

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
%pylab inline
```

Populating the interactive namespace from numpy and matplotlib

```
In [3]: arr = np.loadtxt('stamps.dat')
```

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In [8]: rarr = arr.reshape(int(len(arr)/5),5)
```

```
In [9]: frame = pd.DataFrame(rarr)
```

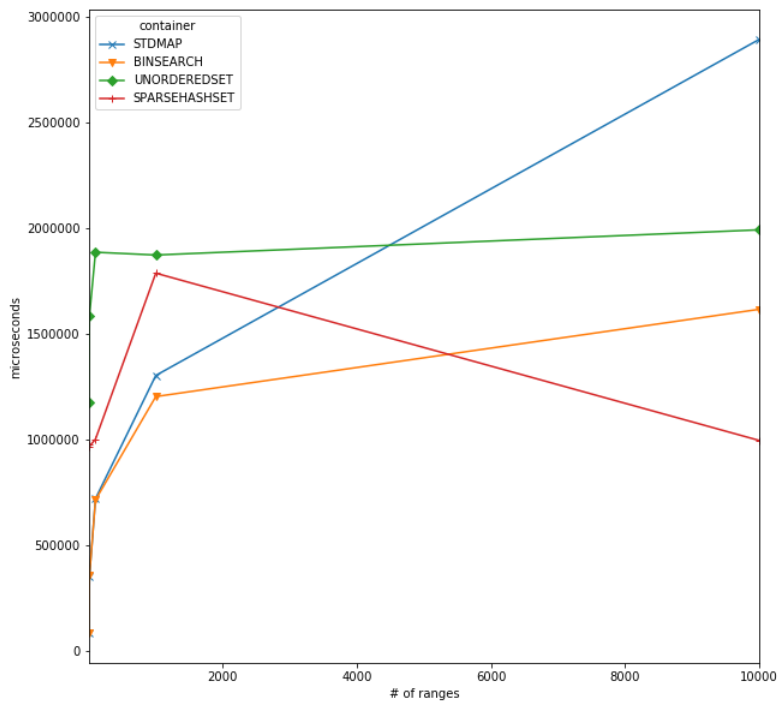
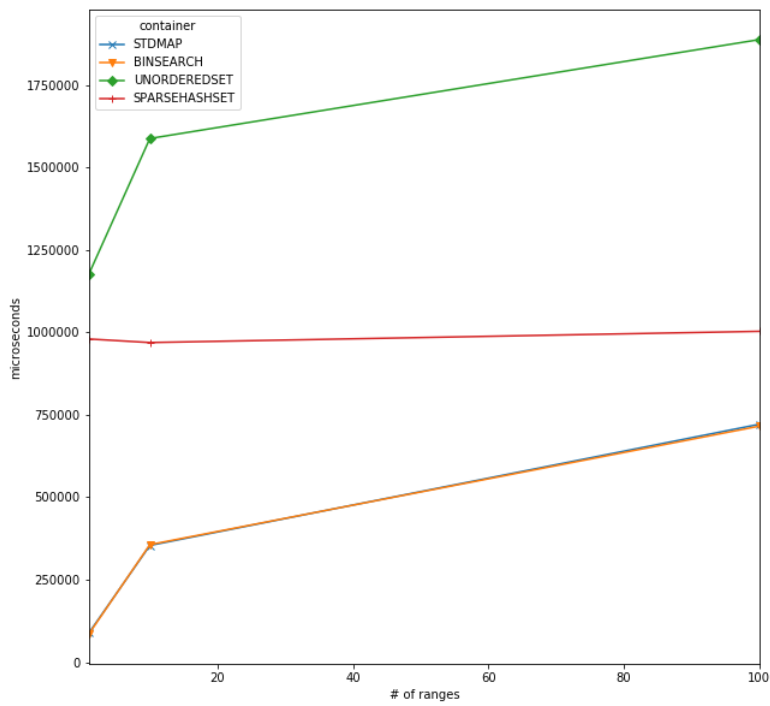
```
In [10]: frame.columns = ['ranges', 'STDMAP', 'BINSEARCH', 'UNORDEREDSET', 'SPARSEHASHSET']
frame.set_index('ranges', inplace=True)
frame
```

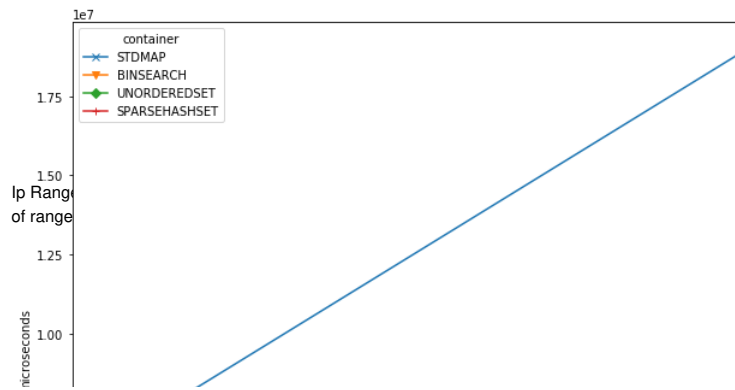
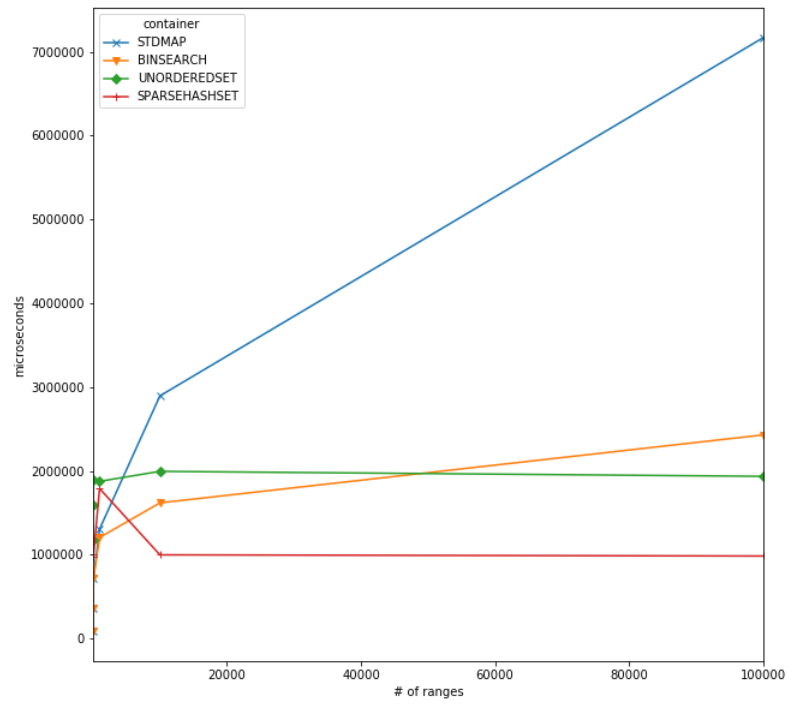
```
Out[10]:
```

	STDMAP	BINSEARCH	UNORDEREDSET	SPARSEHASHSET
ranges				
1.0	88722.0	85786.0	1176775.0	979977.0
10.0	354061.0	356462.0	1587705.0	969146.0
100.0	721478.0	715743.0	1887644.0	1003188.0
1000.0	1304570.0	1204600.0	1874422.0	1788520.0
10000.0	2894052.0	1617439.0	1993553.0	997317.0
100000.0	7167739.0	2428427.0	1934161.0	983183.0
1000000.0	18903723.0	5662575.0	2272937.0	1058766.0

```
In [14]: figsize=(10,10)
style_=['x-', 'v-', 'D-', '+-']
frame.index.name = '# of ranges'
frame.columns.name = 'container'
```

```
In [15]: for lines in [3, 5, 6, 7]: frame.head(lines).plot(figsize=figsize_, style=style_).set(ylabel='microseconds')
```





between binary search (advantage - can handle increased number