CHE 260 MIDTERM 2015

AV 100 RPA 20 m/s 260 mm 200 m/g 100 mm2 $h_2 - h_1 = \sqrt{\frac{2}{1 - \sqrt{2}}}$ $C_{p}(T_{2}-T_{1}) = V_{1}^{2}-V_{2}^{2}$ For air Cp = 1.004 & 5/ kg 16. => $T_2 = 300 \times + (200 \text{m/s})^2 + (20 \text{m/s})$ 2×1.004 k5/hg × 1000 7/h5 = 319-7 K. $\hat{m} = \frac{\vec{V}_2 A 2}{\vec{V}_2} = \frac{\vec{V}_1 A_1}{\vec{V}_1}$ $\frac{1}{|V_1|} = \frac{|V_1|}{|V_2|} \frac{|A_1|}{|A_2|} = \frac{|T_1|}{|P_1|} \frac{|P_2|}{|T_2|}$ $\Rightarrow P_2 = P_1 \left(\frac{T_2}{T_1} \right) \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2} \right) \left(\frac{A_1}{A_2} \right)$ = 100 kPa (319-714) (200 m/s) (100 mm² 300 k) (20 m/s) (360 mm² 123-9 kPa

2)
$$P_{1} = 320 \text{ kpz} \qquad P_{1} = 320 \text{ kpz} \qquad P_{1} = 320 \text{ kpz} \qquad P_{2} = 2 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_{1} = 100°C \qquad 2 \text{ kg}$$

$$x_{2} = 0.75$$
At const P. $W = -P(V_{2} - V_{1}) = -mP(U_{2} - U_{1})$
energy balance.

$$Q_{1} + W = \Delta U$$

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$$Q_{2} = M(U_{2} - U_{1}) - W$$
at $320 \text{ kpz} \qquad U_{1} = 0.09229 \text{ m}^{3}/\text{kg}$

$$100°C \qquad U_{1} = 312.68 \text{ kJ/kg}$$
at $320 \text{ kpz} \qquad U_{1} = 312.68 \text{ kJ/kg}$

$$u_{1} = 53.06 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$u_{2} = 228.43 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$u_{3} = 228.43 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$u_{2} = 228.43 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$u_{2} = 0.00777 + 0.75 (0.0632 - 0.000777)$$

$$= 0.047594 \text{ m}^{3}/\text{kg}$$

$$u_{2} = u_{1} + x_{2} (u_{3} - u_{1})$$

$$= 53.06 + 0.75 (228.43 - 53.06)$$

$$= 184.59 \qquad kT/hg$$

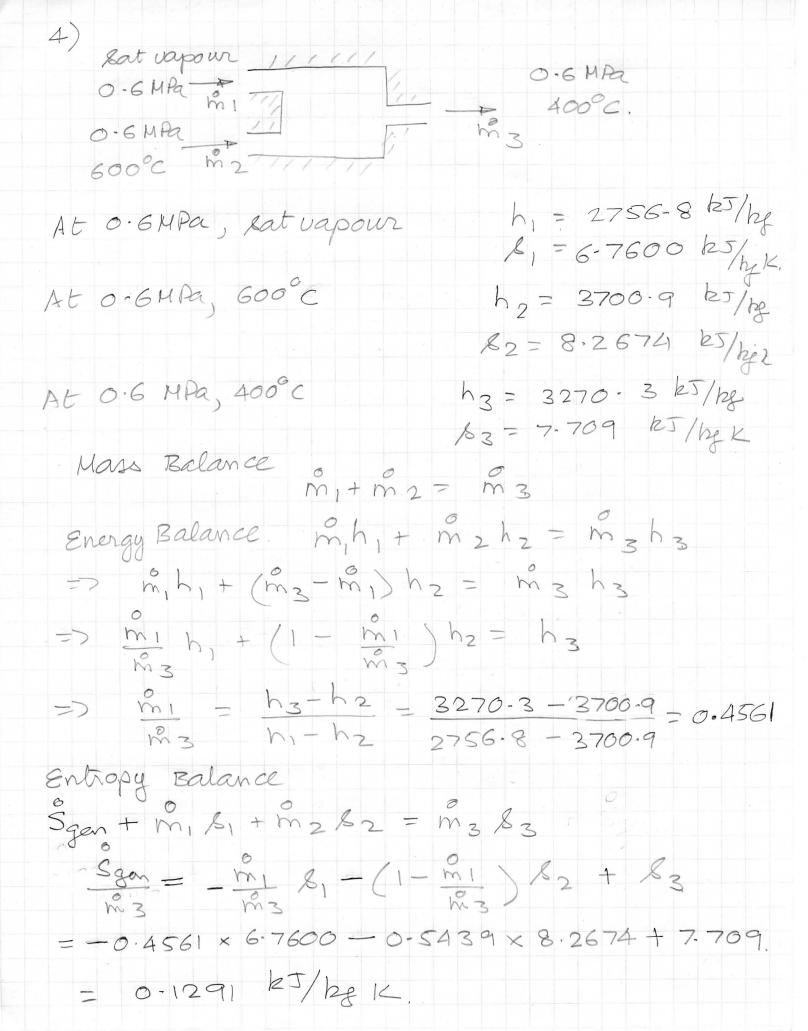
$$w = -mP(v_{2} - v_{1}) = -2x & 320 \times (0.047594 - 0.0922a)$$

$$= 28.6 \text{ kJ}$$

$$q_{1} = 2 \text{kg} (184.59 - 312.68) - 28.6$$

$$= -284.78 \text{ kJ}$$

Energy Balance Q+ W= AU = m CV (T2-T1) argon Cv = 0.312 kJ/hg K $9 = 9 = C_v (T_2 - T_1)$ = 0.312 kJ (20°C.- 70°C) = -15-6 kJ/kg AB = Sin - Lout + Igen. Agen = Q& + Kout Rout = 9 = 15-6 kJ/kg Tewn (273+20)16 = 0.0532 kJ/kg/c, $\Delta \mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_2 - \mathcal{L}_1 = C_V \ln \tau_2 + R \ln \upsilon_2$ AB=Cyln T2 =0, const volume = 0.312 kJ ln (20+273 K) -0.0492 kJ/kg K. 12)/y1c + 0.0532 kJ - -0.0492 = 0-0040 k5/kg K



1000 kPa 4 520 K. 4 A 100 kPa 300 K For co2, cp = 0.842 /2////// 8=1.289 Wa = h2-h, = Cp (T2-T1) = 0.842 RJ (520 K - 300 K) = 185-24 kJ/kg. = 185-24 kJ/kg. isentropic compression $726 = 7 (P2) = 300 \times (1000 \text{ kPa})$ R

1 269 For isentropic compression T26 = 502.7 K. W/S = CP(T28-T1) = 0.842 kg (502.7 K-300K) = 170.69 kJ/hg. $M_t = \frac{W_8}{Wa} = \frac{170.69}{185.24} = 0.92.15$ Mt = 9290. Bgen = 82-8 = Cp In T2 - R In P2 For Co2 R = 0-1889 kJ/ng K Agen = 0-842 h (520 K) - 0-1889 h (1000 = 0.0282 RJ/MRK.