General Parametric Splines in carEx

2019-04-13

Introduction

The parametric polynomial splines implemented in the 'carEx' package are piecewise polynomial functions on k+1 intervals formed by k knots partitioning the real line:

$$(-\infty, t_1], (t_1, t_2], ..., (t_{i-1}, t_i], ..., (t_k, \infty)$$

with degree d_i on the *i*th interval $(t_{i-1}, t_i]$, i = 1, ..., k + 1, and order of continuity c_i at the *i*th knot, i = 1, ..., k.

The order of continuity refers to the highest order for which the derivatives of the polynomial on the interval to the left and to the right of a knot, t_i , have the same limits at t_i . For all orders above c_i , derivatives, if any, are not constained to have the same limit.

Such a spline is parametrized by three vectors: a vector of knots, $t_1 < t_2 < ... < t_k$, of length k > 0, a vector of polynomial degrees, $d_1, d_2, ..., d_{k+1}$, of length k + 1, and a vector of orders of continuity or 'smoothness', $c_1, c_2, ..., c_k$, of length k.

Theory

We first describe the general principles that underly the implemention of splines in this package.

Let X_f be a $n \times q$ matrix for a model whose coefficients are subject to c linearly independent constraints given by a $c \times q$ matrix C. That is, the linear space for the model is:

$$\mathcal{M} = \{ \eta = X_f \phi : \phi \in \mathbb{R}^q, C\phi = 0 \}$$

We wish to construct a $n \times p$ design matrix X with p = q - c so that

$$\mathcal{M} = \{ \eta = X\beta : \beta \in \mathbb{R}^p \}$$

Suppose further that we want the parameters β to provide p specified linearly independent function of ϕ represented by the rows of the $p \times q$ matrix E whose rows are linearly independent of the rows of C to ensure that they are not equal to 0 on \mathcal{M} .

Consider the $q \times q$ partitioned matrix $\left[\begin{array}{c} C \\ E \end{array} \right]$. Since its rows are linearly independent, it is invertible and has a conformably partitioned inverse:

$$\left[\begin{array}{cc} F & G \end{array}\right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} C \\ E \end{array}\right]^{-1}$$

Thus FC + GE = I, CF = I, etc.

Consider the model matrix $X = X_f G$. We show that $\mathcal{M} = \{X\beta : \beta \in \mathbb{R}^p\}$ and that for any $\phi \in \mathbb{R}^q$, such that $C\phi = 0$, $\beta = E\phi$.

Suppose $C\phi = 0$. Then

$$\phi = \left[\begin{array}{cc} F & G \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c} C \\ E \end{array} \right] \phi = \left[\begin{array}{cc} F & G \end{array} \right] \left[\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ E \phi \end{array} \right] = GE\phi$$

Thus, with $\beta = E\phi$, we have

$$X_f \phi = X_f G E \phi = X \beta$$

We therefore have a 1-1 correspondence between $\beta \in \mathbb{R}^p$ and $\{\phi \in \mathbb{R}^q : C\phi = 0\}$ given by $\beta = E\phi$ and $\phi = G\beta$.

If X is of full rank, we can obtain the least-squares estimator $\hat{\beta} = (X'X)^{-1}X'Y$. We can then estimate any linear function $\psi = L\phi$ of ϕ under the constraint $C\phi = 0$ with the estimator $\hat{\psi} = A\hat{\beta}$ with

$$A = LG$$

Thus, the matrix G serves as a post-multiplier to transform X_f into a model matrix $X = X_f G$ that can be used in a linear model. The matrix G also serves as a post-multiplier to transform any general linear hypothesis matrix expressed in terms of ϕ into a general linear hypothesis matrix in terms of β .

Application to Splines

Our goal is to generate model matrices for splines in a way that produces interpretable coefficients and lends itself to easily estimating and testing properties of the spline that are linear functions of parameters: slope, curvature, discontinuities, etc.

Given k knots, $-\infty = t_0 < t_1 < \dots < t_k < t_{k+1} = \infty$, the spline in the ith interval, $(t_{i-1}, t_i]$, is a polynomial of degree d_i , a non-negative integer with the value 0 signifying a constant over the corresponding interval.

The order of smoothness c_i at t_i is either a non-negative integer or -1 to allow a discontinuity. (TODO: control direction of discontinuity)

Generating a model matrix for some piecewise polynomial functions is simple. For example, if the degrees, d_i , are non-decreasing and the order of continuity is a constant c less than $\min(d_i)$, one can add terms using 'plus' functions at each knot. For example, a quadratic spline (degree 2, continuity 1) with one knot at 1 can be generated with a model matrix with three columns, in addition to the intercept term:

$$x, x^2, (x-1)^2_+$$

where

$$(y)_{+} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } y < 0 \\ y & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

A spline that is quadratic on the interval $(-\infty, 1]$ and cubic on $(1, \infty)$ with continuity of order 1, $c_1 = 1$, at $t_1 = 1$, can be generated by the columns:

$$x, x^2, (x-1)^2_+, (x-1)^3_+$$

However, if one allows the degree of the polynomial or the order of smoothness to vary in different parts of the spline, the approach above works only in special cases.

Generating model matrices in more general situations, for example with degrees that are not monotone, nor monotone increasing as the index radiates from a central value, is more challenging. The approach described here works for any pattern of degrees, d_i and smoothness constraints, c_i .

We start by constructing a matrix, X_f , for a spline in which the polynomial degree in each interval is the maximal value, $\max(d_i)$. We then construct constraints for the coefficients of this model to produce the desired spline.

As an example, consider a spline, S, with knots at 3 and 7, polynomial degrees, (2,3,2), and smoothness, (1,2), meaning that S is smooth of order 1 at x=3, and smooth of order 2 at x=7. Columns of the full matrix X_f contain the intercept, linear and quadratic and cubic terms in each interval of the spline.

To create an instance of X_f we need to specify the values over which the matrix is evaluated. Evaluating X_f at x = 0, 1, ...9, we obtain the following matrix, which happens here to be block diagonal because of the ordering of the x values:

```
Xf(0:9, knots = c(3,7), degree = 3)
```

```
X0 X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2
                                  X3 X0 X1
                                             X2
                                                   ХЗ
           0
               0
                                           0
f(0)
                   0
                       0
                          0
                              0
                                   0
                                       0
f(1)
       1
           1
               1
                   1
                       0
                          0
                              0
                                   0
                                       0
                                           0
                                                    0
f(2)
       1
           2
               4
                   8
                       0
                          0
                              0
                                   0
                                       0
                                           0
                                                    0
f(3)
       1
           3
              9
                 27
                       0
                          0
                                   0
                                           0
                                                    0
                              0
                                       0
f(4)
       0
           0
               0
                   0
                       1
                          4 16
                          5 25
f(5)
       0
           0
               0
                   0
                       1
                                125
                                       0
f(6)
       0
               0
                   0
                       1
                          6
                             36
                                 216
f(7)
       0
           0
               0
                   0
                       1
                             49
                                343
                                       0
                                           0
                                               0
               0
                   0
                      0
f(8)
                          0
                          0
                                   0
                                       1
                                           9 81 729
f(9)
       0
           0
               0
                   0
                      0
                              0
```

The model for the unconstrained maximal polynomial is $X_f \phi : \phi \in \mathbb{R}^{12}$.

We impose three types of constraints on ϕ .

- 1. $X_f \phi$ should evaluate to 0 at x=0 so an intercept term in the model will have the correct interpretation,
- 2. the limits of the value and of the first derivative of the spline must be the same when approaching the first knot from the right or from the left, and the limits of the value, the first and second derivatives should be the same when approaching the second knot from the right or from the left, and
- 3. the degree of the polynomial in the first and third intervals must be reduced to 2.

The constraint marix, C is created by the 'Cmat' function:

```
Cmat(knots = c(3, 7), degree = c(2, 3, 2), smooth = c(1, 2))
```

```
X3 X0 X1 X2
        X0 X1 X2
                   X3 X0 X1
                               X2
f(0)
            0
                0
                                0
                                      0
                                          0
         1
                     0
                        0
                            0
                                                 0
C(3).0 -1 -3 -9
                            3
                                9
                                     27
                                          0
                                             0
                                                 0
                                                     0
                  -27
                        1
                                     27
C(3).1
         0 -1 -6
                  -27
                        0
                            1
                                6
                                          0
C(7).0
            0
         0
                0
                     0
                       -1
                          -7 -49
                                   -343
                                          1
C(7).1
         0
            0
                0
                    0
                        0
                              -14
                                   -147
                                          0
                                                   147
                          -1
                               -2
                                    -42
C(7).2
         0
            0
                0
                     0
                                          0
                                                    42
I.1.3
         0
            0
                0
                     1
                        0
                            0
                                0
                                      0
                                         0
                                             0
                                                 0
                                                     0
                                0
                                      0
                                         0
I.3.3
         0
            0
                0
                        0
                                                     1
attr(,"ranks")
  npar.full
                       C.n
                                  C.rank spline.rank
          12
                         8
                                       8
attr(,"d")
[1] 536.66701452
                    48.80391245
                                    10.85308819
                                                    3.18591258
                                                                   0.97504352
[6]
       0.81688866
                      0.35905212
                                     0.08458296
```

The row labels of the constraint matrix show the role of each row. For example, "f(0)" is the value of the spline when x = 0 which is constrained to 0 so that an intercept term in a linear model can have its usual interpretation, "C(3).0" ensures continuity at x = 3, "C(7).2" forces continuity of the second derivative at x = 7, "I.1.3" constrains the cubic term to be 0 in the first interval, etc.

Attributes give the length of the ϕ vector as 'npar.full', the number of constraints as 'C.n', the rank of the constraint matrix as 'C.rank' and the rank of the spline, omitting the intercept term, as 'spline.rank'.

The 'd' attribute contains the vector of singular values of the constraint matrix.

The following is the matrix E of estimable functions created by the 'Emat' function:

```
Emat(knots = c(3, 7), degree = c(2, 3, 2), smooth = c(1, 2))
```

XO X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2 X3

```
D1(0)
      0 1 0
               0
                  0
                    0
                       0 0 0 0
D2(0)
         0 2
               0
                  0
                       0 0
                            0
                               0 0 0
      0
                    0
         0 -2 -18
                       2 18
C(3).20
                  0
                    0
                            0
                               0
C(3).30
         0
           0
              -6
                  0
                       0
                         6
                            0
                               0
                                 0
                    0
```

The row labels signify the first derivative at x = 0, 'D1(0)', the second derivative at x = 0, 'D2(0)', the saltus in the second derivative at x = 3 and the saltus in the third derivative at x = 3.

The full rank model for the spline is generated by a matrix $X = X_f G$ as described in the previous section.

The spline modelling function is a closure generated by the gspline function.

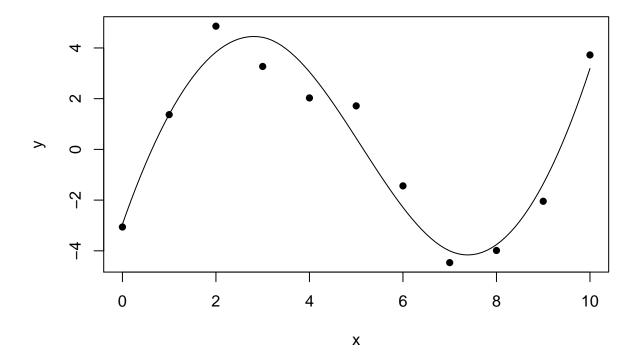
```
sp \leftarrow gspline(knots = c(3, 7), degree = c(2, 3, 2), smoothness = c(1, 2))
ls.str(environment(sp))
A : num [1:12, 1:12] -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 ...
basis : function (X, tol = 1e-09)
Cmat: num [1:8, 1:12] -1 0 0 0 0 0 1 -3 -1 ...
constraint_mat : num [1:8, 1:12] -1 0 0 0 0 0 1 -3 -1 ...
constraints: NULL
debug : logi FALSE
degree: num [1:3] 2 3 2
dest: 'gspline_matrix' num [1:4, 1:4] 0.00 1.00 9.86e-32 9.11e-17 0.00 ...
Dmat : function (knots, degree, periodic = FALSE, signif = 3)
Dmat_smoothness_indices : num [1:6] 1 5 6 9 10 11
Emat: num [1:4, 1:12] 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 ...
estimate_mat : num [1:4, 1:12] 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 ...
estimates : NULL
froms: chr(0)
fun : function (x, D = NULL, limit = 1)
G: num [1:12, 1:4] 0.00 1.00 4.93e-32 1.52e-17 -1.78e-15 ...
i : NULL
intercept : num 0
knots: num [1:2] 3 7
max_degree : num 3
Pcon: function (knots, degree, periodic)
periodic : logi FALSE
smoothness: List of 2
$ : int [1:2] 0 1
$ : int [1:3] 0 1 2
tolerance: num 1e-14
tos: chr(0)
Xf : function (x, knots, degree = 3, D = 0, right = TRUE, periodic = FALSE,
    signif = 3)
Xmat : function (x, degree, D = 0, signif = 3)
sp(0:9)
    D1|0 D2|0 C2|3
                       C3|3
f(0)
       0 0.0 0.0 0.00000
f(1)
       1 0.5 0.0 0.00000
f(2)
       2 2.0 0.0 0.00000
f(3)
       3 4.5 0.0 0.00000
f(4)
       4 8.0 0.5 0.16667
f(5)
       5 12.5 2.0 1.33333
f(6)
       6 18.0 4.5 4.50000
f(7)
       7 24.5 8.0 10.66667
```

```
f(8) 8 32.0 12.5 20.66667
f(9) 9 40.5 18.0 34.66667
attr(,"class")
[1] "gspline_matrix" "matrix"
```

produce a matrix $X = X_f G$ that will generate the desired spline parametrized by linear estimable coefficients.

The closure created by the gspline function can be used in a linear model formulas. We illustrate its use with a small example. Note that the spline function can be used in any linear model formula. It can, for example, be modelled as interacting with other predictors.

```
df \leftarrow data.frame(x = 0:10)
set.seed(123)
df <- within(df, y <- -2* (x-5) + .1 * (x-5)^3 + rnorm(x))
df \leftarrow rbind(df, data.frame(x = seq(0,10,.1), y = NA))
df <- sortdf(df, ~ x)</pre>
plot(y~x, df, pch = 16)
fit \leftarrow lm(y \sim sp(x), data = df)
summary(fit)
Call:
lm(formula = y \sim sp(x), data = df)
Residuals:
    Min
             1Q Median
                                     Max
                              3Q
-1.1476 -0.5748 -0.1091 0.6914 1.2704
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) -2.9513
                          1.0165 -2.903 0.02721 *
sp(x)D1|0
              5.2685
                          1.3117
                                   4.017 0.00699 **
sp(x)D2|0
             -1.8747
                          0.6726
                                  -2.787 0.03169 *
                                  -0.370 0.72381
sp(x)C2|3
             -0.5129
                          1.3846
sp(x)C3|3
              1.1346
                          0.2749
                                   4.127 0.00616 **
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 1.064 on 6 degrees of freedom
  (101 observations deleted due to missingness)
Multiple R-squared: 0.9372,
                                 Adjusted R-squared: 0.8954
F-statistic: 22.4 on 4 and 6 DF, p-value: 0.0009419
lines(df$x , predict(fit, df))
```



Linear hypotheses

Linear hypotheses about a spline may be easy to formulate in terms of its 'full' parameter vector ϕ but challenging in terms of the 'working' parameters, β . For example, the derivative or curvature of the spline over a range of values is easily expressed in terms of ϕ . To do this We use the relationship between linear hypotheses in terms of ϕ with those in terms of β to generate linear hypotheses based on $\hat{\beta}$. Namely the least-squares estimator of $\psi = L\phi$ under the contraint $C\phi = 0$ is $\hat{\psi} = A\hat{\beta}$ where A = LG.

Given a spline function sp created by the gspline function:

```
sp \leftarrow gspline(knots = c(3,7), degree = c(2,3,2), smoothness = c(1,2))

sp(0:9)
```

```
D1|0 D2|0 C2|3
                         C3|3
f(0)
           0.0
                0.0
                      0.00000
f(1)
        1
           0.5
                 0.0
                      0.00000
f(2)
        2
           2.0
                0.0
                      0.00000
f(3)
        3
           4.5
                      0.00000
                0.0
f(4)
           8.0
                0.5
                      0.16667
f(5)
        5 12.5
                2.0
                      1.33333
f(6)
        6 18.0
                4.5 4.50000
f(7)
        7 24.5 8.0 10.66667
f(8)
        8 32.0 12.5 20.66667
f(9)
        9 40.5 18.0 34.66667
attr(,"class")
[1] "gspline_matrix" "matrix"
```

The sp function will generate a hypothesis matrix to query values and derivatives of the spline.

```
sp(c(2, 3, 7), D = 1)
```

```
D1|0 D2|0 C2|3 C3|3
D1 | 2
         1
               2
                     0
D1 | 3
         1
               3
                     0
                           0
D1 | 7
         1
               7
                     4
                           8
attr(,"class")
[1] "gspline_matrix" "matrix"
```

Denoting the matrix above by A, $A\hat{\beta}$ will estimate the first derivative of the spline at x=2 and its limit from the right at the knots x=3,7. The limit parameter to the spline function is used to select whether the value estimated is a limit from the right, from the left, or the saltus (jump) in value if discontinuous. For example, at x=3 where the spline has a discontinuous second derivatives:

```
sp(c(3, 3, 3), D = 2, limit = c(-1,0,1))
```

```
D1|0 D2|0 C2|3 C3|3
D2|3- 0 1 0 0
D2|3+-D2|3- 0 0 1 0
D2|3+ 0 1 1 0
attr(,"class")
[1] "gspline_matrix" "matrix"
```

Using the 'wald' function it is possible to graph these estimates as a function of of x.

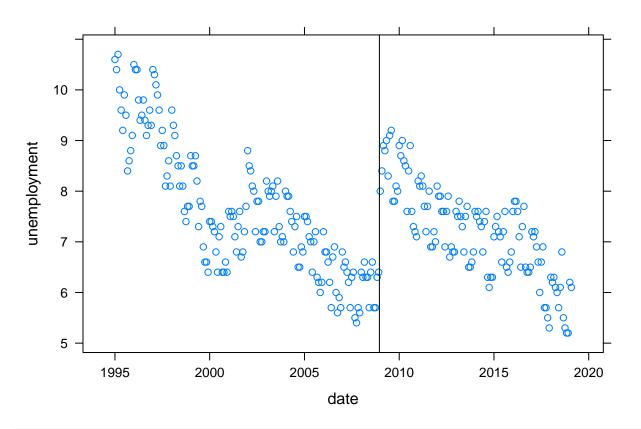
```
# xpred <- seq(0,10, .05)
\# A.1 \leftarrow cbind(0, sp(xpred, D = 1))
# ww.1 <- as.data.frame(wald(fit, A.1))
\# A.2 \leftarrow cbind(0, sp(xpred, D = 2))
# ww.2 <- as.data.frame(wald(fit, A.2))
#
# plot(xpred, ww.1$coef, type = 'l')
# plot(xpred, ww.2$coef, type = 'l')
# library(latticeExtra)
# ww.1$x <- xpred
# xyplot(coef ~ x, ww.1, type = 'l',
       lower = ww.1$L2, upper = ww.1$U2,
       ylab = 'first derivative',
#
#
       subscripts = TRUE) +
    layer(gpanel.fit(...))
# head(ww.1)
```

Periodic splines

We show how periodic splines can be used to fit periodic patterns such as seasonal patterns. We use the monthly U.S. unemployment rates from January 1995 to February 2019.

The 'crash' in November 2008 creates a discontinuity in the series which we can use to illustrate how to a discontinuity at an a priori value of time. We model the series as consisting of two components, a long-term secular component and a periodic annual component. We also illustrate how to use a parsimonious secular spline to model secular interactions with the seasonal spline.

```
unemp <- as.data.frame(spida2::Unemp) # TODO: change to 'carData::Unemp'??</pre>
head(unemp)
        date unemployment x
1 1995-01-01
                      10.6 1
2 1995-02-01
                      10.4 2
3 1995-03-01
                      10.7 3
4 1995-04-01
                      10.0 4
5 1995-05-01
                       9.6 5
6 1995-06-01
                       9.2 6
library(lattice)
library(latticeExtra)
xyplot(unemployment ~ date, unemp) + layer(panel.abline(v = as.Date('2008-12-15')))
```



```
toyear <- function(x) {
    # number of years from January 1, 2000
    (as.numeric(x) - as.numeric(as.Date('2000-01-01')))/365.25
}
unemp <- within(
    unemp,
    {
        year <- toyear(date)
        month <- as.numeric(format(date, '%m'))
    })
summary(unemp)</pre>
```

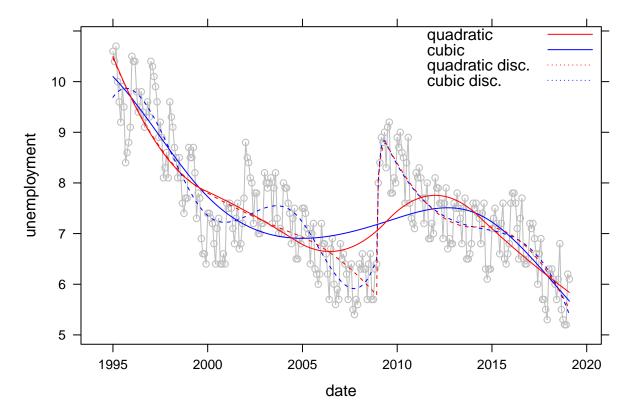
```
month
                     unemployment
     date
                                           : 1.00
       :1995-01-01 Min. : 5.200
                                                            : 1.000
Min.
                                                      Min.
                                      Min.
                                      1st Qu.: 73.25
1st Qu.:2001-01-08 1st Qu.: 6.600
                                                      1st Qu.: 3.000
Median : 2007-01-16 Median : 7.300
                                                       Median : 6.000
                                      Median :145.50
Mean
       :2007-01-15
                    Mean : 7.448
                                      Mean :145.50
                                                       Mean : 6.466
3rd Qu.:2013-01-24
                     3rd Qu.: 8.100
                                      3rd Qu.:217.75
                                                       3rd Qu.: 9.000
Max.
       :2019-02-01 Max. :10.700
                                             :290.00
                                                       Max. :12.000
                                      Max.
     year
Min.
      :-4.999
1st Qu.: 1.023
Median : 7.043
      : 7.041
Mean
3rd Qu.:13.066
       :19.086
Max.
quintiles <- quantile(unemp$year, 1:4/5)
sp2 <- gspline(quintiles, 2, 1) # quadratic spline
sp3 <- gspline(quintiles, 3, 2) # cubic spline</pre>
quintiles_with_crash <- sort(c(quintiles, toyear(as.Date('2008-12-15')))))
sp2d <- gspline(quintiles_with_crash, 2, c(1,1,-1,1,1))</pre>
sp3d <- gspline(quintiles_with_crash, 3, c(2,2,-1,2,2))
fit2 <- lm(unemployment ~ sp2(year), unemp)</pre>
summary(fit2)
Call:
lm(formula = unemployment ~ sp2(year), data = unemp)
Residuals:
    Min
              1Q
                   Median
                                3Q
                                        Max
-1.51604 -0.49821 -0.01906 0.47250 1.90185
Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                              0.09008 86.868 < 2e-16 ***
(Intercept)
                   7.82474
sp2(year)D1|0
                  -0.17468
                              0.06700 -2.607 0.00961 **
                  -0.01409
                              0.02529 -0.557 0.57785
sp2(year)D2|0
sp2(year)C2|-0.184 -0.17031
                              0.06748 -2.524 0.01216 *
sp2(year)C2|4.63
                   0.14677
                              0.04567
                                       3.214 0.00146 **
                              0.04569 -6.324 9.9e-10 ***
sp2(year)C2|9.45
                  -0.28896
sp2(year)C2|14.3
                   0.17277
                              0.06750
                                       2.560 0.01100 *
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.7104 on 283 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.6344,
                               Adjusted R-squared: 0.6266
F-statistic: 81.84 on 6 and 283 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
unemp$fit2 <- predict(fit2)</pre>
fit3 <- lm(unemployment ~ sp3(year), unemp)</pre>
summary(fit3)
```

```
Call:
lm(formula = unemployment ~ sp3(year), data = unemp)
Residuals:
                  Median
    Min
               1Q
                                 3Q
                                        Max
-1.65225 -0.53935 0.01539 0.51200 1.94448
Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                   7.728274
                              0.115711 66.789 < 2e-16 ***
                              0.047831 -7.879 7.19e-14 ***
sp3(year)D1|0
                   -0.376882
                                        1.891
sp3(year)D2|0
                   0.104451
                              0.055240
                                                 0.0597 .
                              0.019865 -0.588
                                                 0.5573
sp3(year)D3|0
                   -0.011672
sp3(year)C3|-0.184 -0.057021
                              0.071984 -0.792
                                                 0.4289
sp3(year)C3|4.63
                   0.002714
                              0.034758
                                         0.078
                                                 0.9378
                              0.034765 -0.545
                                                 0.5864
sp3(year)C3|9.45
                   -0.018936
sp3(year)C3|14.3
                   0.058433
                              0.071957
                                         0.812
                                                 0.4174
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.7385 on 282 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.6062,
                               Adjusted R-squared: 0.5965
F-statistic: 62.02 on 7 and 282 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
unemp$fit3 <- predict(fit3)</pre>
fit2d <- lm(unemployment ~ sp2d(year), unemp)</pre>
summary(fit2d)
Call:
lm(formula = unemployment ~ sp2d(year), data = unemp)
Residuals:
     Min
               1Q
                   Median
                                 3Q
                                        Max
-1.50968 -0.44994 0.05091 0.45359 1.41990
Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                    7.79826 0.07585 102.815 < 2e-16 ***
(Intercept)
sp2d(year)D1|0
                   -0.20751
                               0.05896 -3.520 0.000504 ***
                               0.02526 0.556 0.578491
sp2d(year)D2|0
                    0.01405
sp2d(year)C2|-0.184 -0.12543
                               0.06087 -2.061 0.040267 *
sp2d(year)C2|4.63
                   -0.07886
                               0.07068 -1.116 0.265540
                               0.61367
                                         3.604 0.000371 ***
sp2d(year)C0|8.96
                    2.21150
sp2d(year)C1|8.96
                    4.32041
                               2.67733
                                        1.614 0.107719
sp2d(year)C2|8.96
                   -9.30985
                               5.55410 -1.676 0.094813 .
sp2d(year)C2|9.45
                    9.53430
                               5.57228
                                         1.711 0.088184 .
sp2d(year)C2|14.3
                   -0.31857
                               0.07899 -4.033 7.11e-05 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.5864 on 280 degrees of freedom
```

Adjusted R-squared: 0.7455

Multiple R-squared: 0.7535,

```
F-statistic: 95.08 on 9 and 280 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
unemp$fit2d <- predict(fit2d)</pre>
fit3d <- lm(unemployment ~ sp3d(year), unemp)</pre>
summary(fit3d)
Call:
lm(formula = unemployment ~ sp3d(year), data = unemp)
Residuals:
    Min
              1Q
                 Median
                               3Q
                                       Max
-1.46661 -0.43416 0.04281 0.39201 1.46187
Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                    7.35489 0.08890 82.736 < 2e-16 ***
sp3d(year)D1|0
                    -0.31782
                               0.03501 -9.079 < 2e-16 ***
sp3d(year)D2|0
                     0.43791 0.04935 8.874 < 2e-16 ***
sp3d(year)D3|0
                    -0.19288 0.02219 -8.692 3.13e-16 ***
sp3d(year)C3|-0.184 -0.46972
                               0.06367 -7.377 1.87e-12 ***
sp3d(year)C3|4.63
                               0.07847 7.164 7.03e-12 ***
                     0.56217
sp3d(year)C0|8.96
                     1.12727
                               0.68856
                                        1.637 0.1027
sp3d(year)C1|8.96
                     7.17553 4.63633 1.548 0.1228
sp3d(year)C2|8.96
                  -38.30263 19.38613 -1.976 0.0492 *
sp3d(year)C3|8.96
                   75.58355
                                                0.0568 .
                              39.50921
                                        1.913
sp3d(year)C3|9.45
                  -76.00194 39.53243 -1.923 0.0556 .
sp3d(year)C3|14.3
                   Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.5308 on 278 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.7995,
                              Adjusted R-squared: 0.7916
F-statistic: 100.8 on 11 and 278 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
unemp$fit3d <- predict(fit3d)</pre>
pp <- xyplot(unemployment ~ date, unemp, type = 'b',</pre>
            col = 'gray',
            key = list(
              corner = c(1,1),
              text = list(lab = c('quadratic','cubic','quadratic disc.','cubic disc.')),
              lines = list(col= c('red','blue','red','blue'),
                           lty = c(1,1,3,3))
              )) +
 layer(panel.lines(x, unemp$fit3, col = 'blue')) +
 layer(panel.lines(x, unemp$fit2, col = 'red')) +
 layer(panel.lines(x, unemp$fit3d, col = 'blue', lty = 2)) +
 layer(panel.lines(x, unemp$fit2d, col = 'red', lty = 2))
pp
```



We now add a periodic spline component as a function of months using a cubic spline with period 12 and four internal knot at $12 \times (1/52/53/54/5)$.

```
per3 <- gspline(12 * 1:5/5, 3, 2, periodic = TRUE)
per3</pre>
```

Spline function created by gspline \$ A

•											
	XΟ	X1	Х2	ХЗ	XΟ	X1	Х2	ХЗ	XΟ	X1	Х2
C0 2.4/2.4	-1	-2.4	-5.76	-13.824	1	2.4	5.76	13.824	0	0.0	0.00
C1 2.4/2.4	0	-1.0	-4.80	-17.280	0	1.0	4.80	17.280	0	0.0	0.00
C2 2.4/2.4	0	0.0	-2.00	-14.400	0	0.0	2.00	14.400	0	0.0	0.00
C0 4.8/4.8	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	-1	-4.8	-23.04	-110.592	1	4.8	23.04
C1 4.8/4.8	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	-1.0	-9.60	-69.120	0	1.0	9.60
C2 4.8/4.8	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	-2.00	-28.800	0	0.0	2.00
C0 7.2/7.2	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	-1	-7.2	-51.84
C1 7.2/7.2	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	-1.0	-14.40
C2 7.2/7.2	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	-2.00
C0 9.6/9.6	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00
C1 9.6/9.6	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00
C2 9.6/9.6	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00
C 0 12 / 12	1	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00
C 1 12 / 12	0	1.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00
C 2 12 / 12	0	0.0	2.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00
f(12)/12	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00
D1 12/12	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00
D2 12/12	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00	0.000	0	0.0	0.00

D3 12/12	0.0	0.00	0.000	0.0 0.0	0 0	.000 0	0.0 0.00
C3 2.4/2.4	0 0.0	0.00 -	3.000 0	0.0 0.0	00 6	.000 0	0.0 0.00
	Х3		Х2	X3 X0		Х2	ХЗ
C0 2.4/2.4	0.000	0 0.0	0.00	0.000		0.00	0.000
C1 2.4/2.4	0.000	0 0.0	0.00	0.000		0.00	0.000
C2 2.4/2.4	0.000	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
C0 4.8/4.8	110.592	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
C1 4.8/4.8	69.120	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
C2 4.8/4.8	28.800	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
C0 7.2/7.2	-373.248	1 7.2	51.84		0.0	0.00	0.000
C1 7.2/7.2	-155.520	0 1.0	14.40		0.0	0.00	0.000
C2 7.2/7.2	-43.200	0 0.0	2.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
CO 9.6/9.6		-1 -9.6			9.6	92.16	884.736
C1 9.6/9.6	0.000	0 -1.0		-276.480		19.20	276.480
C2 9.6/9.6	0.000	0 0.0	-2.00	-57.600		2.00	57.600
C 0 12 / 12	0.000	0 0.0	0.00				-1728.000
C 1 12 / 12	0.000	0 0.0	0.00	0.000		-24.00	-432.000
C 2 12 / 12	0.000	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	-2.00	-72.000
f(12)/12	0.000	0 0.0	0.00		12.0	144.00	1728.000
D1 12/12	0.000	0 0.0	0.00		1.0		432.000
D2 12/12	0.000	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	2.00	72.000
D3 12/12	0.000	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	6.000
C3 2.4/2.4	0.000	0 0.0	0.00	0.000	0.0	0.00	0.000
\$Cmat					_		
go lo 4 /o 4	X0 X1	X2	X3 X0		(2	X3 X0	X1 X2
CO 2.4/2.4	-1 -2.4					.824 0	0.0 0.00
C1 2.4/2.4		-4.80 -1				.280 0	0.0 0.00
C2 2.4/2.4		-2.00 -14		0.0 2.0		.400 0	0.0 0.00
C0 4.8/4.8	0 0.0			-4.8 -23.0			4.8 23.04
C1 4.8/4.8	0 0.0			-1.0 -9.6 0.0 -2.0		.120 0 .800 0	1.0 9.60 0.0 2.00
C2 4.8/4.8 C0 7.2/7.2			0.000 0 0.000 0				-7.2 -51.84
C1 7.2/7.2			0.000 0				-7.2 - 51.64 -1.0 - 14.40
C2 7.2/7.2	0 0.0		0.000 0			.000 0	0.0 - 14.40
CO 9.6/9.6	0 0.0		0.000 0	0.0 0.0		.000 0	0.0 -2.00
C1 9.6/9.6	0 0.0		0.000 0	0.0 0.0		.000 0	0.0 0.00
C2 9.6/9.6	0 0.0		0.000 0	0.0 0.0		.000 0	0.0 0.00
C 0 12 / 12	1 0.0		0.000 0			.000 0	0.0 0.00
C 1 12 / 12			0.000 0			.000 0	0.0 0.00
C 2 12 / 12			0.000	0.0 0.0		.000 0	0.0 0.00
f(12)/12	0 0.0		0.000 0	0.0 0.0		.000 0	0.0 0.00
_ (//		XO X1	Х2	X3 X0			ХЗ
C0 2.4/2.4	0.000	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
C1 2.4/2.4	0.000	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
C2 2.4/2.4	0.000	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
C0 4.8/4.8	110.592	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
C1 4.8/4.8	69.120	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
C2 4.8/4.8	28.800	0 0.0	0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
CO 7.2/7.2	-373.248	1 7.2	51.84		0.0	0.00	0.000
C1 7.2/7.2	-155.520	0 1.0	14.40		0.0	0.00	0.000
C2 7.2/7.2	-43.200	0.0	2.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
C0 9.6/9.6	0.000	-1 -9.6	-92.16	-884.736	9.6	92.16	884.736
C1 9.6/9.6	0.000	0 -1.0	-19.20	-276.480	1.0	19.20	276.480

C2 9.6/9.6	0.000	0	0.0	-2.00	-57.6	300 0	0.0	2.00	57	.600
C 0 12 / 12	0.000		0.0	0.00				-144.00		
C 1 12 / 12	0.000		0.0	0.00		0 00	-1.0	-24.00		.000
C 2 12 / 12	0.000		0.0	0.00		0 000	0.0	-2.00		.000
f(12)/12	0.000		0.0	0.00		000 1	12.0	144.00		.000
_ (,,	0.000			0.00		_				
\$constraint_ma	at									
*	X0 X1	X2		хз хо) X1	X2		X3 X0	X1	Х2
C0 2.4/2.4	-1 -2.4					5.76		.824 0	0.0	0.00
C1 2.4/2.4	0 -1.0					4.80		.280 0	0.0	0.00
C2 2.4/2.4		-2.00				2.00		.400 0	0.0	0.00
C0 4.8/4.8	0 0.0	0.00				-23.04				23.04
C1 4.8/4.8	0 0.0	0.00			-1.0	-9.60		.120 0	1.0	9.60
C2 4.8/4.8	0 0.0	0.00		.000		-2.00		.800 0	0.0	2.00
C0 7.2/7.2	0 0.0	0.00		.000		0.00		.000 -1		
C1 7.2/7.2	0 0.0	0.00		.000		0.00			-1.0 -	
C2 7.2/7.2	0 0.0	0.00		.000		0.00		.000 0		-2.00
C0 9.6/9.6	0 0.0	0.00		.000		0.00		.000 0	0.0	0.00
C1 9.6/9.6	0 0.0	0.00		.000		0.00		.000 0	0.0	0.00
C2 9.6/9.6	0 0.0	0.00		.000		0.00		.000 0	0.0	0.00
C 0 12 / 12	1 0.0	0.00		.000		0.00		.000 0	0.0	0.00
C 1 12 / 12	0 1.0	0.00		.000		0.00		.000 0	0.0	0.00
C 2 12 / 12	0 0.0	2.00		.000		0.00		.000 0	0.0	0.00
f(12)/12	0 0.0	0.00		.000		0.00		.000 0	0.0	0.00
_ (,,		3 XO	X1	Х2		X3 X0	X1	Х2		ХЗ
C0 2.4/2.4	0.000		0.0	0.00	0.0	0 000	0.0	0.00		.000
C1 2.4/2.4	0.000		0.0	0.00		000	0.0	0.00		.000
C2 2.4/2.4	0.000		0.0	0.00		000	0.0	0.00		.000
C0 4.8/4.8	110.592		0.0	0.00		000	0.0	0.00		.000
C1 4.8/4.8	69.120		0.0	0.00		000	0.0	0.00		.000
C2 4.8/4.8	28.800		0.0	0.00		000	0.0	0.00		.000
C0 7.2/7.2	-373.248		7.2	51.84	373.2		0.0	0.00		.000
C1 7.2/7.2	-155.520		1.0	14.40	155.5		0.0	0.00		.000
C2 7.2/7.2	-43.200		0.0	2.00	43.2		0.0	0.00		.000
CO 9.6/9.6				-92.16			9.6	92.16		.736
C1 9.6/9.6	0.000			-19.20			1.0	19.20		.480
C2 9.6/9.6	0.000		0.0	-2.00	-57.6		0.0	2.00		.600
C 0 12 / 12	0.000		0.0	0.00				-144.00		
C 1 12 / 12	0.000		0.0	0.00		000	-1.0	-24.00		.000
C 2 12 / 12	0.000		0.0	0.00		000	0.0	-2.00		.000
f(12)/12	0.000		0.0	0.00		000 1	12.0	144.00		.000
· · ·	,	-	-		- 7 .				•	· · ·
\$constraints										

NULL

\$debug [1] FALSE

\$degree [1] 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

\$dest

D1|12/12 D2|12/12 D3|12/12 C3|2.4/2.4 g(12)/12 0 0 0 0

[1] "gspline_matrix" "matrix"

\$Dmat smoothness indices

[1] 1 5 6 7 9 10 11 13 14 15 17 18 19 21 22 23

\$Emat

XO X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2 D1 | 12/12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 24 432 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 72 D2|12/12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 D3 | 12/12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 0 C3|2.4/2.4 0 0 0 -6 0 0 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

\$estimate_mat

XO X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2 X3 X0 X1 X2 ХЗ D1|12/12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 24 432 0 0 0 D2 | 12/12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 72 D3|12/12 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6 C3|2.4/2.4 0 -6 0 0 6 0 0 0 0 0 0

\$estimates

NULL

\$froms

[1] "^D3\\|12/12\$"

\$G

D1|12/12 D2|12/12 D3|12-/12 C3|2.4/2.4 XΟ 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 Х1 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 Х2 0.00000 0.50000 0.00000 0.00000 ХЗ -0.03617 -0.04340 -0.04167 -0.04167 XΟ 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 -2.30400Х1 1.00000 0.00000 0.00000 2.88000 X2 0.00000 0.50000 0.00000 -1.20000 ХЗ -0.03617 -0.04340 -0.04167 0.12500 25.34400 X0 -24.00000 9.60000 -46.08000 16.00000 -6.00000 28.80000 -14.40000 X2 -3.12500 1.75000 -6.00000 2.40000 0.18084 -0.12500 ХЗ -0.13021 0.37500 X0 84.00000 -120.00000 264.96000 -36.86400 X1 -29.00000 48.00000 -100.80000 11.52000 Х2 3.12500 -5.75000 12.00000 -1.20000 ХЗ -0.10851 0.21701 -0.45833 0.04167 XO -12.00000 72.00000 -288.00000 0.00000 Х1 1.00000 -12.00000 72.00000 0.00000 Х2 0.00000 0.50000 -6.00000 0.00000 ХЗ 0.00000 0.00000 0.16667 0.00000

\$i

[1] 1

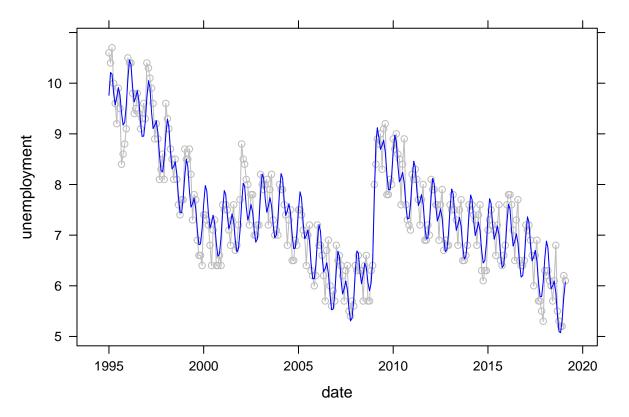
```
$intercept
[1] 0
$knots
[1] 2.4 4.8 7.2 9.6 12.0
$max_degree
[1] 3
$periodic
[1] TRUE
$smoothness
$smoothness[[1]]
[1] 0 1 2
$smoothness[[2]]
[1] 0 1 2
$smoothness[[3]]
[1] 0 1 2
$smoothness[[4]]
[1] 0 1 2
$smoothness[[5]]
[1] 0 1 2
$tolerance
[1] 1e-14
$tos
[1] "D3|12-/12"
fitper3 <- lm(unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + per3(month), unemp)</pre>
summary(fitper3)
lm(formula = unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + per3(month), data = unemp)
Residuals:
                 Median
    Min
              1Q
                               3Q
                                      Max
-1.01225 -0.23279 -0.00892 0.20521 1.18149
Coefficients:
                      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                       sp3d(year)D1|0
                      -0.32959
                                  0.02339 -14.091 < 2e-16 ***
sp3d(year)D2|0
                       0.46948
                                  0.03300 14.225 < 2e-16 ***
sp3d(year)D3|0
                      -0.20769
                                  0.01484 -13.994 < 2e-16 ***
                                  0.04262 -12.223 < 2e-16 ***
sp3d(year)C3|-0.184
                      -0.52094
```

0.05253 11.942 < 2e-16 ***

0.62740

sp3d(year)C3|4.63

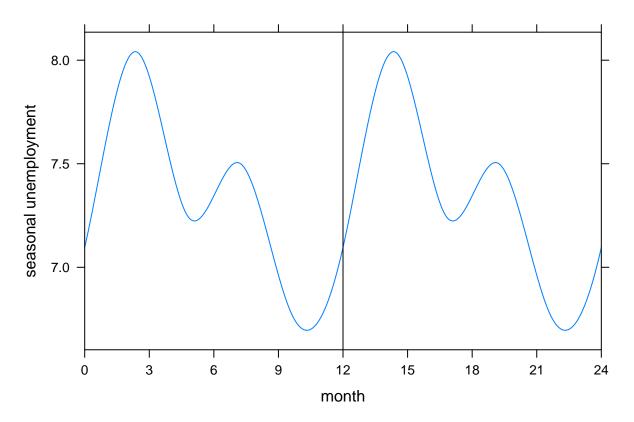
```
sp3d(year)C0|8.96
                         0.11441
                                     0.46534
                                               0.246 0.805973
sp3d(year)C1|8.96
                        11.37552
                                    3.12632
                                               3.639 0.000327 ***
sp3d(year)C2|8.96
                       -56.50467
                                    13.07145 -4.323 2.16e-05 *
sp3d(year)C3|8.96
                       112.04499
                                    26.63734
                                               4.206 3.52e-05
sp3d(year)C3|9.45
                       -112.50572
                                    26.65288
                                              -4.221 3.31e-05
sp3d(year)C3|14.3
                         -0.05644
                                    0.06728
                                              -0.839 0.402317
per3(month)D1|12/12
                         0.45981
                                     0.02659
                                              17.290 < 2e-16 ***
per3(month)D2|12/12
                         0.24369
                                    0.05616
                                               4.339 2.02e-05 ***
per3(month)D3|12-/12
                         -0.03609
                                     0.04414
                                             -0.818 0.414265
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4
                         0.87800
                                     0.08373
                                             10.486
                                                     < 2e-16 ***
                  '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Signif. codes:
Residual standard error: 0.3545 on 274 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9119,
                                Adjusted R-squared: 0.907
F-statistic:
               189 on 15 and 274 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
unemp$fitper3 <- predict(fitper3)</pre>
pp <- xyplot(unemployment ~ date, unemp, type = 'b',
             col = 'gray') +
  layer(panel.lines(x, unemp$fitper3, col = 'blue'))
pp
```



We can examine the monthly periodic spline fit

```
pred <- data.frame(month = seq(0,24,.01), year = 0)
pred$fitper3 <- predict(fitper3, newdata = pred)
xyplot(fitper3 ~ month, pred, type = 'l',</pre>
```

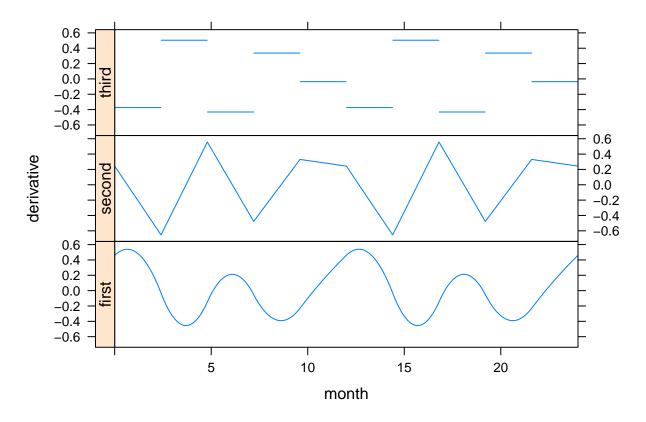
```
xlim = c(0,24),
scales = list( x = list( at =3 * 0:8)),
ylab = 'seasonal unemployment') +
layer(panel.abline(v = 12))
```



Although, the cubic periodic spline has only three free parameters fully determined by the first three derivatives on the left of 0, the third derivative is not continuous as the following plot of derivatives shows.

```
derivs <- expand.grid(month = seq(0, 24, .01), D = 1:3)
Ld <- with(derivs, per3(month, D = D, limit = -1))
Ld <- cbind(0*Ld[,rep(1,12)], Ld)
derivs <- cbind(derivs, walddf(fitper3, Ld))</pre>
```

Warning in wald(fit = fit, Llist = Llist, clevel = clevel, data = data, : Poorly conditioned L matrix, calculated numDF may be incorrect



Ldi <- per3(seq(0,24,12/10), D = 3)

Now, using Lfx:

summary(fitper3)

Call:

lm(formula = unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + per3(month), data = unemp)

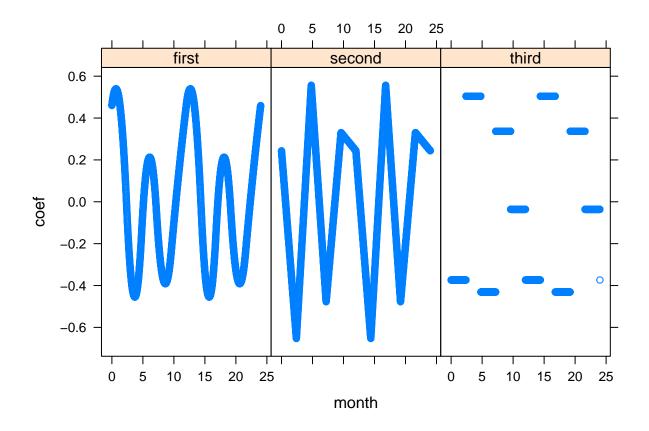
Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -1.01225 -0.23279 -0.00892 0.20521 1.18149

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	7.09603	0.07537	94.143	< 2e-16	***
sp3d(year)D1 0	-0.32959	0.02339	-14.091	< 2e-16	***
sp3d(year)D2 0	0.46948	0.03300	14.225	< 2e-16	***
sp3d(year)D3 0	-0.20769	0.01484	-13.994	< 2e-16	***
sp3d(year)C3 -0.184	-0.52094	0.04262	-12.223	< 2e-16	***
sp3d(year)C3 4.63	0.62740	0.05253	11.942	< 2e-16	***
sp3d(year)C0 8.96	0.11441	0.46534	0.246	0.805973	
sp3d(year)C1 8.96	11.37552	3.12632	3.639	0.000327	***
sp3d(year)C2 8.96	-56.50467	13.07145	-4.323	2.16e-05	***
sp3d(year)C3 8.96	112.04499	26.63734	4.206	3.52e-05	***
sp3d(year)C3 9.45	-112.50572	26.65288	-4.221	3.31e-05	***

```
sp3d(year)C3|14.3
                       -0.05644
                                   0.06728 -0.839 0.402317
                        0.45981
per3(month)D1|12/12
                                   0.02659 17.290 < 2e-16 ***
per3(month)D2|12/12
                        0.24369
                                   0.05616 4.339 2.02e-05 ***
per3(month)D3|12-/12
                       -0.03609
                                   0.04414 -0.818 0.414265
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4
                        0.87800
                                   0.08373 10.486 < 2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.3545 on 274 degrees of freedom
                               Adjusted R-squared: 0.907
Multiple R-squared: 0.9119,
F-statistic:
              189 on 15 and 274 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
Lfx(fitper3)
list(1,
1 * M(sp3d(year)),
1 * M(per3(month))
derivs$year <- 0
ww <- walddf(
 fitper3,
 Lfx(fitper3,
     list( 0,
0 * M(sp3d(year)),
1 * M(per3(month, D = D))),
data = derivs))
Warning in wald(fit = fit, Llist = Llist, clevel = clevel, data = data, :
Poorly conditioned L matrix, calculated numDF may be incorrect
head(ww)
                                      U2
                                                L2 month D
               coef
                                                                coef
                            se
D1.12.12
          0.4598073 0.02659434 0.5129960 0.4066186 0.00 1 0.4598073
D1.0.01.12 0.462255 0.02660005 0.5154256 0.4090254 0.01 1 0.462255
D1.0.02.12 0.4646064 0.02661603 0.5178385 0.4113743 0.02 1 0.4646064
D1.0.03.12 0.4669499 0.02664200 0.5202339 0.4136659 0.03 1 0.4669499
D1.0.04.12 0.4692560 0.02667766 0.5226113 0.4159007 0.04 1 0.4692560
D1.0.05.12 0.4715247 0.02672273 0.5249702 0.4180793 0.05 1 0.4715247
                  se
                            U2
                                      L2 order year
D1.12.12
          0.02659434 0.5129960 0.4066186 first
D1.0.01.12 0.02660005 0.5154256 0.4090254 first
D1.0.02.12 0.02661603 0.5178385 0.4113743 first
                                                  0
D1.0.03.12 0.02664200 0.5202339 0.4136659 first
D1.0.04.12 0.02667766 0.5226113 0.4159007 first
                                                  0
D1.0.05.12 0.02672273 0.5249702 0.4180793 first
xyplot(coef ~ month order, ww) ################ WORKED !!!!
```



Does the seasonal pattern change?

We can use an interaction between the seasonal periodic model and the secular model to address whether the seasonal pattern changes over time. To maintain parsimony the interaction can be constructed with a spline with fewer degree of freedom than

```
sp1d <- gspline(quintiles_with_crash, 1, 0)
fit_int <- lm(
  unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + per3(month) + year:per3(month),
  unemp)
summary(fit_int)</pre>
```

```
Call:
```

```
lm(formula = unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + per3(month) + year:per3(month),
    data = unemp)
```

Residuals:

```
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -0.81947 -0.22455 -0.00629 0.21794 1.10521
```

Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)

(Intercept) 7.188e+00 8.668e-02 82.928 < 2e-16 ***

sp3d(year)D1|0 -3.470e-01 2.366e-02 -14.666 < 2e-16 ***

sp3d(year)D2|0 4.750e-01 3.222e-02 14.742 < 2e-16 ***
```

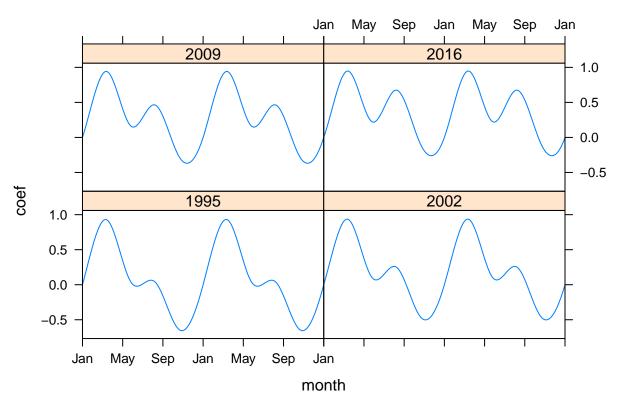
```
sp3d(year)D3|0
                         -2.097e-01 1.448e-02 -14.480 < 2e-16 ***
                         -5.304e-01 4.167e-02 -12.730 < 2e-16 ***
sp3d(year)C3|-0.184
                          6.316e-01 5.122e-02 12.330 < 2e-16 ***
sp3d(year)C3|4.63
sp3d(year)C0|8.96
                          1.676e-01 4.539e-01 0.369 0.712182
sp3d(year)C1|8.96
                          1.105e+01 3.049e+00
                                               3.625 0.000345 ***
                         -5.525e+01 1.275e+01 -4.334 2.07e-05 ***
sp3d(year)C2|8.96
sp3d(year)C3|8.96
                          1.095e+02 2.598e+01 4.215 3.41e-05 ***
sp3d(year)C3|9.45
                         -1.100e+02 2.599e+01 -4.231 3.19e-05 ***
sp3d(year)C3|14.3
                         -4.726e-02 6.572e-02 -0.719 0.472691
per3(month)D1|12/12
                          5.035e-01 3.680e-02 13.683 < 2e-16 ***
per3(month)D2|12/12
                          1.747e-01 7.832e-02 2.231 0.026517 *
                         -8.550e-02 6.152e-02 -1.390 0.165779
per3(month)D3|12-/12
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4
                          8.184e-01 1.159e-01
                                               7.062 1.39e-11 ***
per3(month)D1|12/12:year
                         -6.179e-03 3.674e-03 -1.682 0.093795 .
per3(month)D2|12/12:year
                          9.197e-03 7.863e-03
                                              1.170 0.243167
per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
                          6.545e-03 6.184e-03
                                                1.058 0.290850
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year 7.824e-03 1.167e-02
                                                0.671 0.503089
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.3455 on 270 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9175,
                              Adjusted R-squared: 0.9117
F-statistic:
              158 on 19 and 270 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
car::Anova(fit_int)
Anova Table (Type II tests)
Response: unemployment
                Sum Sq Df F value
                                      Pr(>F)
sp3d(year)
                203.433 11 154.8935 < 2.2e-16 ***
per3(month)
                43.889
                        4 91.8964 < 2.2e-16 ***
per3(month):year
                 2.193
                             4.5919 0.001329 **
                         4
Residuals
                32.237 270
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
wald(fit int, ':')
 numDF denDF F.value p.value
         270 4.591883 0.00133
     4
Coefficients
                            Estimate Std.Error DF
                                                    t-value p-value
                           per3(month)D1|12/12:year
 per3(month)D2|12/12:year
                                                  1.169665 0.24317
                            0.009197 0.007863 270
 per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
                            per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year 0.007824 0.011668 270 0.670537 0.50309
Coefficients
                           Lower 0.95 Upper 0.95
 per3(month)D1|12/12:year
                            -0.013413
                                       0.001055
 per3(month)D2|12/12:year
                            -0.006284
                                       0.024678
 per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
                            -0.005630
                                       0.018720
 per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year
                            -0.015149
                                       0.030797
```

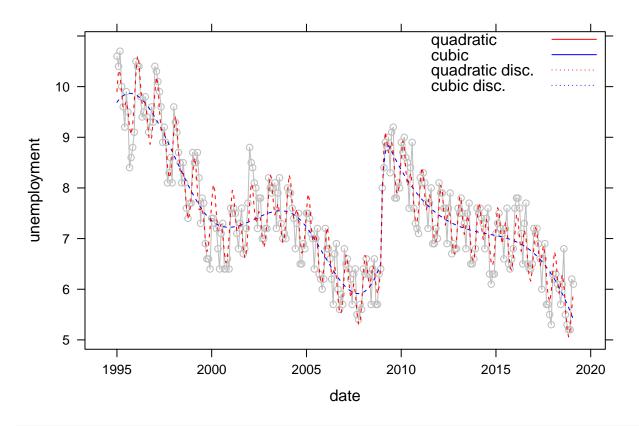
There is weak evidence of a change in the seasonal pattern, however, if we wished to visualize the seasonal pattern at different years we can proceed as follows.

```
Lfx(fit_int)
list(1,
1 * M(sp3d(year)),
1 * M(per3(month)),
1 * M(per3(month)) * year
quintiles_with_crash
       20%
                  40%
                                        60%
                                                    80%
-0.1839836 4.6340862 8.9555099 9.4483231 14.2642026
range(unemp$year)
[1] -4.999316 19.085558
pred <- expand.grid(</pre>
 month = seq(0,24,.1),
 date = as.Date(c('1995-01-01','2002-01-01','2009-01-01','2016-01-01')),
 D = 1)
pred$year <- toyear(pred$date)</pre>
ww <- walddf(
 fit_int,
  Lfx(fit_int,
      list( 0,
            0 * M(sp3d(year)),
            1 * M(per3(month)),
            1 * M(per3(month)) * year
      ), pred)
Warning in wald(fit = fit, Llist = Llist, clevel = clevel, data = data, :
Poorly conditioned L matrix, calculated numDF may be incorrect
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf
```

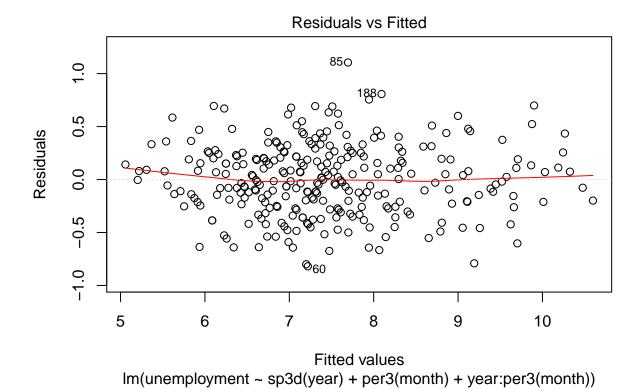
Warning in min(dfs[x != 0]): no non-missing arguments to min; returning Inf

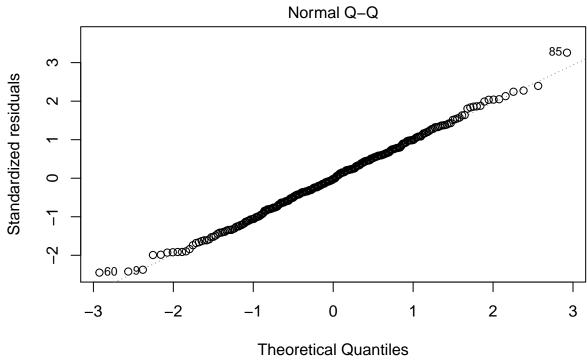
Seasonal component of U.S. unemployment



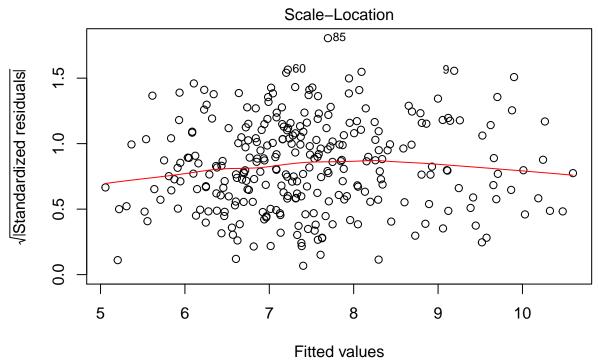


diagnostics
plot(fit_int)

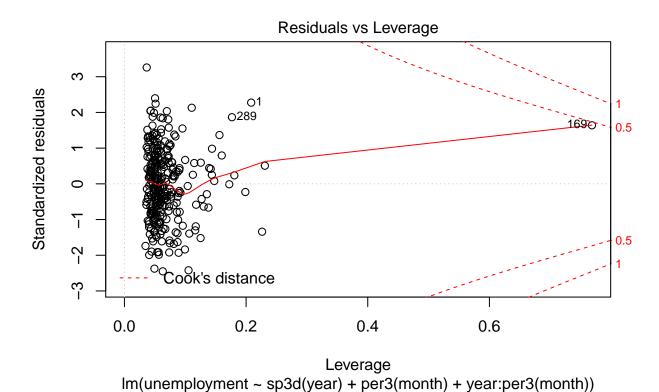




I heoretical Quantiles
Im(unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + per3(month) + year:per3(month))



Im(unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + per3(month) + year:per3(month))



```
unemp[169,] # as expected
                             x month
                                                                     fit2d
          date unemployment
                                          year
                                                    fit2
                                                             fit3
169 2009-01-01
                          8 169
                                    1 9.002053 7.081329 7.186382 8.149947
       fit3d fitper3 fit_int
169 8.016123 7.717591 7.727456
library(nlme)
fit_int_ar <-
  gls(
    unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + per3(month) + year:per3(month),
    unemp, correlation = corAR1(form = ~ 1))
summary(fit_int_ar)
Generalized least squares fit by REML
  Model: unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + per3(month) + year:per3(month)
  Data: unemp
      AIC
               BIC
                      logLik
  347.239 426.4043 -151.6195
Correlation Structure: AR(1)
 Formula: ~1
Parameter estimate(s):
     Phi
0.2061011
Coefficients:
```

```
t-value p-value
                               Value Std.Error
(Intercept)
                                     0.102450 70.30987 0.0000
                             7.20327
sp3d(year)D1|0
                            -0.34489
                                      0.029310 -11.76710 0.0000
sp3d(year)D2|0
                             0.47041
                                      0.040032
                                               11.75086 0.0000
sp3d(year)D3|0
                            -0.20776
                                      0.017987 -11.55040 0.0000
                            -0.52275 0.051546 -10.14142 0.0000
sp3d(year)C3|-0.184
                                                 9.87704 0.0000
sp3d(year)C3|4.63
                             0.62486 0.063263
sp3d(year)C0|8.96
                             0.34431 0.479463
                                                 0.71813 0.4733
sp3d(year)C1|8.96
                             9.98363 3.360159
                                                 2.97118
                                                         0.0032
sp3d(year)C2|8.96
                           -50.71109 14.007588
                                               -3.62026 0.0004
sp3d(year)C3|8.96
                           100.30656 28.586731
                                                 3.50885 0.0005
                          -100.76493 28.602630
                                                -3.52293 0.0005
sp3d(year)C3|9.45
sp3d(year)C3|14.3
                            -0.05005 0.081099
                                                -0.61720 0.5376
per3(month)D1|12/12
                             0.49929 0.041326
                                                12.08179 0.0000
per3(month)D2|12/12
                                      0.084733
                                                 1.87031 0.0625
                             0.15848
per3(month)D3|12-/12
                            -0.09534
                                      0.066487
                                                -1.43398
                                                         0.1527
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4
                             0.79264
                                      0.125229
                                                 6.32950 0.0000
per3(month)D1|12/12:year
                            -0.00603
                                      0.004122
                                                -1.46251 0.1448
per3(month)D2|12/12:year
                                                 1.10514 0.2701
                             0.00939
                                      0.008493
per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
                             0.00658
                                      0.006677
                                                 0.98484 0.3256
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year
                             0.00803 0.012591
                                                 0.63808 0.5240
Correlation:
                          (Intr) s3()D1 s3()D2 s3()D3 s3()C3|- s3()C3|4
                          -0.034
sp3d(year)D1|0
sp3d(year)D2|0
                          -0.523 - 0.368
sp3d(year)D3|0
                           0.488 0.129 -0.956
sp3d(year)C3|-0.184
                           0.443 0.457 -0.974 0.921
                          -0.362 0.087 0.763 -0.902 -0.742
sp3d(year)C3|4.63
sp3d(year)C0|8.96
                           0.015 -0.031 -0.076 0.109 0.079
                                                               -0.194
sp3d(year)C1|8.96
                           0.047 -0.019 -0.051 0.074 0.052
                                                               -0.118
sp3d(year)C2|8.96
                          -0.031 0.005 0.012 -0.019 -0.012
                                                                0.042
sp3d(year)C3|8.96
                           0.034 -0.007 -0.020 0.030 0.020
                                                               -0.055
                          -0.034 0.007 0.019 -0.028 -0.019
                                                                0.053
sp3d(year)C3|9.45
                           0.022 -0.011 -0.001 0.002 0.001
sp3d(year)C3|14.3
                                                               -0.004
                          -0.023 -0.053 0.063 -0.055 -0.084
                                                                0.048
per3(month)D1|12/12
per3(month)D2|12/12
                          -0.599 0.145 0.010 -0.011 -0.014
                                                                0.015
per3(month)D3|12-/12
                          -0.516 0.137 -0.005 0.002 0.006
                                                                0.002
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4
                          -0.422 0.080 0.030 -0.027 -0.040
                                                                0.026
per3(month)D1|12/12:year
                           0.019 0.051 -0.048 0.037 0.067
                                                               -0.020
per3(month)D2|12/12:year
                           0.425 -0.201 -0.002 0.000 0.005
                                                                0.004
per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
                           0.007
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year
                           0.300 -0.119 -0.019 0.014 0.028
                                                               -0.006
                          s3()C0 s3()C1 s3()C2 s3()C3|8 s3()C3|9 s3()C3|1
sp3d(year)D1|0
sp3d(year)D2|0
sp3d(year)D3|0
sp3d(year)C3|-0.184
sp3d(year)C3|4.63
sp3d(year)C0|8.96
                          -0.838
sp3d(year)C1|8.96
sp3d(year)C2|8.96
                           0.852 - 0.995
sp3d(year)C3|8.96
                          -0.846 0.995 -1.000
                           0.846 -0.995 1.000 -1.000
sp3d(year)C3|9.45
```

```
sp3d(year)C3|14.3
                           -0.134 0.317 -0.360 0.366
                                                          -0.367
per3(month)D1|12/12
                           -0.063 0.040 -0.043 0.042
                                                          -0.042
                                                                    0.007
per3(month)D2|12/12
                            0.000 -0.013 0.012 -0.013
                                                           0.013
                                                                   -0.013
                            0.013 -0.019 0.019 -0.019
                                                                   -0.012
per3(month)D3|12-/12
                                                           0.019
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4
                           -0.034 0.019 -0.021 0.020
                                                          -0.020
                                                                    0.003
per3(month)D1|12/12:year
                           -0.028 0.021 -0.019 0.019
                                                          -0.019
                                                                   -0.030
per3(month)D2|12/12:year
                           -0.003 -0.003 0.003 -0.003
                                                           0.003
                                                                    0.009
per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
                            0.003 -0.007 0.006 -0.006
                                                           0.006
                                                                    0.012
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year -0.018  0.012 -0.011  0.011
                                                          -0.011
                                                                   -0.019
                           pr3()D1|12/12 pr3()D2|12/12 pr3()D3|12-/12
sp3d(year)D1|0
sp3d(year)D2|0
sp3d(year)D3|0
sp3d(year)C3|-0.184
sp3d(year)C3|4.63
sp3d(year)C0|8.96
sp3d(year)C1|8.96
sp3d(year)C2|8.96
sp3d(year)C3|8.96
sp3d(year)C3|9.45
sp3d(year)C3|14.3
per3(month)D1|12/12
per3(month)D2|12/12
                           -0.006
per3(month)D3|12-/12
                           -0.306
                                           0.941
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4
                            0.494
                                           0.793
                                                         0.578
per3(month)D1|12/12:year
                           -0.711
                                           0.004
                                                         0.219
per3(month)D2|12/12:year
                            0.008
                                          -0.714
                                                        -0.673
per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
                                                        -0.714
                            0.220
                                          -0.670
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year -0.345
                                          -0.565
                                                        -0.413
                           pr3()C3|2.4/2.4 p3()D1|12/12: p3()D2|12/12:
sp3d(year)D1|0
sp3d(year)D2|0
sp3d(year)D3|0
sp3d(year)C3|-0.184
sp3d(year)C3|4.63
sp3d(year)C0|8.96
sp3d(year)C1|8.96
sp3d(year)C2|8.96
sp3d(year)C3|8.96
sp3d(year)C3|9.45
sp3d(year)C3|14.3
per3(month)D1|12/12
per3(month)D2|12/12
per3(month)D3|12-/12
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4
per3(month)D1|12/12:year
                           -0.350
per3(month)D2|12/12:year
                           -0.565
                                            -0.005
per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
                                            -0.304
                                                           0.941
                           -0.411
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year -0.710
                                             0.494
                                                           0.790
                           p3()D3|12-/12:
sp3d(year)D1|0
sp3d(year)D2|0
sp3d(year)D3|0
sp3d(year)C3|-0.184
```

```
sp3d(year)C3|4.63
sp3d(year)C0|8.96
sp3d(year)C1|8.96
sp3d(year)C2|8.96
sp3d(year)C3|8.96
sp3d(year)C3|9.45
sp3d(year)C3|14.3
per3(month)D1|12/12
per3(month)D2|12/12
per3(month)D3|12-/12
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4
per3(month)D1|12/12:year
per3(month)D2|12/12:year
per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year 0.575
Standardized residuals:
       Min
                              Med
                                          Q3
-2.37792460 -0.60362972 -0.02779245 0.61281912 3.14160864
Residual standard error: 0.3508346
Degrees of freedom: 290 total; 270 residual
anova(fit_int_ar, fit_int)
          Model df
                       AIC
                                BIC
                                       logLik
                                               Test L.Ratio p-value
              1 22 347.2390 426.4043 -151.6195
fit_int_ar
              2 21 355.9367 431.5036 -156.9684 1 vs 2 10.69773 0.0011
fit int
car::Anova(fit_int_ar)
Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
Response: unemployment
                     Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
sp3d(year)
                11 1127.600
                              < 2e-16 ***
per3(month)
                4 274.712
                              < 2e-16 ***
per3(month):year 4
                    13.017
                              0.01119 *
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
wald(fit_int, ':')
 numDF denDF F.value p.value
         270 4.591883 0.00133
Coefficients
                            Estimate Std.Error DF
                                                    t-value p-value
 per3(month)D1|12/12:year
                           -0.006179 0.003674 270 -1.681638 0.09380
 per3(month)D2|12/12:year
                            per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
                            per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year 0.007824 0.011668 270 0.670537 0.50309
Coefficients
                           Lower 0.95 Upper 0.95
 per3(month)D1|12/12:year
                            -0.013413
                                       0.001055
 per3(month)D2|12/12:year
                            -0.006284
                                       0.024678
 per3(month)D3|12-/12:year
                            -0.005630
                                       0.018720
```

```
per3(month)C3|2.4/2.4:year -0.015149 0.030797
fit_int_ar2 <- update(fit_int_ar, correlation = corARMA(form = ~ 1, p = 2, q = 0))
anova( fit_int_ar2, fit_int_ar, fit_int)
            Model df
                          AIC
                                                    Test
                                   BIC
                                          logLik
                                                          L.Ratio p-value
fit_int_ar2
                1 23 345.5980 428.3617 -149.7990
fit_int_ar
                2 22 347.2390 426.4043 -151.6195 1 vs 2 3.641013 0.0564
                3 21 355.9367 431.5036 -156.9684 2 vs 3 10.697733 0.0011
fit_int
Comparison with a Fourier model
Sin <- function(x) cbind(sin=sin(2*pi*x),cos=cos(2*pi*x))
fit_fourier_int <- gls(</pre>
  unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + Sin(month/12) + Sin(2*month/12) + Sin(3*month/12)+
    Sin(4*month/12) +
    year:(Sin(month/12) + Sin(2*month/12)),
  unemp, correlation = corAR1(form = ~ 1))
car::Anova(fit_fourier_int)
Analysis of Deviance Table (Type II tests)
Response: unemployment
                       Df
                              Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
sp3d(year)
                       11 1311.0913 < 2.2e-16 ***
                        2 161.9144 < 2.2e-16 ***
Sin(month/12)
Sin(2 * month/12)
                      2 216.2328 < 2.2e-16 ***
3.514e-13 ***
2 212.2903 < 2.2e-16 ***
Sin(month/12):year 2 12.9711 ^ 5
Sin(2 * ***)
Sin(2 * month/12):year 2
                             2.5628 0.277646
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
AIC(fit_fourier_int, fit_int_ar)
Warning in AIC.default(fit_fourier_int, fit_int_ar): models are not all
fitted to the same number of observations
                       AIC
fit_fourier_int 26 194.148
fit_int_ar
                22 347.239
fit_factor_int <- lm(</pre>
  unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + factor(month) + year:factor(month),
  unemp)
car::Anova(fit_factor_int)
Anova Table (Type II tests)
Response: unemployment
                    Sum Sq Df F value
                                           Pr(>F)
sp3d(year)
                   173.203 10 280.6698 < 2.2e-16 ***
factor(month)
                  59.481 11 87.6251 < 2.2e-16 ***
factor(month):year 3.040 11 4.4785 3.461e-06 ***
```

```
Residuals 15.798 256
---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
anova(fit_factor_int, fit_int)

Analysis of Variance Table

Model 1: unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + factor(month) + year:factor(month)
Model 2: unemployment ~ sp3d(year) + per3(month) + year:per3(month)
Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
1 256 15.798
2 270 32.237 -14 -16.439 19.028 < 2.2e-16 ***
```

Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

References to incorporate

• Spline derivatives