



**Sayyed Siddique**

[sayyed-siddique-834245255](#)

# **String Data Structure & Algorithms Questions in JavaScript**



# 1

## Find the First Non-Repeating Character

**Explanation:** Iterates over the string and checks if the character appears only once.

```
function firstNonRepeatingChar(str) {  
  for (let char of str) {  
    if (str.indexOf(char) === str.lastIndexOf(char)) {  
      return char;  
    }  
  }  
  return null;  
}
```



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[sayyed-siddique-834245255](https://www.linkedin.com/in/sayyed-siddique-834245255)



# 2 Remove Duplicates

**Explanation:** Uses a Set to remove duplicate characters.

```
function removeDuplicates(str) {  
    return [...new Set(str)].join('');  
}
```



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# 3 Palindrome Check

**Explanation:** palindrome string when we reads the same forward and backward.

```
function isPalindrome(str) {  
    return str === str.split('').reverse().join('');  
}
```



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# 4 Anagram Check

**Explanation:** An Anagram is a word or phrase formed by rearranging the letters of a different word or phrase, using all the original letters exactly once.

```
/ Input: (s = "anagram" ), (t = "nagaram") : ----->>>> Output: true
/ Input: (s = "rat" ), (t = "cat") : ----->>>> Output: false

/ Explanation
/ anagram => ["a", "n", "a", "g", "r", "a", "m"] => ["a", "a", "a", "m", "n", "r"] => "aaamnr"
/ nagaram => ["a", "n", "a", "g", "r", "a", "m"] => ["a", "a", "a", "m", "n", "r"] => "aaamnr"
```

```
function areAnagrams(str1, str2) {
    return str1.split('').sort().join('') === str2.split('').sort().join('');
}
```



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# 5 Check for Substring

**Explanation:** Uses the `includes()` method to check for the presence of a substring.

```
let str = "Hello World";  
console.log(str.includes("World")); // true
```



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# 6 Reverse a String

**Explanation:** Splits the string into an array, reverses it, and joins it back into a string.

```
function reverseString(str) {  
    return str.split('').reverse().join('');  
}
```



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# 7 Valid Parentheses

**Explanation:** Uses a stack to ensure every opening bracket has a corresponding closing bracket.

```
function isValidParentheses(str) {  
  let stack = [];  
  let map = {  
    '(': ')',  
    '{': '}',  
    '[': ']'  
  };  
  for (let char of str) {  
    if (map[char]) {  
      stack.push(char);  
    } else if (stack.length === 0 || stack.pop() !== char) {  
      return false;  
    }  
  }  
  return stack.length === 0;  
}
```



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