# Yorkshire: Brontë Country [C1]

Lo Yorkshire, la contea più estesa del Regno Unito e patria delle sorelle Brontë, era un'oasi di pace prima che la Rivoluzione Industriale la stravolgesse. Adesso le campagne di questa contea stanno vivendo una rinascita grazie al turismo che vi accorre per conoscere le loro bellezze.



Yorkshire is the biggest county in Britain. It <u>stretches</u> across the north of England, from the North Sea coast in the east to the counties of Cumbria, Lancashire and Greater Manchester in the west. Among its big cities are York in the centre, Hull in the east, Sheffield in the south and Leeds and Bradford to the west. But it is the <u>rugged</u> rural landscapes of Yorkshire that really define its character, as well as that of its inhabitants.

## **RURAL LANDSCAPES**

Rural Yorkshire can be <u>roughly</u> divided into six zones: in the northeast, the North York <u>Moors</u> have high moorland and remote valleys that stretch to the North Sea <u>cliffs</u> on the coast. South from there is the gentle countryside of the Yorkshire <u>Wolds</u>. Go west to the central Vale of York, where there are immense <u>flatlands</u> with ancient castles and fertile farmland. Head northwest

and experience the <u>limestone</u> formations, glacial valleys and <u>waterfalls</u> of the Yorkshire Dales. South of the Dales is an area of the Pennine hills known as Brontë Country, with its riverside <u>meadows</u>, ancient woodland and <u>derelict</u> buildings left over from the textile industry.

### LITERARY CONNECTIONS

The Brontë sisters, Charlotte, Anne and Emily, are among a number of literary figures associated with the county. West Yorkshire was also where 20th-century poets Ted Hughes and Sylvia Plath made their home, while Pulitzer Prize-winning poet W. H. Auden was born in York. The county has an artistic heritage, too: the Yorkshire Sculpture Park in the Dales features the work of landscape-inspired sculptors Henry Moore and Barbara Hepworth, among other famous invited artists. To find out more about rural Yorkshire, Speak Up contacted Tracy Milnes of Bonner and Hindley, a marketing and PR company dedicated to tourism, **heritage** and cultural activities across the county. Milnes says that Yorkshire **folk** are very proud of their homeland and tend to orientate any conversation around it. She began by talking about Yorkshire's industrial past from the late 18th century on. \*\*Tracy Milnes (English accent): \*\*East Yorkshire would have been associated with the fishing industry and some chemical industries; South Yorkshire you would put with heavy industry: coal mining, steelworks; West Yorkshire: Bradford, Halifax, Leeds — connected to the canal network — would be very much textiles, both in terms of **trade** and production.

### **NORTH YORK MOORS**

By the 1980s, two centuries of Yorkshire industry had ended, and unemployment was high. Since then, however, the county has bounced back. Big industries today include the digital and games industry, financial services, retail, and sustainable technologies. What's more, rural tourism is booming in Yorkshire, with quaint villages such as Grassington, Hutton-le-Hole and Osmotherley a delight to visit. Milnes gave us a few tips on what to do in the North York Moors. Tracy Milnes: North Yorkshire is a very traditional holiday destination. It's such a huge varied landscape. It's

very green, very <u>lush</u>, [with] big <u>crags</u> out that way. Picturesque stone <u>cottage</u>-type villages, lots of lovely country pubs, country restaurants, fantastic walks like the Nidderdale Way, beautiful scenery.

## **BIRDS AND BEACHES**

North Yorkshire's coastline features famous towns such as Whitby, the setting for Bram Stoker's horror novel Dracula. Now, <u>birders</u> and surfers head to the county's <u>cliffs</u> and beaches. <u>Tracy Milnes:</u> Staithes has a beautiful cliff where you get lots of nesting birds in the summer during the <u>breeding</u> season. Spurn Point and Flamborough Head [are] recognised for their bird sanctuaries and their bird populations; you get lots of <u>puffins</u> on Bempton Cliffs. And then there's very traditional seaside towns: Whitby, Scarborough, Bridlington... Scarborough has got the lovely outdoor theatre, they do lots of summer concerts. You've got Saltburn-by-the-Sea... Sandsend is great for surfing [or] you've got the big <u>kites</u> so you can go sand surfing on the beach.

#### THE DALES

The Dales in the west has its own charming villages such as West Burton and Muker. There are also some dramatic <u>waterfalls</u>, including the Cautley <u>Spout</u> that <u>tumbles</u> 650 feet [200m]down a cliff face. South of the Dales is an area known as Brontë Country, so called as it is where the famous literary sisters lived and wrote their novels in the early 19th century. There, the landscape changes dramatically. **Tracy Milnes:** Brontë Country is very <u>heathery</u>, very dark and <u>brooding</u>. Howarth, the village where the Brontë <u>parsonage</u> is, is well worth a look: beautiful tiny streets that overlook one another. The moors are <u>on the doorstep</u>. You can also go on the Keighley Railway, which is an old fashioned <u>steam train</u>, [though] you do have to book well in advance.

## **CYCLING ROUTES**

The train serves major Yorkshire cities, but to get into the countryside you really need a car, says Milnes. For the very <a href="fit">fit</a>, cycling is a big deal in Yorkshire. Inspired by the Tour de France's <a href="one-off">one-off</a> visit to the Dales in 2014, Yorkshire has introduced a number of cycling routes, as Milnes explains. <a href="Tracy Milnes">Tracy Milnes</a>: Part of the Tour de France was here in 2014 and then for five years after that we also did a Tour de Yorkshire. There are some great cycling routes, you could hire a bike and have some real adventures <a href="one-off">one-off</a> visit to the Dales in 2014, Yorkshire has introduced a number of cycling routes, as Milnes explains.

# **Glossary**

- birders = ornitologi
- **breeding** = riproduzione
- puffins = pulcinelle di mare
- parsonage = casa parrocchiale
- derelict = in rovina
- heritage = patrimonio
- PR = pubbliche relazioni
- steelworks = acciaierie
- steep climbs = salite ripide
- rugged = frastagliati
- coal mining = miniera di carbone
- brooding = cupo, malinconico
- **kites** = aquiloni
- **Spout** = getto d'acqua
- steam train = treno a vapore
- fit = in forma
- Moors = brughiere
- Wolds = terreni collinosi
- waterfalls = cascate
- **booming** = crescere rapidamente
- on saddleback = sul sellino
- flatlands = pianure
- limestone = pietra calcarea
- roughly = grosso modo
- meadows = prati
- folk = gente
- heathery = ricoperto d'erica
- stretches = estendersi
- cottage = casolare
- one-off = una tantum
- **cliffs** = scogliere
- bounced back = riprendersi
- quaint = pittoreschi

- crags = falesie
- tumbles = cadere
- on the doorstep = sulla soglia
- **trade** = commercio
- retail = vendite al dettaglio
- **delight** = delizia
- lush = rigoglioso