

Math 504: Advanced Linear Algebra

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Contents

Math 504 Lecture 7

1. Schur triangularization (cont'd)

1.1. Sylvester's equation (cont'd)

Last time, we proved the $\mathcal{V} \implies \mathcal{U}$ direction of the following fact:

Theorem 1.1.1. Let A be an $n \times n$ -matrix, and let B be an $m \times m$ -matrix (both with complex entries). Let C be an $n \times m$ -matrix. Then, the following statements are equivalent:

- \mathcal{U} : There is a **unique** matrix $X \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times m}$ such that $AX - XB = C$.
- \mathcal{V} : We have $\sigma(A) \cap \sigma(B) = \emptyset$.

Here, $\sigma(A)$ denotes the **spectrum** of a matrix A (that is, the set of all eigenvalues of A).

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