

# Setup Environment Variables in NextJS







#### Why Environment Variables Matter?

Consider environment variables as placeholders for confidential data in web development. They enable us to manage secret information, like passwords and tokens, separately from our code, ensuring

a secure and flexible web application.

#### We will be covering the following steps:

- 1. Installing latest Next app.
- 2. Set Up environment variable.
- 3. Access variables form server.
- 4. Access variables form server component.
- 5. Access variables form client component.







#### Step #1: Installing Next App

Let's first install Next.js using the following command:

```
npx create-next-app@latest
```

Ensure that you use the following settings to achieve the same result as mine

```
→ Desktop npx create-next-app@latest
✓ What is your project named? ... redux-next
✓ Would you like to use TypeScript? ... No / Yes
✓ Would you like to use ESLint? ... No / Yes
✓ Would you like to use Tailwind CSS? ... No / Yes
✓ Would you like to use `src/` directory? ... No / Yes
✓ Would you like to use App Router? (recommended) ... No / Yes
✓ Would you like to customize the default import alias (@/*)? ... No / Yes
? What import alias would you like configured? > @/*
```



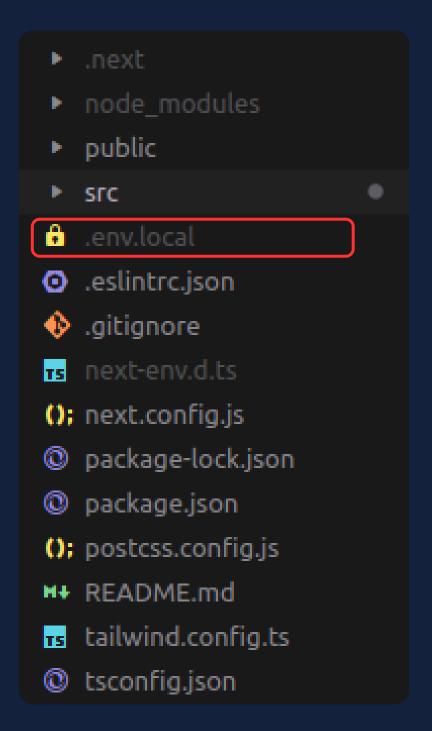




#### Step #2: Setup Environment Variables

Let's add a file named '.env.local' at the root

of our Next.js project:



Note: Next.js has built-in support for loading environment variables from .env.local







Now, let's define this following variables to our recently created '.env.local' file:

```
SVR=server
SVR_CMP=servercomponent
NEXT_PUBLIC_CLT_CMP=clientcomponent
```

Note: To make the value of an environment variable accessible in a client component, we need to prefix the variable with NEXT\_PUBLIC\_







#### Step #3: Access variable from server

We can access an environment variable from a route handler like the following, located at src/app/api in our case:

```
import { NextResponse } from 'next/server';

export const GET = async () => {
    console.log(process.env.SVR);

return NextResponse.json({
    status: 'success'
    });
};
```

Accessing the endpoint: localhost:3000/api in the browser will display the environment variable log on our IDE terminal.







### Step #4: Access variable from server component

We can access an environment variable from a server component like the following, located at src/app in our case:

```
page.tsx
import Header from './components/Header';
export default function Home() {
  console.log(process.env.SVR_CMP);
  return (
    <main>
                        client component
      <Header />
      Home Page
    </main>
  );
}
```







### Step #5: Access variable from client component

We can access an environment variable from a client component like the following, located at src/app/components in our case:

```
'use client';

function Header() {
    console.log(process.env.NEXT_PUBLIC_CLT_CMP);
    return <div>Header</div>;
}
export default Header;
```

Refreshing the browser will display the environment variable log on our browser terminal.







## That's a wrap, everyone! 🖐 Thanks for joining.

If you're interested in delving deeper into Environment variables on Next.js, check out their official web page at:

<a href="https://nextjs.org/docs/app/building-your-application/configuring/environment-variables">https://nextjs.org/docs/app/building-your-application/configuring/environment-variables</a>





Implement secure environment variable management now to fortify your Next.js applications!

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