## NTRN 201: MIDTERM STUDY GUIDE

- Exam covers modules 1-9
- There are 50 questions on the exam. You will have 75 minutes unless you have accommodations
- Questions are multiple-choice, matching and true/false.
- Exams are closed book, but you may use a 3 x 5 notecard.
- Exams are taken in class unless you have made prior arrangements due to an approved commitment or academic accommodations.
- The instructors will review any exam questions where >40% of the class missed the question and revise the exam key if necessary.
- Exam grades and correct answers are provided once all make-ups have been completed

## **STUDY GUIDE QUESTIONS & Terms:**

- 1. What are the different types of nutritional status, and how do they influence health?
- 2. What are the basic categories of nutrients, and which nutrients fall under those categories?
- 3. Are there other ways to classify nutrients? If so, how?
- 4. What are the different forms of proteins, lipids and carbohydrates? Ex. Glucose is a carbohydrate
- 5. What are the primary functions of macronutrients and micronutrients?
- 6. Definitions:
  - Hunger
  - Appetite
  - Nutrition
  - Essential nutrient
  - Fat-soluble vitamin
  - Water-soluble vitamin
  - Food borne illness
  - Macronutrient
  - Micronutrient
  - Obesity
  - Overweight
  - Malnutrition
  - Daily Value (DV)
  - Adequate Intake (AI)
  - Dietary Reference Intake (DRI)
  - Nutrient density
  - Energy density
  - o Metabolism
  - Catabolism
  - Anabolism
  - o Saliva

- Gastric juice (acid)
- o Bile
- o Vili
- Peristalsis
- IBS
- GERD/Heartburn
- Celiac disease
- Glycogen
- Polysaccharide
- Amino acid
- Triglyceride
- Functional fiber
- Soluble fiber
- o Insoluble fiber
- Complete protein
- o Incomplete protein
- Complementary protein
- Monounsaturated fat
- Polyunsaturated fat
- Saturated fat
- Trans fat
- o Phospholipid
- Cholesterol
- Stroke
- Heart attack
- 7. What are the basic functions of carbs, fats, protein, water, vitamins and minerals?
- 8. How many kcals per gram in each of the nutrients that provide calories?
- 9. How do you calculate calories from carbohydrate, protein, and fat? Consider a single food or meal.
- 10. Nutrition is a lifestyle factor for what types of chronic diseases?
- 11. How does the SAD measure up to the dietary guidelines? How can we improve?
- 12. How can you tell if nutrition information is reliable?
- 13. What is the purpose of the Dietary Guidelines for Americans?
- 14. What is MyPlate and who does it apply to?
- 15. Who regulates food labels and what information would you find on a food label?
- 16. What are the digestive organs and their functions?
- 17. What are the three sphincters located in the GI tract and their functions?
- 18. What is the path food travels in the digestive system?
- 19. What role does mucus play in the stomach during the digestive process?
- 20. Where is bile stored and what function does it serve?
- 21. What role do villi play in nutrient absorption?
- 22. What is the site in the GI tract where most digestion takes place?
- 23. What are the main digestive enzymes and what role do they play?
- 24. What are the four types of transport used in digestion?

- 25. How are sugars categorized?
- 26. Glucose is critical for what cells as an energy source?
- 27. What happens metabolically if you do not eat enough carbohydrate?
- 28. What enzyme aids digest in carbohydrate digestion in the mouth?
- 29. What is glycemic index?
- 30. What are the risk factors for type II diabetes?
- 31. If an amino acid is unavailable for protein synthesis, what occurs?
- 32. What eight foods are the major sources of proteins that cause food allergies?
- 33. What are the three basic steps of how proteins are made?
- 34. Where does the chemical digestion of protein begin?
- 35. What is protein balance?
- 36. What nutritional risks are there for vegans?
- 37. What is the RDA for protein?
- 38. What are the consequences of inadequate protein intake?
- 39. What are the functions of fatty acids in the body?
- 40. Which fatty acids are essential?
- 41. What are the dietary sources of essential fatty acids?
- 42. What are dietary sources of: essential fatty acids, polyunsaturated fats, monounsaturated fats, saturated fats, cholesterol, trans fats?
- 43. What are cell membranes primarily made up of?
- 44. Where does digestion of lipids occur?
- 45. What is the name of the dietary fat-carrying lipoprotein and what system does it travel through?
- 46. What is a lipoprotein and what are the functions of a lipoprotein?
- 47. Describe the function of LDL and HDL and how diet affects each.
- 48. What are the recommendations for Trans fatty acid intake? Saturated fatty acid intake?
- 49. What is considered a standard drink?
- 50. How is alcohol digested, metabolized, and absorbed?
- 51. What are the benefits and risks associated with alcohol consumption?
- 52. How many calories per gram does alcohol have?
- 53. Does blood alcohol level rise faster on an empty stomach or with food?
- 54. What is going on in the body during a hangover? What systems are disrupted?
- 55. What is energy balance?
- 56. What 3 foundational strategies are required for successful weight loss (non-surgical, without medication)
- 57. How are BMI and body composition different?
- 58. Can you have a normal BMI and be obese?
- 59. What fad diets were presented before the midterm? Describe the central concept of the diet, ex. Keto -> low carb, promotes ketosis