

# WyPyPlus:WyPyPlus

## A personal wiki in 42 lines of code

| [Github](#) | [DemoPage](#) | [GetThingsDone](#) | [Calendar2021](#) | [Presentation](#) |

[WyPyPlus](#) (pronounced "whippy plus") is a minimalist wiki server in 42 lines of code. It is an extension of [wypy wiki](#) written by Sean B. Palmer. The original project implements a wiki in just 11 lines of Python code, which is an amazing achievement. However, wyPy wiki doesn't have many features I consider as essential.

### You will be amazed by how much you can do with a simple tool

- Only 42 lines of Python code.
- Run on Mac, Linux and Windows.
- Support the basic wiki syntax. [DemoPage](#)
- Save plain text files under the /w folder.

### To make your life easier

- An example calendar and daily journal.
- An example [GetThingsDone](#) guide to help you set up GTD quickly.
- A template system to insert pre-defined content.
- Full-text search.
- A modernized and mobile-friendly look using [Sakura CSS](#).
- Delete a wiki page from disk by saving an empty content.
- Each WikiPage has a reverse index. You can use this feature to group pages by tags.
- An [index page](#) to show all your files in sorted order.
- AutoSave after 30 minutes of editing.
- Use @INCLUDE=WikiPage to include content from another page.
- (Optional) Syntax highlight with [highlight.js](#).
- (Optional) Display [Ascii Math](#) or LaTeX notations.
- (Optional) Read-only mode.
- (Optional) Include a GlobalMenu in every wiki page.

## Text Formatting

- WikiNames are replaced with internal links.
- Markdown style **bold**.
- "\n{" starts an unordered list.
- "\n\* [text]" is a list item in an unordered list.
- "\n}" ends an unordered list.
- "\n#" inserts H1.
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- To format code or text into its own distinct block, use triple back-ticks.
- "----" creates an <hr> element.
- Markdown style [link](#) and [image tag](#)
- Use @INCLUDE=WikiPage at the begging of the line to include another file.
- All HTML is replaced with its quoted equivalent (i.e. is forbidden).

## Install and Use

- You need Python 2 to run this application. Mac and Linux already have Python 2. For Windows users, please install Python 2.7.
- Download [WyPyPlus](#) and extract it to a folder (E.g wyPy\_wiki).

```
cd wyPy_wiki
```

```
python -m CGIHTTPServer 8000
```

```
python3 -m http.server --cgi 8000 --bind 127.0.0.1
```

Open this url in your browser. It takes a few moments to start.

<http://127.0.0.1:8000/cgi-bin/wypyplus.py>

### How to use the read-only mode

You can modify the `edit` variable in `wypyplus.py`. It holds the icon of the edit button. If you set it to an empty string, [WyPyPlus](#) will run in read-only mode.

In read-only mode, [WyPyPlus](#)

- Will not generate the edit link.
- Will not generate links for WikiWords when they don't exist.
- Will not handle the POST method, which means that your data is read-only.
- Will hide the search bar.

You can generate a static site using wget. The following command dumps the entire site.

```
wget \
  --recursive \
  --page-requisites \
  --html-extension \
  --convert-links \
  --no-parent \
  http://127.0.0.1:8000/cgi-bin/wypyplus.py
```

After that, you can create an index.html with the following content to redirect the index page to the cgi-bin folder.

```
<meta http-equiv="Refresh" content="0; url='cgi-bin/wypyplus.py.html'" />
```

## How to create tags

There's no difference between Tags and WikiWords. When you create a new page, there will be a link on the top of the screen to show all pages that reference it.

For example, you can create a page called ToDo, and put the word ToDo to other pages and see references here:

<http://127.0.0.1:8000/cgi-bin/wypyplus?p=ToDo&q=f>

## How to define and use a template

You can create a template just like any other wiki page. A template name must start with "Tpl" and follow by three characters. [WyPyPlus](#) will automatically insert its content to a new wiki page when the first three characters of the page matches the template

For example, If you create a template page called TplJan, a new page called Jan23 will load the content from the template.

# Links: All

- [Calendar2021](#)
- [DemoPage](#)
- [GetThingsDone](#)
- [TopicOne](#)
- [TopicTwo](#)
- [WyPyPlus](#)

## Links: [Calendar2021](#)

- [Calendar2021](#)
- [GetThingsDone](#)
- [WyPyPlus](#)

# WyPyPlus:Calendar2021

## 2021 Calendar

- Click the ? mark to create a new page.
- Use the reverse index to find references of a particular date.
- Use the search bar to find any day or month.
- Use the [Today](#) link to go to today's date.
- Update calendar using the script at the end of the doc.

### Jan2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
				Jan1	Jan2	Jan3
Jan4	Jan5	Jan6	Jan7	Jan8	Jan9	Jan10
Jan11	Jan12	Jan13	Jan14	Jan15	Jan16	Jan17
Jan18	Jan19	Jan20	Jan21	Jan22	Jan23	Jan24
Jan25	Jan26	Jan27	Jan28	Jan29	Jan30	Jan31

### Feb2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Feb1	Feb2	Feb3	Feb4	Feb5	Feb6	Feb7
Feb8	Feb9	Feb10	Feb11	Feb12	Feb13	Feb14
Feb15	Feb16	Feb17	Feb18	Feb19	Feb20	Feb21
Feb22	Feb23	Feb24	Feb25	Feb26	Feb27	Feb28

### Mar2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Mar1	Mar2	Mar3	Mar4	Mar5	Mar6	Mar7
Mar8	Mar9	Mar10	Mar11	Mar12	Mar13	Mar14
Mar15	Mar16	Mar17	Mar18	Mar19	Mar20	Mar21
Mar22	Mar23	Mar24	Mar25	Mar26	Mar27	Mar28
Mar29	Mar30	Mar31				

### Apr2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
			Apr1	Apr2	Apr3	Apr4
Apr5	Apr6	Apr7	Apr8	Apr9	Apr10	Apr11
Apr12	Apr13	Apr14	Apr15	Apr16	Apr17	Apr18
Apr19	Apr20	Apr21	Apr22	Apr23	Apr24	Apr25
Apr26	Apr27	Apr28	Apr29	Apr30		

### May2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
					May1	May2
May3	May4	May5	May6	May7	May8	May9
May10	May11	May12	May13	May14	May15	May16
May17	May18	May19	May20	May21	May22	May23
May24	May25	May26	May27	May28	May29	May30

### Jun2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
	Jun1	Jun2	Jun3	Jun4	Jun5	Jun6
Jun7	Jun8	Jun9	Jun10	Jun11	Jun12	Jun13
Jun14	Jun15	Jun16	Jun17	Jun18	Jun19	Jun20
Jun21	Jun22	Jun23	Jun24	Jun25	Jun26	Jun27
Jun28	Jun29	Jun30				

### Jul2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
			Jul1	Jul2	Jul3	Jul4
Jul5	Jul6	Jul7	Jul8	Jul9	Jul10	Jul11
Jul12	Jul13	Jul14	Jul15	Jul16	Jul17	Jul18
Jul19	Jul20	Jul21	Jul22	Jul23	Jul24	Jul25
Jul26	Jul27	Jul28	Jul29	Jul30	Jul31	

### Aug2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
						Aug1
Aug2	Aug3	Aug4	Aug5	Aug6	Aug7	Aug8
Aug9	Aug10	Aug11	Aug12	Aug13	Aug14	Aug15
Aug16	Aug17	Aug18	Aug19	Aug20	Aug21	Aug22
Aug23	Aug24	Aug25	Aug26	Aug27	Aug28	Aug29

## Sep2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
		Sep1	Sep2	Sep3	Sep4	Sep5
Sep6	Sep7	Sep8	Sep9	Sep10	Sep11	Sep12
Sep13	Sep14	Sep15	Sep16	Sep17	Sep18	Sep19
Sep20	Sep21	Sep22	Sep23	Sep24	Sep25	Sep26
Sep27	Sep28	Sep29	Sep30			

## Oct2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
				Oct1	Oct2	Oct3
Oct4	Oct5	Oct6	Oct7	Oct8	Oct9	Oct10
Oct11	Oct12	Oct13	Oct14	Oct15	Oct16	Oct17
Oct18	Oct19	Oct20	Oct21	Oct22	Oct23	Oct24
Oct25	Oct26	Oct27	Oct28	Oct29	Oct30	Oct31

## Nov2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
Nov1	Nov2	Nov3	Nov4	Nov5	Nov6	Nov7
Nov8	Nov9	Nov10	Nov11	Nov12	Nov13	Nov14
Nov15	Nov16	Nov17	Nov18	Nov19	Nov20	Nov21
Nov22	Nov23	Nov24	Nov25	Nov26	Nov27	Nov28
Nov29	Nov30					

## Dec2021

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
		Dec1	Dec2	Dec3	Dec4	Dec5
Dec6	Dec7	Dec8	Dec9	Dec10	Dec11	Dec12
Dec13	Dec14	Dec15	Dec16	Dec17	Dec18	Dec19
Dec20	Dec21	Dec22	Dec23	Dec24	Dec25	Dec26
Dec27	Dec28	Dec29	Dec30	Dec31		

# How to update it

This page was generated by the following code. You can call `print_cal` with a different year and copy the output over.

```
import calendar, datetime
name=["Mon", "Tue", "Wed", "Thu", "Fri", "Sat", "Sun"]
def print_cal(year):
    for month in range(1,13):
        print "### " + calendar.month_abbr[month] + str(year)
        print ''
        print '~~~~'
        first_day = datetime.date(year,month,1).weekday()
        cal = []
        cal.append(''.join(["%-7s"%n for n in name]))
        num_days = calendar.monthrange(year, month)[1]
        current_day = 1
        start = False
        for week in range(5):
            if current_day > num_days:
                break
            line = []
            for day in range(7):
                if start == False and day != first_day:
                    line.append(" ")
                    continue
                else:
                    start = True
                if start:
                    line.append((calendar.month_abbr[month]+str(current_day)).ljust(6))
                    current_day +=1
                if current_day > num_days:
                    break
            cal.append(''.join(line))
        print '\n'.join(cal)
        print '~~~~'
print_cal(2021)
```

## Links: [DemoPage](#)

- [DemoPage](#)
- [WyPyPlus](#)

# WyPyPlus: DemoPage

## Header 1

## Header 2

### Header 3

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit, sed do eiusmod tempor incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat. Duis aute irure dolor in reprehenderit in voluptate velit esse cillum dolore eu fugiat nulla pariatur. Excepteur sint occaecat cupidatat non proident, sunt in culpa qui officia deserunt mollit anim id est laborum

[WyPyPlus](#) can generate headline anchor links. If you want to turn on this feature, replace the headline function:

```
hl=lambda m,n:'<h%d>%s</h%d>'%(n,m.group(1),n)
```

with

```
hl=lambda m,n:'<h%d id=%s>%s<a href=#%s> Â¶</a></h%d>'%(n,hs(m),m.group(1),hs(m),n);
```

## Bold

This is a **Bold** text!

## Ascii Math with [Math Jax](#) (Optional)

Insert the following line to the <head> section at the end of wyplus.py to show AsciiMath.

```
<script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/mathjax/2.7.4/latest.js?config=AM_CHTML"></script>
```

```
`x=(-b +/- sqrt(b^2 â€“ 4ac))/(2a)`
```

## Syntax Highlight with [highlight.js](#) (Optional)

Insert the following line to the <head> section at the end of wyplus.py to support syntax highlight for over 150 languages.

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/highlight.js/11.1.0/styles/default.min.css">\n<script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/highlight.js/11.1.0/highlight.min.js"></script><script>hljs.highlightAll();</script>
```

## Links

List all files in this wiki: [All](#)

Wiki link: [DemoPage](#)

Raw URL link: <http://www.google.com>

Markdown link: [google homepage](#)

Reference to a date or a month: Jan1 Jan2021

## Template

A template is a page with a special name: Tpl[three characters]. A page starts with the same three characters will use the template.

For example, when you create TplJan, Any page starts with "Jan" such as Jan21 will include the template.

## Images

YouTube Video:

External image:





Local image:



Quote

```
# Python Code
def hello():
    print("hello world")
```

list

- Item A
  - Item A1
  - Item A2
- Item B

Page Break

---

## Links: GetThingsDone

- [GetThingsDone](#)
- [WyPyPlus](#)

# WyPyPlus: Get Things Done

## What is GTD

Getting Things Done (GTD) is actually two things: A productivity method, and a best-selling book by author and productivity consultant David Allen. It is a framework for organizing and tracking tasks, such that you can 100% trust that the things on your to do list truly are the things you need to do.

## The built-in Calendar

WyPyPlus comes with a built-in calendar: [Calendar2021](#). You can create pages for important dates or put date or month in other documents as tags.

## Create Pages and Tags

Click the ? marks at the end of each word to create them.

InBox  
NextAction  
WaitingFor  
MyProjects  
MyReferences  
SomeDay  
TrashBin

You can create tag pages and add them anywhere in other wiki pages. Later, you can find all the references by using the reverse index.

Here are a few example tags: AtHome, AtOffice, HaveDone, ToDay, ThisWeek, ThisMonth, May04

## Add a Shortcut Menu.

Jumping between pages could be a hassle. For easy access, you can put a group of links in a file and include it in other files.

Create a GtdMenu page and copy the following links:

[InBox](#) | [NextAction](#) | [MyProject](#) | [WaitingFor](#) | [Today](#){wypypus.py?p=Today}

Now you can put @INCLUDE=GtdMenu on other pages. Note that **Today** is special page name maps to the wiki page of the day.

## Add a Template Page

You can use template to put pre-defined text to new wiki pages. A template starts with "Tpl" and follows by three characters. It will match a page if the page starts with the same three characters. For example, if you create a page called TplJul with the following content:

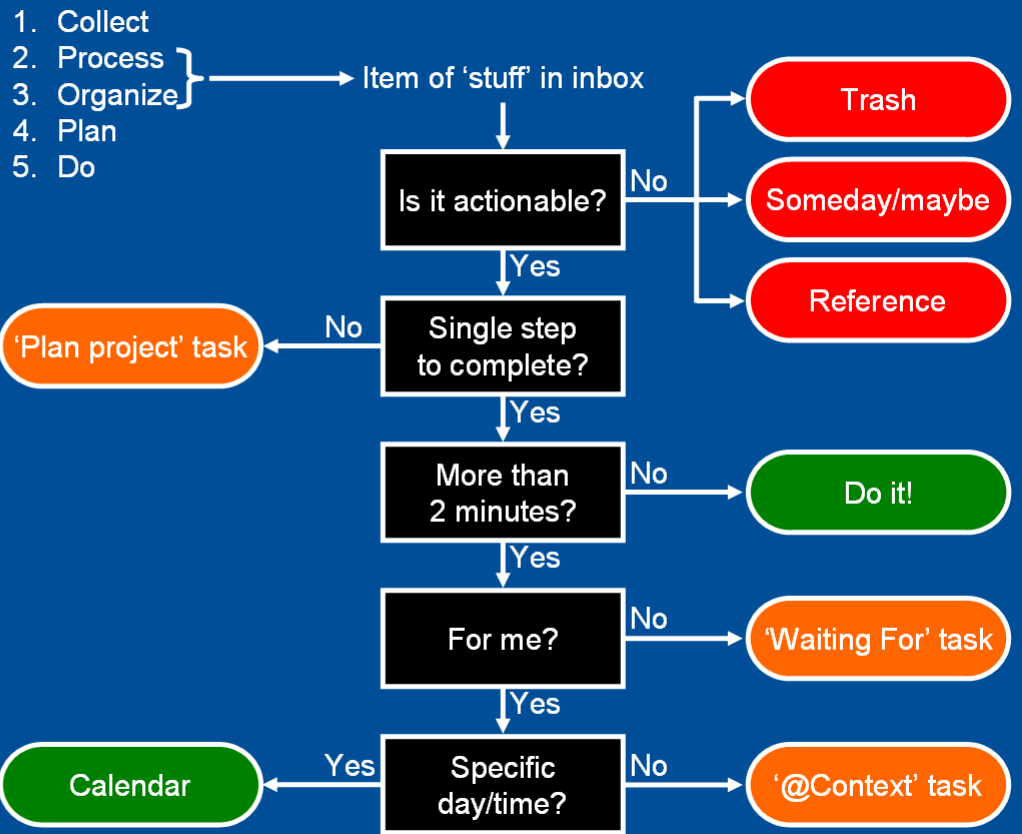
- My Priority
- My Accomplishments

When you create a new page Jul04, [WyPyPlus](#) will use the template.

## Workflow

The GTD workflow consists of five stages: capture, clarify, organize, reflect, and engage.

- Capture: Collect what has your attention. ...
- Clarify: Process what it means. ...
- Organize: Put it where it belongs. ...
- Reflect: Review frequently. ...
- Engage: Simply do.



# Links: Jul28

- [Calendar2021](#)

# WyPyPlus:Jul28

Jul28

## Links: TopicOne

- [TopicOne](#)
- [TopicTwo](#)
- [WyPyPlus](#)

# WyPyPlus:TopicOne

## TopicTwo

You can easily turn [WyPyPlus](#) Wiki into a presentation tool with the following steps:

- Add more pages and content. You can put links on the top of every page for easy navigation.
- Modify the **home** variable in `wypypls.py` to set a title for your presentation.
- Turn on read-only mode by setting the **edit** variable to empty. It will hide the edit button and the search bar.





**Links:** [TopicTwo](#)

- [TopicOne](#)
- [TopicTwo](#)

# WyPyPlus:TopicTwo

[TopicOne](#)

## Optionally

- Include a video

- Support Ascii Math notation with

```
<script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/mathjax/2.7.4/latest.js?config=AM_CHTML"></script>
```

- Include a code snippet with [syntax highlight](#)

```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/highlight.js/11.1.0/styles/default.min.css">\n<script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/highlight.js/11.1.0/highlight.min.js"></script><script>hljs.highlightAll();</script>
```

## Links: [WyPyPlus](#)

- [DemoPage](#)
- [GetThingsDone](#)
- [TopicOne](#)
- [WyPyPlus](#)

# WyPyPlus:WyPyPlus

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