


CHE 260 FINAL - 2021

①



$$D = 0.01 \text{ m}$$

$$T_i = 80^\circ \text{C}, \quad T_f = 60^\circ \text{C}$$

$$T_\infty = 20^\circ \text{C}$$

$$k = 401 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^\circ \text{C}}, \quad c_p = 385 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg}^\circ \text{C}}, \quad \rho = 8933 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

$$h_i = 4.44 (60)^{5/4} = 741 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2 \text{C}} \Rightarrow Bi = \frac{h_i D}{k} = \frac{741 \times 0.01}{401} = 0.02$$

$\Rightarrow$  use lumped capacitance approximation.

$$m c_p \frac{dT}{dt} = -h A_s (T - T_\infty)$$

$$= -4.44 A_s (T - T_\infty)^{5/4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{T_i}^{T_f} \frac{d(T - T_\infty)}{(T - T_\infty)^{5/4}} = - \frac{4.44 (\pi D^2)}{\rho (\frac{\pi D^3}{6}) c_p} \int_0^{t_f} dt$$

$$\Rightarrow -4 (T - T_\infty)^{-1/4} \Big|_{T_i}^{T_f} = - \frac{4.44 \times 6}{\rho c_p D} t_f$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[ (T_f - T_\infty)^{-1/4} - (T_i - T_\infty)^{-1/4} \right] = \frac{26.64}{\rho c_p D} t_f$$

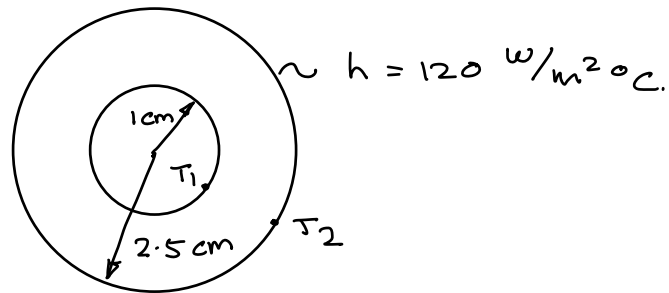
$$\Rightarrow t_f = \frac{\rho c_p D}{6.66} \left[ \frac{1}{(T_f - T_\infty)^{1/4}} - \frac{1}{(T_i - T_\infty)^{1/4}} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow t_f = \frac{8933 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \times 385 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg}^\circ \text{C}} \times 0.01 \text{ m}}{6.66} \left[ \frac{1}{(60-20)^{1/4}} - \frac{1}{(80-20)^{1/4}} \right]$$

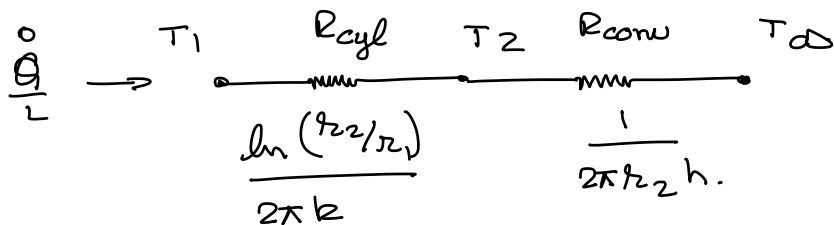
$$t_f = 198 \text{ s}$$

②

$$T_{\infty} = 27^{\circ}\text{C}$$



$$\frac{\dot{Q}}{L} = 2\pi r_1 \dot{q} = 2\pi (0.01 \text{ m}) 10^5 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2} = 6283 \text{ W/m}$$



$$\frac{T_2 - T_{\infty}}{R_{\text{conv}}} = \frac{\dot{Q}}{L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\dot{Q}}{L} = 2\pi r_2 h (T_2 - T_{\infty})$$

$$\Rightarrow 6283 \text{ W/m} = 2\pi (0.025 \text{ m}) (120 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2\text{°C}}) (T_2 - 27^{\circ}\text{C})$$

$$\Rightarrow T_2 = 360.3^{\circ}\text{C}$$

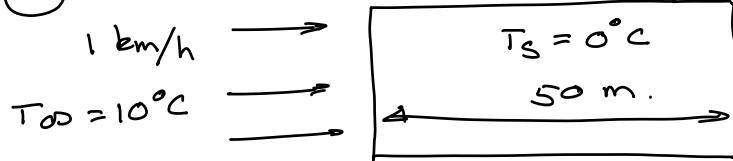
$$\frac{T_1 - T_2}{R_{\text{cyl}}} = \frac{\dot{Q}}{L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\dot{Q}}{L} = \frac{2\pi k (T_1 - T_2)}{\ln(r_2/r_1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow 6283 = \frac{2\pi (2.2 \text{ W/m°C}) (T_1 - 360.3)}{\ln(2.5 \text{ cm}/1 \text{ cm})}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_1 = 776.8^{\circ}\text{C}$$

③



$$\dot{m} = \rho_{ice} A \frac{dL}{dt}$$

$L$  - thickness of iceberg  
 $\dot{m}$  - melting rate

$$\dot{Q} = \dot{q} A = \dot{m} h_{sl}$$

$$\Rightarrow h A (T - T_{\infty}) = \rho_{ice} A \frac{dL}{dt} \cdot h_{sl}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dL}{dt} = \frac{h (T - T_{\infty})}{\rho_{ice} h_{sl}}$$

Properties of water at  $5^{\circ}\text{C}$

$$\rho = 999.9 \text{ kg/m}^3, \quad \mu = 1.519 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg/ms}, \quad k = 0.571 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^{\circ}\text{C}}, \quad Pr = 11.2$$

$$V_{\infty} = 1 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{h}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ m/km}}{3600 \text{ s/h}} = 0.278 \text{ m/s}$$

$$Re = \frac{\rho V_{\infty} L}{\mu} = \frac{999.9 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \times 0.278 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \times 50 \text{ m}}{1.519 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m s}}} = 9.15 \times 10^6$$

$$Nu = (0.037 Re^{0.8} - 871) Pr^{1/3}$$

$$Nu = (0.037 (9.15 \times 10^6)^{0.8} - 871) (11.2)^{1/3} = 28747$$

$$h = Nu \frac{k}{L} = \frac{28747 \times 0.571 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^{\circ}\text{C}}}{50 \text{ m}} = 328.3 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2\text{C}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dL}{dt} = \frac{328.3 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2\text{C}} (10 - 0)}{917 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \times 333.4 \times 10^3 \text{ J/kg}} = 1.07 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m/s}$$

$$\frac{dL}{dt} = 38.5 \text{ mm/h.}$$

④ Properties of air at  $60^\circ\text{C}$ .

$$\nu = 1.896 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s} ; k = 0.02808 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{mK}} ; Pr = 0.7202$$

$$Re = \frac{V_\infty L}{\nu} = \frac{5 \text{ m/s} \times 0.06 \text{ m}}{1.896 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}} = 1.58 \times 10^4$$

$$Nu = 0.664 Re^{0.5} Pr^{1/3} = 0.664 (1.58 \times 10^4)^{0.5} (0.7202)^{1/3}$$

$$Nu = 74.8$$

$$\Rightarrow h = Nu \frac{k}{L} = 74.8 \times \frac{0.02808 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}}{0.06 \text{ m}} = 35.0 \text{ W/m}^2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

For fin  $P = 2(0.06 \text{ m}) + 2(0.001 \text{ m}) = 0.122 \text{ m}$ .

$$A_c = 0.06 \text{ m} \times 0.001 \text{ m} = 6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$$

For Al,  $k = 237 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$ .

$$a = \sqrt{\frac{hP}{kA_c}} = \left( \frac{35 \text{ W/m}^2\text{ }^\circ\text{C} \times 0.122 \text{ m}}{237 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^\circ\text{C}} \times 6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2} \right)^{1/2} = 17.3 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$L_c = L + \frac{t}{2} = 0.006 \text{ m} + \frac{0.001 \text{ m}}{2} = 0.0065 \text{ m}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{fin} = \sqrt{hPkA} (T_b - T_\infty) \tanh aL_c$$

$$\dot{Q}_{fin} = \left( 35 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}} \times 0.122 \text{ m} \times 237 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^\circ\text{C}} \times 6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2 \right)^{1/2} (100 - 20) \tanh(17.3 \times 0.0065)$$

$$\dot{Q}_{fin} = 2.21 \text{ W}$$

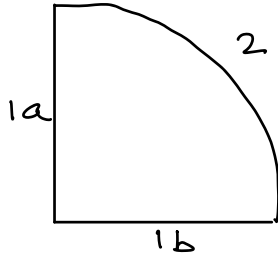
$$\dot{Q}_{fin, total} = 6 \times 2.21 \text{ W} = 13.3 \text{ W}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{unfin, total} = h A_{unfin} (T_b - T_\infty)$$

$$= 35 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2\text{ }^\circ\text{C}} \times 5 (0.06 \times 0.01) (100 - 20) = 8.4 \text{ W}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{total} = 13.3 + 8.4 = 21.7 \text{ W}$$

(5)



$$F_{1a \rightarrow 1b} = 1 - \sin\left(\frac{90^\circ}{2}\right) = 0.2929.$$

$$F_{1a \rightarrow 1b} + F_{1a \rightarrow 2} = 1.$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{1a \rightarrow 2} = 1 - 0.2929 = 0.7071$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{2 \rightarrow 1a} = \frac{A_{1a}}{A_2} F_{1a \rightarrow 2}$$

$$= \frac{R}{\pi R/2} \times 0.7071 = 0.4502$$

By symmetry  $F_{2 \rightarrow 1b} = 0.4502$ .

$$\Rightarrow F_{2 \rightarrow 1} = 0.9003$$

$$F_{12} = \frac{A_2}{A_1} F_{21} = \frac{\pi R/2}{2R} \times 0.9003 = 0.7071$$

$$\dot{Q}_{12} = \frac{\sigma(T_1^4 - T_2^4)}{\frac{1-\epsilon_1}{A_1 \epsilon_1} + \frac{1}{A_2 F_{21}} + \frac{1-\epsilon_2}{A_2 \epsilon_2}}$$

$$= \frac{5.67 \times 10^{-8} (1200^4 - 500^4)}{\frac{1-0.5}{2(0.1)0.5} + \frac{1}{\frac{\pi(0.1)}{2} 0.9003} + \frac{1-0.9}{\frac{\pi(0.1)}{2} \times 0.9}}$$

$$= 8923 \text{ W/m.}$$