

Data and Image Models

DSC 106: Data Visualization

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UC San Diego

Announcements

Lab 1 and Welcome Survey due **tomorrow!**

Project 1 due next week Friday, 4/12.

FAQs on course logistics:

1. Are lectures podcasted? Not yet, but ***once I get access to UCSD systems***
2. Participation? Attendance not mandatory
3. Can I use ChatGPT / CoPilot? Yes, but use with caution!
4. OH: TBD

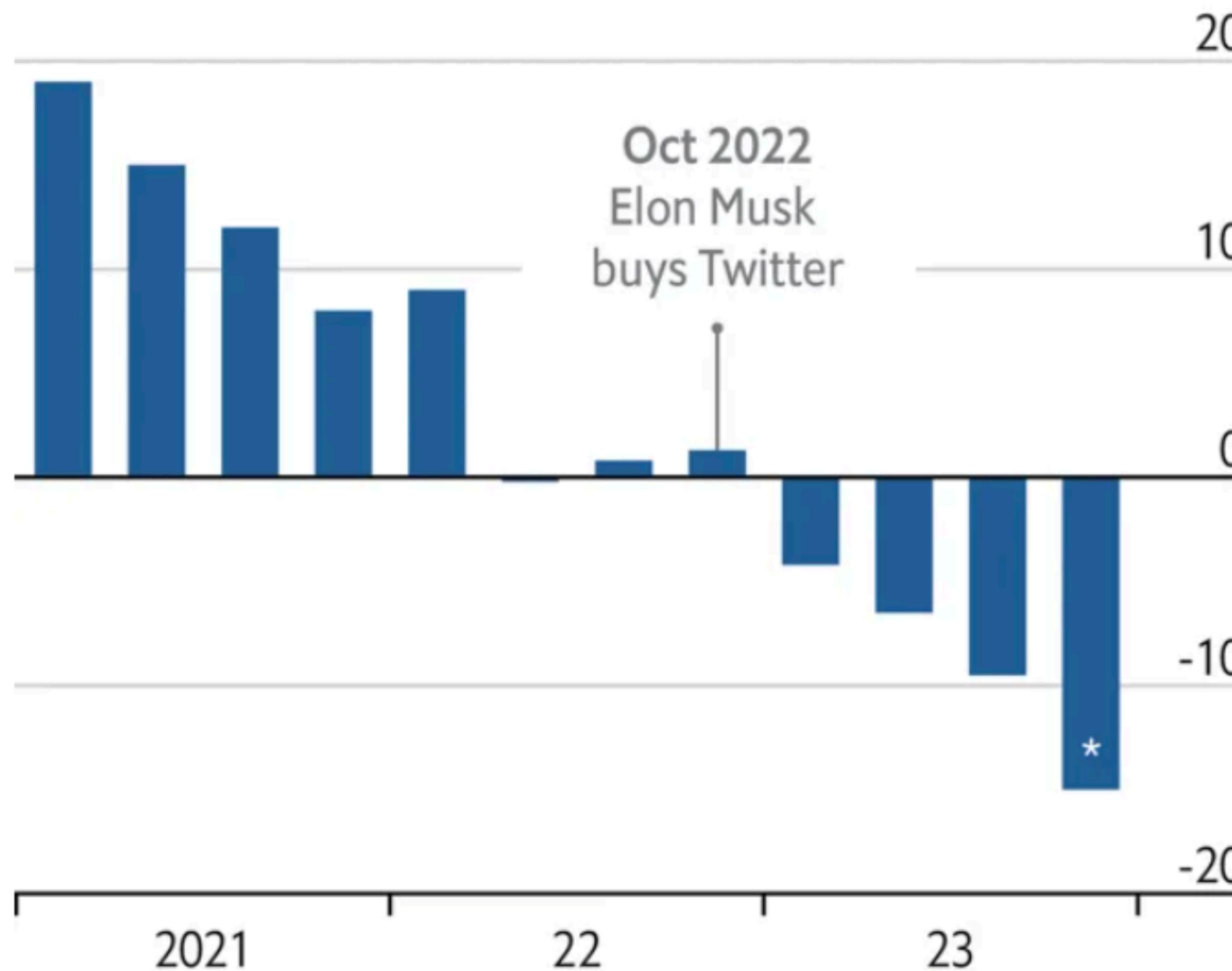
Name that chart!

Percent of working-age people who said they had “serious difficulty” with ...



Drop off

Estimated monthly active Twitter/X users
% change on a year earlier



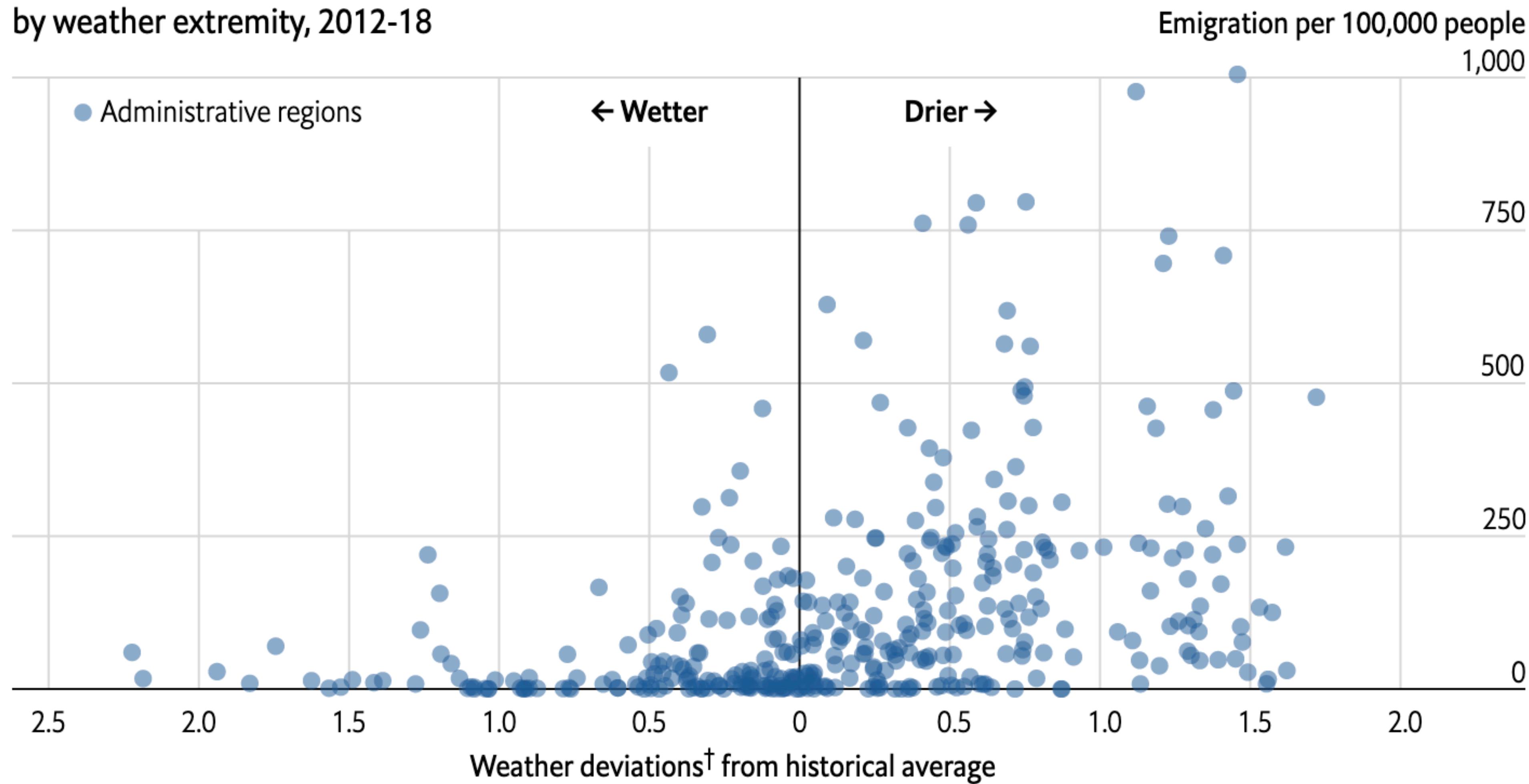
*To December 5th

Source: Sensor Tower

<https://www.economist.com/graphic-detail/2023/12/20/has-twitter-now-x-become-more-right-wing>

Spotting a trend

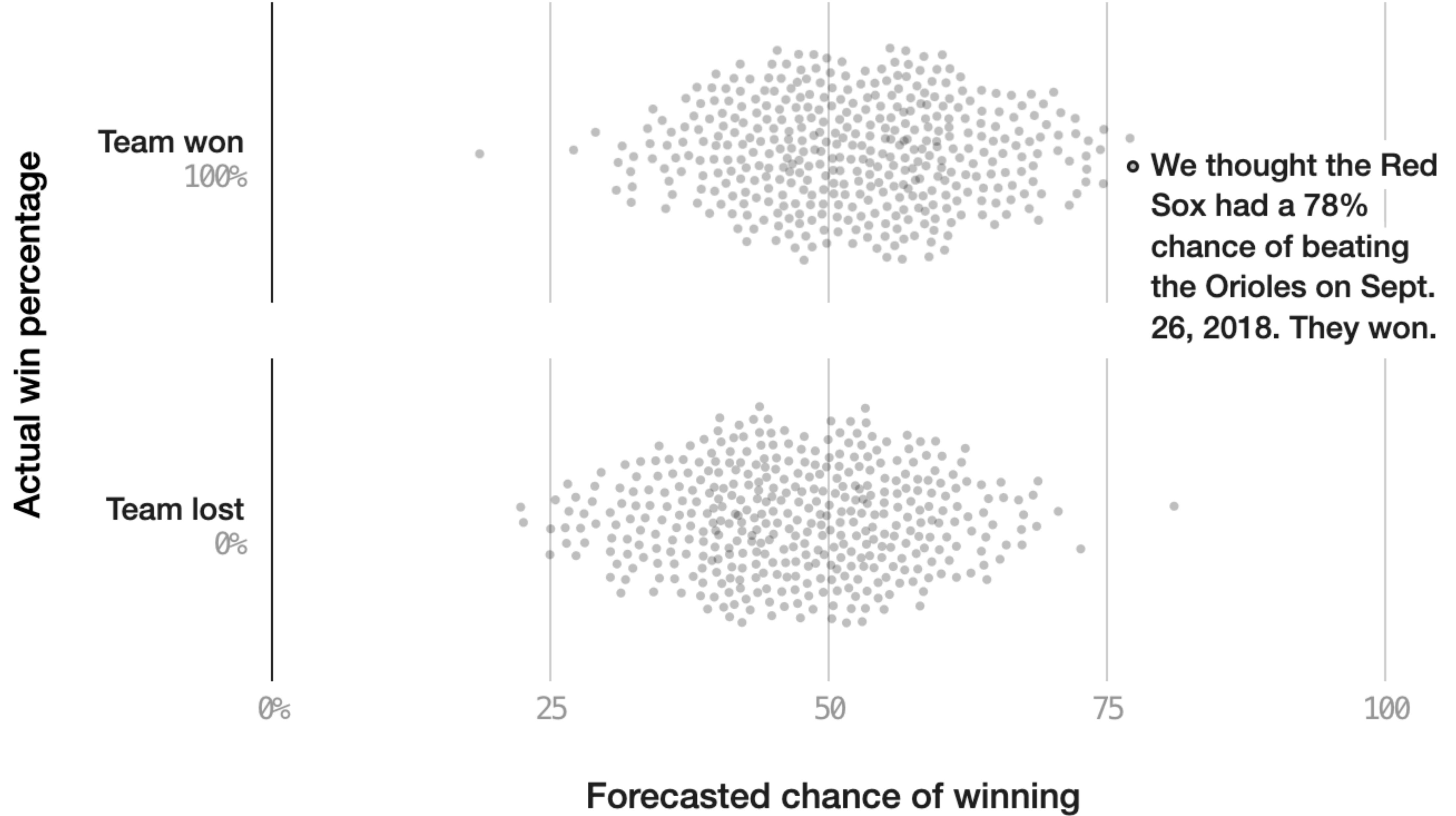
Emigration from the Northern Triangle* to United States,
by weather extremity, 2012-18

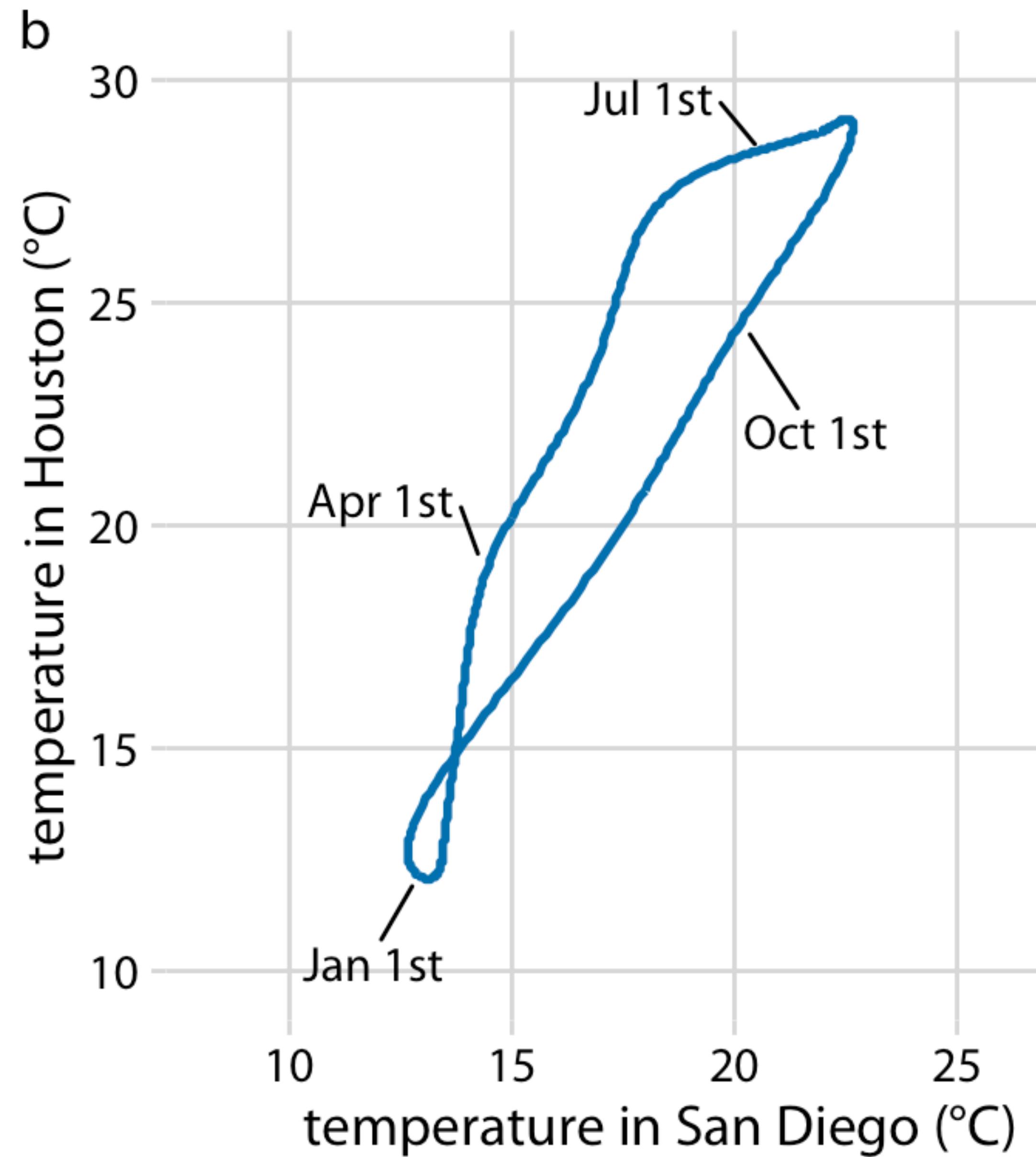
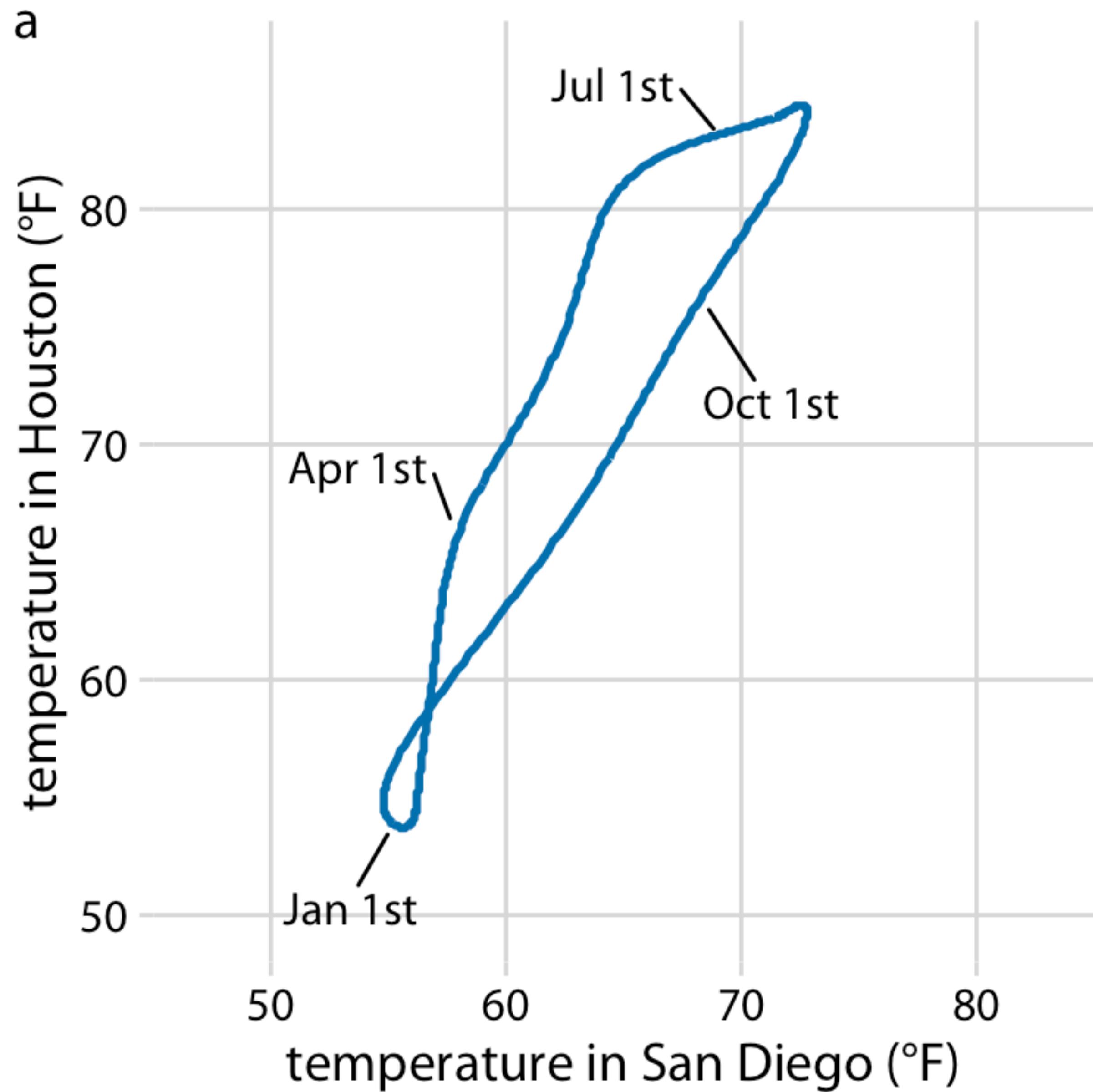


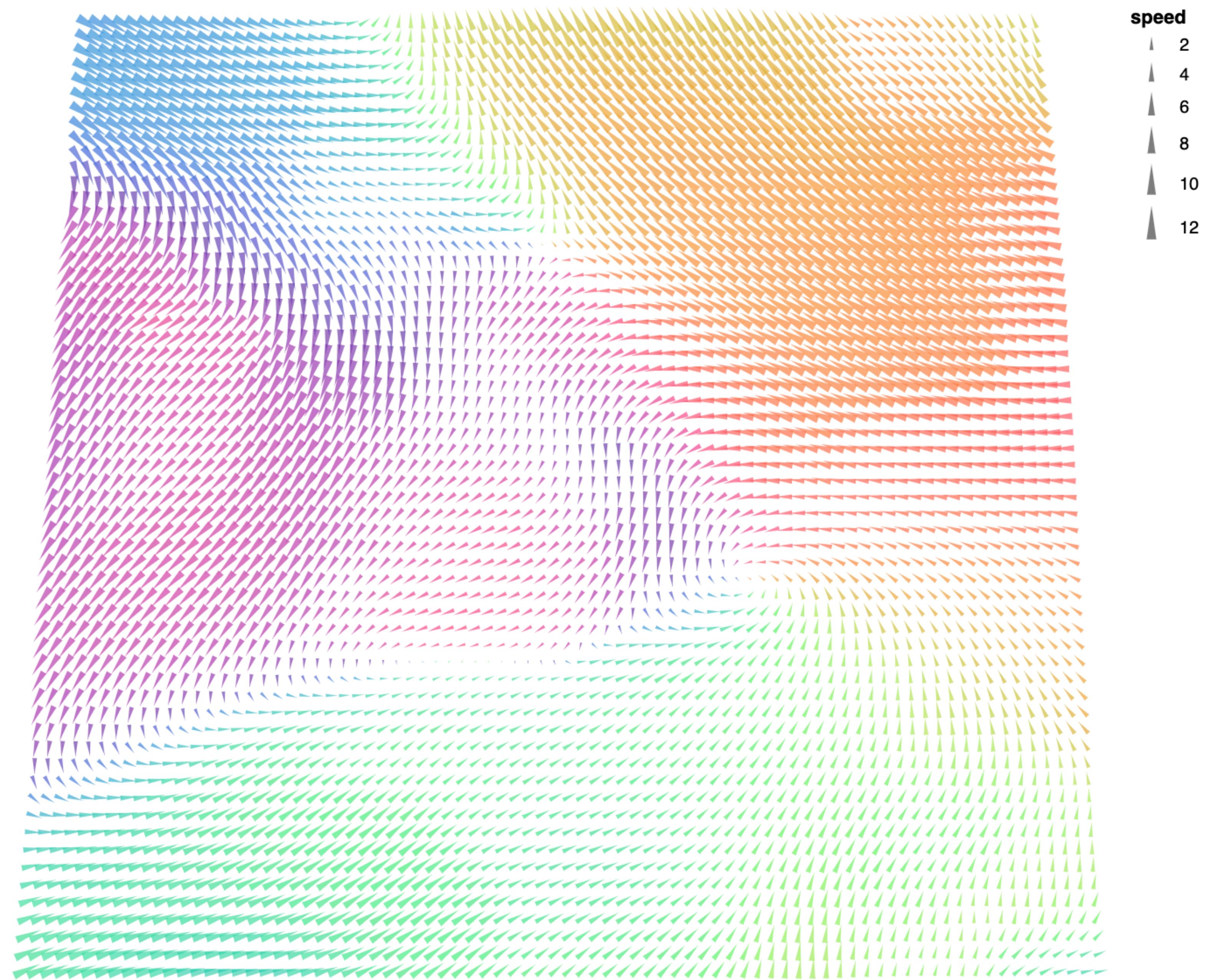
*El Salvador, Guatemala and Honduras

†Using the Standardised Precipitation-Evapotranspiration Index three-month average

Source: "Dry growing seasons predicted Central American migration to the US from 2012 to 2018", by A. Linke et al., 2023







https://vega.github.io/vega-lite/examples/point_angle_windvector.html

Carte Figurative des pertes successives en hommes de l'Armée Française dans la Campagne de Russie 1812-1813.

Dressée par M. Minard, Inspecteur Général des Ponts et Chaussées en retraite

Paris, le 20 Novembre 1869.

Les nombres d'hommes présents sont représentés par les largeurs des zones colorées à raison d'un millimètre pour dix mille hommes; ils sont de plus écrits en travers des zones. Le rouge désigne les hommes qui entrent en Russie, le noir ceux qui en sortent. Les renseignements qui ont servi à dresser la carte ont été puisés dans les ouvrages de M. M. Chiers, de Séguir, de Fezensac, de Chambray et le journal inédit de Jacob, pharmacien de l'Armée depuis le 28 Octobre.

Pour mieux faire juger à l'œil la diminution de l'armée, j'ai supposé que les corps du Prince Jérôme et du Maréchal Davout qui avaient été détachés sur Minsk en Mohilow et qui rejoignirent vers Orscha et Wilebsk, avaient toujours marché avec l'armée.

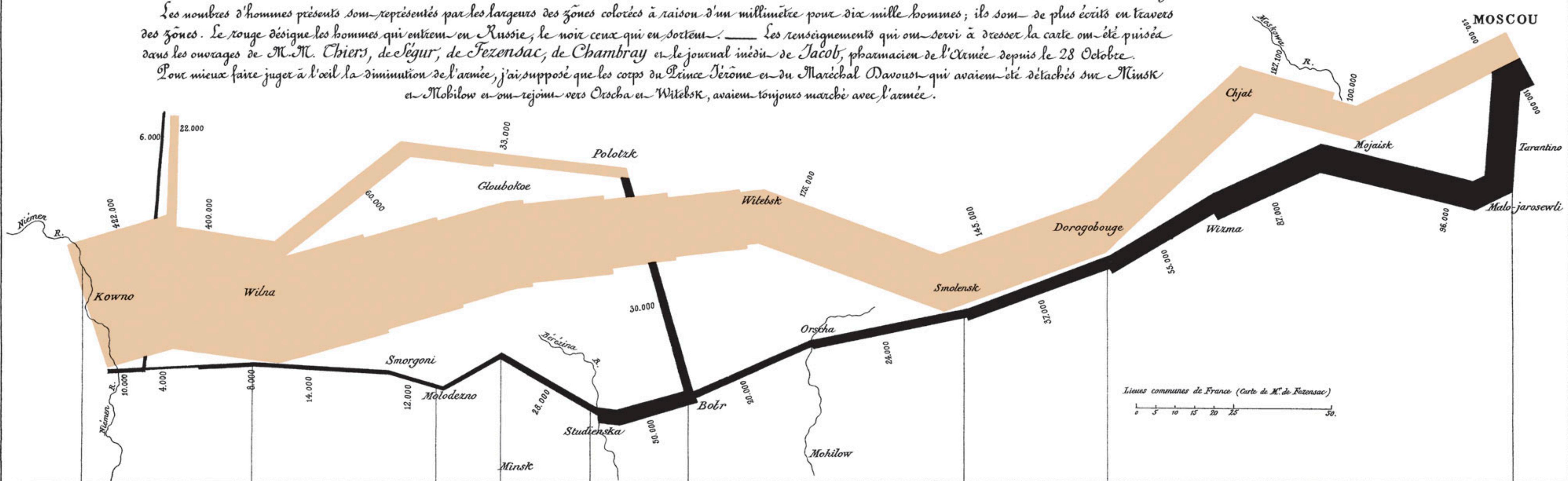
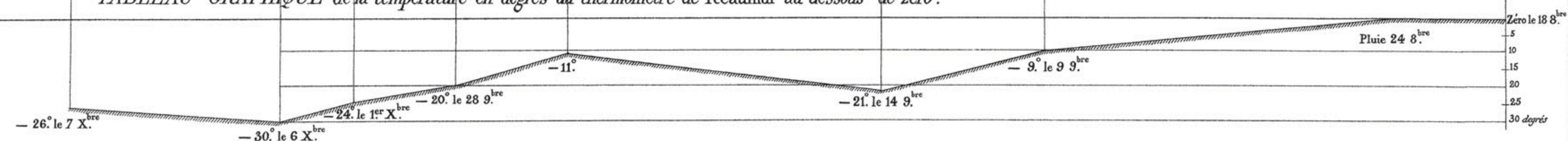


TABLEAU GRAPHIQUE de la température en degrés du thermomètre de Réaumur au dessous de zéro.

Les Cosaques passent au galop
le Niemen gelé.



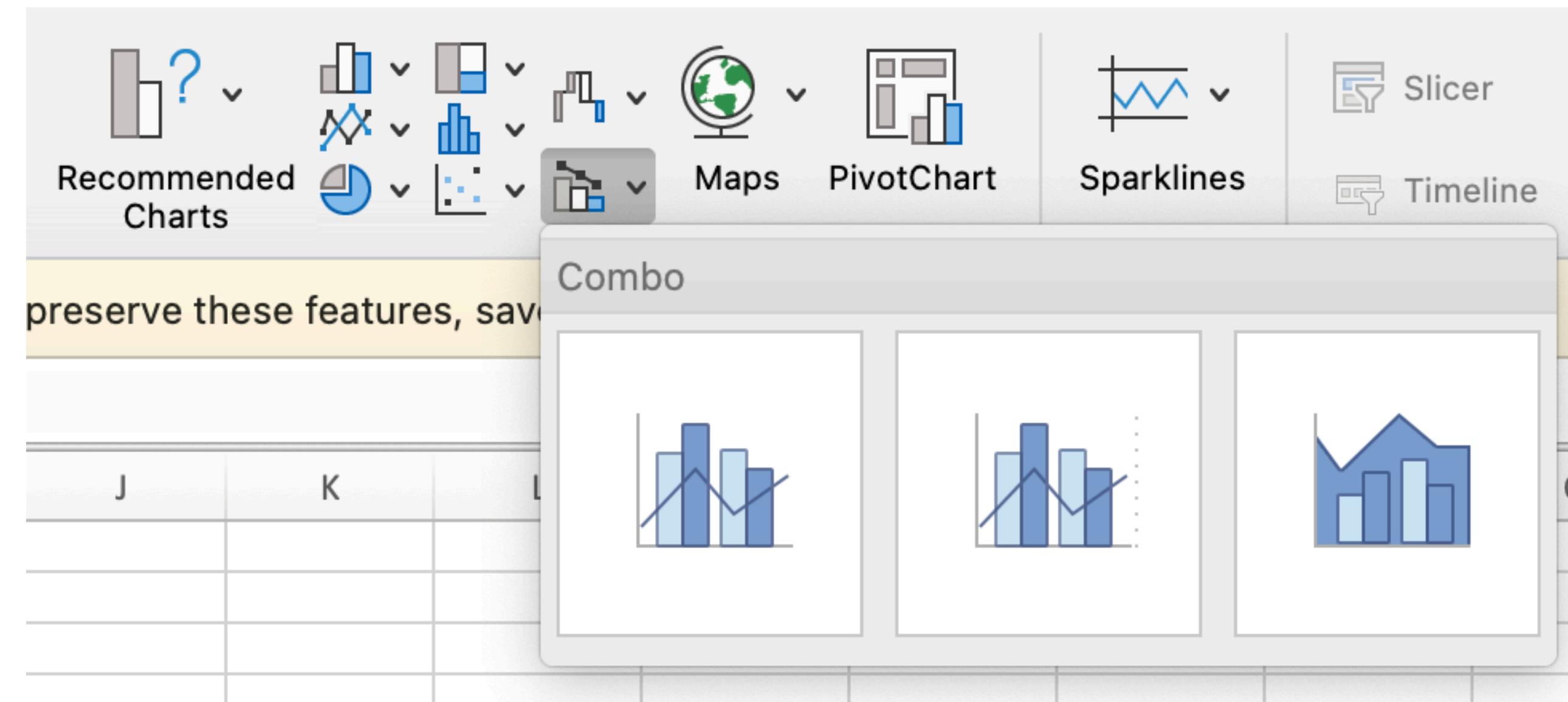


Chart editor

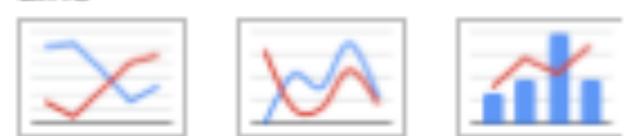
Setup

Customize

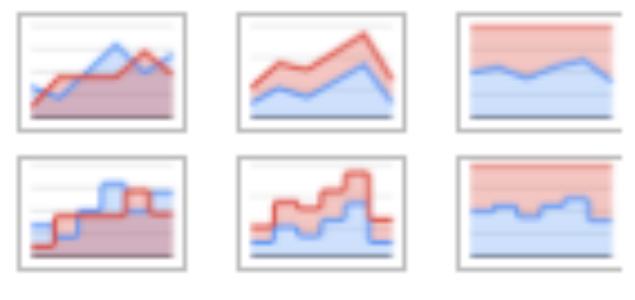
Chart type

Pie chart

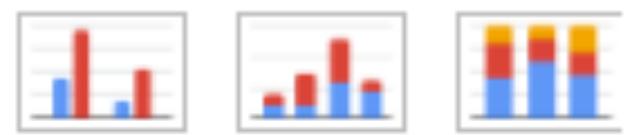
Line



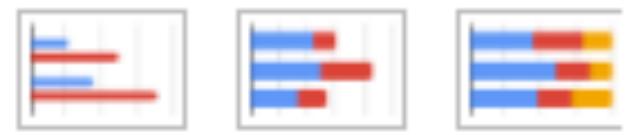
Area



Column



Bar



Pie



Scatter



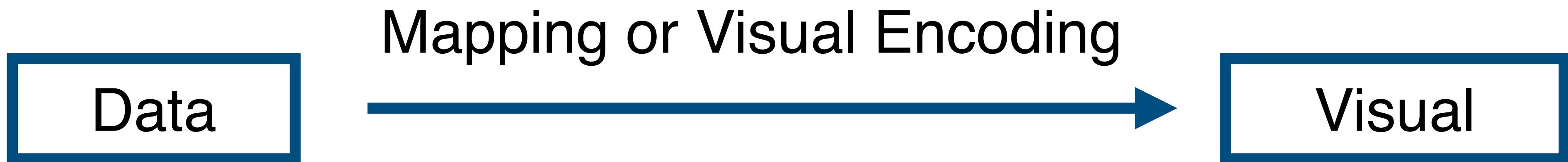
Map



Other



Visualizing Data



Physical Data Types

int, float, string

Graphical Marks

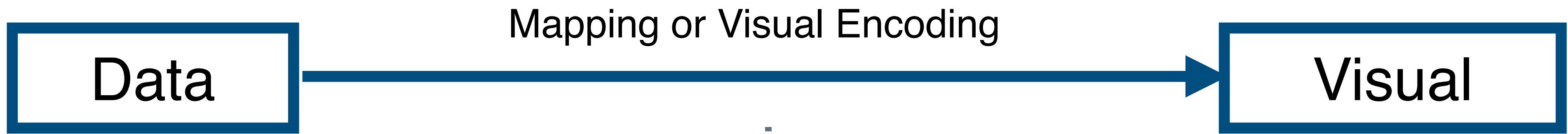
rect, line, point, area

Conceptual Data Types

temperature, location

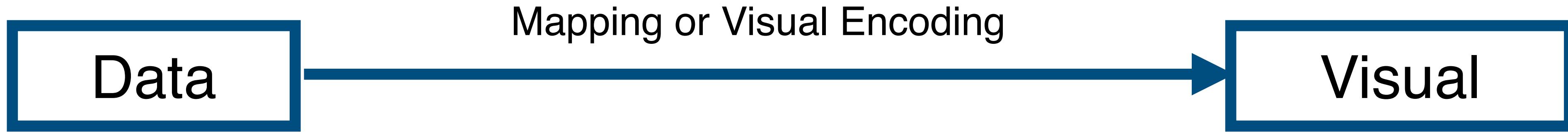
Visual Channels

x, y, color, opacity



Expressiveness

A set of facts is *expressible* in a visual language if the sentences (i.e. the visualizations) in the language express all the facts in the set of data, and only the facts in the data.

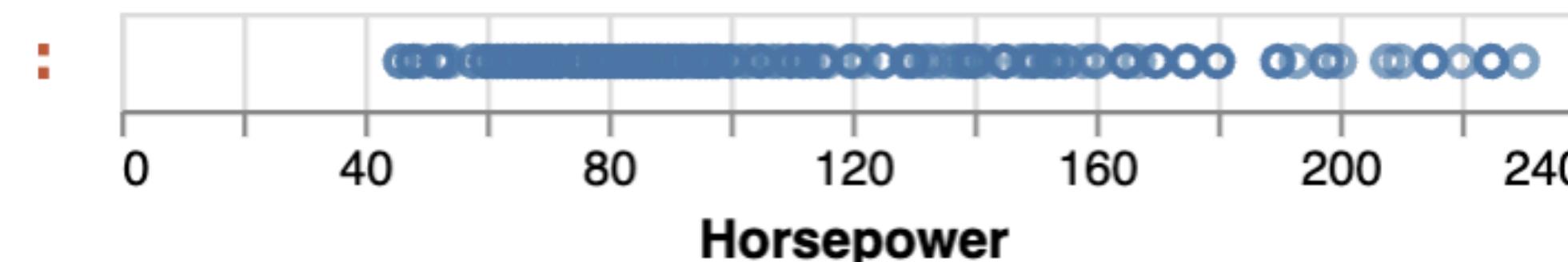


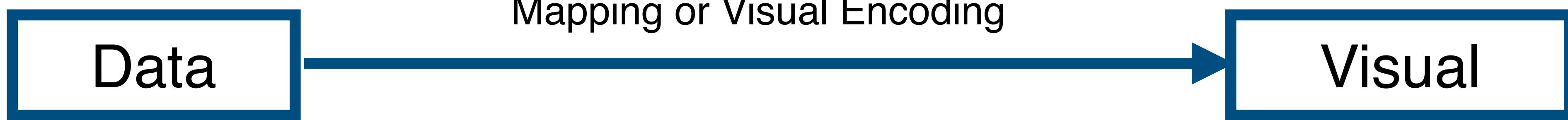
Expressiveness

Can't express the facts

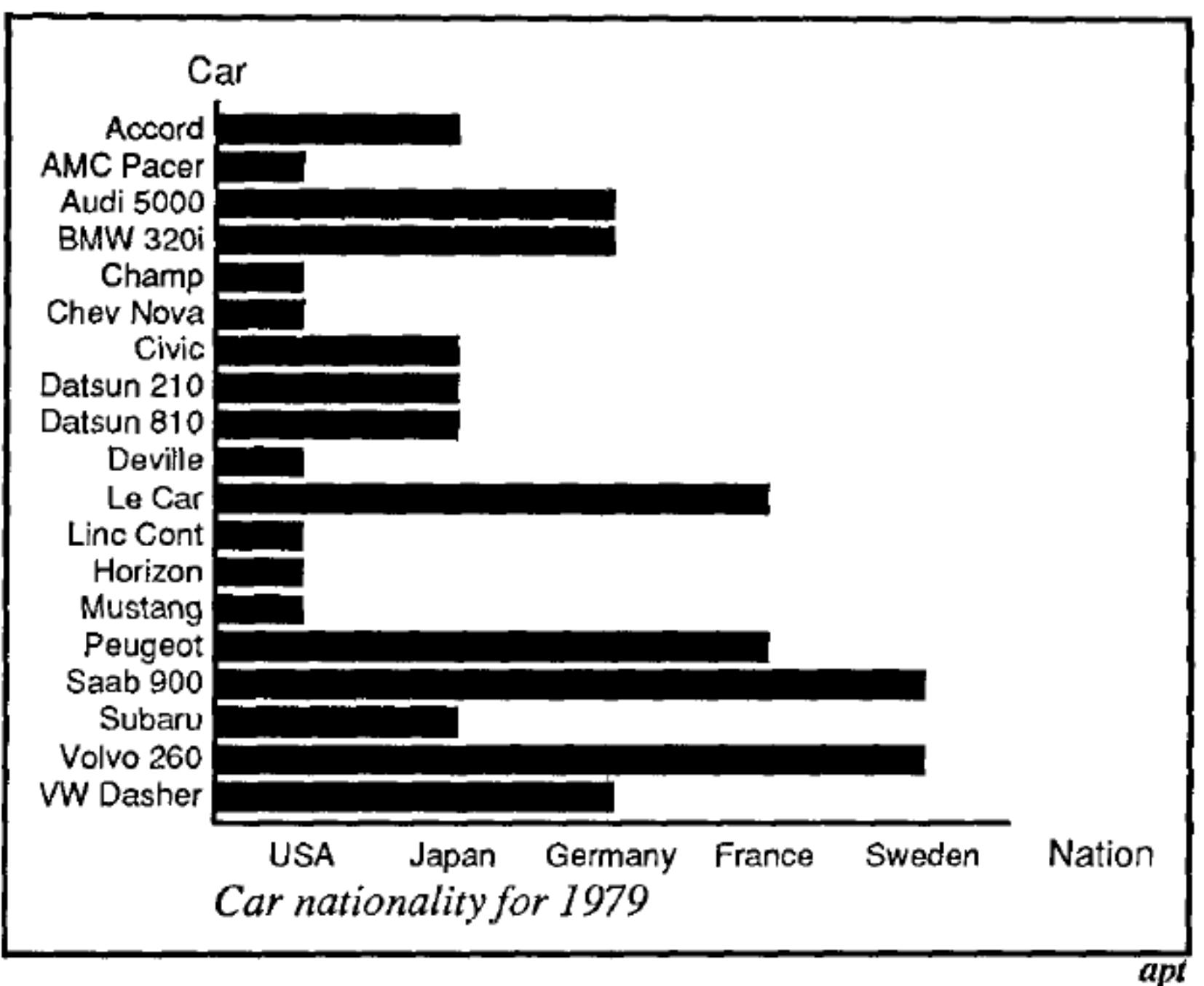
A dataset with many variables may be *inexpressive* in a single horizontal dot plot because multiple records are mapped to the same position.

```
: alt.Chart(source).mark_point().encode(  
    x='Horsepower'  
)
```





Expressiveness





Expressiveness

Expresses facts not in the data

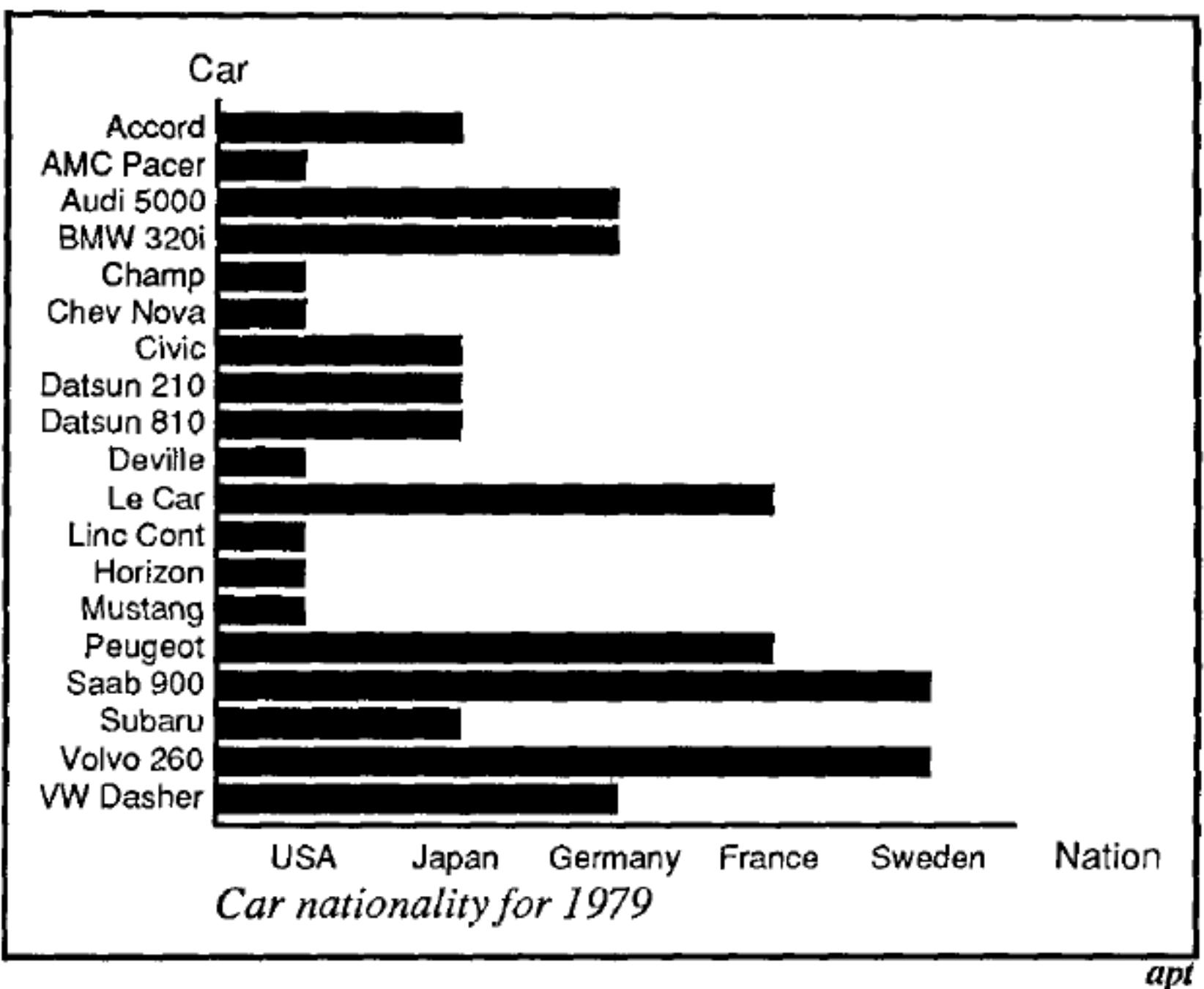
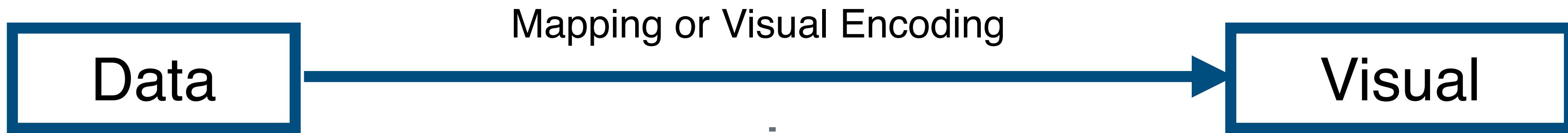
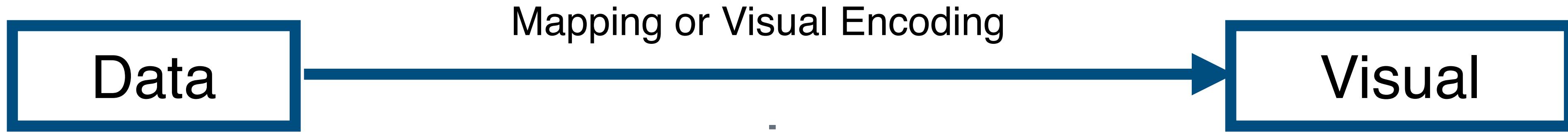


Fig. 11. Incorrect use of a bar chart for the *Nation* relation. The lengths of the bars suggest an ordering on the vertical axis, as if the USA cars were longer or better than the other cars, which is not true for the *Nation* relation.



Expressiveness

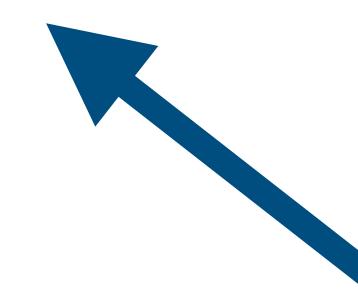
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Expressiveness

A set of facts is *expressible* in a visual language if the sentences (i.e. the visualizations) in the language express *all the facts in the set of data, and only the facts in the data.*

Data models give us a way of talking about what the facts are.



Data Models

Conceptual Models vs. Data Models

```
df = pd.read_csv('projects/proj01/weather.csv')  
df
```

Conceptual Model:
column represents
hours of sunshine

	city	lat	lon	month	sun	sunshine	rain
0	San Diego	32.715736	-117.161087	Mar	1	217	1.53
1	San Diego	32.715736	-117.161087	Apr	2	255	0.15
2	San Diego	32.715736	-117.161087	May	3	234	0.57
3	San Diego	32.715736	-117.161087	Apr	4	236	1.01
4	San Diego	32.715736	-117.161087	May	5	277	0.02
...
67	Miami	25.761681	-80.191788	Aug	8	263	8.88
68	Miami	25.761681	-80.191788	Sep	9	216	9.86
69	Miami	25.761681	-80.191788	Oct	10	215	6.33
70	Miami	25.761681	-80.191788	Nov	11	212	3.27
71	Miami	25.761681	-80.191788	Dec	12	209	2.04

Conceptual Models vs. Data Models

```
df = pd.read_csv('projects/proj01/weather.csv')  
df
```

Data Model:
column contains numbers

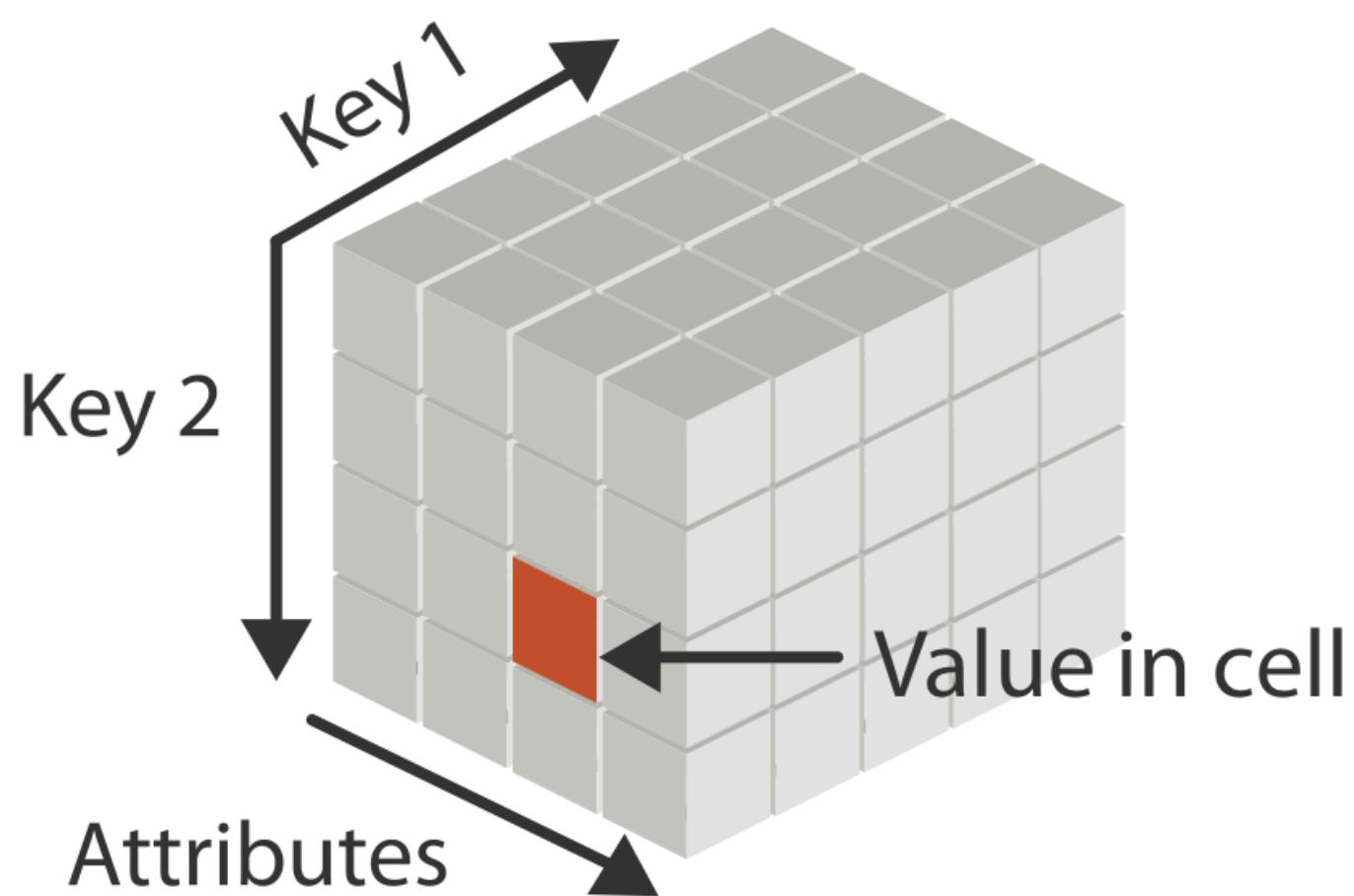
Higher level of abstraction!

	city	lat	lon	month	monthnum	sunshine	rain
0	S					217	1.53
1	S					255	0.15
2	S					234	0.57
3	San Diego	32.715736	-117.161087	Apr	4	236	1.01
...	5	277	0.02
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Dataset Types

1. Tabular

rows/records/items



Tamara Munzner, *Visualization Analysis and Design* (2014).

columns/attributes/

variables

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	EmployerName	Address	DiffMeanHourlyPercent	DiffMeanBonusPercent	MaleBonusPercent	FemaleBonusPercent	MeanBonusPercent
2	1ST CHOICE STAFF RECRUITMENT LIMITED	8, St. Loyes Street, Bedford, MK40 1EP	-4.5	206.9	2	1	1
3	23.5 DEGREES LIMITED	Charles Watts Way, Hedge End, Southampton,	10	79	4	3	3
4	A. & B. GLASS COMPANY LIMITED	Chilton Industrial Estate, Sudbury, Suffolk,	15	85	61	32	32
5	ABACUS HOTELS LIMITED	20 Station Street, Swaffham, Norfolk,	37.8	-6.6	19.2	16.2	16.2
6	Abbeyfield Wales Society	24 Gold Tops, Newport, NP20 4PG	21.9	0	0	0	0
7	ABERDEEN JOURNALS LIMITED	Mastrick, Aberdeen, United Kingdom,	15.7	44.7	17.1	39.7	39.7
8	ACCESSIBLE TRANSPORT GROUP CONTRACT SERVICES LIMITED	Birmingham, West Midlands, United Kingdom,		0	0	0	0
9	ACEGOLD LIMITED	Norcliffe House, Station Road, Wilmslow, SK9 1BU	-5.1	0	0	0	0
10	Acorns Children's Hospice Trust	Wythall, Birmingham, United Kingdom,	11.2	0	0	0	0
11	AD Astra Academy Trust	Davison Drive, Hartlepool, Cleveland,	9.5	0	0	0	0
12	ADAPT BUSINESS SERVICES LIMITED	Drive, Gorseinon, Swansea, SA4 4QN	3.3	0	0	0	0
13	ADARE INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	Two Colton Square, Leicester, England,	18.8	71.3	11.6	10.5	10.5

cell containing
value

\$24.1 and over

\$11.1 to \$24

\$5.1 to \$11

\$1 to \$5

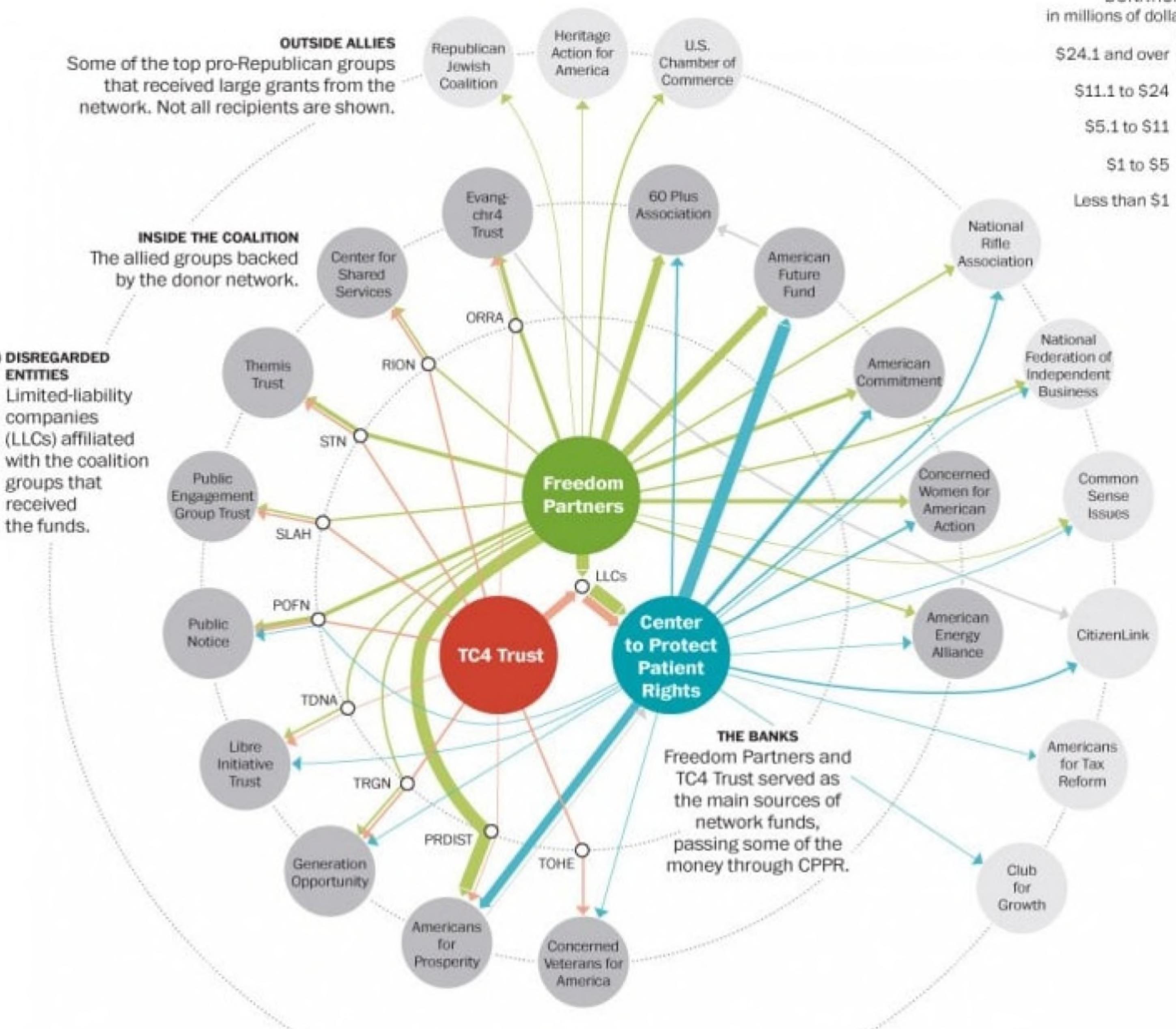
Less than \$1

Dataset Types

1. Tabular:
collection of records with named attributes

2. Network:
Nodes and links can also have attributes (e.g., size of nodes, thickness/directionality of links).

Trees are special networks where each node has only one parent.



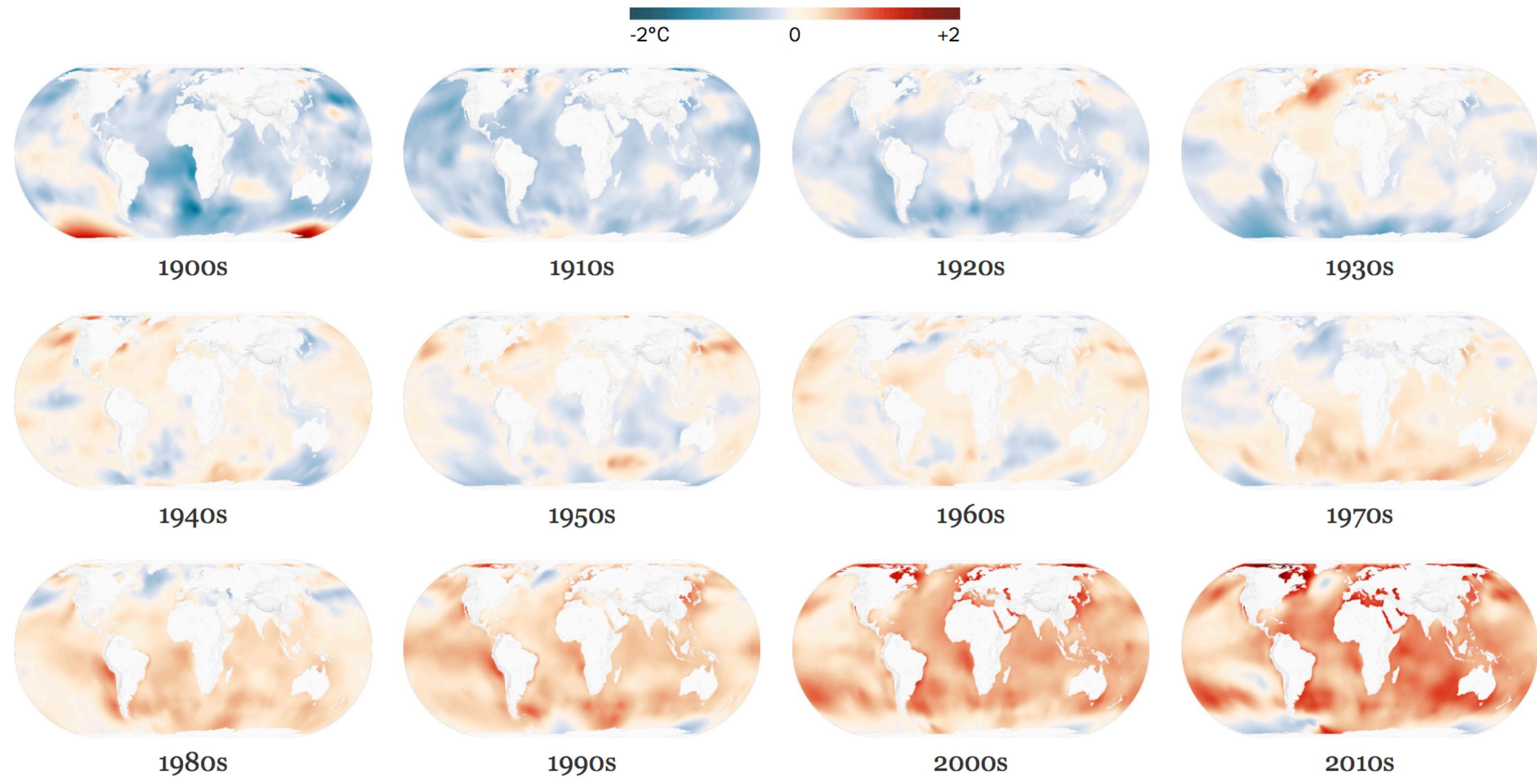
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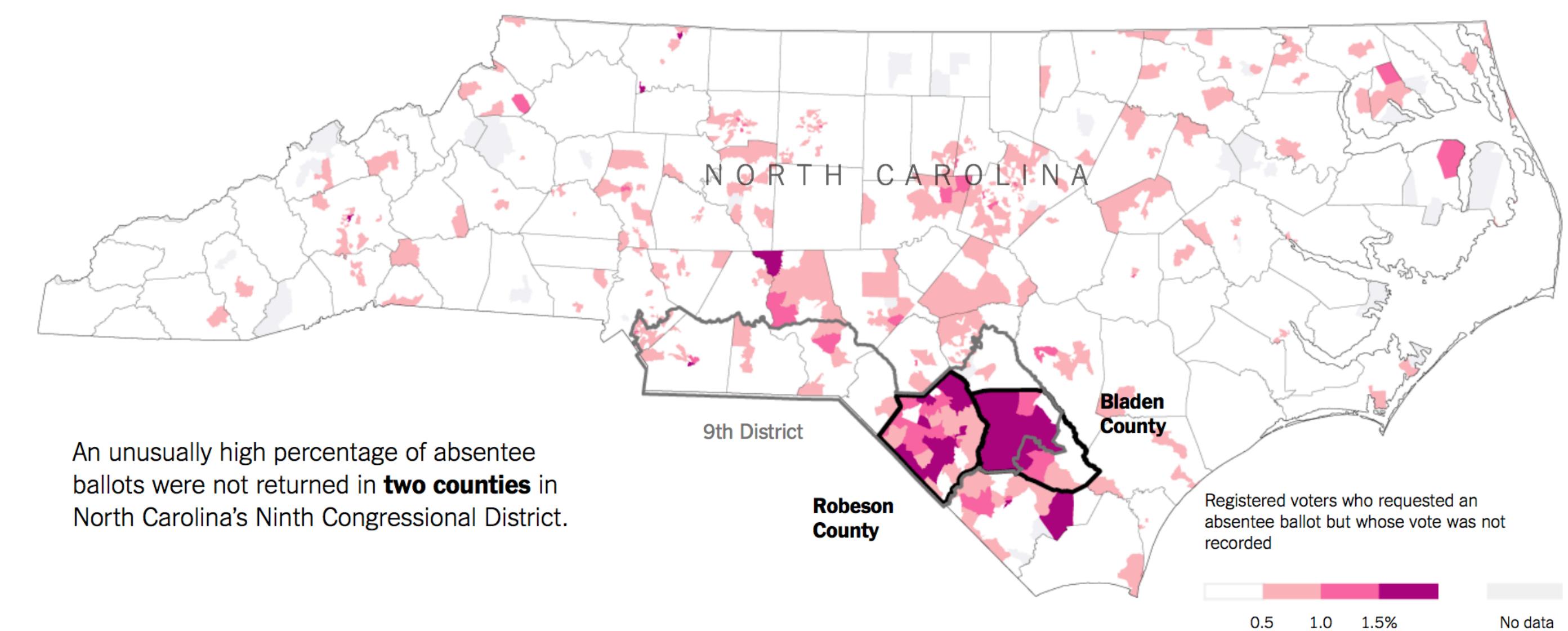
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3. Spatial:
Continuous "fields" vs
discrete "positions"



<https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2016/09/12/science/earth/ocean-warming-climate-change.html>



<https://www.nytimes.com/2018/12/07/upshot/mapped-why-voting-anomalies-are-impossible-to-ignore-in-north-carolina.html>

Attribute / Data Types (remember DSC 80?)

Nominal

=, ≠

Labels or categories.

E.g., Fruits: apples, bananas, cantaloupes, ...

Ordinal

=, ≠, <, >

Ordered.

E.g., Quality of eggs: Grade AA, A, B

Quantitative (Interval)

=, ≠, <, >, –

Interval (zero can be arbitrarily located).

E.g., Dates: Jan 19, 2018; Location: (Lat 42.36, -71.09)

Only differences can be calculated (e.g., distances or spans).

Quantitative (Ratio)

=, ≠, <, >, –, %

Ratio (fixed zero / meaningful baseline).

E.g., Physical measurement: length, mass, temperature

Counts and amounts. Can measure ratios or proportions.

Data Models

Physical Model

32.5, 54.0, -17.3, ...

Floating point numbers

Attribute Type

Burned vs. Not-Burned (N)

Hot, Warm, Cold (O)

Temperature Value (Q)

Conceptual Model

Temperature (°C)

Activity: U.S. Census

What are the types of these attributes (N/O/Q)?

People Count: # of people in group

Year: 1850 – 2000 (every decade)

Age: 0 – 90+

Sex: Male, Female

Marital Status: Single, Married, Divorced, ...

A	B	C	D	E	
1	year	age	marst	sex	people
2	1850	0	0	1	1483789
3	1850	0	0	2	1450376
4	1850	5	0	1	1411067
5	1850	5	0	2	1359668
6	1850	10	0	1	1260099
7	1850	10	0	2	1216114
8	1850	15	0	1	1077133
9	1850	15	0	2	1110619
10	1850	20	0	1	1017281
11	1850	20	0	2	1003841
12	1850	25	0	1	862547
13	1850	25	0	2	799482
14	1850	30	0	1	730638
15	1850	30	0	2	639636
16	1850	35	0	1	588487
17	1850	35	0	2	505012
18	1850	40	0	1	475911
19	1850	40	0	2	428185
20					34211
21	1850	45	0	2	341254
22	1850	50	0	1	321343

Think on your own for 1 minute

Activity: U.S. Census

What are the types of these attributes (N/O/Q)?

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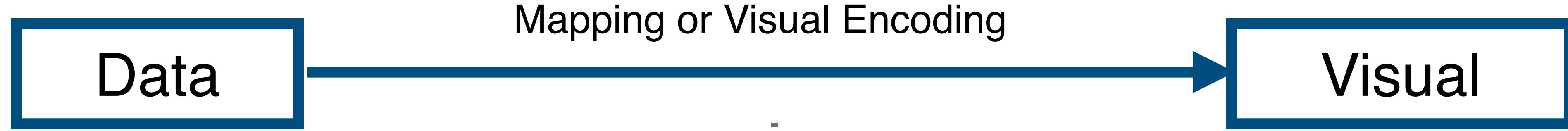
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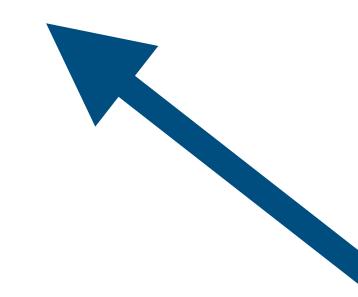
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20	1850	45	0	1	384211
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22	1850	50	0	1	321343

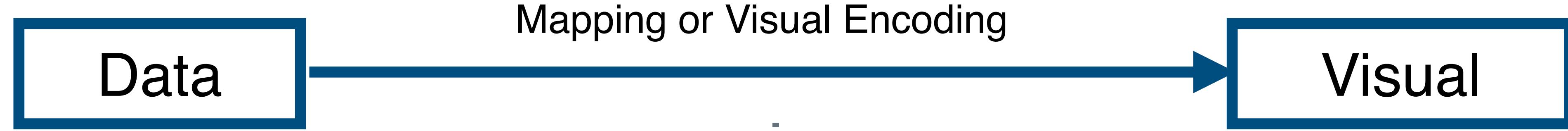


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Data models give us a way of talking about what the facts are.





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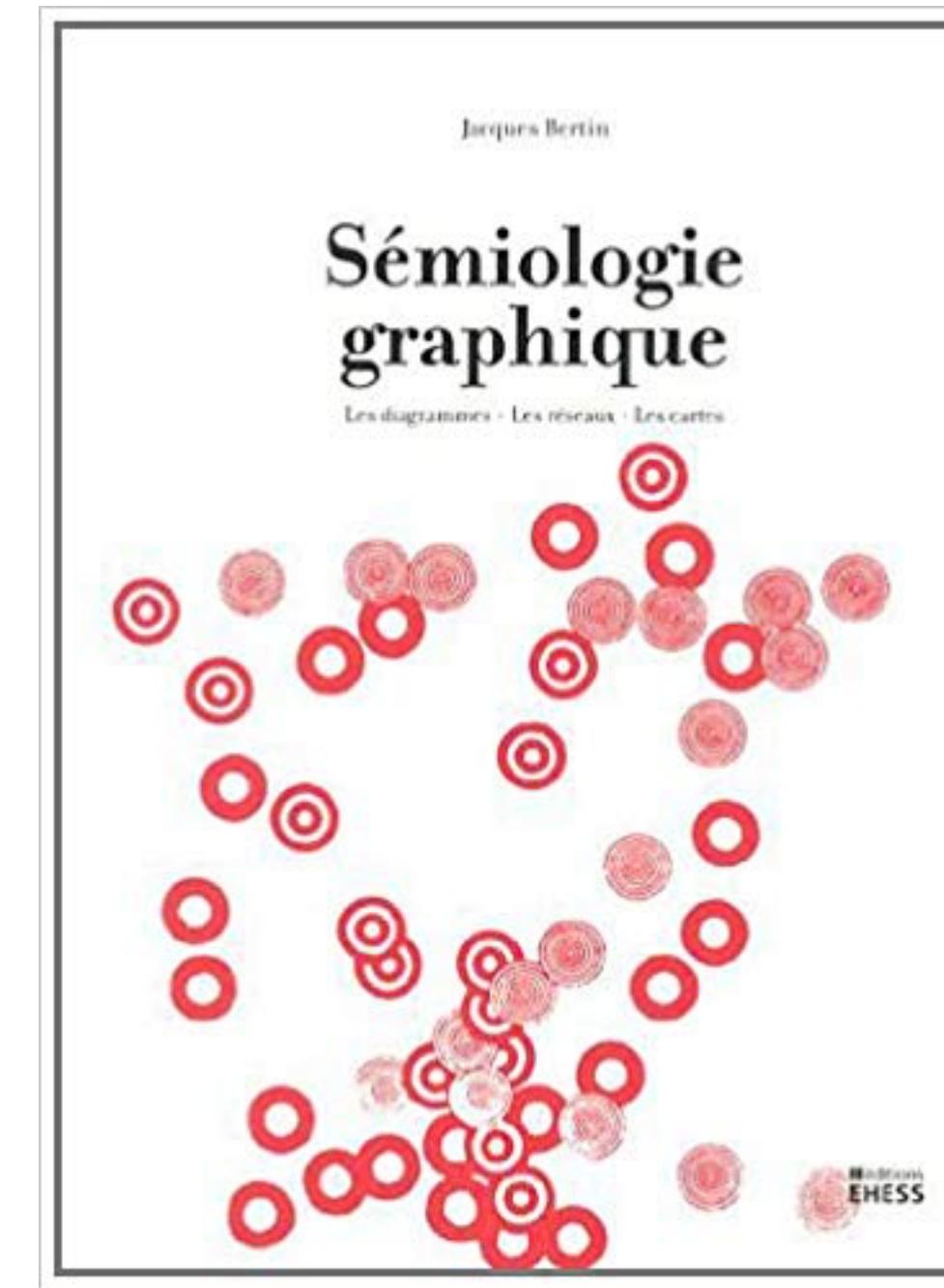
Effectiveness

A visualization is more *effective* than another if the information it conveys *is more readily perceived* than the information in the other visualization

Image models give us a way of talking about what is more readily perceived.

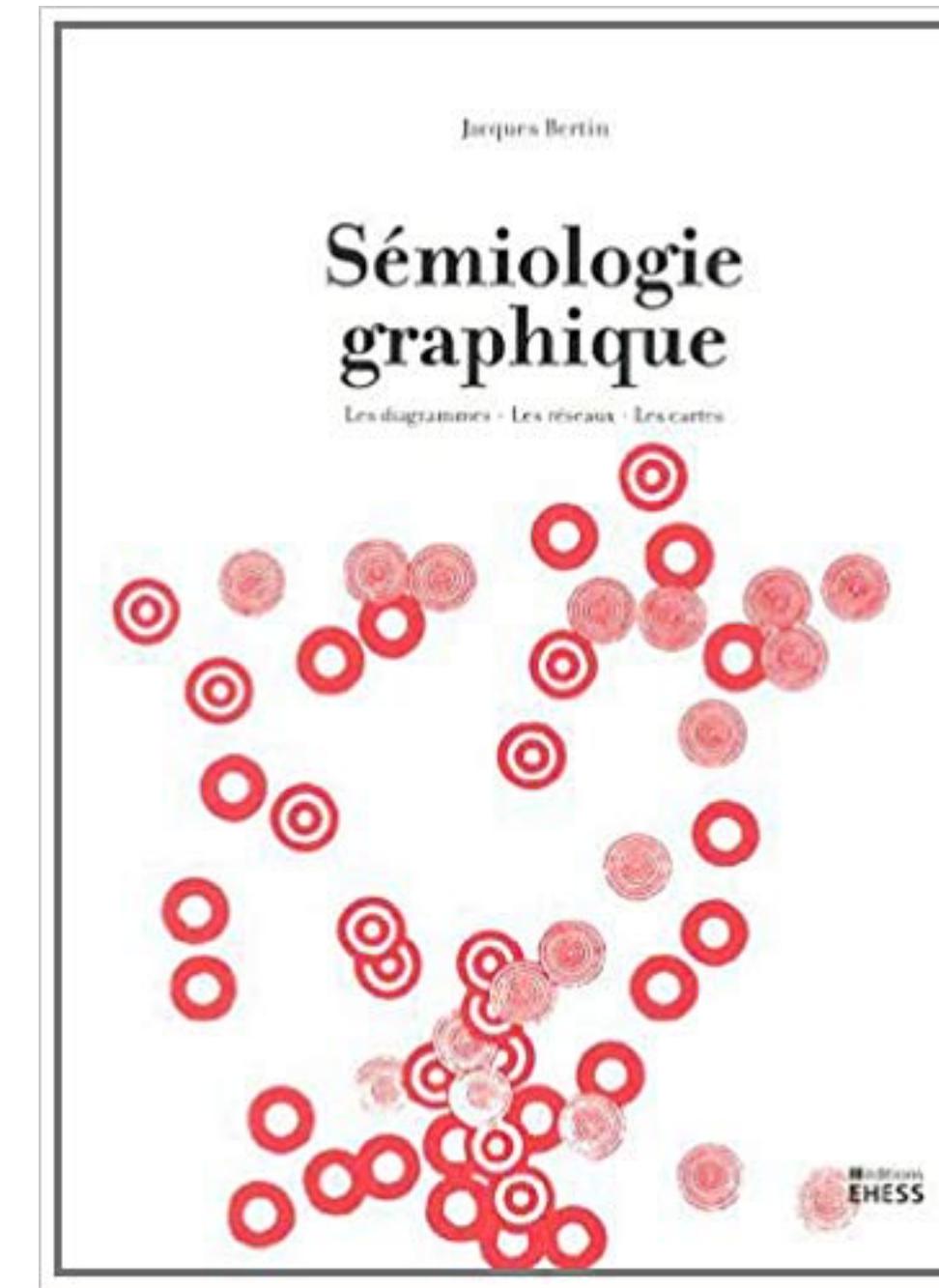
Image Models

The Semiology of Graphics (1967)



Jacques Bertin (1918 – 2010)
French cartographer

The Semiology of Graphics (1967)

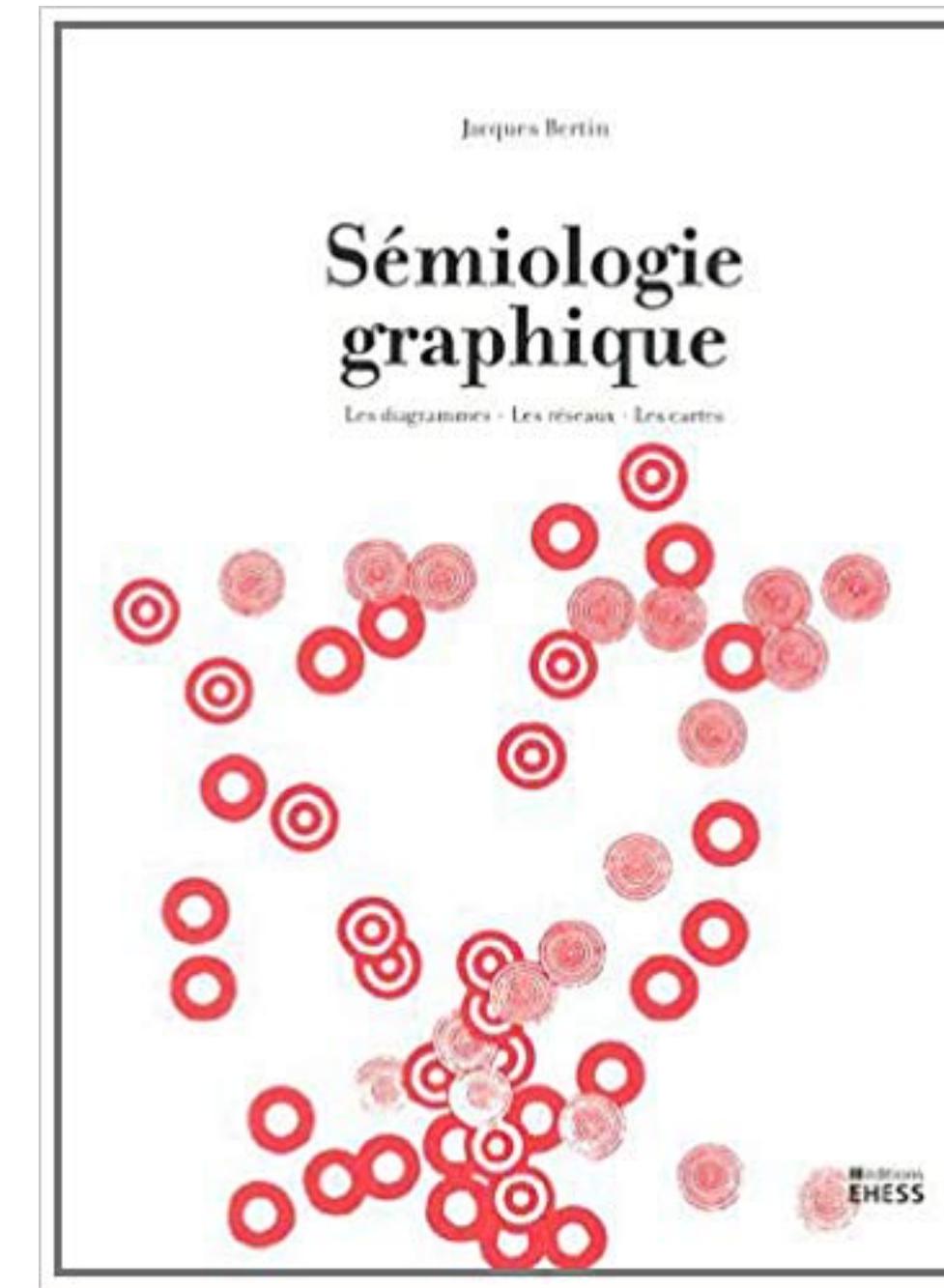


Jacques Bertin (1918 – 2010)
French cartographer

Study of visual signs
and symbols used in
graphical
representations to
convey information
effectively.

The Semiology of Graphics (1967)

Study of signs and how cultures use them.

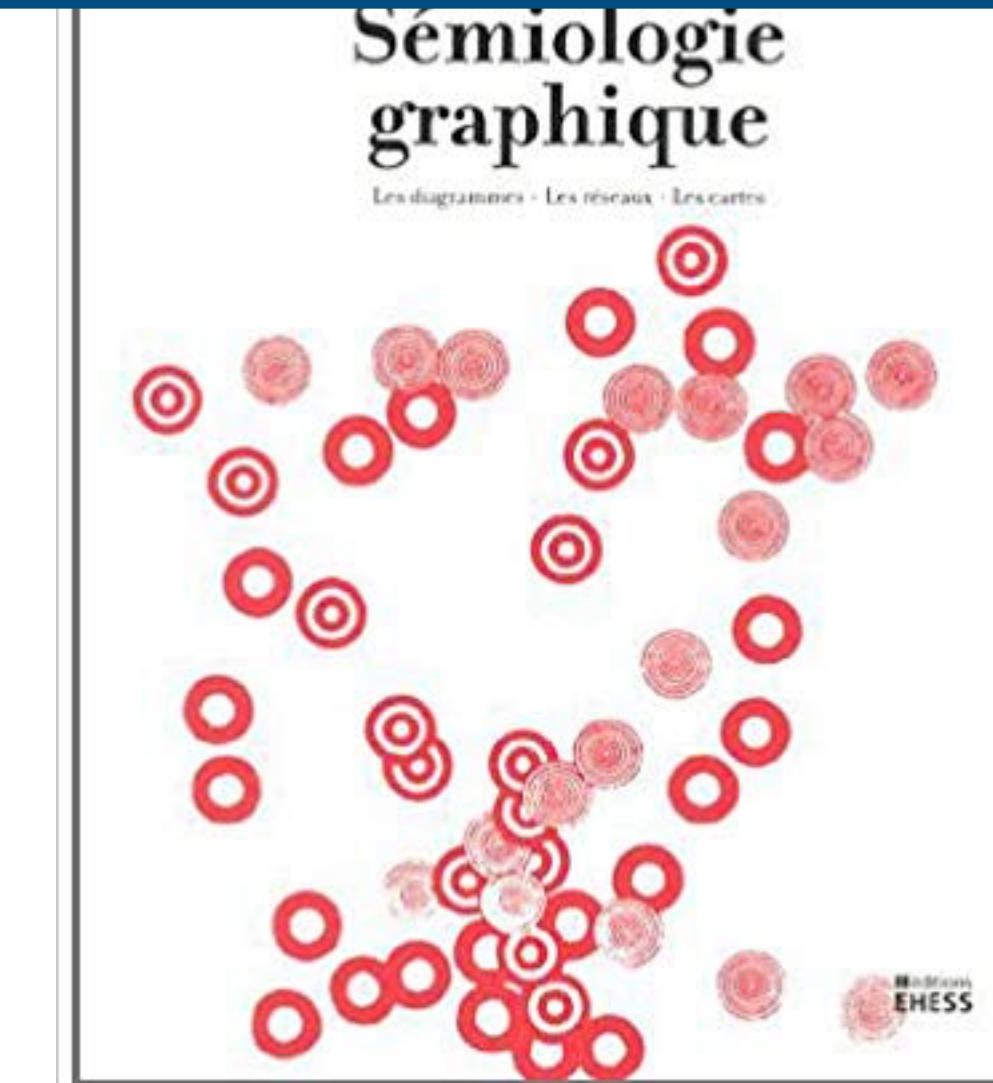


Jacques Bertin (1918 – 2010)
French cartographer

The Semiology of Graphics (1967)

Study of signs and how cultures use them.

Anything that stands for something other than itself.

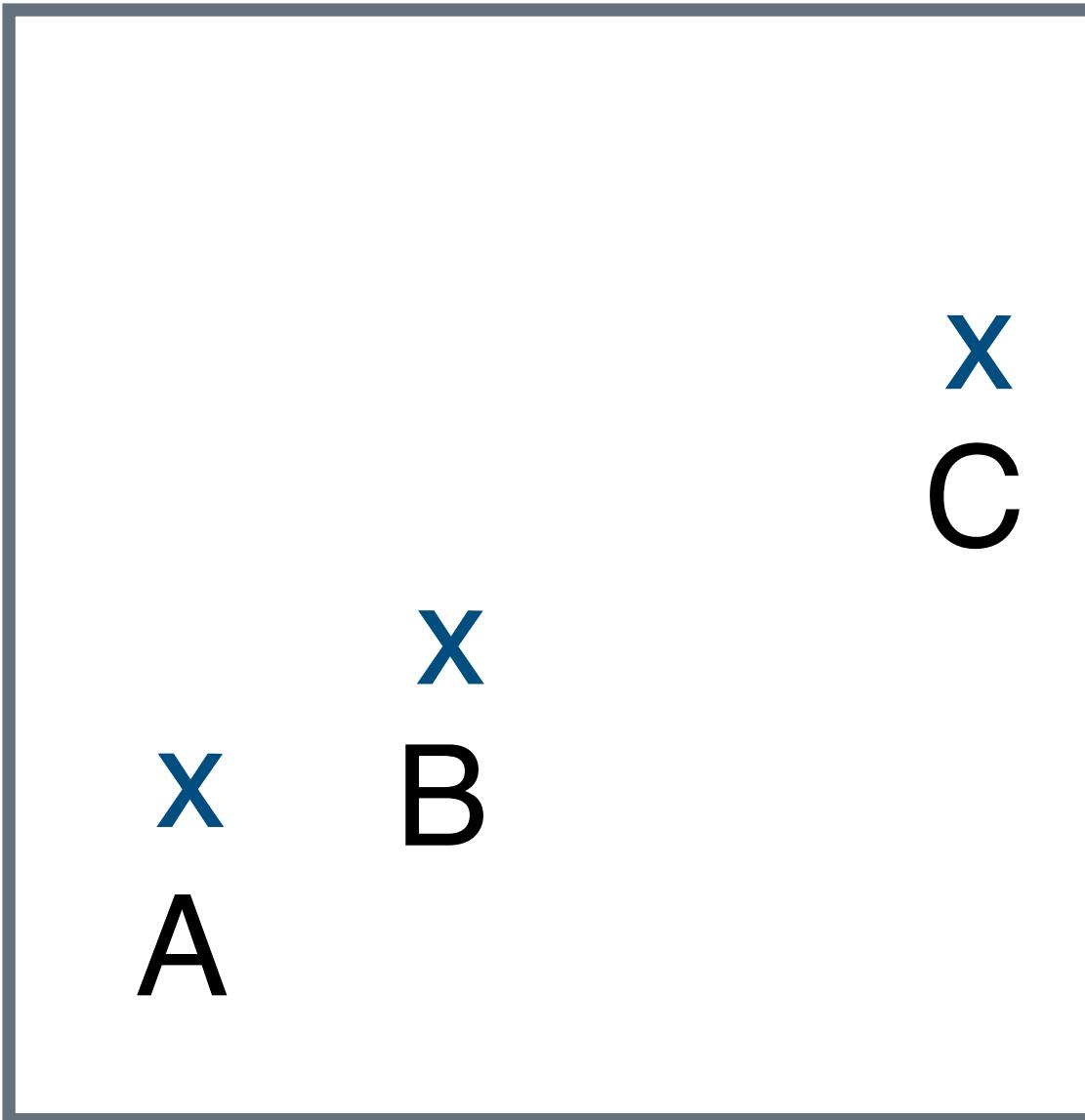


"Metal painted red"?
or
"Hit the brakes!"

Jacques Bertin (1918 – 2010)
French cartographer

Bertin proposed that graphical elements such as points, lines, shapes, colors, and textures could be systematically organized and manipulated to represent different attributes of data

This work laid the foundation for modern data visualization techniques.



What do these signs signify?

1. A, B, C are distinguishable.
2. B is between A and C.
3. BC is twice as long as AB.

"Resemblance, order, and proportion are the three signfields in graphics."

—Bertin

Visual Variable

S

Also called visual *channels*.

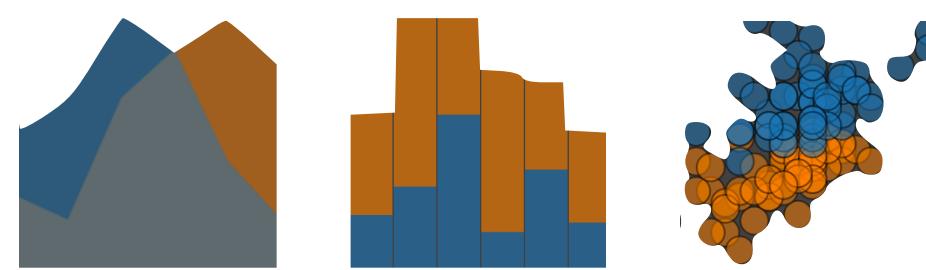
Used to encode data values as characteristics of marks.

* From 1967, so Bertin only accounted for visualizations that were printable on white paper.

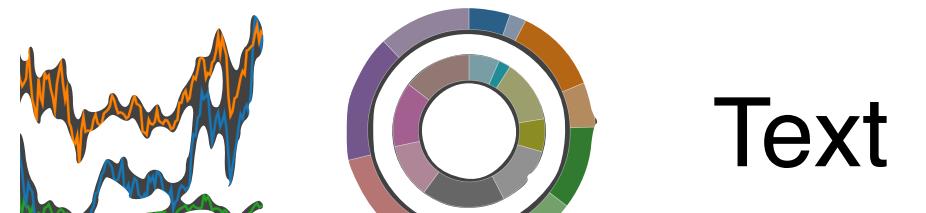
LES VARIABLES DE L'IMAGE						
	POINTS	LIGNES	ZONES			
XY 2 DIMENSIONS DU PLAN	x	x	x			
Z TAILLE						
VALEUR						
LES VARIABLES DE SÉPARATION DES IMAGES						
GRAIN						
COULEUR						
ORIENTATION						
FORME						

Marks

Basic graphical elements that represent data items.



Area Bar Point



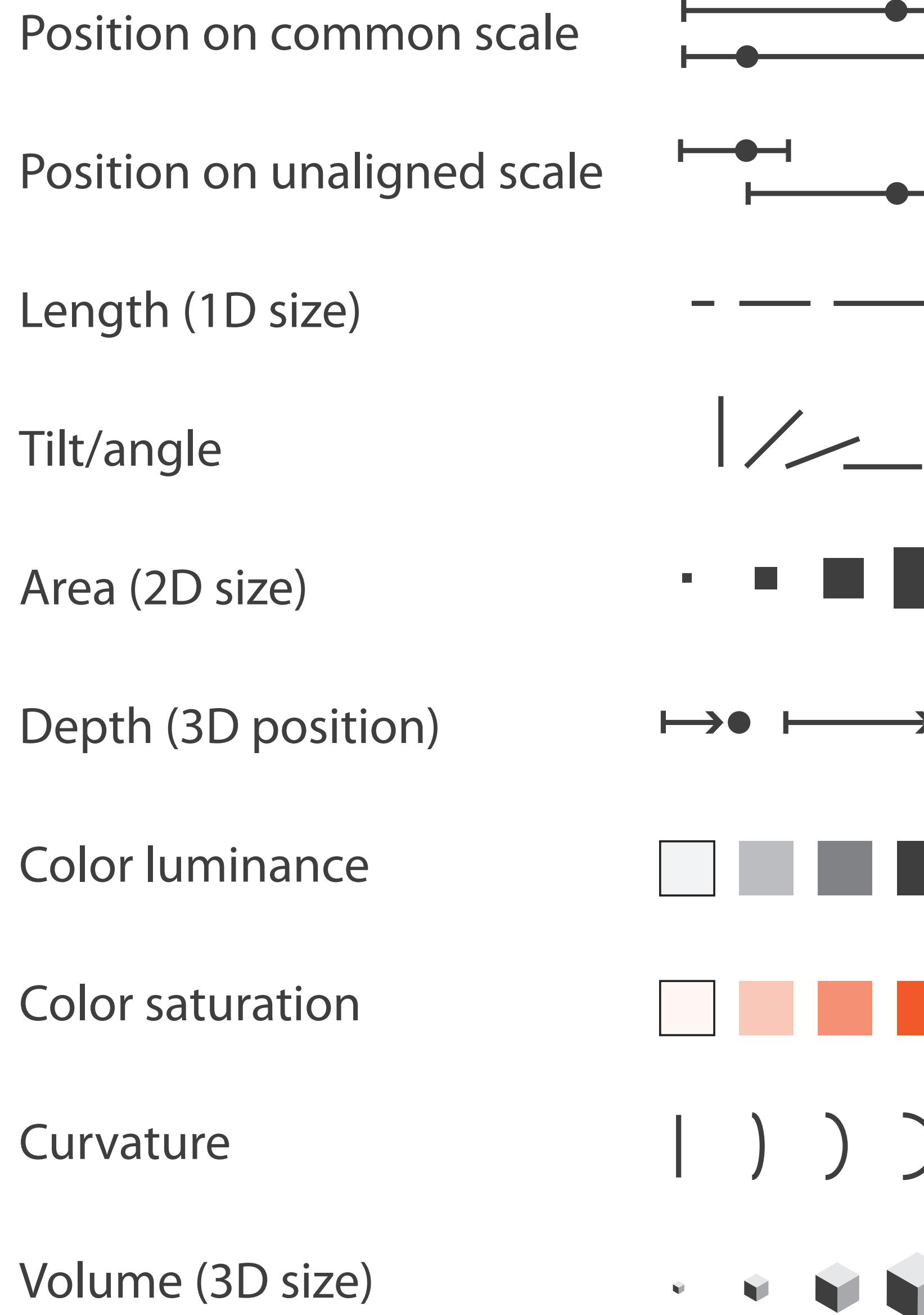
Text



Line Arc

Channels: Expressiveness Types and Effectiveness Ranks

→ Magnitude Channels: Ordered Attributes



→ Identity Channels: Categorical Attributes



Tamara Munzner, *Visualization Analysis and Design* (2014).

Channels: Expressiveness Types and Effectiveness Ranks

→ Magnitude Channels: Ordered Attributes

Position on common scale



Position on unaligned scale

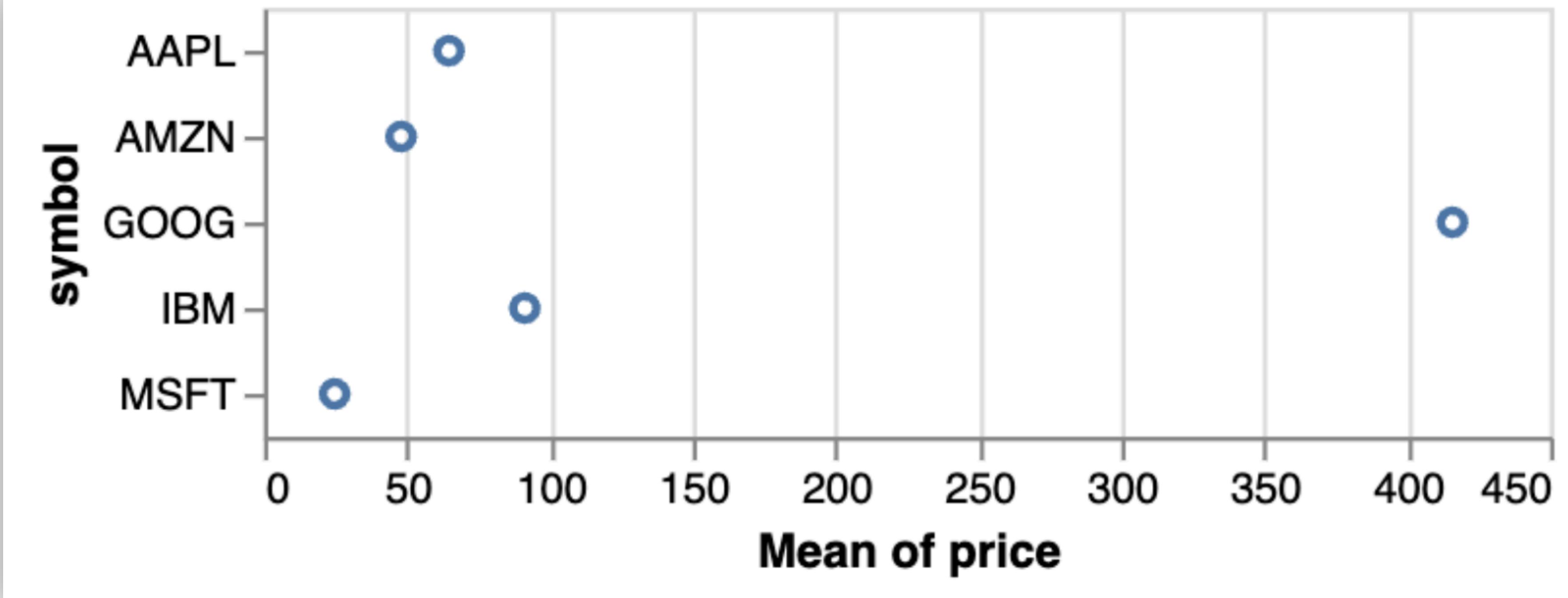


→ Identity Channels: Categorical Attributes

Spatial region



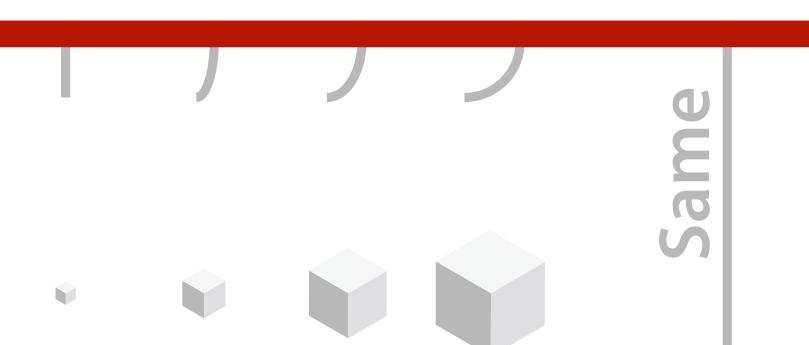
Color hue



Perceive dot positions on common x-axis scale

Tamara Munzner, *Visualization Analysis and Design* (2014).

Volume (3D size)



Same

Least

Channels: Expressiveness Types and Effectiveness Ranks

→ Magnitude Channels: Ordered Attributes

Position on common scale



→ Identity Channels: Categorical Attributes

Spatial region



Color hue



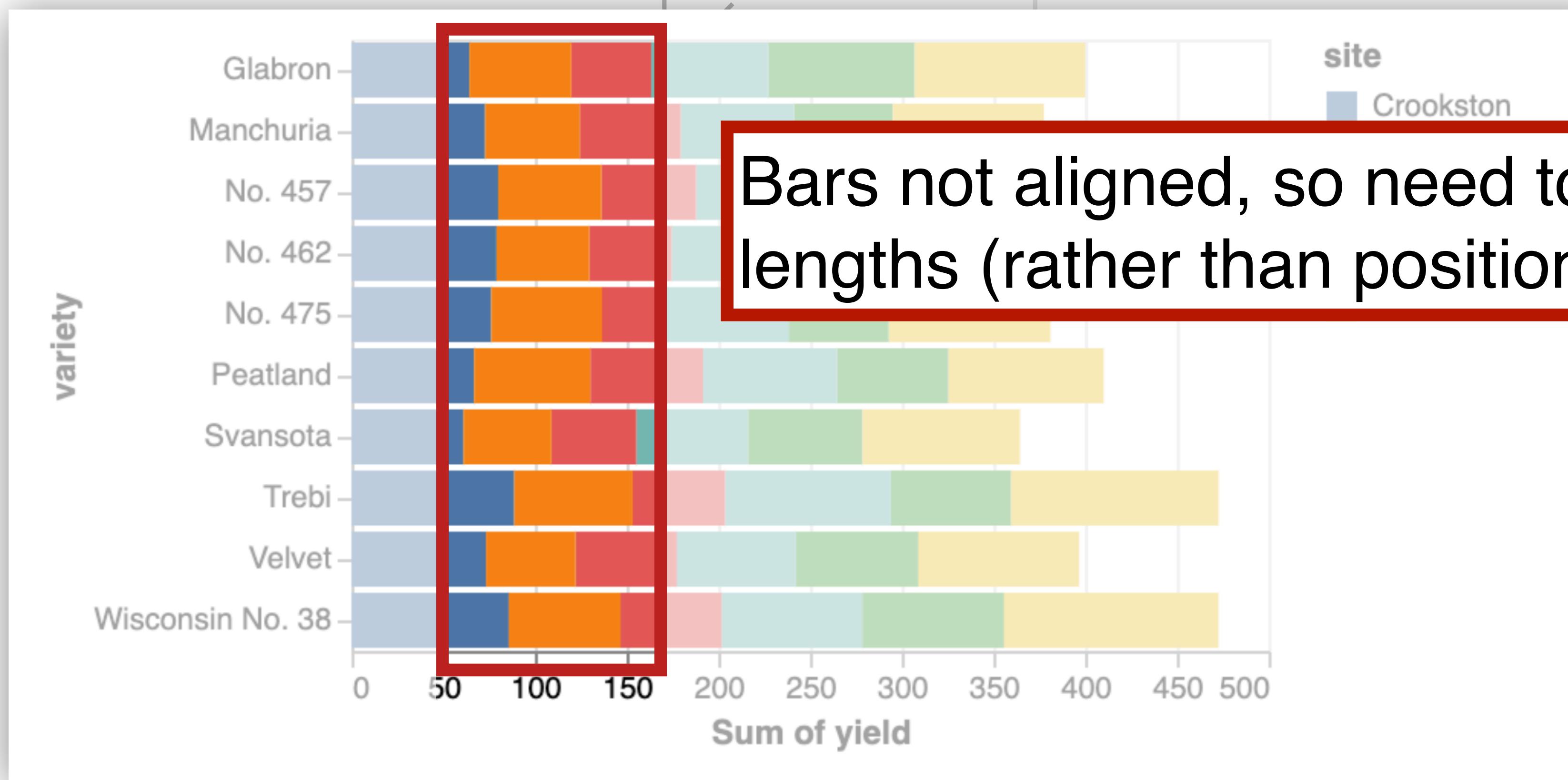
Motion



Length (1D size)



Most



*Visualization
sign (2014).*

Channels: Expressiveness Types and Effectiveness Ranks

→ Magnitude Channels: Ordered Attributes

Position on common scale



Most ↑

Position on unaligned scale



Least ↓

Length (1D size)



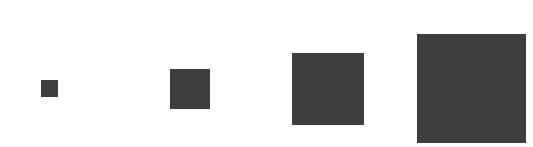
Least ↓

Tilt/angle



Least ↓

Area (2D size)



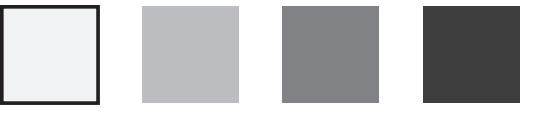
Least ↓

Depth (3D position)



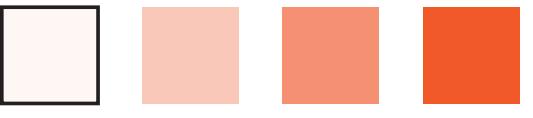
Least ↓

Color luminance



Least ↓

Color saturation



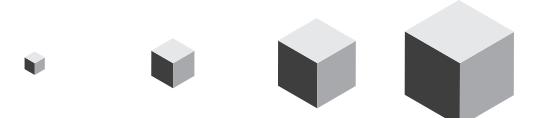
Least ↓

Curvature



Least ↓

Volume (3D size)



Least ↓

→ Identity Channels: Categorical Attributes

Most effective to least effective

Color hue



Top of scale = easiest for people to make accurate comparisons

Shape



Tamara Munzner, *Visualization Analysis and Design* (2014).

Name that ~~chart~~!

Visual Encoding!

Percent of working-age people who said they had “serious difficulty” with ...



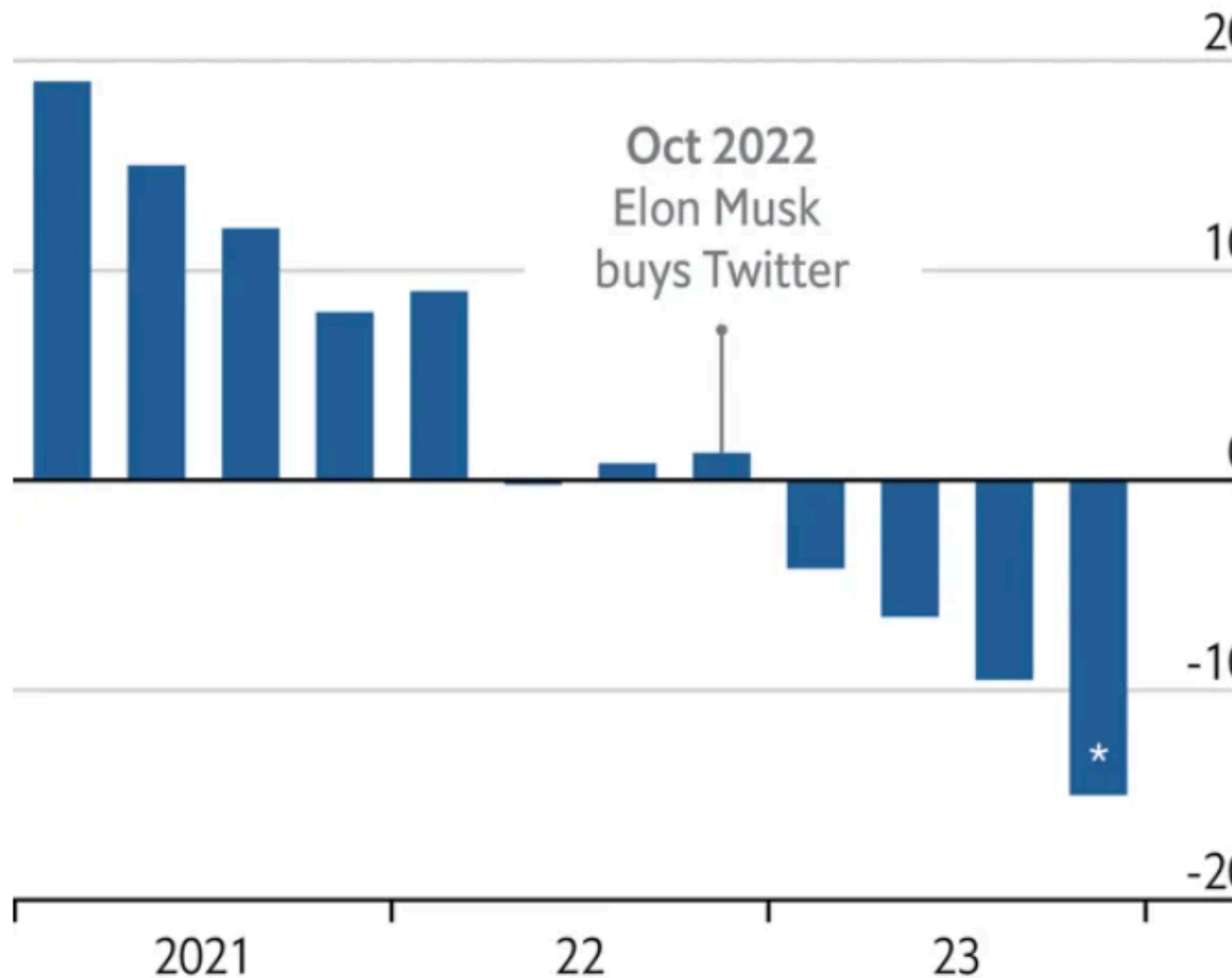
Mark: line

X-axis: date (Q-interval)
Y-axis: percent (Q-ratio)

What about color?

Drop off

Estimated monthly active Twitter/X users
% change on a year earlier



*To December 5th

Source: Sensor Tower

<https://www.economist.com/graphic-detail/2023/12/20/has-twitter-now-x-become-more-right-wing>

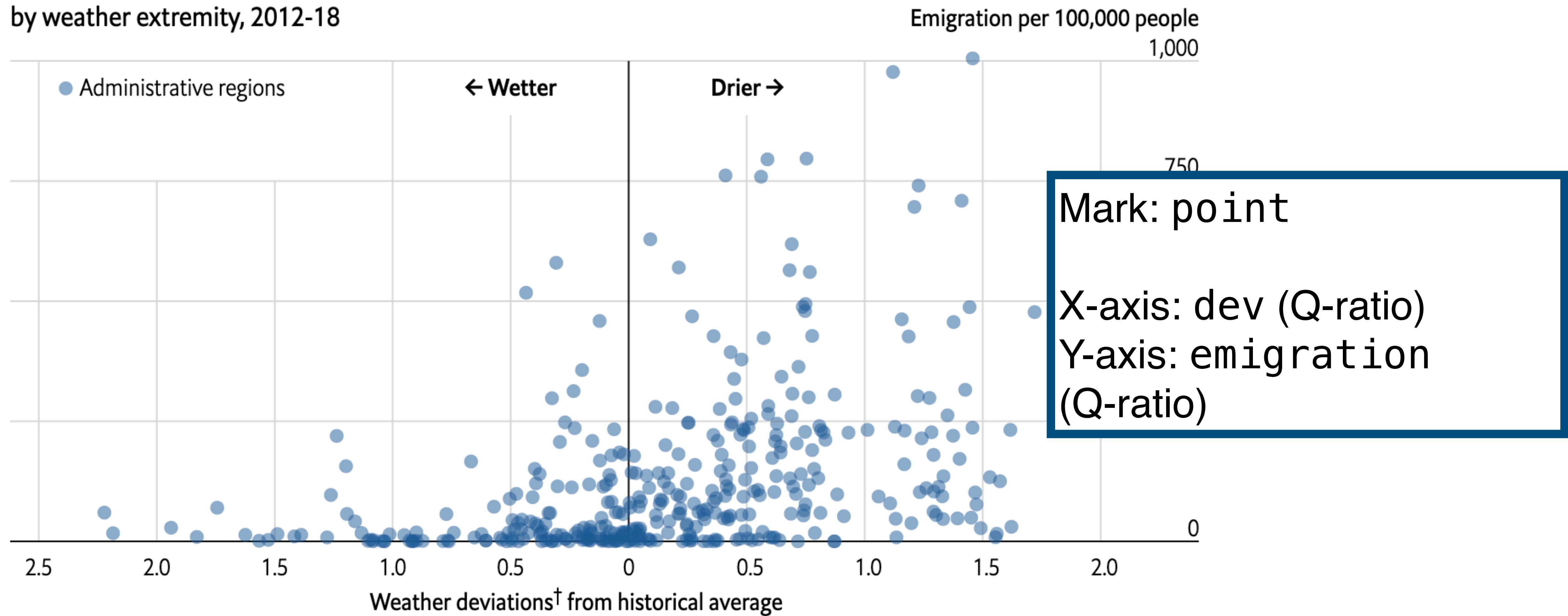
Mark: bar

X-axis: date (Q-interval)

Y-axis: percent (Q-ratio)

Spotting a trend

Emigration from the Northern Triangle* to United States,
by weather extremity, 2012-18

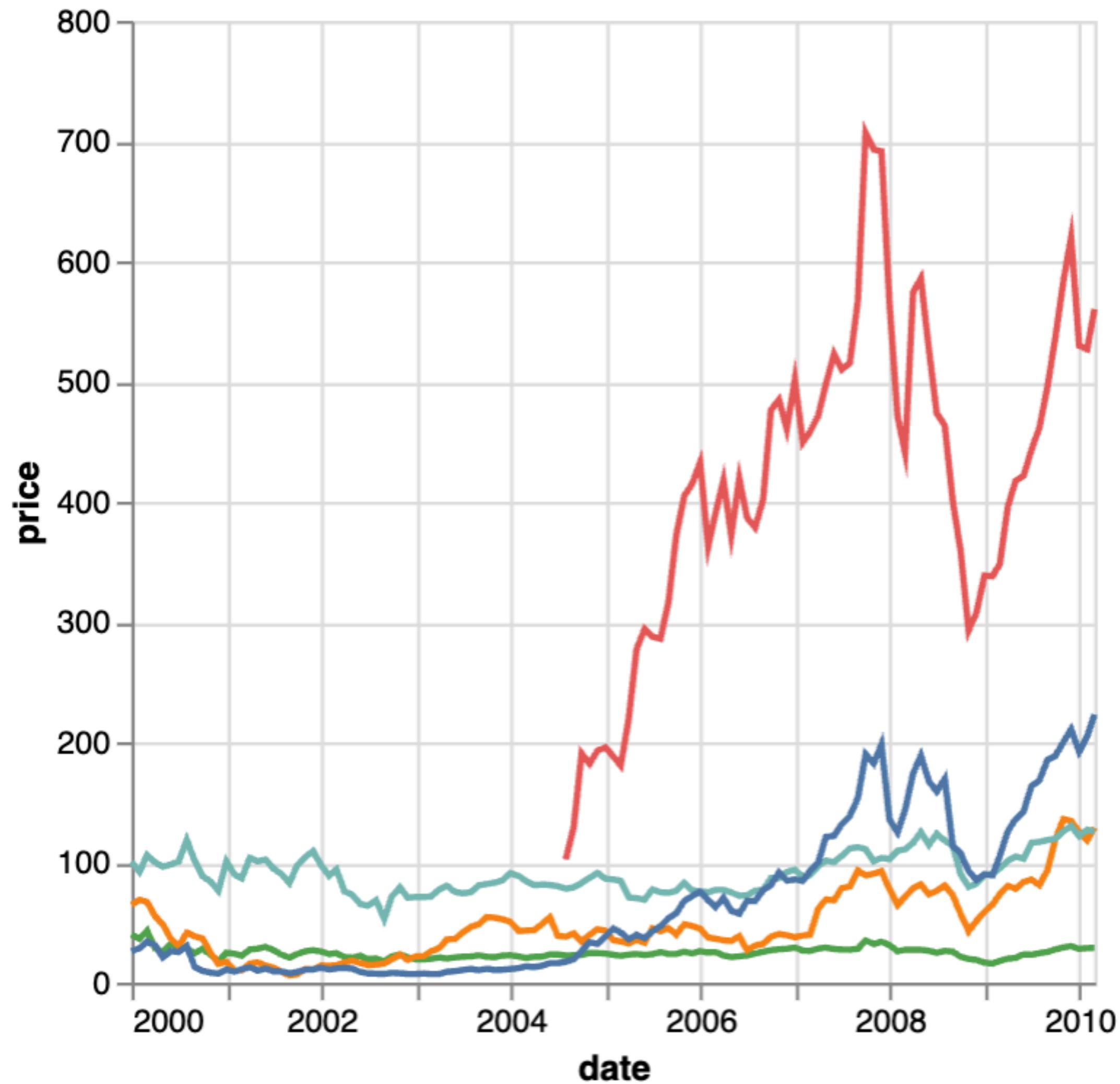


*El Salvador, Guatemala and Honduras

†Using the Standardised Precipitation-Evapotranspiration Index three-month average

Source: "Dry growing seasons predicted Central American migration to the US from 2012 to 2018", by A. Linke et al., 2023

Example from Lab 1



symbol

- AAPL
- AMZN
- GOOG
- IBM
- MSFT

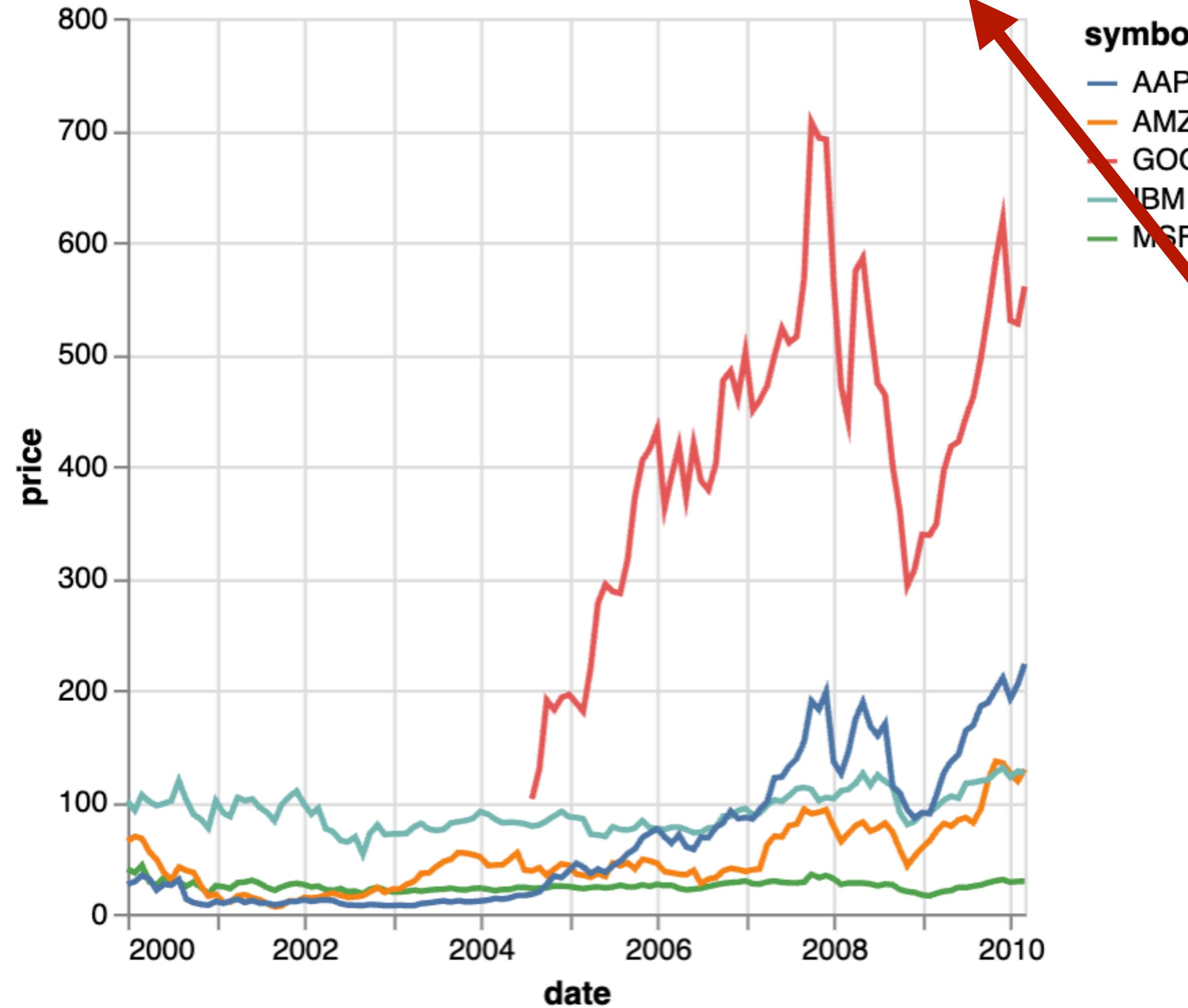
Mark: line

X-axis: date (Q-interval)

Y-axis: price (Q-ratio)

Color: symbol (N)

```
alt.Chart(stocks_df).mark_line().encode(  
    x="date:T",  
    y="price",  
    color="symbol",  
)
```



Example from Lab 1

Mark: line

X-axis: date (Q-interval)
Y-axis: price (Q-ratio)
Color: symbol (N)

Notice how Altair lets us specify the mark, then the encodings!

Actual win percentage

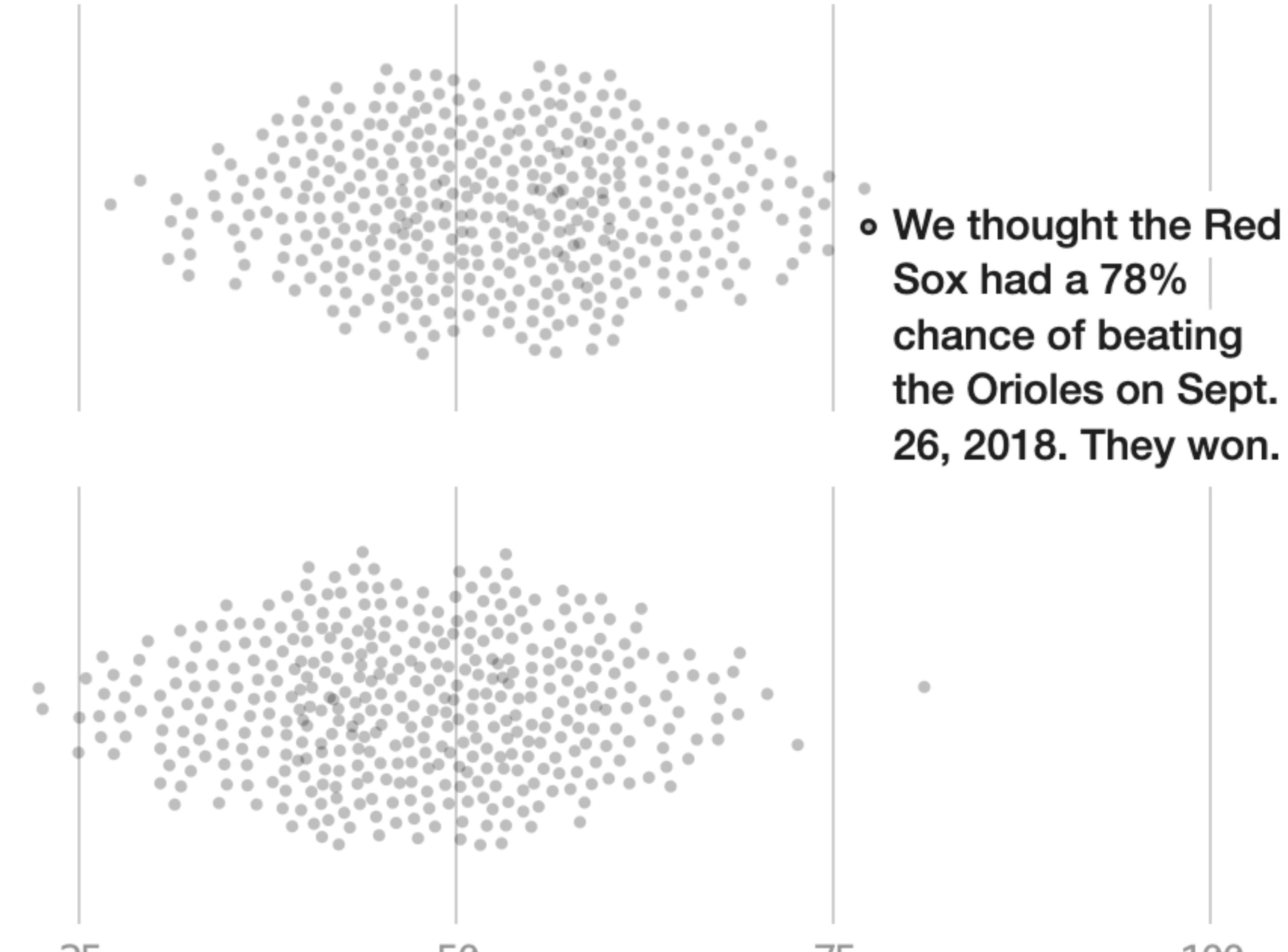
Team won
100%

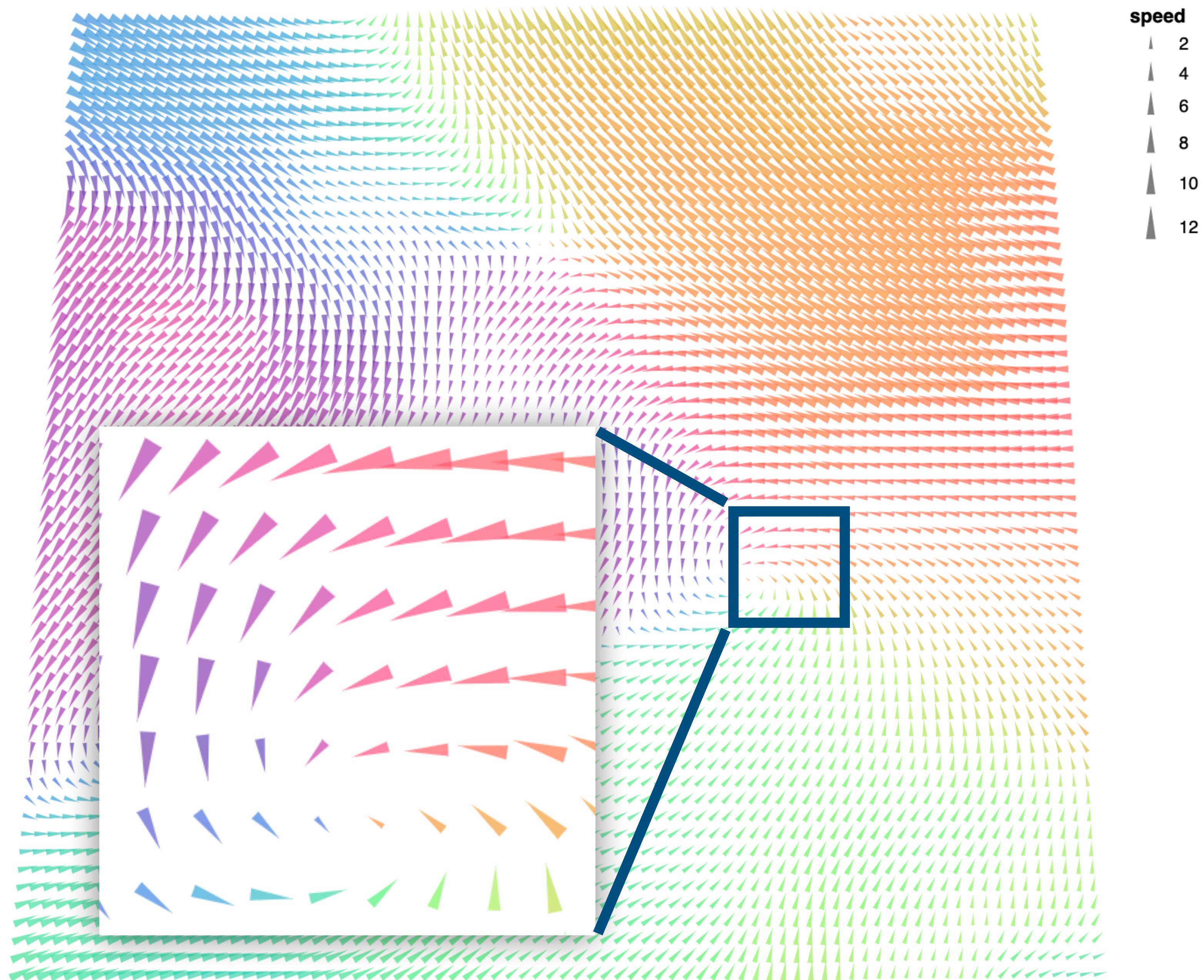
Team lost
0%

Mark: point

X-axis: chance (Q-ratio)

Y-axis: ?? (nothing!)





https://vega.github.io/vega-lite/examples/point_angle_windvector.html

Carte Figurative des pertes successives en hommes de l'Armée Française dans la campagne de Russie 1812-1813.

Dressée par M. Minard, Inspecteur Général des Ponts et Chaussées en retraite.

Paris, le 20 Novembre 1869.

Les nombres d'hommes présents sont représentés par les largeurs des zones colorées à raison d'un millimètre pour dix mille hommes ; ils sont de plus écrits en travers des zones. Le rouge désigne les hommes qui entrent en Russie, le noir ceux qui en sortent. — Les renseignements qui ont servi à dresser la carte ont été puisés dans les ouvrages de M. M. Chiers, de Segur, de Fezensac, de Chambray et le journal inédit de Jacob, pharmacien de l'Armée depuis le 28 Octobre.

Pour mieux faire juger à l'œil la diminution de l'armée, j'ai supposé que les corps du Prince Jérôme et du Maréchal Davout qui avaient été détachés sur Minsk et Mogilow et qui rejoignirent vers Orscha et Witebsk, avaient toujours marché avec l'armée.

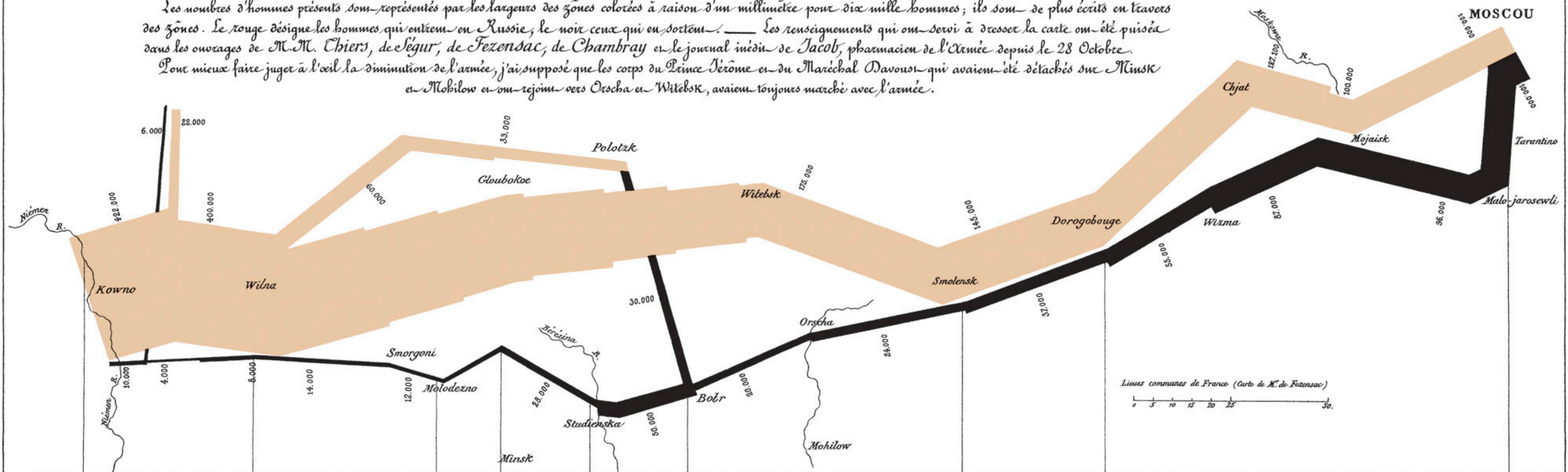
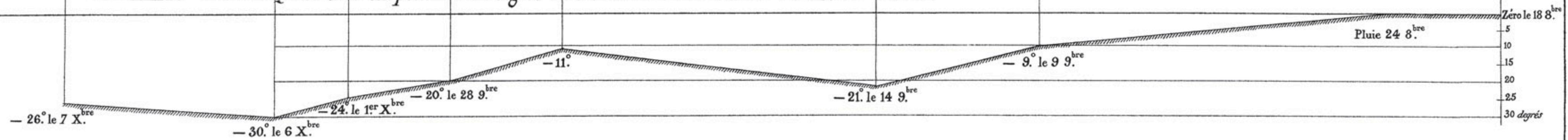


TABLEAU GRAPHIQUE de la température en degrés du thermomètre de Réaumur au dessous de zéro.

Les Cosaques passent au galop
le Niemen gelé.



Next time: Visual Encoding & Design