

MISSION ESSENTIAL TASK LIST

This template is intended to serve as an exemplary Mission Essential Task List (METL) for a generic adversary engagement team running self-infection operations for elicitation goals. Adjust this list based on your organizational needs and goals. The METL is made up of a series of Mission Essential Tasks (METs). Each task is a core activity that must be completed during the planning, execution, or analysis phases of an engagement operation. These METs should drive progress towards the operational outcome.

1. Establish Gating Criteria
 - a. Identify exit criteria and appropriate escalation procedures
 - b. Define operational success
 - c. Establish acceptable level of risk
 - d. Define acceptable response time
2. Create Engagement Narrative
 - a. Create persona(s)
 - b. Determine storyboarding
 - c. Select pocket litter
 - d. Define pattern of life for persona(s)
3. Establish Monitoring System
 - a. Build out the collection system
 - b. Include/establish dashboards for default searches/queries
 - c. Establish additional systems needed for monitoring
3. Build Out Victim Windows System
 - a. Build computer/system(s) to meet the mission objective/requirements
 - b. Use Microsoft Deployment Toolkit for operating system deployment
 - c. Use tools for software provisioning, configuration management, and application-deployment (e.g. Ansible)
4. Build Out Victim Linux System
 - a. Same as Windows but Linux specific
5. Deploy Monitoring System to Engagement Environment
 - a. Deploy collection system
 - b. Establish security controls
6. Deploy Persona(s) and Deceptive Assets to Engagement Environment
 - a. Build active directory, file/app server
 - b. Connect client to environment
 - c. Litter both server and client(s)
 - d. Establish connectivity that aligns with storyboard and persona(s) (i.e. teleworker with a VPN)
7. Monitor Operational Activity
 - a. Conduct overwatch and observation
 - b. Identify basic persistence
 - c. Identify network activity of interest
 - d. Identify probable lateral movement
8. Forensically Investigate Victim Post Operation
 - a. Collect disk and memory image
 - b. Process disk/memory image in to establish timeline of artifacts (e.g. log2timeline/plaso)
9. Analyze Data from Live Operation and Forensic Investigation
 - a. Identify artifacts from live operational data in the post-op at rest data
 - b. Document findings
 - c. Inform existing threat model and CTI data
10. Conduct Open-Source Intelligence (OSINT) Searches Pre/Post Operation
 - a. Search for related network activity (ip/domain)
 - b. Search for related on-system activity (e.g. persistence mechanism)