

Gridap: introduction for FluidDynamics

About Gridap

Project started in 2020, official [Gridap](#) repository

What:

- Written in Julia
- Provides a set of tools for solving PDEs
- FEM framework
- Almost 1:1 mathematical notation

Support for:

- MPI, [GridapDistributed](#)
- PETSc, [GridapPETSc](#)
- Pardiso, [GridapPardiso](#)
- Gmsh, [GridapGmsh](#)

Features:

- MultiField problems
- Time depended
- Discontinuous Galerkin
- Raviart Thomas elements

WorkFlow:

1. Mesh creation with Gmsh
2. Julia-MPI-Gridap
3. Open the results in [Paraview](#)

Solve the Poisson equation in 3D

Problem

$$\begin{aligned} -\Delta u &= f \text{ in } \Omega, \\ u &= g \text{ on } \Gamma_D, \\ \nabla u \cdot n &= h \text{ on } \Gamma_N, \end{aligned}$$

We choose $f(x) = 1$, $g(x) = 2$, $h(x) = 3$

```
• f(x) = 1.0
```

```
• g(x) = 2.0;
```

```
• h(x) = 3.0;
```

Find $u \in U_h$ such that $a(u, v) = b(v)$ for all $v \in V_h$

where $a(u, v) \doteq \int_{\Omega} \nabla v \cdot \nabla u \, d\Omega$, $b(v) \doteq \int_{\Omega} v f \, d\Omega + \int_{\Gamma_N} v h \, d\Gamma_N$

```
• using Gridap ↻
```

```
• using GridapGmsh ↻
```

```
• msh_file = joinpath(@__DIR__, "models", "toy_model.msh")
```

```
• model = GmshDiscreteModel(msh_file)
```

```
• order = 1;
```

```
• reffe = ReferenceFE(lagrangian,Float64,order);
```

```
• V = TestFESpace(model,reffe,dirichlet_tags=["sides"]);
```

```
• U = TrialFESpace(V,g);
```

```
• neumann_tags = ["circle", "triangle", "square];
```

```
• Γ = BoundaryTriangulation(model,tags=neumann_tags);
```

Set up to perform the integrals in the weak form numerically. Define integration mesh, plus a Gauss-like quadrature in each of the cells in the triangulation

```
• degree = 2;
```

```
• dΓ = Measure(Γ, degree);
```

```
• Ω = Triangulation(model);
```

```
• dΩ = Measure(Ω, degree);
```

Weak form

$$a(u, v) \doteq \int_{\Omega} \nabla v \cdot \nabla u \, d\Omega$$

```
• a(u, v) = ∫(∇(u)•∇(v))dΩ ;
```

$$b(v) \doteq \int_{\Omega} v f \, d\Omega + \int_{\Gamma_N} v h \, d\Gamma_N$$

```
• b(v) = ∫( v*f )*dΩ + ∫( v*h )*dΓ ;
```

```
• op = AffineFEOperator(a, b, U, V) ;
```

Linear Solver

```
• ls = LUSolver();
```

There are other solvers available:

- BackSlash(), like \ in MATLAB
- NLSolver()
- PETSc

```
• solver = LinearFESolver(ls) ;
```

```
• uh = solve(solver, op);
```

```
• writevtk(Ω, "Poisson", cellfields = ["uh" => uh]);
```

