Math

```
1
```

```
行列
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
template<typename T>
class Matrix{
private:
  using size_type = ::std::size_t;
  using Row = ::std::vector<T>;
  using Mat = ::std::vector<Row>;
  size_type R, C; // row, column
  Mat A:
  void add_row_to_another(size_type r1, size_type r2, const T k) { //
  \rightarrow Row(r1) += Row(r2) *k
    for(size_type i = 0;i < C;i++)</pre>
      A[r1][i] += A[r2][i]*k;
  void scalar_multiply(size_type r, const T k){
    for(size_type i = 0;i < C;i++)</pre>
      A[r][i] *= k;
  void scalar_division(size_type r, const T k) {
    for(size_type i = 0;i < C;i++)</pre>
      A[r][i] /= k;
public:
  Matrix(){}
  Matrix(size_type r, size_type c) : R(r), C(c), A(r, Row(c)) {}
  Matrix(const Mat &m) : R(m.size()), C(m[0].size()), A(m) {}
  Matrix(const Mat &&m) : R(m.size()), C(m[0].size()), A(m) {}
  Matrix(const Matrix<T> &m) : R(m.R), C(m.C), A(m.A) {}
  Matrix(const Matrix<T> &&m) : R(m.R), C(m.C), A(m.A) {}
  Matrix<T> &operator=(const Matrix<T> &m) {
    R = m.R; C = m.C; A = m.A;
    return *this:
  Matrix<T> &operator=(const Matrix<T> &&m) {
    R = m.R; C = m.C; A = m.A;
    return *this:
  static Matrix I(const size_type N) {
    Matrix m(N, N);
    for(size_type i = 0;i < N;i++) m[i][i] = 1;</pre>
    return m;
  const Row& operator[](size_type k) const& { return A.at(k); }
  Row& operator[](size_type k) & { return A.at(k); }
  Row operator[](size_type k) const&& { return ::std::move(A.at(k));
  size_type row() const { return R; } // the number of rows
  size_type column() const { return C; }
  T determinant() {
    assert (R == C);
    Mat tmp = A;
    T res = 1;
    for (size type i = 0; i < R; i++) {
      for(size_type j = i; j < R; j++) { // satisfy A[i][i] > 0
        if (A[j][i] != 0) {
          if (i != j) res *= -1;
          swap(A[j], A[i]);
        }
      if (A[i][i] == 0) return 0;
      res *= A[i][i];
      scalar_division(i, A[i][i]);
      for(size_type j = i+1; j < R; j++) {
  add_row_to_another(j, i, -A[j][i]);</pre>
      }
    swap(tmp, A);
    return res;
  Matrix inverse() {
    assert (R == C);
    assert(determinant() != 0);
    Matrix inv(Matrix::I(R)), tmp(*this);
    for(size_type i = 0;i < R;i++){</pre>
      for(size_type j = i;j < R;j++) {
  if (A[j][i] != 0) {
    swap(A[j], A[i]);</pre>
          swap(inv[j], inv[i]);
          break:
```

```
inv.scalar_division(i, A[i][i]);
      scalar_division(i, A[i][i]);
      for(size_type j = 0; j < R; j++) {</pre>
       if(i == j) continue;
        inv.add_row_to_another(j, i, -A[j][i]);
        add_row_to_another(j, i, -A[j][i]);
    (*this) = tmp;
    return inv;
 Matrix& operator+=(const Matrix &B) {
    assert(column() == B.column() && row() == B.row());
    for(size_type i = 0;i < R;i++)</pre>
      for(size_type j = 0; j < C; j++)</pre>
        (*this)[i][j] += B[i][j];
    return *this;
 Matrix& operator-=(const Matrix &B) {
    assert(column() == B.column() && row() == B.row());
    for(size_type i = 0;i < R;i++)</pre>
      for(size_type j = 0; j < C; j++)</pre>
        (*this)[i][j] -= B[i][j];
    return *this;
 Matrix& operator*=(const Matrix &B){
    assert(column() == B.row());
    Matrix M(R, B.column());
    for(size_type i = 0;i < R;i++) {</pre>
      for(size_type j = 0; j < B.column(); j++) {</pre>
       M[i][j] = 0;
        for(size_type k = 0; k < C; k++) {
          M[i][j] += (*this)[i][k] * B[k][j];
     }
    swap(M, *this);
    return *this;
 Matrix& operator/=(const Matrix &B){
   assert(C == B.row());
    Matrix M(B);
    (*this) *= M.inverse();
    return *this;
 Matrix operator+(const Matrix &B) const { return (Matrix(*this) +=
  Matrix operator-(const Matrix &B) const { return (Matrix(*this) -=
   B); }
  Matrix operator*(const Matrix &B) const { return (Matrix(*this) *=
   → B); }
  Matrix operator/(const Matrix &B) const { return (Matrix(*this) /=
  → B); }
 bool operator==(const Matrix &B) const {
    if (column() != B.column() || row() != B.row()) return false;
    for(size_type i = 0;i < row();i++)</pre>
      for(size_type j = 0; j < column(); j++)</pre>
        if ((*this)[i][j] != B[i][j]) return false;
 bool operator!=(const Matrix &B) const { return !((*this) == B); }
 Matrix pow(size_type k) {
    assert (R == C):
    Matrix M(Matrix::I(R));
    while(k){
      if (k & 1) M *= (*this);
     k >>= 1;
      (*this) *= (*this);
    A.swap(M.A);
  friend ::std::ostream &operator<<(::std::ostream &os, Matrix &p){</pre>
    for(size_type i = 0;i < p.row();i++){</pre>
     for(size_type j = 0; j < p.column(); j++) {
  os << p[i][j] << " ";</pre>
      os << ::std::endl:
    return os;
int main(){
```

Data Structure

```
SparseTable
```

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
template < class ValueMonoid, int HEIGHT = 20> // HEIGHT is log size
class SparseTable {
private:
  using value structure = ValueMonoid;
  using value_type = typename value_structure::value_type;
  using size_type = std::uint32_t;
  size_type size_;
  std::array<std::vector<value_type>, HEIGHT> table;
public:
  SparseTable() : size_(0) {}
  SparseTable(const std::vector<value_type>& v) : size_(v.size()) {
    table[0] = v:
    for (size_type i = 1, w = 1; i < HEIGHT; i++, w *= 2) {</pre>
      table[i].resize(size_, value_structure::identity());
for (size_type j = 0; j < size_; j++) {</pre>
        if (j + w < size_) table[i][j] =</pre>
        \  \, \rightarrow \  \, \text{value\_structure::operation(table[i-1][j],}
          → table[i-1][j+w]);
        else table[i][j] = table[i-1][j];
  static inline size_type log2(size_type x) {
    if (x == 0) return 0;
return size_type(31) ^ _builtin_clz(x);
  value_type query(size_type 1, size_type r) {
    if (r <= 1) return value_structure::identity();</pre>
    size_type k = log2(r - 1);
    return value_structure::operation(table[k][1],
    \ \hookrightarrow \ \ \text{table[k][r-(size\_type(1) << k)]);}
1:
template<ValueMonoid>
class SparseTable
ValueMonoid - Monoidって付いてるけどMonoidではない(セグ木等と合わせるため
  - 要求
    - value_type
    - identity() -> value_type : 単位元を返す
    - operation(value_type, value_type) -> value_type : 演算結果を返す
SparseTable
  - 提供
    - constuctor (vector v)
       v を元にtableを構築する
    - query(size_type 1, size_type r) -> value_type
       -
- 計算量 O(1)
      - [1, r)までの計算結果
SegmentTree/LazySegmentTree.cpp
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
template<typename T, typename E>
class LazySegTree{
```

```
using F = function<T(T, T)>;
using G = function<T(T, E)>;
using H = function<E(E, E)>;
using P = function<E(E, int64)>;
int32 n;
vector<T> node;
vector<E> lazy;
Ff;
G α;
Hh;
Pp;
T ti;
E ei;
LazySegTree(){}
LazySegTree(int32 _n, F f, G g, H h, T ti, E ei, P p = [](E a,
\rightarrow int32 b) {return a; }):f(f), g(g), h(h), p(p), ti(ti), ei(ei) {
 init(_n);
\rightarrow int32 b) {return a;}):f(f), g(g), h(h), p(p), ti(ti), ei(ei) {
 init(v.size());
  for(int32 i = 0;i < v.size();i++) node[i+n-1] = v[i];</pre>
  for (int32 i = n-2; i >= 0; i--) node[i] = merge (node[i*2+1],
    node[i*2+2]);
```

```
void init(int32 _n){
    n = 1:
    while (n < n) n \neq 2;
    node.resize(2*n-1, ti);
    lazy.resize(2*n-1, ei);
  inline T merge(T lhs, T rhs){
    if(lhs == ti) return rhs;
    else if(rhs == ti) return lhs;
    return f(lhs, rhs);
  inline void eval(int32 k, int32 l, int32 r){
    if(lazy[k] == ei) return;
    node[k] = g(node[k], p(lazy[k], r-1));
    if(r-1 > 1){
      lazy[k*2+1] = h(lazy[k*2+1], lazy[k]);
      lazy[k*2+2] = h(lazy[k*2+2], lazy[k]);
    lazy[k] = ei;
 T update(int32 a, int32 b, E x, int32 k=0, int32 l=0, int32 r=-1){
    if(r<0) r = n;
    eval(k, l, r):
    if(b <= 1 || r <= a) return node[k];</pre>
    if(a <= 1 && r <= b) {
      lazy[k] = h(lazy[k], x);
      return g(node[k], p(lazy[k], r-l));
    return node[k] = merge(update(a, b, x, k*2+1, 1, (1+r)/2),
    \rightarrow update(a, b, x, k*2+2, (1+r)/2, r));
  T query(int32 a, int32 b, int32 k=0, int32 l=0, int32 r=-1){
    if(r<0) r = n;
    eval(k, l, r);
    if(b <= 1 || r <= a) return ti;</pre>
    if(a <= 1 && r <= b) return node[k];</pre>
    \hookrightarrow (1+r)/2, r));
};
SegmentTree/SegmentTree.cpp
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
template<typename T, typename E>
class SegTree{
  using F = function<T(T, T)>;
  using G = function<T(T, E)>;
  int n;
 Ff:
  Gg;
  T ti: // e0:F
  vector<T> node;
public:
  SegTree(){}
  init(_n);
  SegTree \, (vector < T > \, v, \, \, F \, \, f, \, \, G \, \, g, \, \, T \, \, ti) : f(f) \, , \, \, g(g) \, , \, \, ti(ti) \, \{
    for(int i = 0;i < v.size();i++) node[i+n-1] = v[i];</pre>
    for(int i = n-2;i \ge 0;i--) node[i] = merge(node[i \times 2+1],
     → node[i*2+2]);
 inline void init(int _n){
    n = 1:
    while (n < n) n \neq 2;
    node.resize(2*n-1, ti);
  inline T merge (T lhs, T rhs) {
    if(lhs == ti) return rhs;
    else if(rhs == ti) return lhs;
    return f(lhs, rhs);
  void update(int k, E x){
    k += n-1;
    node[k] = g(node[k], x);
    while(k){
      k = (k-1)/2;
      node[k] = merge(node[k*2+1], node[k*2+2]);
  T query (int a, int b, int k=0, int l=0, int r=-1) {
```

2

```
if(r < 0) r = n;
    if(b <= 1 || r <= a) return ti;</pre>
    if(a <= 1 && r <= b) return node[k];</pre>
    return merge(query(a, b, k*2+1, 1, (1+r)/2), query(a, b, k*2+2,
    \rightarrow (1+r)/2, r));
int main (void) {
SegmentTree/LazySegmentTree\_nonrec.cpp
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
template < class ValueMonoid, class OperatorMonoid, class Modifier,
  template<class...> class Container=::std::vector>
class LazySegTree{
public:
  using value_structure = ValueMonoid;
  using value_type = typename value_structure::value_type;
  using operator_structure = OperatorMonoid;
  using operator_type = typename operator_structure::value_type;
  using modifier = Modifier;
  using const_reference = const value_type &;
  using container_value_type = Container<value_type>;
  using container_operator_type = Container<operator_type>;
  using size_type = typename container_value_type::size_type;
private:
  container value type tree;
  container operator type lazy;
  size_type size_, height;
  static size_type getsize(const size_type x) {
    size_type ret = 1;
    while(ret < x)</pre>
      ret <<= 1;
    return ret;
  static size_type getheight(const size_type x) {
    size type ret = 0:
    while((static_cast<size_type>(1) << ret) < x){</pre>
     ret++;
    return ret;
  inline static value_type calc(const value_type a, const value_type
   return value_structure::operation(a, b);
  inline static void apply(operator_type &data, const operator_type
     a) {
    data = operator_structure::operation(data, a);
  inline static value_type reflect(const value_type v, const
     operator_type o) {
    return modifier::operation(v, o);
  void push(const size_type index){
    tree[index] = reflect(tree[index], lazy[index]);
    apply(lazy[index << 1], lazy[index]);</pre>
    apply(lazy[index << 1 | 1], lazy[index]);
    lazy[index] = operator_structure::identity();
 }
  void calc_node(const size_type index){
    if(tree.size() <= (index << 1 | 1)) return;</pre>
    assert(0 < index);
    tree[index] = calc(reflect(tree[index << 1], lazy[index << 1]),</pre>
        reflect(tree[index << 1 | 1], lazy[index << 1 | 1]));
  void build(size_type index){
    while(index >>= 1){
      calc_node(index);
 1
  void propagate(const size type index){
   for(size_type shift = height; shift; --shift){
     push(index >> shift);
  void rebuild(){
    for(size_type i = size_-1;i > 0;--i){
      calc_node(i);
```

```
public:
  LazySegTree() : size_(0), height(0), tree(), lazy(){}
  LazySegTree(const size_type size)
     : size_(size), height(getheight(size)),
        tree(size << 1, value_structure::initializer()),</pre>
        lazy(size << 1, operator_structure::identity()){</pre>
    rebuild();
  template<class InputIterator>
  LazySegTree(InputIterator first, InputIterator last)
      : size_(::std::distance(first, last)){
    height = getheight(size);
    tree = container_value_type(size_, value_structure::identity());
    lazy = container_operator_type(size_ << 1,</pre>

→ operator_structure::identity());
    tree.insert(tree.end(), first, last);
    rebuild():
  size_type size() const { return size_; }
  const_reference operator[](const size_type k){
    assert(k < size_);</pre>
    propagate(k+size_);
    tree[k+size_] = reflect(tree[k+size_], lazy[k+size_]);
    lazy[k+size_] = operator_structure::identity();
    return tree[k+size_];
  value_type query(size_type 1, size_type r){
    assert(1 <= r);
    assert(0 <= 1 && 1 < size_);
    assert(0 <= r && r <= size_);
    value_type retl = value_structure::identity(),
              retr = value_structure::identity();
    1 += size ;
    r += size ;
    propagate(1);
    propagate(r-1);
    for(; 1 < r ; 1 >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
      if(1&1){
        retl = calc(retl, reflect(tree[1], lazy[1]));
       1++;
      if(r&1){
        retr = calc(reflect(tree[r], lazy[r]), retr);
    return calc(ret1, retr);
  void update(size_type 1, size_type r, const operator_type& data) {
    assert(1 <= r);
    assert(0 <= 1 && 1 < size_);
    assert(0 <= r && r <= size_);
    1 += size_;
    r += size :
    propagate(1);
    propagate(r - 1);
    for(size_type l_ = 1, r_ = r; l_ < r_ ; l_ >>= 1, r_ >>= 1){
      if(l_ & 1) apply(lazy[l_++], data);
      if(r_ & 1) apply(lazy[--r_], data);
    build(1);
    build(r - 1);
  template<class F>
  void update(size_type index, const F& f) {
    assert(0 <= index && index < size());
    index += size :
    propagate(index);
    tree[index] = f(::std::move(tree[index]));
    lazy[index] = operator_structure::identity();
    build(index);
  size\_type search(const F& f) const { // [0, result) is True and}
if(f(value_structure::identity()))
      return 0;
    if(!f(tree[1]))
      return size_+1;
    value_type acc = value_structure::identity();
    size_type i = 1;
    while(i <
  1
  */
};
verify: http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/review.jsp?rid=3176153
```

if (r - 1 == 1) {

now->v = f(::std::move(now->v));

return ::std::move(now);

```
http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/review.jsp?rid=3176158
                                                                            }
       http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/review.jsp?rid=3176164
        http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/review.jsp?rid=3176248
                                                                            size_type m = (1 + r) >> 1;
        http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/review.jsp?rid=3176296
                                                                            if (k < m) {
                                                                              if (!now->lch) now->lch =
template<ValueMonoid, OperatorMonoid, Modifier, Container>

    ::std::make_unique<Node>(value_structure::identity());

class LazySegTree
                                                                              now->lch = update(k, f, ::std::move(now->lch), l, m);
ValueMonoid
                                                                              if (!now->rch) now->rch =
  - 役割
                                                                              - 扱う要素の値
                                                                              now->rch = update(k, f, ::std::move(now->rch), m, r);
  - 要求
   - value_type
                                                                            value_type lv = now->lch ? now->lch->v :
   - identity() -> value type : 単位元を返す

→ value_structure::identity();

    - initializer() -> value_type : 要素の初期値を返す
                                                                            value_type rv = now->rch ? now->rch->v :
    - operation(value_type, value_type) -> value_type : 演算結果を返す

→ value structure::identity();
                                                                            now->v = value structure::operation(lv, rv);
    - 必要時
                                                                            return ::std::move(now);
     - size_type value_type::len : ノードの幅
OperatorMonoid
                                                                          value_type query(size_type a, size_type b) {
  - 役割
                                                                            value_type res;
    - 扱う要素に適用させる値
                                                                            tie(root, res) = query(a, b, ::std::move(root), 0, n);
  - 要求
    - value_type
    - identity() -> value_type : 単位元を返す
    - operation(value_type, value_type) -> value_type : 作用素を結合する
                                                                          pointer_value query(size_type a, size_type b, pointer now,
                                                                             size_type 1, size_type r) {
Modifier<ValueMonoid, OperatorMonoid>
                                                                            if (r < 0) { r = n; }
  - 役割
                                                                            if (a <= 1 && r <= b) return ::std::make_pair(::std::move(now),</pre>
    - OperatorMonoidをValueMonoidに適用させる
                                                                                now->v);
  - 要求
                                                                            if (r <= a || b <= 1) return ::std::make_pair(::std::move(now),</pre>
    - operation(value_type, operator_type) -> value_type : 作用素を適用
                                                                               value_structure::identity());
   させた結果を返す
                                                                            size_type m = (1 + r) >> 1;
LazySegTree
   提供
                                                                            value_type lv = value_structure::identity(), rv =
    - query(size_type 1, size_type r) -> value_type
                                                                               value_structure::identity();
     - 計算量 O(log N)
                                                                            if (now->lch)
     - [1, r)までの計算結果
                                                                              tie(now->lch, lv) = query(a, b, ::std::move(now->lch), l, m);
                                                                            if (now->rch)
    - update(size_type 1, size_type r, operator_type x)
                                                                              tie(now->rch, rv) = query(a, b, ::std::move(now->rch), m, r);
     - 計算量 O(log N)
      - [1, r)にxを適用させた結果に変更する
                                                                            return ::std::make_pair(::std::move(now),

¬ value_structure::operation(lv, rv));

    - update(size_type k, function f)
     - 計算量 O(log N)
                                                                          1
      - kth elementをfを適用した結果に変更する
                                                                        1:
                                                                        /*
    * 未実装
    - search(function f) -> size_type
                                                                        verify: https://arc008.contest.atcoder.ip/submissions/4145634
     - 計算量 O(log N)?
     - f([0, k)) is true and f([0, k+1)) is falseとなるkを返す
                                                                        template<ValueMonoid>
                                                                        class DynamicSegTree
{\bf SegmentTree/DynamicSegTree.cpp}
                                                                        ValueMonoid
                                                                          - 要求
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                           - value_type
template < class ValueMonoid>
                                                                            - identity() -> value_type : 単位元を返す
class DynamicSegTree{
                                                                            - operation(value_type, value_type) -> value_type : 演算結果を返す
private:
  using value_structure = ValueMonoid;
                                                                        SegTree
  using value_type = typename value_structure::value_type;
                                                                          - 提供
  using size_type = ::std::size_t;
                                                                            - query(size_type 1, size_type r) -> value_type
  struct Node;
                                                                              - 計算量 O(log N)
  using pointer = ::std::unique_ptr<Node>;
                                                                              - [1, r)までの計算結果
 using pointer_value = ::std::pair<pointer, value_type>;
                                                                            - update(size_type k, function f)
  struct Node{
                                                                               -
計算量 O(log N)
                                                                              - kth elementをfを適用した結果に変更する
   value type v:
   pointer lch, rch;
   Node () { }
                                                                        */
   Node(value_type a) : v(a) {}
  1:
 pointer root;
                                                                        int main (void) {
  size_type n;
                                                                        }
public:
                                                                        SegmentTree\_SegmentTree\_nonrec.cpp
 DynamicSegTree(){}
  DynamicSegTree(size_type n_) : n(n_) {
                                                                        #include <bits/stdc++.h>
   root = ::std::make_unique<Node>(value_structure::identity());
  }
                                                                        template<class ValueMonoid, template<class...> class
                                                                           Container=::std::vector>
  template<class F>
                                                                        class SegTree{
  void update(size_type k, const F &f){
                                                                        public:
   root = update(k, f, ::std::move(root), 0, n);
                                                                          using value structure = ValueMonoid;
                                                                          using value_type = typename value_structure::value_type;
  template<class F>
                                                                          using const_reference = const value_type &;
                                                                          using container_type = Container<value_type>
 pointer update(size_type k, const F &f, pointer now, size_type l,
                                                                          using size_type = typename container_type::size_type;

    size type r) {

    if (r < 0) { r = n; }
```

private:

size\_type size\_;

::std::vector<value\_type> tree;

```
5
```

```
static size_type getsize(const size_type x) {
    size_type ret = 1;
    while(ret < x)</pre>
      ret <<= 1;
  inline value_type calc(const value_type a, const value_type b) {
    return value_structure::operation(a, b);
  inline void calc_node(const size_type index) {
    if(tree.size() <= (index << 1 | 1)) return;</pre>
    tree[index] = value_structure::operation(tree[index<<1],</pre>

    tree[index<<1 | 1]);
</pre>
public:
  SegTree() : size_(0), tree(){}
  SegTree(const size_type size)
      : size_(size), tree(size << 1, value_structure::identity()){}
  template<class InputIterator>
  SegTree(InputIterator first, InputIterator last)
      : size_(::std::distance(first, last)){
    tree = container_type(size_, value_structure::identity());
    tree.insert(tree.end(), first, last);
    for(size_type i = size_;i > 0;i--){
      calc_node(i);
  size type size() const { return size ; }
  const_reference operator[](const size_type k) const {
    assert(k < size_);</pre>
    return tree[k+size_];
  value_type query(size_type 1, size_type r){
    assert(1 <= r);
    assert(0 <= 1 && 1 < size_);
    assert(0 <= r && r <= size );
    value_type retl = value_structure::identity(), retr =

→ value_structure::identity();

    for(1 += size_, r += size_; 1 < r ; 1 >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
   if(1&1) ret1 = calc(ret1, tree[1++]);
      if(r&1) retr = calc(tree[--r], retr);
    return calc(retl, retr);
  template<class F>
  void update(size_type index, const F& f) {
    assert(0 <= index && index < size());</pre>
    index += size_;
    tree[index] = f(::std::move(tree[index]));
    while(index >>= 1)
      calc_node(index);
  }
  template<class F>
 size_type search(const F& f) const { // [0, result) is True and

→ [0, result-1) is not.

    if(f(value_structure::identity()))
      return 0:
    if(!f(tree[1]))
      return size +1;
    value type acc = value structure::identity();
    size type i = 1;
    while(i <
};
verify:

→ http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/review.jsp?rid=3162647#1

        http://judge.u-aizu.ac.jp/onlinejudge/review.jsp?rid=3162648
template<ValueMonoid, Container>
class SegTree
ValueMonoid
  - 要求
   - value_type
    - identity() -> value_type : 単位元を返す
    - operation(value_type, value_type) -> value_type : 演算結果を返す
SegTree
  -
- 提供
    - query(size_type 1, size_type r) -> value_type
      - 計算量 O(log N)
      - [1, r)までの計算結果
```

```
- update(size_type k, function f)
      - 計算量 O(log N)
      - kth elementをfを適用した結果に変更する
    * 未実装
    - search(function f) -> size_type
      - 計算量 O(log N)?
       - f([0, k)) is true and f([0, k+1)) is falseとなるkを返す
*/
SegmentTree/DynamicLazySegTree.cpp
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
template<class ValueMonoid, class OperatorMonoid, class Modifier>
class DynamicLazySegTree{
  using value_structure = ValueMonoid;
  using value_type = typename value_structure::value_type;
  using operator_structure = OperatorMonoid;
  using operator_type = typename operator_structure::value_type;
  using modifier = Modifier;
  using size_type = ::std::size_t;
  struct Node:
  using pointer = ::std::unique_ptr<Node>;
  using pointer_value = ::std::pair<pointer, value_type>;
  struct Node{
    value_type v;
    operator_type o;
    pointer lch, rch;
    Node () { }
    Node(value_type a, operator_type b) : v(a), o(b) {}
  pointer root;
  size_type n;
  inline static operator_type apply(const operator_type &a, const
  \hookrightarrow operator_type &b) {
    return operator_structure::operation(a, b);
  inline static value_type reflect(const value_type &a, const
  → operator_type &b) {
    if (b == operator structure::identity()) return a;
    return modifier::operation(a, b);
  inline static pointer push(pointer node, size_type k){
    if (node->o == operator_structure::identity()) return
        ::std::move(node);
    node->v = reflect(node->v, node->o);
    if (k > 1) {
      if (!node->lch) node->lch =

→ ::std::make_unique<Node>(Node(value_structure::identity(),
           operator_structure::identity());
      if (!node->rch) node->rch =
       \ \hookrightarrow \ :: \mathtt{std}: \mathtt{:make\_unique} \mathord{<} \mathtt{Node} \mathord{>} (\mathtt{Node}\, (\mathtt{value\_structure}: \mathtt{:identity}\, (\mathtt{)}\, ,

→ operator_structure::identity());

      node->lch->o = apply(node->lch->o, node->o);
node->rch->o = apply(node->rch->o, node->o);
    node->o = operator structure::identity();
    return ::std::move(node);
  }
public:
  DynamicLazySegTree(){}
  DynamicLazySegTree(size_type n_) : n(n_) {
    root = ::std::make_unique<Node>(value_structure::identity(),
     → operator_structure::identity());
  template<class F>
  void update(size_type k, const F &f){
    root = update(k, f, ::std::move(root), 0, n);
  template<class F>
  pointer update(size_type k, const F &f, pointer now, size_type 1 =
   \rightarrow 0, size_type r = -1){
    now = push(::std::move(now), r-1);
    if (r - 1 == 1) {
      now->v = f(::std::move(now->v));
      return ::std::move(now);
    size_type m = (1 + r) >> 1;
    if (k < m) {
```

```
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```

```
if (!now->lch) now->lch =

→ ::std::make_unique<Node>(value_structure::identity(),

→ operator_structure::identity());;
     now->lch = update(k, f, ::std::move(now->lch), 1, m);
      if (!now->rch) now->rch =

→ ::std::make_unique<Node>(value_structure::identity(),
         operator_structure::identity()); now->rch = update(k, f,
         ::std::move(now->rch), m, r);
   value\_type lv = now->lch ? now->lch->v :
    → value_structure::identity();
   value_type rv = now->rch ? now->rch->v :

¬ value_structure::identity();

    now->v = value_structure::operation(lv, rv);
    return ::std::move(now);
  void update(size_type a, size_type b, const operator_type &x){
   root = update(a, b, x, ::std::move(root), 0, n);
 pointer update(size_type a, size_type b, const operator_type &x,

→ pointer now, size_type 1 = 0, size_type r = -1) {
   now = push(::std::move(now), r-1);
    if (a <= 1 && r <= b) {
     now->o = apply(now->o, x);
     now = push(::std::move(now), r-1);
     return ::std::move(now);
    if (b <= 1 || r <= a) return ::std::move(now);</pre>
    size_type m = (1 + r) >> 1;
    if (!now->lch) now->lch =
       ::std::make_unique<Node>(value_structure::identity(),
       operator_structure::identity());
    if (!now->rch) now->rch =
       ::std::make unique<Node>(value structure::identity(),
       operator structure::identity());
   now->lch = update(a, b, x, ::std::move(now->lch), l, m);
   now->rch = update(a, b, x, ::std::move(now->rch), m, r);
   now->v = value_structure::operation(now->lch->v, now->rch->v);
   return ::std::move(now);
  value_type query(size_type a, size_type b){
   value_type res;
   tie(root, res) = query(a, b, ::std::move(root), 0, n);
   return res:
 pointer_value query(size_type a, size_type b, pointer now,

    size_type 1 = 0, size_type r = -1) {
   now = push(::std::move(now), r-1);
   if (a <= 1 && r <= b) return ::std::make_pair(::std::move(now),</pre>
       now->v);
    if (r <= a || b <= 1) return ::std::make pair(::std::move(now),</pre>

→ value_structure::identity());
   size_type m = (1 + r) >> 1;
   value_type lv = value_structure::identity(), rv =
      value structure::identity();
    if (now->lch) tie(now->lch, lv) = query(a, b,
       ::std::move(now->lch), 1, m);
    if (now->rch) tie(now->rch, rv) = query(a, b,
    return ::std::make_pair(::std::move(now),

¬ value_structure::operation(lv, rv));

};
```