# H. Vertical Paths Problem

Time Limit: 3 seconds

## **Problem description**

Given an array of integers, we want to determine the minimum number of vertical paths required such that:

Each vertical path starts and ends at array indices i and j respectively ( $i \le j$ ).

For a vertical path to be valid:

- All the integers between i and j (inclusive) must be strictly increasing or strictly decreasing.
- There must be a change in direction (from increasing to decreasing or vice-versa) after the vertical path ends.

The task is to determine the minimum number of such vertical paths.

#### **Input:**

The first line contains an integer n ( $1 \le n \le 10^5$ ) - the length of the array.

The next line contains n integers  $a_i$  ( $1 \le a_i \le 10^9$ ) - the elements of the array.

## **Output:**

Print a single integer - the minimum number of vertical paths.

## **Example:**

Case	Input	Output
1	4	2
	1 2 1 2	
2	5	1
	1 2 3 4 5	
3	7	3
	1231123	
4	0	0
5	1	1
	2	