

T4

$$g(x, \theta) = a \{(-1, 1) | 0\} + \frac{b}{2} \{0\} + \frac{b}{2} \{2\}$$

$$\int p dx = 1, \quad \int_1^2 a dx + b = 1$$

$$2a + b = 1$$

$$a = \theta \Rightarrow b = 1 - 2\theta, \quad \theta \in [0, \frac{1}{2}]$$
$$g(x, \theta) = \theta \{(-1, 1) | 0\} + \frac{1-2\theta}{2} \{0\} + \frac{1-2\theta}{2} \{2\}$$

\bar{x}_n - Borelmaße

10/14/14

$$Mz Mg = \int_{-1}^1 x \theta dx + \frac{1-2\theta}{2} \cdot 2 = 1 - 2\theta$$

T, Kugel
Radius)

$$Mg^2 = \int_{-1}^1 Qx^2 dx + \frac{1-2\theta}{2} \cdot 4 = 2 - \frac{10}{3}\theta$$

$$Ds = Mg^2 = M^2 g = 1 + \frac{2}{3}\theta - 4\theta^2$$

$$Mz Ds = \bar{x}$$

$$1 - 2\theta = \bar{x} \rightarrow \theta = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \bar{x})$$

некомп.
 $M[\bar{\theta}] = M\left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{x}{2}\right] = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}Nx \approx 0 \Rightarrow$ некомп.

сост.

$$D[\bar{\theta}] = \frac{1}{4} D[\bar{x}] = \frac{1}{4n} \left(1 + \frac{2}{3}\Theta - 4\Theta^2 \right) \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0$$

\Rightarrow COG.

Эффективно CTB

a) вероятн. о CTB можно:

1) квадр. ожид.

$$2) \int_{-1}^{1} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} p \right) dx = \int_{-1}^{0} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} p \right) dx + \int_0^1 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} p \right) dx = \left(\frac{2}{2\Theta} \cdot \frac{1-2\Theta}{2} \right) + \left(\frac{2}{2\Theta} \cdot \frac{1-2\Theta}{2} \right)$$

$$= 2 - 2 = 0$$

$$3) I(\theta) = \int \left(\frac{\partial \ln p}{\partial \theta} \right)^2 p dx = \int \frac{1}{\Theta^2} \cdot \Theta dx + \frac{4}{(1-2\Theta)} \cdot \left(\frac{1-2\Theta}{2} \right) \cdot 2 = \frac{2}{\Theta} + \frac{4}{1-2\Theta} = \frac{4\Theta + 2 - 4\Theta}{\Theta(1-2\Theta)} = \frac{2}{\Theta(1-2\Theta)} > 0$$

и квадр. ожид. на $(0, \frac{1}{2})$

\Rightarrow вероятн.

D[θ̂]

на $(0,$

результат

$\Rightarrow D[\bar{\Sigma}]$

$1 + \frac{2}{3} \frac{6}{4n}$

на $(0,$

2) ОМН

$L(\theta) =$

макс.

$\ln(L)$

$(\ln L)'_{\theta}$

$(\ln L)''_{\theta} =$

\Rightarrow макс.

\Rightarrow лекции

1) для оценки

$D[\bar{\theta}_1]$ оцн. на θ консервативна

$\in (0, \frac{1}{2})$ & лев

$\rightarrow 0$
 $n \rightarrow \infty$

результат

$$\Rightarrow D[\bar{\theta}_1] \geq \frac{1}{n \cdot I(\theta)} = \frac{\Theta(1-2\Theta)}{2n}$$

$$\frac{1 + \frac{2}{3}\theta - 4\theta^2}{4n} \geq \frac{\Theta(1-2\Theta)}{2n}$$

на $(0, \frac{1}{2})$ >

2) ОМН

$$L(\theta) = \prod p(x_i; \theta) = (1-2\theta)^m \cdot \theta^{n-m}$$

$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \theta} = m \text{ при } \forall i \in \{0, 2\}$

$$\ln L = m \ln(1-2\theta) + (n-m) \ln \theta \rightarrow_{\max}$$

$$\left(\ln L\right)'_{\theta} = \frac{-2m}{1-2\theta} + \frac{n-m}{\theta} = 0 \quad \theta \in (0, \frac{1}{2})$$

$$\left(\ln L\right)''_{\theta} = \frac{-4m}{(1-2\theta)^2} - \frac{n-m}{\theta^2} < 0 \quad \text{б. т. фукн.}$$

\Rightarrow max.

$$\frac{2n}{1-2\theta} \approx \frac{n-h}{\theta}$$

$$2n\theta \in (n-h)(1-2\theta)$$

$$\hat{\theta} \approx \frac{h-h}{2n} \approx \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\theta$$

measures:

$$MC[\hat{\theta}] = MC\left[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\theta\right] = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}M\theta = \{M\theta = p = h/n\} = \\ = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} + \theta = \theta \Rightarrow \text{measures}$$

Cov:

$$D[\hat{\theta}] = \frac{1}{4} D\left[\frac{p(1-p)}{n}\right] = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(1-2\theta)2\theta}}{n} = \frac{\theta(1-\theta)}{2n} = \Theta(\text{red})$$

$\xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty}$, \Rightarrow Cov, no good guess

Distribution:

normal, $\mu = \theta$.

$D[\hat{\theta}_2]$ opp. war + konstante $u_3(0; \frac{1}{2})$

$$D[\hat{\theta}_2] \geq \frac{1}{n^2 I(\theta)} = \frac{\Theta(\text{red})}{2n}$$

$$\frac{\Theta(1-2\theta)}{2n} = \frac{\Theta(1-2\theta)}{2n}$$

⇒ $\widetilde{\Theta}_2$ не является набором

⇒ $\widetilde{\Theta}_1$ не является набором

$$P = P = 1 - 2\theta$$

$$\frac{1-2\theta}{n}$$

$$\gamma_3(0; \frac{1}{2})$$