

# 임베디드컴퓨팅

Embedded Computing  
(0009488)

## Arduino Interfaces

2022년 2학기

정보기술대학 정보통신공학과

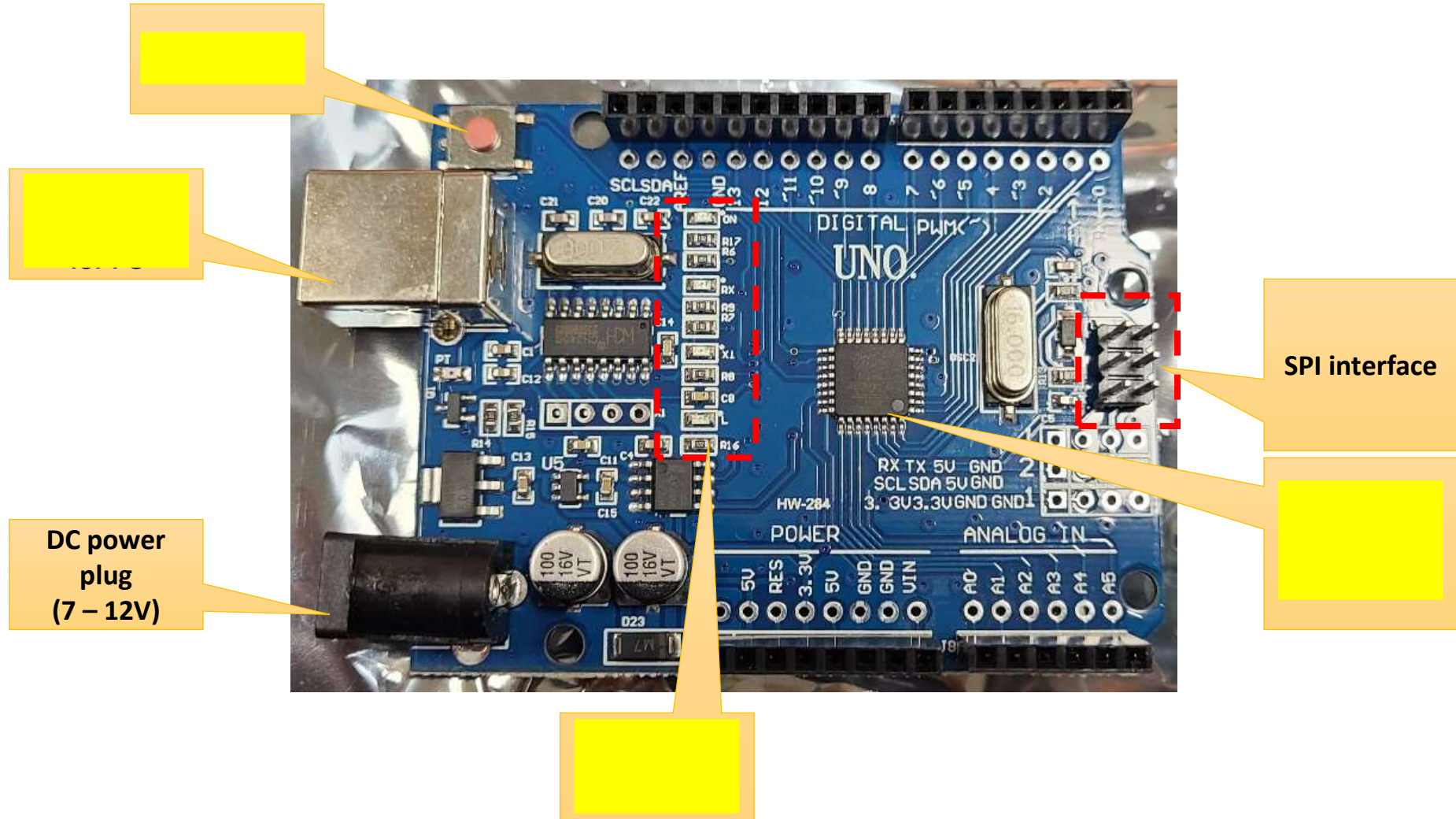
김 영 필

[ypkim@inu.ac.kr](mailto:ypkim@inu.ac.kr)

# Contents

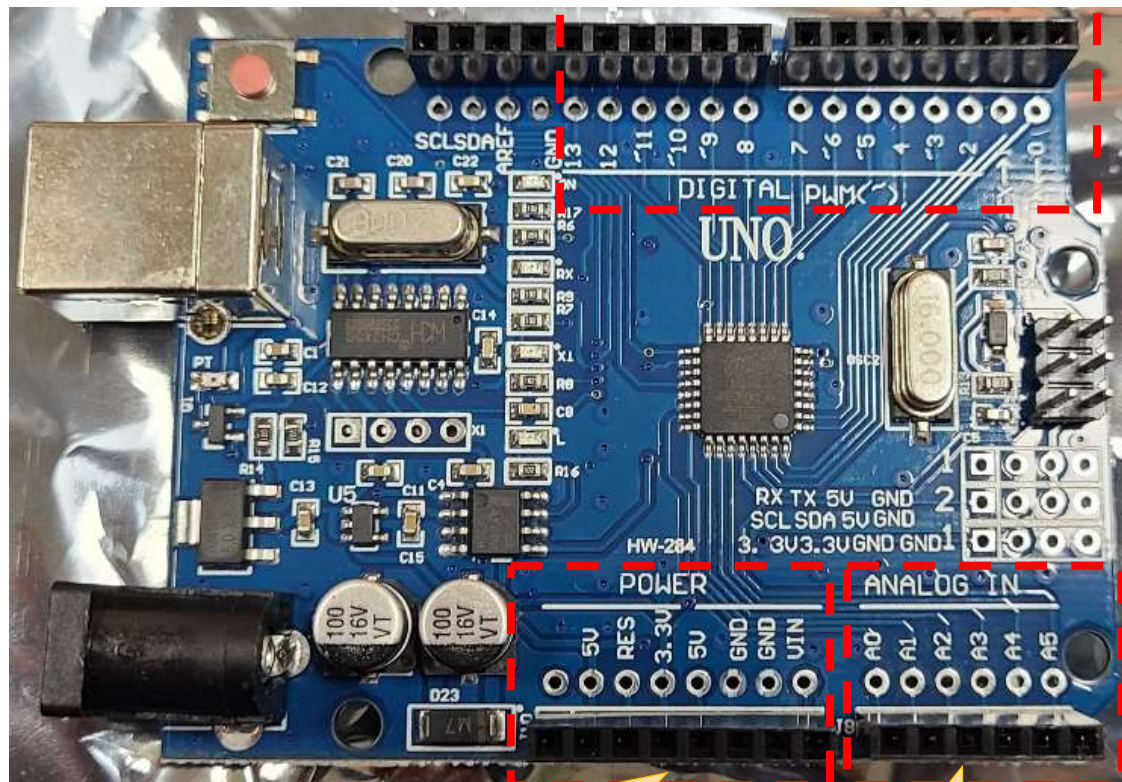
- Arduino H/W overview
- Arduino IDE overview

# Interfaces to Arduino (uC board)



# I/O pins

D0 – D13  
(D0: RX, D1: TX)



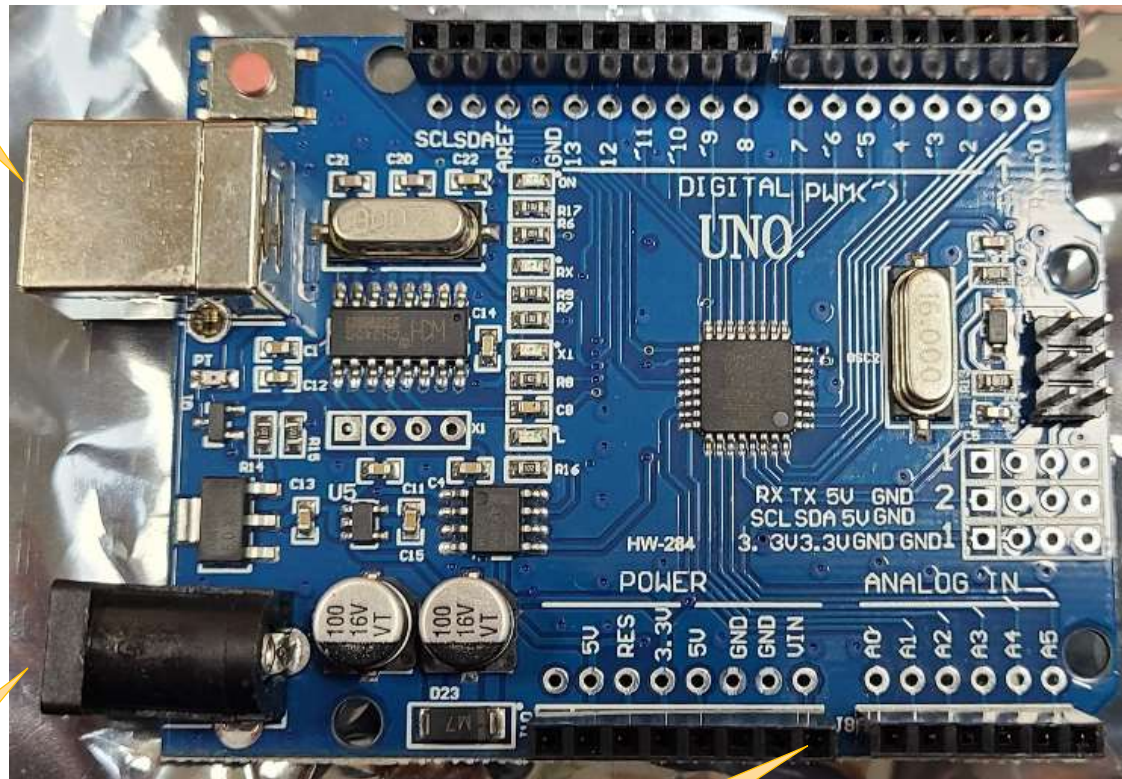
I0Ref(5V), Reset, 3.3V, 5V, 2 x Ground, Other  
Voltage Input (7 - 12V)

A0 – A5



# Power connection ways

USB connector  
(5V, 500mA)



DC power  
connector  
(7 – 12V)

Voltage input  
(7 – 12V)

# Essential H/W components

- Essential
  - Arduino uC board (Uno R3)
  - USB cables (Type-C type)
- Important
  - Jumper wires (wire cables or cables)
  - Standard bread board
- On demand
  - Input devices
    - Light, temperature, ultrasonic distance, infrared distance, switch, etc.
  - Output devices
    - LED, LCD, Speakers
  - Etc.
    - Resistor, variable resistor

# Arduino IDE

- Can download IDE from <https://www.arduino.cc/en/software>
- This course is based on Windows OS
  - Support Linux and Mac OS, also.
- Choose a recent stable version, and install it!

## Downloads



### Arduino IDE 1.8.16

The open-source Arduino Software (IDE) makes it easy to write code and upload it to the board. This software can be used with any Arduino board.

Refer to the [Getting Started](#) page for Installation instructions.

**SOURCE CODE**

Active development of the Arduino software is [hosted by GitHub](#). See the instructions for [building the code](#). Latest release source code archives are available [here](#). The archives are PGP-signed so they can be verified using [this](#) gpg key.

#### DOWNLOAD OPTIONS

**Windows** Win 7 and newer  
**Windows** ZIP file

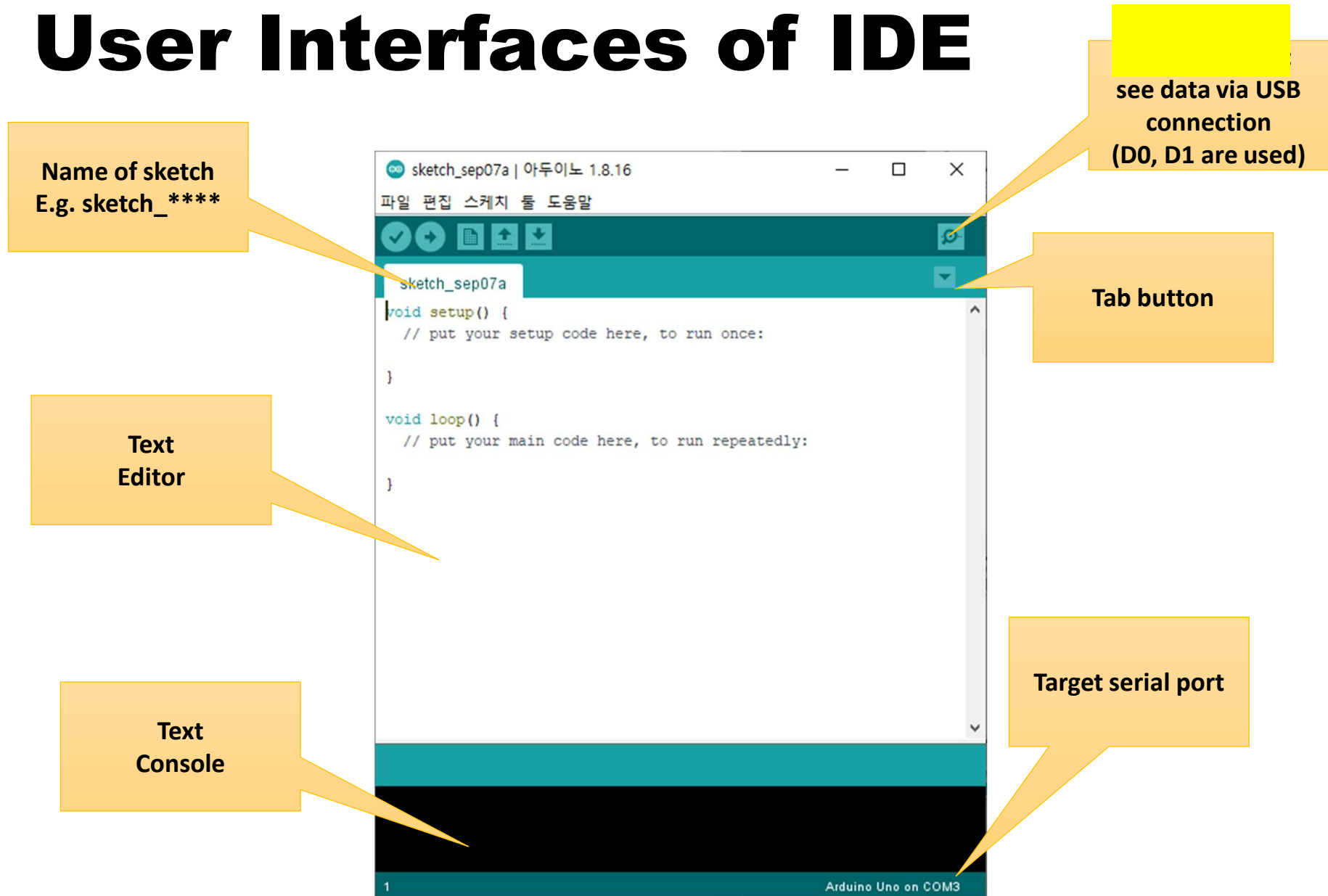
**Windows app** Win 8.1 or 10 [Get](#)

**Linux** 32 bits  
**Linux** 64 bits  
**Linux** ARM 32 bits  
**Linux** ARM 64 bits

**Mac OS X** 10.10 or newer

[Release Notes](#) [Checksums \(sha512\)](#)

# User Interfaces of IDE





# USB-to-serial for Arduino device driver installation

- To use USB-to-serial communication, you need to install the device driver on the computer
- Check the port of device manager program
- If the port (COM & LPT) is already marked as Arduino Uno (COM#) or USB-SERIAL (COM#), so the driver is installed properly.
- If not, install the device driver, go to the drivers folder in the folder where the Arduino is installed. Double-click the **"Arduino.inf"** file to install
- Sometimes, installation may not be worked; then, refer this link.
  - In my Windows 10, I suffered the above problem, and I solved it by installation another driver (<https://robojax.com/products.php?pid=133>)
- Arduino is H/W, and technical documents are always available. Just google it!