments. Class names should be quoted; for example `\code{"lm"}` is typeset as “lm”. This is a regular command so special latex characters like `_` and `\` will need to be escaped.

`\samp{text}` indicates text that is a literal example of a sequence of characters. It should be used whenever parts of inline code could be confused with text, for example `\samp{R CMD check}` is typeset as ‘R CMD check’ and e.g. `\samp{...}` would give ‘...’.

`\file{file-name}` indicates the name of a file. For example, `\file{RJwrapper.tex}` is typeset as ‘RJwrapper.tex’.

`\dfn{term}` indicates the introductory or defining use of a term. For example, `\dfn{environment}` is typeset as *environment*.

We also provide the following markup:

`\strong` emphasizes text more strongly than `\emph`. For example, `\strong{Note:}` is typeset as **Note:**.

`\pkg` indicates an R package. For example, `\pkg{MASS}` is typeset as **MASS**.

`\CRANpkg` indicates an R package on CRAN, and includes a hyper-link to the corresponding web page. For example, `\CRANpkg{Rcpp}` is typeset as [Rcpp](#).

`\BIOpkg` indicates a Bioconductor package, and includes a hyper-link to the corresponding page on the Bioconductor web site. For example, `\BIOpkg{affy}` is typeset as [affy](#).

`\url` indicates a URL. For example, `\url{http://cran.r-project.org/}` is typeset as <http://cran.r-project.org/>.

Note that no markup is necessary to typeset R. Likewise, no markup should be used to typeset the names of external software. In particular, the `\pkg` command is reserved for R packages.

## Examples

Include examples with the verbatim-like example environment. The text is printed in a fixed-width font, and indented but not filled.

If you want to intermingle code and latex, you can use the `example*` environment, which is a wrapper for `alltt`.

```
# This is some example code. Please make sure to wrap lines to around 80
# characters so that they fit nicely within the body of the text.
#
# Use indentation and spacing to improve the readability of code
# listings where possible, e.g. put spaces after commas and around
# equals signs.
#
# For example, don't do:
f <- function(y, debug=FALSE) {
stopifnot(is.numeric(y) && length(y) == 1)
if (y<0 && debug)
message("Y is negative")
invisible(y)
}

# Instead do:
f <- function(y, debug = FALSE) {
  stopifnot(is.numeric(y) && length(y) == 1)
```

```

if (y < 0 && debug) {
  message("Y is negative")
}
invisible(y)
}

```

## Sectioning, titles, and abstract

Use only `\section` and `\subsection` commands, not `\section*` or `\subsection*`.

The title of the article should be set with initial capitals, as in `title{Drawing Diagrams with R}`. Only the initial word of section and subsection titles should be capitalized; for example, `\section{Starting at the end}`.

If the title includes a package name, the name should be formatted with the `\pkg` command. This ensures that the package name is correctly typeset when it appears in the Table of Contents of *The R Journal*. Note that `\pkg` is the only markup that should be used inside a title.

Every article should include an abstract of no more than 150 words. The abstract is entered with the `\abstract` command, and should appear immediately after `\maketitle` at the beginning of the article. The abstract should not contain any citations or references.

## Author information

Authors' names only should be given at the beginning of the article, following the title, using the `\author` command. The list of authors should begin with the word "by". All other information is given in the 'signature block' at the end of the article (see immediately below). For example, `\author{by Ross Ihaka and Robert Gentleman}`.

The article should end with a signature block giving contact information for each author. For example

```

\address{Paul Murrell\\
  Department of Statistics\\
  The University of Auckland\\
  New Zealand\\
  \email{paul@stat.auckland.ac.nz}}

```

## Mathematics

*The R Journal* does not prescribe specific L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X mark-up for mathematics: Use mark-up that is conventional in your field. We do, however, encourage authors to follow sound L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X practices.

- For example, use proper mathematical operators: Do not write  $\log(x)$ , which will be typeset as  $\log(x)$ , but rather `\log(x)`, which will appear as  $\log(x)$ .
- Similarly, use `\left` and `\right` with delimiters in mathematical expressions in preference to bare delimiters: Do not write

```

\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i^{\prime} -
  \overline{X}^{\prime})^2

```

which will be typeset as  $\sum_{i=1}^n (X'_i - \overline{X}')^2$ , but rather

```

\sum_{i=1}^n \left( X_i^{\prime} -
  \overline{X}^{\prime} \right)^2

```

which will appear as  $\sum_{i=1}^n (X'_i - \overline{X}')^2$ .

## Figures and tables

Horizontal lines in tables should use commands from the `booktabs` package, i.e. `\toprule` for the top of the table, `\bottomrule` for the bottom of the table, and `\midrule` for any horizontal lines within the table (see Table 1).

Variants of the figure and table environments that span the full width of the document are available: these are called `widfigure` and `widetable`. Figures 1 and 2 show the difference between the regular and wide figure variants.



	Left	Right
Up	1	2
Down	3	4

**Table 1:** A simple table with booktabs formatting.



**Figure 1:** This figure should be the same width as the text.



**Figure 2:** This figure should span the page, but the caption should be the same width as the text. Use this environment sparingly

## References

The standard way to produce citations for *The R Journal* is via the `natbib` `\citep` and `\citet` commands (and their relatives) and a `.bib` file that contains the references in BibTeX format<sup>1</sup>. The citation in the first paragraph of this style guide is of the form `\citep{ihaka:1996}`. Figure 3 shows an example file called `example.bib` which contains a single reference. Note that inclusion of the DOI (`bibtex` field) is desirable whenever a referenced item has a DOI; if `doi` is used, `url` should in general not be used.

A bibliography is produced from `example.bib` by placing the following line in `yourfilename.tex`:

```
\bibliography{yourfilename}
```

and running `pdflatex` then `bibtex` on the file `yourfilename.tex`, then running `pdflatex` as many times as necessary until L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X stops complaining about undefined citations. In R, you can use `tools::texi2pdf()` to automate this process, as this is what is used in production.

It is not necessary to include the `natbib` package or a bibliography style: these are included in the RJournal style file.

```
@ARTICLE{R:Ihaka+Gentleman:1996,
  AUTHOR = {Ross Ihaka and Robert Gentleman},
  TITLE = {R: A Language for Data Analysis and Graphics},
  JOURNAL = {Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics},
  YEAR = 1996,
  VOLUME = 5,
  NUMBER = 3,
  PAGES = {299--314},
  DOI = {10.1080/10618600.1996.10474713}
}
```

**Figure 3:** The contents of a file called `example.bib`.

BibTeX will ignore capitalization in titles, unless words are protected inside curly braces, e.g. `R` will appear as `"r"`, whereas `{R}` will appear correctly as `"R"`. Ensure that proper names in titles are protected. Similarly, in the author field, corporate authors will not appear correctly unless protected, e.g. a bibtex entry with

```
AUTHOR = {The R Journal Editors}
```

will appear in the bibliography as `"TRJ Editors"` and should be protected with double braces:

```
AUTHOR = {{The R Journal Editors}}
```

Including the DOI of the reference is very desirable and may become compulsory soon.

## Citing packages

The first time a package is cited in the text, excluding the abstract, it should be followed by a formal citation, such as the one generated by the `citation()` function in R. The first citation of a CRAN package should use `\CRANpkg` and the first citation of a Bioconductor package should use `\BIOpkg`. Further citations use `\pkg` and need not be followed by a citation.

The BibTeX entry for an R package should not use the `\pkg` command to format the package name in the `TITLE` field.

## Citing R

Articles in *The R Journal* do not include a citation of R itself.

## Acknowledgment

Parts of this style guide were adapted from documentation originally prepared by Kurt Hornik and Friedrich Leisch for the *R Journal* L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X style file.

<sup>1</sup>We use the `natbib` package for citations.

## Changelog

- v0.5, 2008/09/04 — Copy and edit Rnews.dtx.
- v0.6, 2009/05/05 — Require **tikz** for decoration of contents page. Require **amsmath**, **pslatex**, **palatino**, **mathpazo**. Define hyperref colors. (Re)define `\sectionhead`, `\abstract`. Simplify equation numbering. Restyled colophon. Defined `Sin`, `Sout` and `Schunk` environments. `\acronym` no longer changes text.
- v0.7, 2010/07/01 — Used `\phantomsection` in chapter head so that hyperlinks in toc jump to place above not below article title. Added `\review` command to set up head for book reviews - treated as hybrid of chapter and section. Removed markup for mathematics as not recommended for use. Changed Rnews references to RJournal references. Removed `\startRnews` as unused.
- v0.8, 2010/12/29 — Added `|table|` environment for one-column tables.
- v0.9, 2012/01/13 — Disabled ligatures in `\code`.
- v0.10, 2013/01/08 — Added back-links from bibliography
- v0.11, 2013/01/11 — Dropped two-column format. Dropped custom figure and table environments. Use `placeins` package to keep figures and tables (now floating) under control.
- v0.12, 2013/04/11 — Tweaks to one column format. Use `inconsolata` for code. Switch example to `verbatim`; add `example*` for `alltt`. Slightly increased spacing between lines and paragraphs. Don't use alternating headers. Support for wide figures (`widefigure`) and tables (`widetable`)
- v0.13 2013/08/27 — Added `\BIOpkg` for Bioconductor packages.
- v0.14 2017/01/09 — Revised Introduction to adapt classes of solicited submissions to changing needs and high submission volumes of single package articles. Added hooks for licence and plagiarism.

## Bibliography

R. Ihaka and R. Gentleman. R: A language for data analysis and graphics. *Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics*, 5(3):299–314, 1996. doi: 10.1080/10618600.1996.10474713. [p1]