

ECE 30

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# Engineering Principles of Electronics

## Introduction

Taught by Paul Vroomen  
Office Hours in E2-280  
Office Hours: Wed. 10am - 12pm  
Email: pvroomen@ucsc.edu

### TA Office Hours:

- Baskin, Thursdays 12am-2pm
- BE-230, Mondays 10am-12am
- idk, Fridays 10:45am-12:45pm

- Class Website -i Canvas
- Important Announcements
- Everything basically

## Overview of Course

- Four Applications of Engineering Principles in mobile phone and computers.
  1. Accelerometers
  2. Touchscreens
  3. LTE, 5G communications
  4. Data Processing Chips
- For each we will review physics + how to apply principles.

- Textbook required
- Older text for comp sci
- e-Text is available on most book websites
- Syllabus lists which sections are assigned per lecture

- Recommended textbook
- Basic engineering principles
- Handouts from sections of the book will be used

# Grading

## Quizzes

- 4 quizzes
- Most material covered via quizzes
- 10 multiple choice questions + bonus question
- Open book
- Available from 2pm to midnight
- 15 mins once started

## Exams

- Midterm 1 hour
- Solve problems from lectures 1-14
- Final 3 hours
- Questions from full course

## Homework

- 8 sets total
- Solve questions using principles discussed in class
- Must be submitted by midnight on following Sunday
- May work in teams of up to 3
- Must list names of other students in team

## Late Submissions

- HW submissions are due by midnight
- 50% late penalty (2% of final)
- >24 hours late will not be graded
- Some exceptions
  - Serious illness or emergency
  - Personal, family, or other crisis
  - Problems should be reported immediately

## Breakdown

- Quizzes 20%
- Homework 30%
- Midterm Exam 20%
- Final 30%

### What does "Engineering Principles of Electronics" Means?

- About leverage and Application
- About Practices

ex: For integrated circuits through trial and error we have learned we need an ISO1 clean room to ensure acceptable quality.

ISO1 designates a maximum number of particles per  $m^3$ .

- 10 > 0.1  $\mu m$
- 2 > 0.2  $\mu m$
- 0 > 0.3  $\mu m$

- Physics is why a device works, Engineering Principles are how we leverage physical laws to create a device

### Principles

- Principles  $\rightarrow$  Concepts  $\rightarrow$  Symbols  $\rightarrow$  Quantities  $\rightarrow$  Units
- Measuring Acceleration  $\rightarrow$  Velocity  $\rightarrow v \rightarrow 28 \rightarrow m/s$
- Concepts are codified in equations

$$v = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$$

Where  $v$  is the symbol for velocity,  $x$  for distance, and  $t$  for time. The capital Delta means "Change of". This can be represented via

$$\Delta x = x_f - x_0$$

Where  $x_f$  is the final distance and  $x_0$  is the initial distance.

- The laws of physics are concepts which are made clear through equations, using symbols which we have tied to the real world via consensus and agreement.
- Each law represents repeated observations which have been summarized into a single relationship.

### Units

- Units are arbitrary and created by Humans
- Units gain value through consensus

Units are tools for communication and organization!

- Units provided detail about concepts and can often solve problems by simply matching units.
- Converting Units is a key skill

#### Example

- 2.4 miles 1min 45s per 100 yds
- 112 miles at 18.5 mph
- transition times 10mins, 5min
- 112 miles at 18.5 mph = 6.05