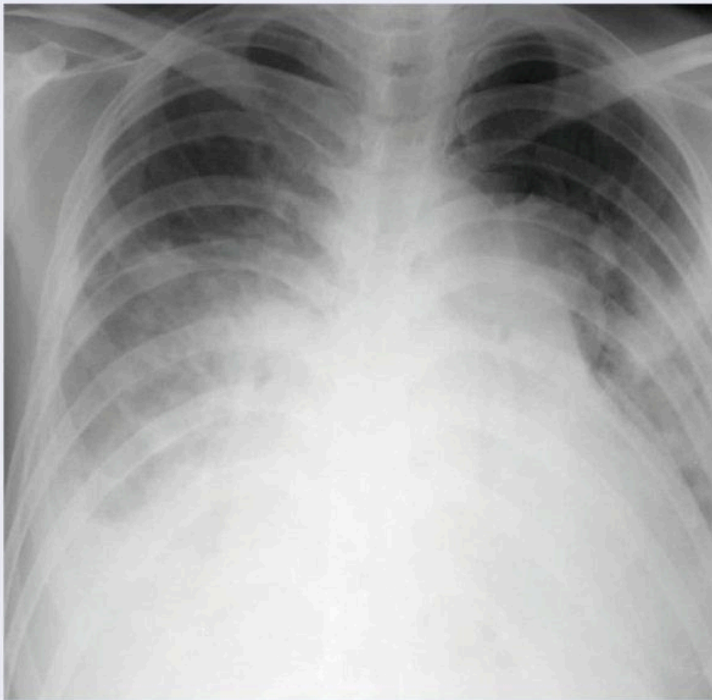


Pneumonoultramicroscopicsilicovolcanoconiosis: This 45-letter word is the longest word in the English language and refers to a lung disease caused by inhaling silica or quartz dust.

Fig 3. Chest radiograph showing pulmonary oedema



- A: The trachea is central and no foreign body can be seen, the carina cannot be seen
- B: There are hazy opacifications in the middle to lower zones of both left and right lungs
- C: The heart appears enlarged, occupying more than 50% internal thoracic diameter
- D: The costophrenic angles are blunted indicating pleural effusions
- E: There are no visible fractures, soft tissue injuries or devices