

## Calculation of Q-scores from Command Line

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MapQ v. 1.9.2

First, download and install UCSF Chimera and the MapQ plugin:

<https://github.com/gregdp/mapq>

Q-scores can be calculated from the command line using a python script. The script is in the zip file downloaded when installing the MapQ plugin, it has the name mapq\_cmd.py. The command has the following format:

```
python mapq_cmd.py [path to Chimera] [path to map] [path to model 1] [path to model 2]
[path to model ...] [option1] [option2] ...
```

Example:

```
python mapq_cmd.py ~/_mol/Chimera ~/Dropbox/_data/Ferritin/k175/k175_fi.mrc
~/Dropbox/_data/Ferritin/k175/3ajo_f.pdb np=4 res=3.0 bfactor=150
```

Parameters:

- [path to Chimera]
  - **required:** the path to Chimera (not to the binary file)
- [path to map or model]
  - a map or model – will try to detect type based on extension of filename
- map=[path to CCP4 map]
  - a map in the CCP4 format
- pdb=[path to PDB file]
  - a model in PDB format
- cif=[path to mmCIF file]
  - a model in the mmCIF format
- np=N (e.g. np=4)
  - optional – default is 1 - it specifies number of processes to use; use up to the number of cores (hyperthreading does not seem to offer an advantage)
- res=N.N (e.g. res=3.2)
  - optional - default is 3.0 - specifies resolution of map; it is used to output per-residue statistics along with expected Q-score at this resolution
- bfactor=N (e.g. bfactor=150)
  - optional - if specified, a separate pdb file will be written where  $\text{bfactor} = N * (1 - \text{Q-score})$  for each atom. This file can be used to generate a model-map that more closely matches the cryoEM map, e.g. with Phenix, as follows:
    - `phenix.fmodel high_resolution=[res] scattering_table=electron [pdb file]`
      - may also need to add `generate_fake_pl_symmetry=True`
    - `phenix.mtz2map high_resolution=[res] include_fmodel=true scattering_table=electron [pdb file] [pdb file].mtz`
- sigma=N.N (e.g. sigma=0.6)

- optional – default is 0.6 – specifies width of reference Gaussian in Å
  - for sigma=0.6, the highest Q-score of 1 occurs at ~1.5Å resolution
    - current statistics (e.g. expected Q-score at a given resolution) are using this value
  - for sigma=0.4, highest is at ~1.0Å
    - this has been used to compare newer maps up to 1.15Å resolution
- -v/--version
  - Prints version and exits

The output should be something like this (will vary slightly depending on whether multi-processing was used or not, and whether more than one model was specified):

```
Q Scores:
- map: emd_20026.map
- mol: 3ajo.pdb, chain: _all_
- sigma: 0.50
- mind: -0.061, maxd: 0.109
- atoms to do: 1714
- path: /Users/greg/Desktop/Chimera.app/Contents/Resources/share/mapqp.py
- on mac

[...]

- done, time: 70.172916
- done, time: 1 min, 10.2 sec
Saving pdb with Q-scores: /Users/greg/_data/mmetrics/emd_20026/3ajo_Q__emd_20026.pdb

Q for 413 res...
Model Q-score: 0.776

Chain  Avg.Q-score  Est.Res.(A)
chain A (hoh) 0.506  3.45
chain A (mg)  0.510  3.42
chain A (protein) 0.820  1.69

Type  Avg.Q-score  Est.Res.(A)
Protein  0.820  1.69
MG  0.510  3.42
HOH  0.506  3.45

Map: emd_20026.map, Model: 3ajo.pdb
--> avg. Q score: 0.776

Saving per-chain & per-residue Q-scores:
-> res= 1.75
-> file: /Users/greg/_data/maps2/FerritinT/3ajo_Q__emd_20026_All.txt
```

- The score for the entire model is on the last line (0.776).
- The other few last lines summarize the scores by atom type: protein, nucleic acids, and other, e.g. Mg, Hoh (water atoms).
- Per-atom Q-scores are stored in the pdb file [model name]\_\_Q\_\_[map name] in the B-factor column. Note that the full path to the model must be given in the command for this file to be put in the same folder as this model.