

FORTRESS Introduction to language theory and compiling Project Part 2

INFO-F-403

Van der Cam Matthias and Houart Benjamin Matricule: 494559 and 501662

November 2022

Contents

1	Modified Grammar											
	1.1 Unproductive and unreachable variables											
	1.2 Priority of the operators											
	1.3 Left recursion and factorisation											
2	Action Table											
3	Remarks											
4	Example files											
	4.1 Factorial.fs											
	4.2 Fibo.fs											
	4.3 Operators.fs											

1 Modified Grammar

```
\rightarrow BEGIN [ProgName] <Code> END
 (1)
        <Program>
(2)
        <Code>
                             \rightarrow <Instruction>, <Code>
(3)
(4)
                             \rightarrow <Assign>
        <Instruction>
(5)
                             \rightarrow <If>
(6)
                             \rightarrow <While>
                             \rightarrow <Print>
 (7)
(8)
                             \rightarrow <Read>
(9)
                             \rightarrow [VarName] := \langleExprArith\rangle
        <Assign>
(10)
        <Cond>
                             \rightarrow <ExprArith> <Comp> <ExprArith>
        <Comp>
(11)
(12)
                             \rightarrow >
(13)
(14)
        <ExprArith>
                             \rightarrow <Prod> <ExprArith'>
(15)
        <ExprArith'>
                             \rightarrow + <Prod> <ExprArith'>
(16)
                             \rightarrow - <Prod> <ExprArith'>
(17)
                             \rightarrow \varepsilon
(18)
        <Prod>
                             \rightarrow <Atom> <Prod'>
(19)
                             \rightarrow * <Atom> <Prod'>
        <Prod'>
(20)
                             \rightarrow / <Atom> <Prod'>
(21)
                             \rightarrow \varepsilon
(22)
                             \rightarrow - <Atom>
        <Atom>
(23)
                             \rightarrow (ExprArith)
(24)
                             \rightarrow [VarName]
(25)
                             \rightarrow [Number]
(26)
        <If>
                             \rightarrow IF (<Cond>) THEN <Code> <IfSeq>
(27)
        <IfSeq>
                             \rightarrow END
(28)
                             \rightarrow ELSE <Code> END
                             \rightarrow WHILE (<Cond>) DO <Code> END
(29)
        <While>
                             \rightarrow PRINT([VarName])
(30)
        <Print>
(31)
        <Read>
                             \rightarrow READ([VarName])
```

Figure 1: Grammar

1.1 Unproductive and unreachable variables

There wasn't any unproductive or unreachable variables.

1.2 Priority of the operators

We followed the method explained in the section 4.4.4 of the syllabus. It consist in the introduction of the notions of <Prod> and <Atom> and modifying the existing rules in order to respect the hierarchy of priorities. <Prod> account for the operators *,/, <Atom> is the basic building block of the this grammar (either another <ExpArith>, a Varname or a Number). Comparators haven't been modified since there is no ambiguity regarding their priority.

1.3 Left recursion and factorisation

We got rid of the ambiguity of the grammar by removing the left-recursion. Therefore we introduced <ExpArith'> and <Prod'>. We also used factorisation to avoid two rules having the same prefix. To do so

we introduced <IfSeq> and factored the IF (<Cond>) THEN <Code> prefix which was common to the old rules 19 & 20.

2 Action Table

The $first^1$ set is built following the algorithm we have seen during the course.

Variable	First terminals	First variables						
<program></program>	BEGIN							
<Code $>$	ε	<instruction></instruction>						
<Instruction $>$		<assign> <if> <while> <print> <read></read></print></while></if></assign>						
<Assign $>$	VarName							
<Cond $>$		<exprarith></exprarith>						
<Comp $>$	><=							
<ExprArith $>$		<prod></prod>						
<ExprArith' $>$	+ - ε							
<Prod $>$		<atom></atom>						
<Prod' $>$	* / E							
<Atom $>$	- (VarName Number							
<If $>$	IF							
<IfSeq $>$	END ELSE							
<While $>$	WHILE							
<Print $>$	PRINT							
<Read $>$	READ							

Figure 2: First iteration

The following iterations are grouped together in the next table because they were very small.

Variable	First terminals						
<program></program>	BEGIN						
<Code $>$	ε VarName IF WHILE PRINT READ						
<Instruction $>$	VarName IF WHILE PRINT READ						
<Assign $>$	VarName						
<Cond $>$	- (VarName Number						
<Comp $>$	> < =						
<ExprArith $>$	- (VarName Number						
<ExprArith' $>$	+ - ε						
<Prod $>$	- (VarName Number						
<Prod' $>$	$ */\varepsilon $						
<Atom $>$	- (VarName Number						
<If $>$	IF						
<IfSeq $>$	END ELSE						
<While $>$	WHILE						
<Print $>$	PRINT						
<Read $>$	READ						

Figure 3: Following iterations

Because the grammar is LL(1), the follow set is only necessary when the first set of a variable contains the

 ε symbol. Only three variables are concerned by this : <Code>, <ExprArith'> and <Prod'>. Their follow set are :

- $\bullet \ <\!\! \text{Code}\!\! > : \ \text{END ELSE}$
- $\bullet \ <\!\! \mathrm{ExprArith'}\!\! > \ : \ = \ > \ < \) \ ,$
- $\bullet \ <\!\! \operatorname{Prod'}\!\! > : + \text{--} = > <) \ ,$

			_		_											
,								17		21						
П						11		17		21						
V						13		17		21						
^						12		17		21						
(17		21						
)					10		14		18		23					
/										20						
*										19						
+								15		21						
					10		14	16	18	21	22					
ELSE		3											28			
END		3											27			
READ		2	∞													31
PRINT		2	2												30	
WHILE PRINT READ END		2	9											29		
IF		2	ಬ									56				
VARNAME		2	4	6	10		14		18		24					
BEGIN NUMBER VARNAME					10		14		18		25					
BEGIN	1															
	Program	Code	Instruction	Assign	Cond	Comp	ExprArith	ExprArith'	Prod	Prod'	Atom	H	IfSeq	While	Print	Bead

3 Remarks

The implementation of this part of the project is based on the implementation given as solution for the first part.

4 Example files

4.1 Factorial.fs

This is the provided example file.

4.2 Fibo.fs

This is an example of a program displaying the N first term of the famous Fibonacci sequence.

4.3 Operators.fs

This is an example allowing the test of the right priority of the operators with the Figure 4 on page 7 displaying the result.

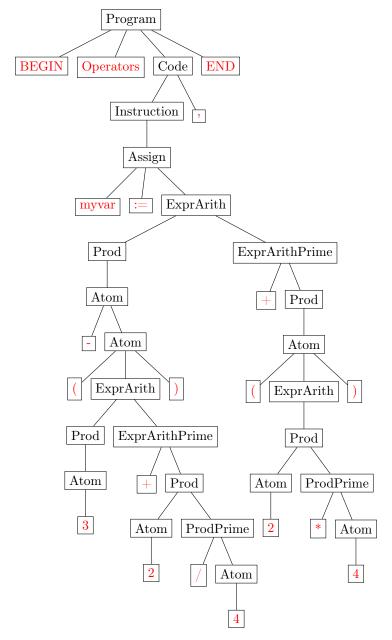


Figure 4: Tree of Operators.fs