

Scientific Memos

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1 Charge Gap

$$C(N, N_e) \equiv E(N, N_e + 1) + E(N, N_e - 1) - 2E(N, N_e), \quad (1)$$

where N_e is the number of electrons and N the number of atoms. Because the energy has to be extensive, we have $E(N, N_e) = Ne(N_e/N)$, where e is an intensive function. We take the limit of $N \rightarrow \infty$ with $N_e/N = n$ constant. Therefore, *as long as e'' exists* $C(N, N_e) \rightarrow e''(n)/N$.

2 Spin Gap

$$S(N, N_\uparrow, N_\downarrow) \equiv (E(N, N_\uparrow + 1, N_\downarrow - 1) + E(N, N_\uparrow - 1, N_\downarrow + 1))/2 - E(N, N_\uparrow, N_\downarrow) \quad (2)$$

where N_\uparrow (N_\downarrow) is the number of electrons up (down) and N the number of atoms. Because the energy has to be extensive, we have $E(N, N_\uparrow, N_\downarrow) = Ne(n_\uparrow, n_\downarrow)$, where e is an intensive function. We take the limit of $N \rightarrow \infty$ with $N_\uparrow/N = n_\uparrow$ constant, and similar for N_\downarrow . Therefore, *as long as e'' exists* $S(N, N_e) \propto 1/N$.

3 The Binding Energy

By definition, the binding energy

$$B(N, N_e) \equiv E(N, N_e + 2) + E(N, N_e) - 2E(N, N_e - 1), \quad (3)$$

where N_e is the number of electrons and N the number of atoms. Therefore, *as long as e'' exists*

$$E(N, N_e + 2) = Ne(N_e/N + 2/N) = N \left[e(n_0) + \frac{2}{N} e'(n_0) + \left(\frac{2}{N} \right)^2 e''(n_0)/2 + \dots \right], \quad (4)$$

where $n_0 \equiv N_e/N$. Finally $B(N, N_e) = e''(n_0)/N$.