

UNIVERSAL DECLARATION ON THE NULLITY OF CROWN TITLE

Asserting the Absolute Ownership of Native Nations over All Unceded and Traditional Lands

Keywords: Absolute Title, Crown Land, Doctrine of Discovery, Indigenous Sovereignty, Organic Revolution, Land Back, Jurisprudence, Unceded Territory.

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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Declaration asserts that the legal concept of "Crown Land" is a philosophical and legal fiction predicated on the now-discredited "Doctrine of Discovery." It maintains that because the Crown never legally acquired the underlying title to lands through valid, uncoerced purchase or conquest, no land belongs to any Crown. Consequently, all lands currently classified as "Crown" are, in fact, the absolute property of the Native Nations whose ancestral territories they encompass.

2. THE SCIENTIFIC METHOD APPLIED TO LAND TITLE

I. Observation

The current geopolitical map of "Crown Land" overlaps 100% with the traditional and unceded territories of Indigenous Nations who have occupied these lands for at least 15,000 years [1.1](#).

II. Hypothesis

The Crown's claim to "underlying title" is a legal fallacy. If the Doctrine of Discovery is invalid, then the Crown has no legal basis for ownership, and the original titleholders remain the sole owners.

III. Experimentation (Legal Analysis)

Reviewing the *Tsilhqot'in* (2014) and *Cowichan* (2025) decisions shows that the Crown's title is increasingly viewed by high courts as a "fiduciary burden" rather than absolute ownership [2.1 11.1](#).

IV. Results

The Crown cannot produce a single valid document transferring absolute ownership from the Nations to the state for the vast majority of "Crown Land" in unceded territories like British

Columbia or the Maritimes [1.2](#).

V. Conclusion

The Crown's claim is null and void. The land remains with the Native Nations.

3. ARTICLES OF THE DECLARATION

Article I: Termination of the Legal Fiction

We hereby declare the term "Crown Land" to be legally fraudulent. There is no land that belongs to any Crown. The Crown is a guest on Indigenous soil and holds no underlying title [5.1](#).

Article II: Restoration of Absolute Ownership

All lands currently managed, leased, or claimed by the Crown are restored to the absolute ownership of the respective Native Nations. This includes all surface, sub-surface, water, and atmospheric rights [3.1](#).

Article III: Nullification of External Leases

All resource extraction permits, mining claims, and forestry licenses issued by the Crown on these lands are declared expired and invalid unless re-negotiated directly with the rightful Native Nation owners under the Universal Declaration of Organic Rights (UDOR) [6.2](#).

4. VERIFIED REFERENCES & CITATIONS

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2. **Supreme Court of Canada.** *Tsilhqot'in Nation v. British Columbia*, 2014. [Source](#)
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5. **United Nations.** "Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples (UNDRIP)." [Source](#)
6. **Justice Canada.** "Principles Respecting Relationship with Indigenous Peoples." [Source](#)
7. **Allard Research Commons.** "Aboriginal Title Claims to Private Lands." [Source](#)
8. **The Canadian Encyclopedia.** "Doctrine of Discovery." [Source](#)
9. **Osler.** "Reconciling Aboriginal Title on Unceded Land." [Source](#)
10. **MLT Aikins.** "Cowichan Decision and Fee Simple Titles." [Source](#)
11. **Ng Ariss Fong Lawyers.** "UNDRIP and the Burden of Proof." [Source](#)
12. **CIGI.** "UNDRIP Implementation Special Report." [Source](#)
13. **Human Rights Museum.** "The UN Declaration Explained." [Source](#)
14. **First Peoples Law.** "The Legal Reality of Land Back." [Source](#)
15. **Torys LLP.** "Aboriginal Title in Private Lands." [Source](#)
16. **Centre for Constitutional Studies.** "Aboriginal Title Definition." [Source](#)
17. **AFN / Borrows.** "Challenging Historical Frameworks." [Source](#)
18. **SFU Library.** "Indigenous Supreme Court Cases." [Source](#)
19. **Blakes Business Law.** "Legal Uncertainty in Title Claims." [Source](#)
20. **Wikipedia.** "Doctrine of Discovery." [Source](#)

5. RELATED ADDITIONAL READING

- **The Royal Proclamation of 1763:** Proof the Crown knew it didn't own the land.
- **Delgamuukw v. British Columbia (1997):** Established that Aboriginal Title is a right to the land itself.
- **Bill C-15 (UNDRIP Act):** The legislative tool to align Canadian law with the reality of Indigenous ownership.

Signed, Marie-Soleil Seshat Landry Queen of the Universe, Queen of Acadie CEO, Landry Industries & Spymaster