

DSP Lab 5

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3. Random frequencies. The notes produced by the demo program `play_randomly.py` are not very random. Only the start-times of the notes are random. Write a program that generates notes with random frequencies. In your program, you may use a discrete set of frequencies.

See the file `Lab5_Sec1_Ex3_kwc305.py`. In this file, I give a random frequency for `f1` and `f11`, which will generate different frequency in left and right channel with random time to sound. Besides, I use `matplotlib` to show the result with yellow and blue color for left and right channel.

4. The demo program `play_randomly.py` does not use the callback method. Rewrite this demo program so it uses the callback method. When opening the audio stream, do not set `frames_per_buffer`. Instead, use the default block size.

See the file `Lab5_Sec2_Ex4_kwc305.py`, in this file, I modify the file let it use the callback function which is `my_callback_fun()` to substitute the original for loop.

7. Write a program to implement the vibrato effect using the callback method. The input should be from the microphone. The output should be to the speakers. (No wave files.) The parameter `frames_per_buffer` should be set to 1024 or left unspecified (default value). (Note that the parameter `frames_per_buffer` is set to 1 in many of the demo files. For this exercise, change this to `frames_per_buffer = 1024` or omit it.)

See the file `Lab5_Sec2_Ex7_NetID.py`, in this file, I change to use the microphone and use the callback function, which is `my_callback()`, which process the input string and do the original vibrate process, then finally send to the output. So my result is use the microphone and get the vibrato effect.