TASKS VS. JOBS



First – some terms

- What is a task?
- What is a job? (series of tasks)
- How do we determine what is in a job?
- Jobs are arranged into organization charts
 - Identify reporting relationships and decision rights

HOW TO DESIGN JOBS



How jobs are designed becomes complicated when people have to work together....

Frederick Winslow Taylor

Tries to Impose Order

- Design jobs in ways that are easiest to do early ergonomics
- Take complicated jobs like machinist and break them down into individual tasks
- Assign simple tasks to low-skill workers
- Tell everyone exactly how their tasks should be performed
- Piece-rate payments share the gains with workers

DRAWBACKS AND RETHINKING JOB DESIGN



What's the drawback?

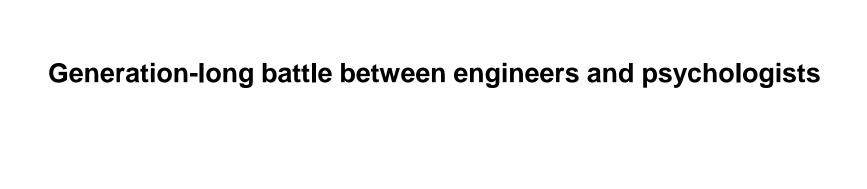
People soon hated those jobs

Rethinking job design from a human rather than an engineer's perspective

- What is it that people like about work?
 - Social interactions
- What is it that they like about jobs per se (beyond the paycheck)?
 - Autonomy (control)
 - Variety
 - Appreciating the significance of their effort
 - Getting feedback on specific tasks

ENGINEERS AND PSYCHOLOGISTS: A BATTLE FOR DESIGNING JOBS





LESSONS FROM THE JAPANESE AND US AUTO INDUSTRIES



The Rise of the Japanese Auto Industry

- Powerful lessons from the Toyota production system
- What's different about it?
 - Workers control the engineering decisions about their job
 - Much greater autonomy and control
 - The individual tasks are just as boring BUT quality and productivity are far better
- What's the downside? Workers are in control unlike Mother's Restaurant

SYSTEMS OF WORK



Thinking about systems of work where practices fit together

- The managing people practices reinforce each other
 - Profit sharing and participation, e.g.
- Those practices collectively drive competitiveness
 - Holt Chemical company
 - Nordstrom

Management of people can drive strategy

...it's not just about execution



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